



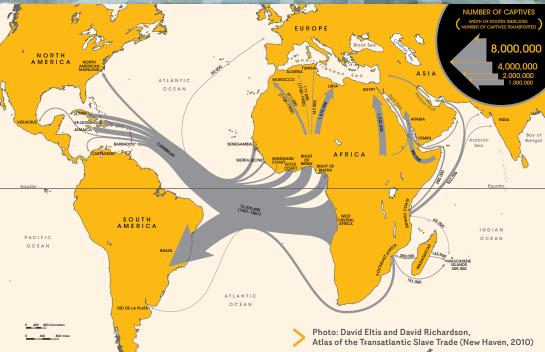
INTERNATIONAL DECADE FOR PEOPLE OF AFRICAN DESCENT

RECOGNITION · JUSTICE · DEVELOPMENT

HE SLAVE TRADE OUT OF AFRICA

1501-1900

Captive Africans were taken by many routes from their homeland to other parts of the world. After 1500, the route across the Atlantic was taken by far the largest number.







— High Commissioner for Human Rights Zeid Ra'ad Al Hussein

Children pose in a camp for internally displaced people (IDPs). Photo: UN Photo/Logan Abassi | Haiti.

#AFRICAN DESCENT

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Produced by the UN Department of Public Information in collaboration with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights.

1. WHAT ARE THE OBJE

The overall objective of the Decade is to proof **ALL human rights and fundamental fundamental fundamental** in the Universal Declaration of

(IN PARTICULAR)

STRENGTHENING

national, regional and international action for the full enjoyment of all their rights;



greater **kn**respect for
culture an
developmen

2. WHY A DECADE FOR PEOPLE OF AFRICAN DESCENT?

There are around **200 million** people of African descent living in the Americas. Many millions more live in other parts of the world, outside of the African continent.

Across the globe, Africans and the African diaspora continue to suffer inequality and disadvantage because of the legacy of slavery and colonialism. People of African descent are amongst the poorest and most marginalized. They may experience discrimination in their access to justice, and face high rates of police violence and racial profiling.

The International Decade paves the way for cooperation among States, international and regional organizations, and civil society to improve the human rights situation and well-being of people of African descent.

3. WHAT IS THE PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE INTERNATIONAL DECADE?

The Programme of Activities for the International Decade, adopted by the UN General Assembly in 2014, in resolution 69/16, outlines specific actions to be taken in the three thematic areas of: **recognition, justice and development.**

The Programme lists concrete, practical **actions to combat racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance** faced by people of African descent which should be taken by States at the national level and by the international community, international and regional organizations at the international and regional levels. The **High Commissioner for Human Rights** was designated by the General Assembly as coordinator of the Decade, tasked with following up on the implementation of the activities for the International Decade.



RELATED UN BODIES, OBSERVANCES AND PROGRAMMES:

The **WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS** on People of African Descent

The COMMITTEE ON THE ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

The **SPECIAL RAPPORTEUR** on contemporary forms of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

The **FELLOWSHIP PROGRAMME**for People of African Descent (OHCHR) The International Day of

The FORUM FOR PEOPLE OF AFRICAN DESCENT (OHCHR)

The **DATABASE ON PRACTICAL MEANS TO COMBAT RACISM**,
racial discrimination, xenophobia

racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance (OHCHR)

The DURBAN DECLARATION AND PROGRAMME OF ACTION

The International Day for the **ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION** (21 March)

The International Day of REMEMBRANCE OF THE VICTIMS OF SLAVERY AND THE TRANSATLANTIC SLAVE TRADE (25 March)

The International Day for the REMEMBRANCE OF THE SLAVE TRADE AND ITS ABOLITION (23 August)

The **ARK OF RETURN** memorial at UN Headquarters for the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade

The **SLAVE ROUTE PROJECT:**Resistance, Liberty,
Heritage (UNESCO)

The GENERAL HISTORY OF AFRICA (UNESCO)

The International COALITION OF CITIES against Racism (UNESCO)