

LITERACY FOR ALL IN NEPAL 2015
नेपालमा सबैका लागि साक्षरता २०१५

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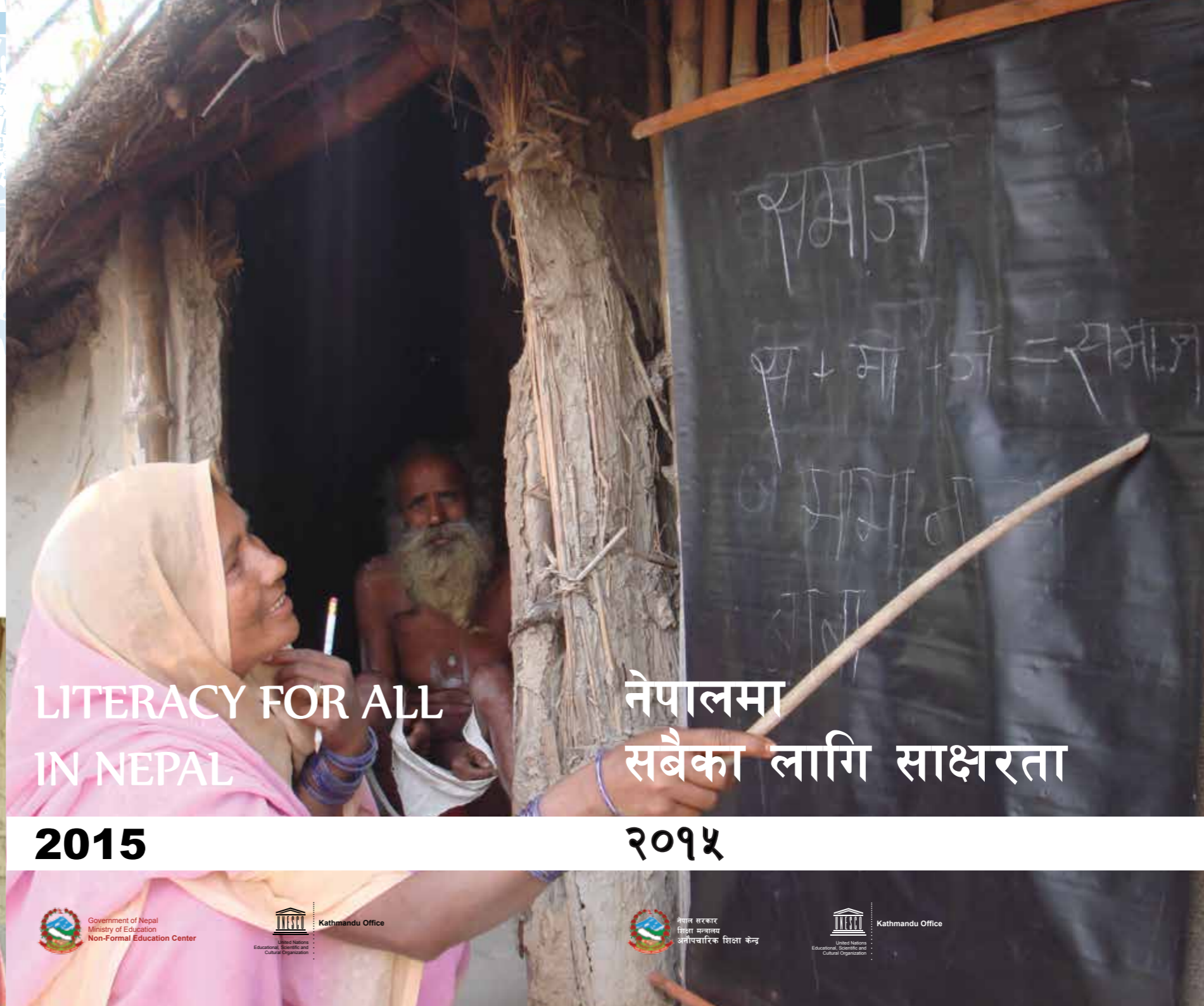
*“By empowering individual women and men, **Literacy** helps to advance sustainable development across the board – from better healthcare and food security to eradicating poverty and promoting decent work.”*

“साक्षरताले हरेक महिला र पुरुषलाई व्यक्तिगत रूपमा सशक्त बनाउँदै समुचित स्वास्थ्यसेवा तथा खाद्य सुरक्षादेखि गरिबी निवारण एवं गुणस्तरीय कार्यको प्रोत्साहन गर्ने सम्म समुन्नत दीगो विकासमा सहयोग पुऱ्याउँछ।”

Irina Bokova | इरिना बोकोभा
Director General, UNESCO | महानिर्देशक, यूनेस्को

International Literacy Day is
celebrated every year on
8 September, since 1966.
The theme for 2015 is
“**Literacy and Sustainable
Societies.**”

सन् १९६६ देखि हरेक वर्ष ८ सेप्टेम्बर मा
अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय साक्षरता दिवस मनाइन्छ।
सन् २०१५ को लागि विषय
“समाजको दीगो विकासका लागि
साक्षरता”
रहेको छ।

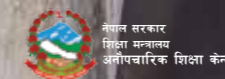
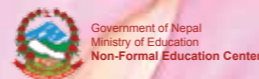


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२०१५





Globally, at least **781 million** adults do not have basic literacy skills.

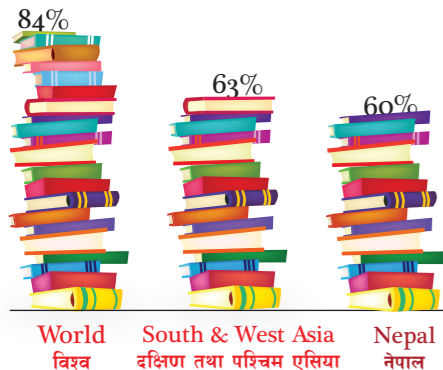


विश्वभर, कम्तिमा ७८.१ करोड प्रौढहरूमा आधारभूत साक्षरता सिप छैन।

Source: EFA GMR (UNESCO, 2015)

Nearly 16% of world population is not literate. विश्वको भण्डै १६% जनसंख्या साक्षर छैनन्।

Global Adult Literacy विश्वव्यापी प्रौढ साक्षरता



Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011); EFA GMR (UNESCO, 2015)

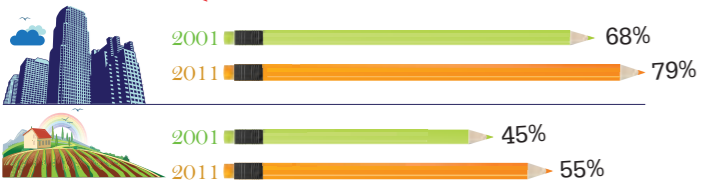
72% of male adults and 49% of female adults are literate.

नेपालमा ७२% पुरुष तथा ४९% महिला साक्षर छन्।



Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011)

Urban – Rural Gap सहर र ग्रामीण क्षेत्रमा अन्तर



Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2001 & 2011)



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Literate Nepal Mission

Literate Nepal Mission (LINEM) is the basic literacy programme designed for the adults of 15–60 age groups.

साक्षर नेपाल अभियान

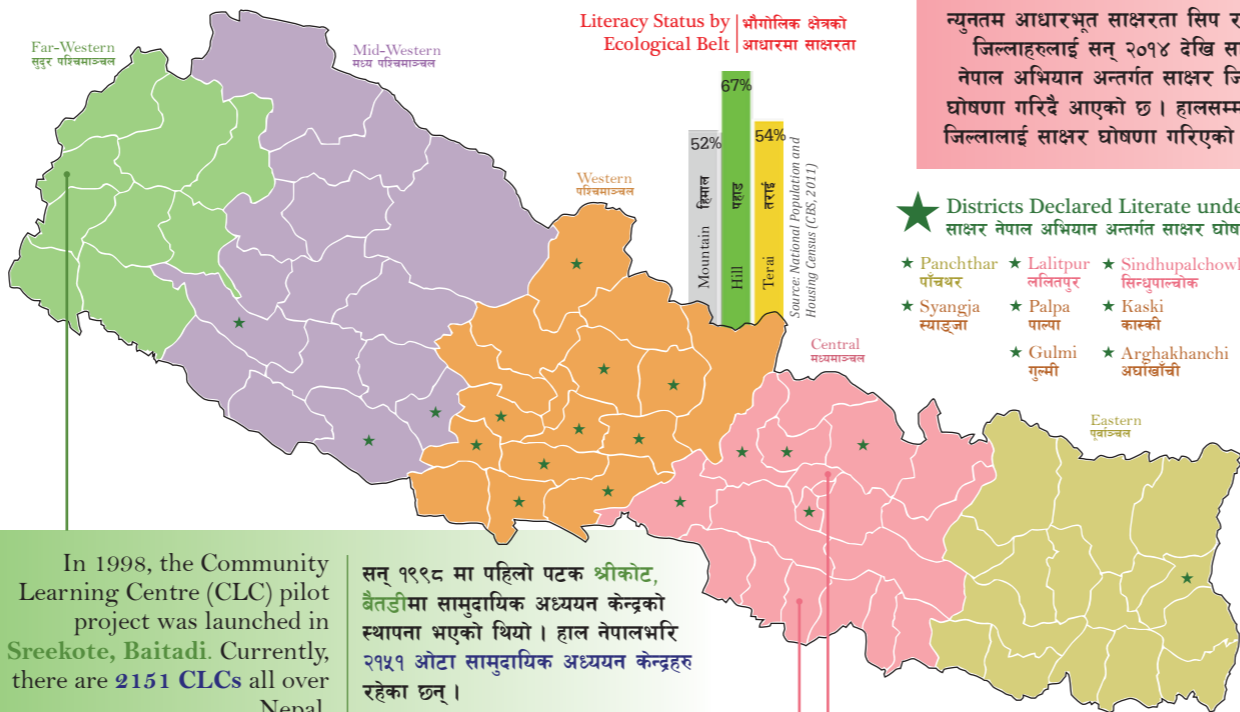
साक्षर नेपाल अभियान १५-६० उमेर समूहको आधारभूत साक्षरताको कार्यक्रम हो।



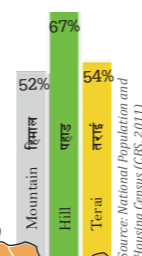
150 hours of sessions १५० घण्टाको सत्र

2 hours a day २ घण्टा हरेक दिन | 6 days a week ६ दिन हरेक हप्ता | for 3 months ३ महिनाका लागि

Source: Non-Formal Education in Nepal: Status Report 2013-14 (NFEC, 2014)



Literacy Status by Ecological Belt



Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011)

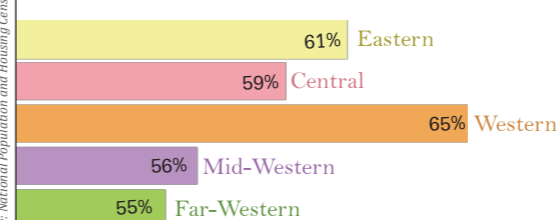
जिल्लाको जनसंख्याको ९५% सँग न्यूनतम आधारभूत साक्षरता सिप रहेको जिल्लाहरूलाई सन् २०१४ देखि साक्षर नेपाल अभियान अन्तर्गत साक्षर जिल्ला घोषणा गरिदै आएको छ। हालसम्म १९ जिल्लालाई साक्षर घोषणा गरिएको छ।

Districts with 95% of its residents having at least basic literacy skills are declared literate under LINEM since 2014. Till date, 19 districts are declared as literate.

Districts Declared Literate under the Literate Nepal Mission

- ★ Panchthar पाँचथर
- ★ Syangja स्याङ्जा
- ★ Gulmi गुल्मी
- ★ Lalitpur ललितपुर
- ★ Palpa पाल्पा
- ★ Arghakhanchi अर्घाखाँची
- ★ Sindhupalchowk सिन्धुपाल्चोक
- ★ Kaski कास्की
- ★ Arghakhanchi अर्घाखाँची
- ★ Nuwakot नुवाकोट
- ★ Tanahun तनहुँ
- ★ Rupandehi रुपन्देही
- ★ Dhading धादिङ
- ★ Lamjung लमजुङ
- ★ Pyuthan प्युठान
- ★ Chitwan चितवन
- ★ Mustang मुस्ताङ
- ★ Surkhet सुर्खेत
- ★ Nawalparasi नवलपरासी
- ★ Dang दाङ

Literacy Status by Development Regions



Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011)

RAUTAHAAT | रौतहट

Least Literate District | सबैभन्दा कम साक्षर जिल्ला



Only 4 out of 10 adults can read and write. १० मध्ये ४ जना मात्र पढ्न र लेख्न सक्छन्।

The adult literacy rate of Rautahat is 42.3%. 51.8% adult males and 32.3% adult females are literate.

रौतहटको प्रौढ साक्षर दर ४२.३% छ। ५१.८% पुरुष र ३२.३% महिला साक्षर छन्।

Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011)

KATHMANDU | काठमाडौं

Most Literate District | सबैभन्दा बढी साक्षर जिल्ला



9 out of 10 adults can read and write. १० मध्ये ९ जना पढ्न र लेख्न सक्छन्।

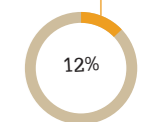
The adult literacy rate of Kathmandu is 86.3%. 92.4% adult males and 79.8% adult females are literate.

काठमाडौंको प्रौढ साक्षर दर ८६.३% छ। ९२.४% पुरुष र ७९.८% महिला साक्षर छन्।

Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011)

National Budget on Education

Government of Nepal has allocated 98.6 billion Nepalese Rupees for education for Fiscal Year 2015/16.

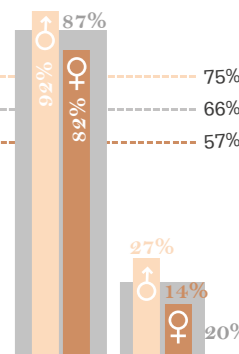


नेपाल सरकारबाट आर्थिक वर्ष २०७२/७३ का लागि शिक्षामा रु. ९८.६ अर्ब विनियोजन भएको छ।



Kayastha are the most literate among ethnic groups (87.3%) while Dom are the least literate (20.4%).

नेपालमा जातजातिका आधारमा कायस्थ सबैभन्दा बढी साक्षर छन् (८७.३%) भने डोम सबैभन्दा कम साक्षर छन् (२०.४%)।



Kayastha कायस्थ | Dom डोम

Source: National Population and Housing Census (CBS, 2011) Based on Literacy rate of population 5 years of age and above.