Building Global Education Competence through International Teacher Exchange



Asia-Lacific Centre of Education for International Understanding

November 22, 2012



Lee, Yangsook
Chief, International Teacher Exchange Team
APCEIU (yangsook@unescoapceiu.org)

Contents

1

Introduction of APCEIU

2

EIU and International Teacher Exchange



1

Introduction of APCEIU





UN, UNESCO and EIU







all human being:

to live together

in societies ba

iii 300ictic3 ba

tolerance and harmony.

السلام بين أيدينا Мир в наших руках 让我们播种 和平

Culture of Peace

the value of human dignity.

world peace and perity is to teach inderstanding pect, freedom, peace and peace and

United Nasuris . Asia-Pacino Gentre of

ducational, Scientific and

Education for International Understanding

Cultural Organization - under the auspices of UNESCO

Establishment of APCEIU

- The Asia-Pacific Centre of Education for International Understanding (APCEIU) was established in 2000
- According to the agreement between UNESCO and the Government of the Republic of Korea
- To promote Education for International Understanding (EIU) for Learning to Live Together in the region
- UNESCO Category II Centre based in Seoul, Korea





For 47 Member States in the Asia-Pacific















































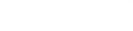




























United Nations

Asia-Pacific Centre of Educational, Scientific and . Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization . under the auspices of UNESCO

















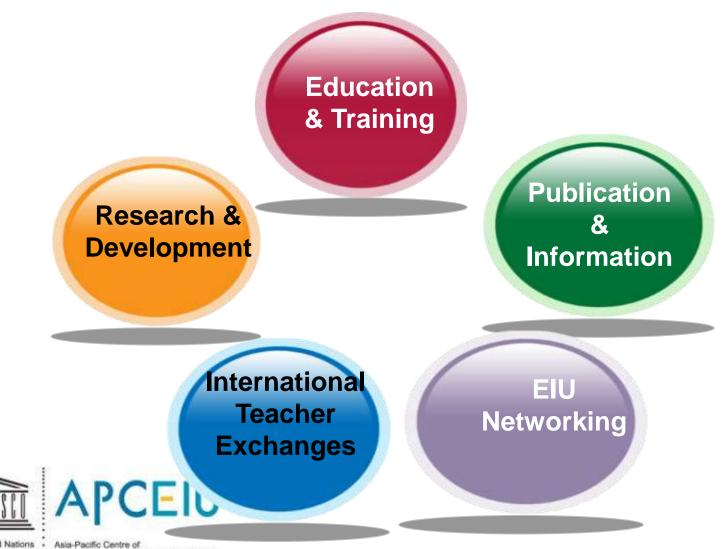






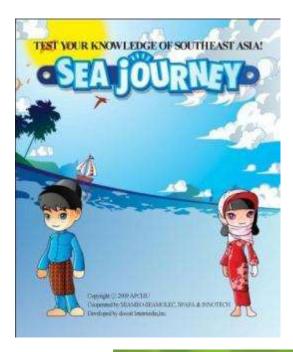


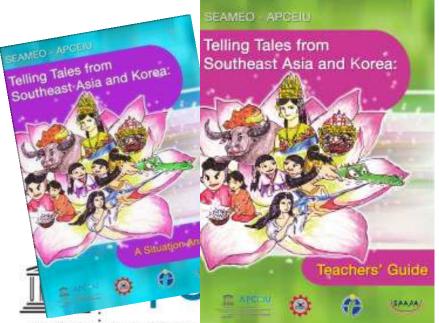
Major Programme Areas



Educational, Scientific and .

Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization . under the auspices of UNESCO









EIU Best Practices



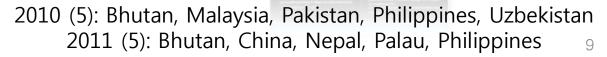




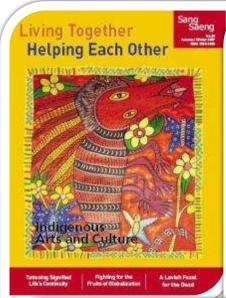
Educational, Scientific and

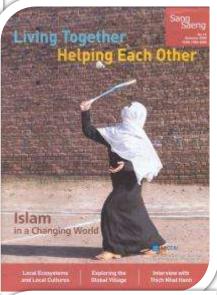


Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization . under the auspices of UNESCO



Publication of SangSaeng



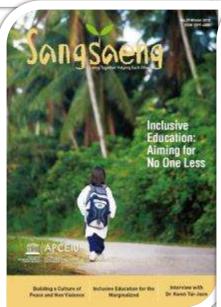


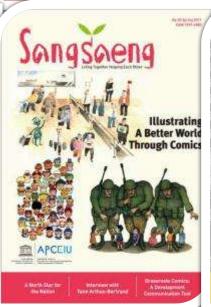
Themes for SangSaeng in 2012

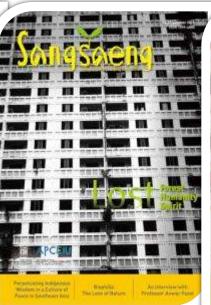
Issue No. 33 Spreading a Culture of Peace through Sports

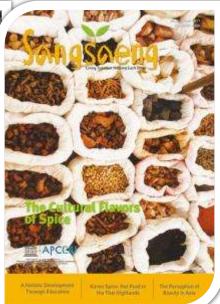
Issue No. 34 Cultural Diversity and Asian Letters

Issue No. 35 *Understanding World Heritage Education*

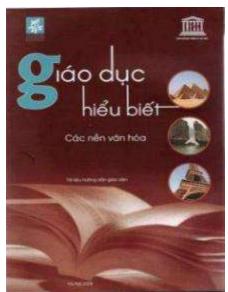




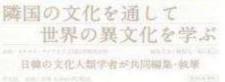




Publications







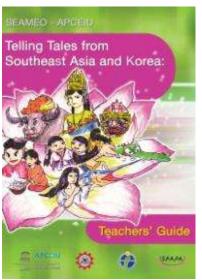










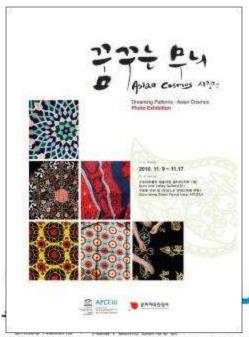


Cultural Organization - under the auspices of UNESCO

Photo Exhibitions and Digital Archive















he Treasure Within



EIU and International Teacher Exchange



What is EIU?

- A holistic and multi-dimensional education initiative to promote a Culture of Peace
- About Learning to Live Together
- Priority has been changed, but three core principles are still effective:
 - 1) Respect of diversity
 - 2) Respect of Universal Values Human rights, Peace, Sustainable Development
 - 3) Non-violent way of conflict resolution





dismantling a culture of war

living with justice and compassion

cultivating inner peace Culture Of Peace

promoting human rights & responsibilities

EIU Themes

living in harmony w<mark>ith</mark> the earth building intercultural respect, reconciliation & solidarity



Holism

Dialogue

Key **Pedagogical Principles of**

EIU

Creativity

Educational, Scientific and

Critical Empowerm ent

Value **Formation**

Why Teacher Exchange?

- Critical role of teachers
- One of the most effective ways to promote EIU
- To enhance teachers' global/educational competences
 - : better understanding of the world we live in
 - : inter-cultural awareness and communication skills
 - : understanding of learners with various backgrounds
 - : broadening educational experiences and improving teaching methods



International Teacher Exchange Programmes

- In 2011, APCEIU launched the International Teacher Exchange Centre (supported by the Korean Ministry of Education, Science and Technology)
- 2 Programmes in the Asia-Pacific: ROK-Mongolia, ROK-Philippines
- 2 Inter-regional Programmes: ROK-USA, ROK-UK
- Development of Co-teaching Plans and Teaching/Learning Materials in 2012





Participating Countries for 2012



United Nations - Asia-Pacific Centre of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization - under the auspices of UNESCO

Participating Countries for 2012

- ROK Mongolia : two exchanges in 2012
 - 39 Korean teachers and 40 Mongolian teachers
 - 1st exchange: April ~ June, 2nd exchange: October ~ December
- ROK Philippines
 - 19 Korean teachers to the Philippines : Aug. 2012 ~ Jan. 2013
 - 30 Filipino teachers to Korea: October ~ December 2012



Main Components

Teaching Activities - Subject areas - Cultural introduction classes

Experiencing the local education system and culture

Individual projects and friendship building



United Nations - Asia-Pacific Centre of Educational, Scientific and - Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization - under the auspices of UNESCO

Procedure

Pre-departure Training LocalOrientation

- Class

Observation

- Co-teaching

- Conducting classes

Final Presentation

Monitoring with regular reports, mid-term review and consultations



학습 과정안 1

학습주제: 몽골에 대한 소개

United Nations - Asia-Pacific Centre of Educational, Scientific and - Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization - under the auspices of UNESCO

학습목표: - 몽골 인사말을 배우고 인사할 수 있다.

- 몽골의 국기, 마크를 알아보고 샤가이 놀이를 할 수 있다.

학습활동 : 몽골에 대해 이해하기

학습방법: 설명을 듣고 인지하기, 질문하고 답하기, 놀이에 참여하기

교사활동	학생활동		
● 선생님 자기소개하기 -저는 오란자르갈이라고 합니다. 몽골 울란바타르 수흐바타르동에 6번 학교에서 왔습니다저는 남질도르지라고 합니다. 25번 학교에서 왔습니다. ● 인사말 배우기 Сайн байна уу?(안녕하세요?) Сайн(네) Багш(선생님) Багшаа сайн байна уу?(선생님 안녕하세요?) Баярлалаа(감사합니다.) Баяртай(안녕히가세요) 등등 ● 몽골에 대한 배경지식 질문하기 -여러분 몽골에 대해 알고 있나요? ●몽골에 대해 소개하기 -몽골은 북쪽으로 러시아, 남쪽으로는 중국이 있습니다. 몽골의 수도는 울란바타르입니다. ● 몽골의 전통놀이 /샤가이/ -옛날부터 몽골사람들은 샤가이 놀이를 해왔습니다. 샤가이는 다양한 종류의 놀이가 있습니다.(샤가이 치기, 경주놀이 등등) ● 수업 후 궁금한 점에 대해 질문받고 답하기	● 학생들과 자기소개하기 ● 배운 몽골어로 직접 인사해보기 - Сайн байна уу?(안녕하세요?) Багшаа сайн байна уу?(선생님 안녕하세요?) Баярлалаа(감사합니다) Баяртай(안녕히가세요) ● 몽골의 전통놀이/샤가이/ -샤가이의 말, 양, 염소, 낙타의 모양을 직접 봄 -6조로 나누어 팀이 되고 한 명씩 나와 샤가이를 던짐 -같은 조 친구를 응원하며 샤가이 경주놀이를 함 ● 배운 내용 중 궁금한 점 질문하기		
장점	부족한 점		
	수업자료 중 몇 몇 사진을 보완해야 하며, 학생들이 직접 체험할 수 있는 놀이를 추가해야 함		

학습 과정안 2

학습주제: 몽골의 명절

학습목표: - 몽골의 설날을 알아보고 몽골 세배를 할 수 있다.

- 몽골의 나담에 대해 알아본 후 씨름복을 입고 나담을 체험할 수 있다.

학습활동: 몽골에 대해 이해하기

학습방법: 한국의 명절과 비교하여 이해하기, 궁금증 해결하기, 직접 체험하기

교사활동	학생활동		
● 인사말 복습하기 -Сайн байна уу?(안녕하세요?) Сайн(네) Багш(선생님) Багшаа сайн байна уу?(선생님 안녕하세요?) Баярлалаа(감사합니다.) Баяртай(안녕히가세요) 등등 ● 몽골 설날에 대해 설명하기 ● 한국의 설날을 설명해보도록 시키기 -한국의 세배를 보여주세요 ●몽골 설날에 대한 영상 보여주기 -몽골의 세배는 팔꿈치를 잡고 손바닥을 위로 향하게 하여 인사합니다. ● 몽골 나담에 대한 영상을 보여준 뒤 설명하기 - 부터 몽골사람들은 샤가이 놀이를 해왔습니다. 샤가이는 다양한 종류의 놀이가 있습니다.(샤가이 치기, 경주놀이 등등) ● 수업 후 궁금한 점에 대해 질문을 받고 답하기 ● 몽골의 전통 씨름에 대해 설명한 뒤 씨름을 직접 체험하기	● 배운 몽골어를 다시 복습하기 -Сайн байна уу?(안녕하세요?) Багшаа сайн байна уу?(선생님 안녕하세요?) Баярлалаа(감사합니다) Монголын нийслэл юу вэ?(몽골의 수도는 어디입니까?) Монголын үндэсний хоол ямар ямар хоол байдаг вэ? (몽골의 전통 음식은 무엇 무엇이 있습니까?) ● 몽골의 명절에 대한 영상을 본 후 질문하기 ● 직접 한국의 세배를 보여주기 -남학생과 여학생이 한 명씩 나와 보여줌 ● 하닥과 함께 세배하는 방법을 배운 후 친구와 해보기 ● 나담에 대해 알아보기 - 나담은 매년 7월 11일에 시작하며 씨름, 경마, 활 쏘기가 있다. ● 나담에 대해 배운 후 직접 씨름 복을 입고 선생님과 씨름하기		
장점	부족한 점		
5- 6학년 학생들의 몽골어 인사가 잘 이루어 지고 있으며, 평소에도	특별한 점 없음		
잘 사용하고 있음			

United Nations . Asia-Pacific Centre of Educational, Scientific and . Education for International Understanding Cultural Organization . under the auspices of UNESCO

Korea-Mongolia Teacher Exchange

- 39 Korean teachers and 40 Mongolian teachers, 2~3 months
- Korean teachers: in the beginning stage of their teaching career
 - Selected through open competition
 - Placed at 16 schools in Ulaanbaatar

- Mongolian teachers: with many years of teaching experiences
 - Selected among the schools in Ulaanbaatar
 - Placed at 18 schools different cities in Korea



Korea-Philippine Teacher Exchange

- 19 Korean teachers (5 months) and 30 Filipino teachers (2 months)
- Korean teachers: in the beginning stage of their teaching career
 - Selected through open competition
 - Placed at 17 schools in Metro Manila, mostly public schools
- Filipino teachers: various years of teaching experiences
 - Selected among the schools in Metro Manila
 - Placed at 20 schools different cities in Korea





Learning a Filipno Folk Dance with a Filipino Teacher, Biryong Elementary School in Korea











Implications from the Exchanges

<Teachers>

- Sharing of education policies, teaching-learning methods, school culture, etc.
- → More motivated about enhancing teaching competence
- Improved inter-cultural awareness and communication skills
- Other fellow teachers become more accommodative of foreign teachers
- Participating teachers become interested in EIU
 vs. Teachers interested in EIU participate in the teacher exchanges



Implications from the Exchanges

<Students>

- Students find it more interesting and effective to learn about a cultural topic from a teacher from the relevant country
- Students, especially low performers, can get motivated in learning

<Parents and Communities>

- Parents get more interested in their children's school activities
- Had a positive influence in the communities as well
 - especially in the rural and less privileged areas





