



The cholera epidemic in Haiti has affected an unacceptable number of people with around 712,330 suspected cholera cases, and an estimated 8,655 cholera related deaths recorded by the Ministry of Public Health and Population (MSPP) from October 2010 to 31 October 2014. From January to 31 October 2014, 14,869 suspected cases and 132 fatalities have been recorded by the MSPP.

While an increase in suspected cholera cases is expected since the beginning of the rainy season in April 2014, only 358 suspected cholera cases and one death were reported for the West Department in September 2014 (compared to 1,574 suspected cholera cases and 8 deaths in September 2013). However, a very significant increase in cholera incidence has been observed in the metropolitan areas of Port-au-Prince and its surroundings since late September, in a context of heavy and delayed rainfall. The response to this outbreak has centred on investigation, active research of cholera patients, decontamination, protection of water sources and community outreach from multi-disciplinary mobile teams (EMIRA, NGOs, UN).

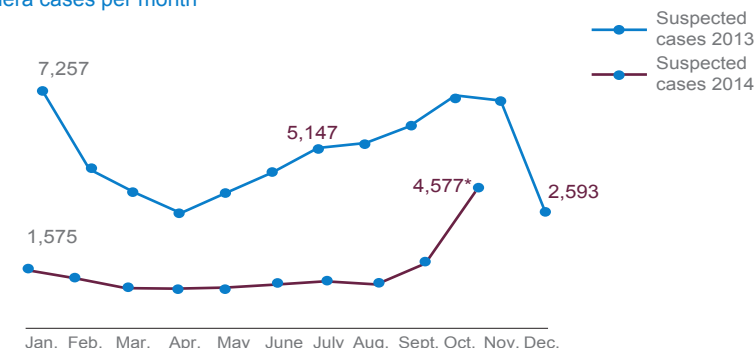
Further support is needed to sustain efforts and meet urgent needs. A premature disengagement could compromise gains attained so far and lead to a resurgence in suspected cholera cases.

HEALTH AND WASH MOBILE TEAMS BY DEPARTMENT AS OF OCTOBER 2014



N.B. - Health mobile teams supported by PAHO/WHO
WASH mobile teams supported by UNICEF

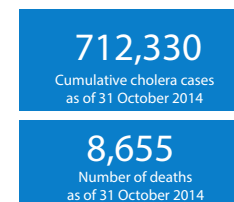
COMPARISON 2013 - 2014 Suspected cholera cases per month



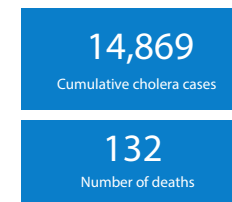
* Data as of 31 October 2014

CUMULATIVE CHOLERA CASES

SINCE OCTOBER 2010



JANUARY - OCTOBER 2014



HUMANITARIAN FUNDING, (HAP 2014 + ERRF HAITI)

Funding in 2014 (million \$ US)

