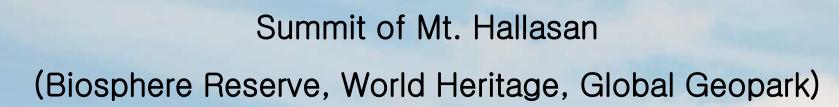
Jeju Island with 4 International Protected Area Designations

Do-Soon Cho
Professor at the Catholic Univ. of Korea
Co-Chair of MAB National Committee of R. Korea



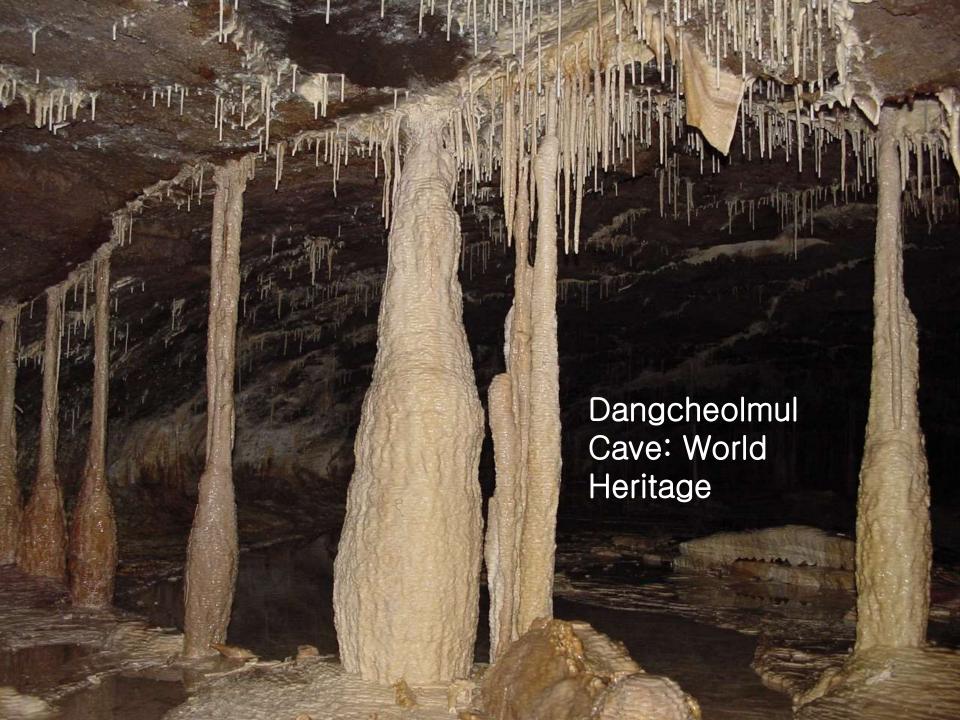


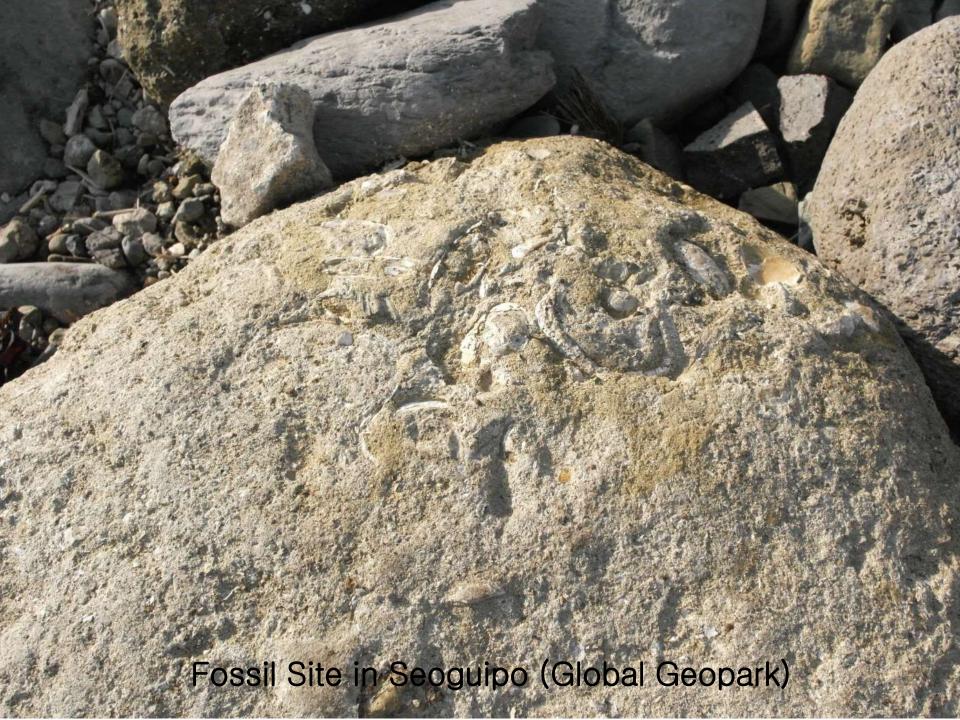
Baeknokdam Crater at the Summit of Mt. Hallasan











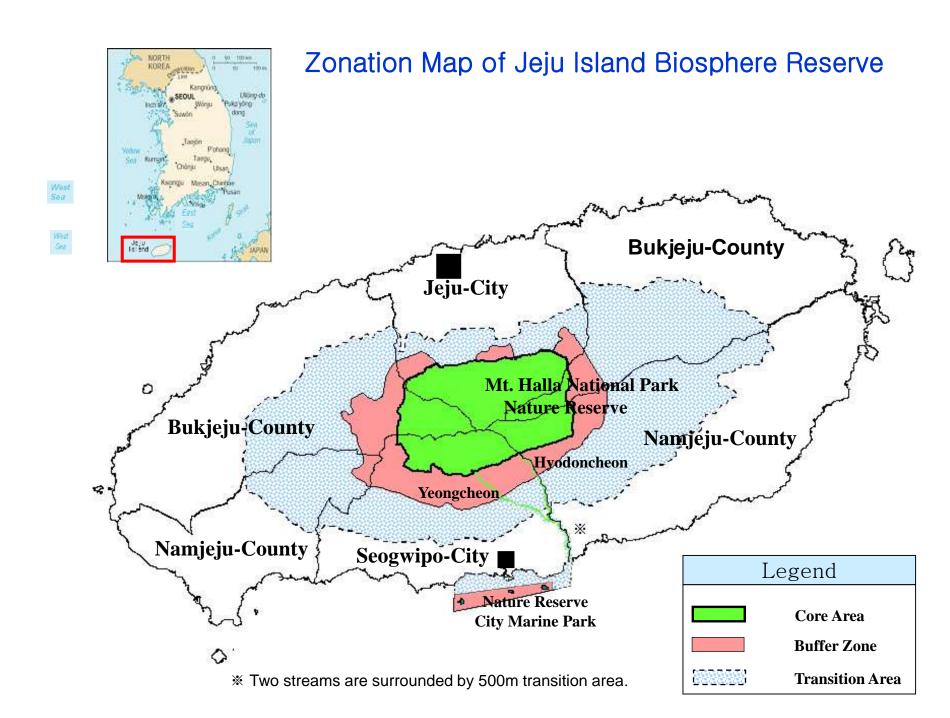
Jeju Free International City Project

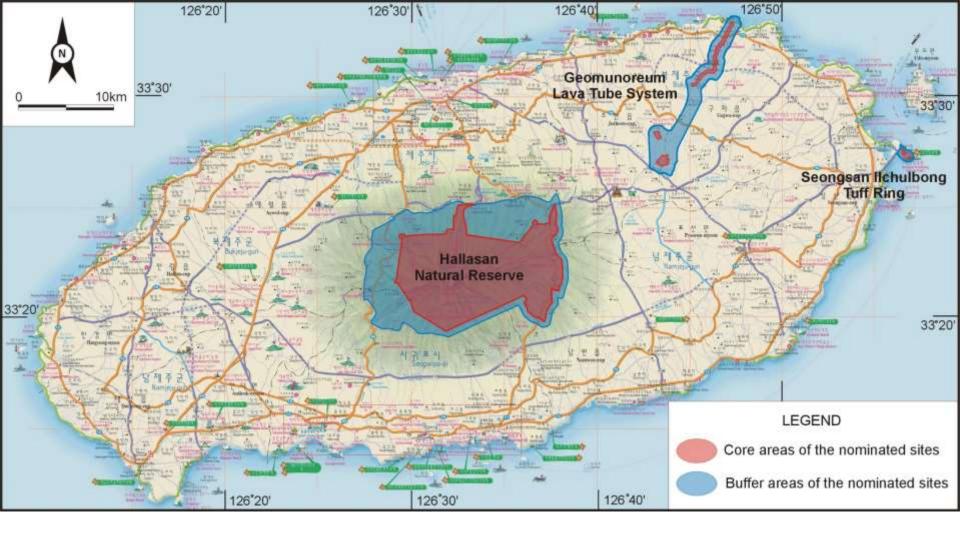


The Seven Leading Projects of the JFIC (2001)

International Protected Areas in Jeju Island

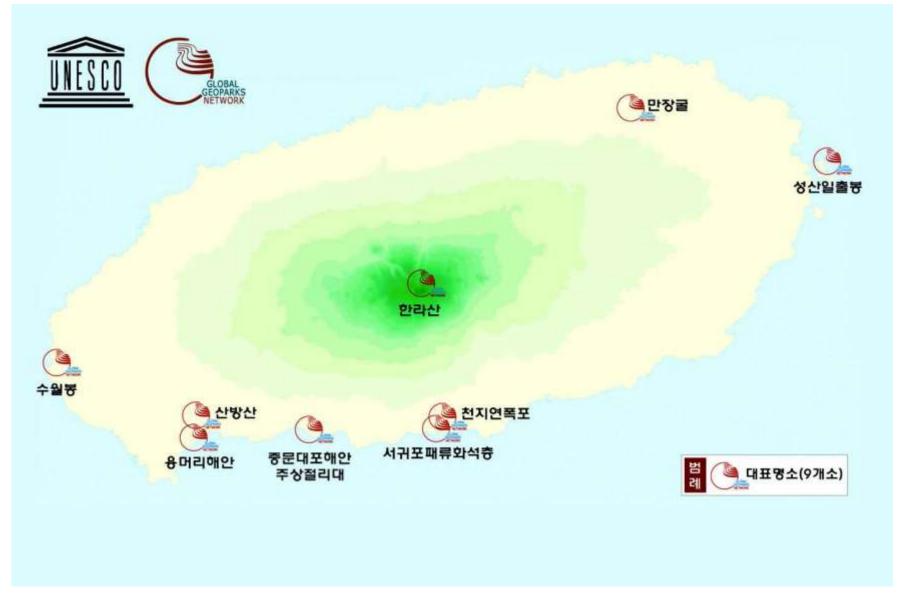
Protected Area Type	No. in the World	No. in the R. Korea	No. in Jeju Island	Names, Year of designation, Area
Biosphere Reserves	651	5	1	Jeju Island (2002) (830.94 km ² : Core 151,58 ha, Buffer 14,601 ha, Transition 53,335 ha)
World Natural + Mixed Heritages	197 + 32	1	1	Jeju Volcanic Island and Lave Tubes (2007) (Property zone 94.75 km ² + Buffer zone 92.66 km ²)
Global Geoparks	120	1	1	Jeju Island (2010) (1,847 km ²)
Ramsar Sites	2,231	21	5	Mulyeongari (2006) (31 ha) Muljangori (2008) (63 ha) 1100m Highland (2009) (13 ha) Dongbaekdongsan (2011) (59 ha) Sumeunmulbaengdui (2015) (118 ha)





Jeju Volcanic Island and Lava Tubes World Heritage

Representative Sites for Jeju Island Global Geopark



International Meetings held in Jeju

- 2005: 9th EABRN meeting
- 2009: 21st MAB ICC meeting
- 2009: IUCN International Workshop on CBD POWPA
- 2012: 5th IUCN World Conservation Congress







ELECTIONS - ELECCIONES - ÉLECTIONS

Candidates for Regional Councilor / Candidatos a G Regional / Candidats au poste de Conseiller rég

Africa / África / Afrique



Mafa Chipeta (7)

Malawi



Mamadou Diallo (8)
 Senegal / Senegal



Brahim Haddane (s)
 Morocco / Marruenos / Maroc



4. Eriya Jesca Osuna (6



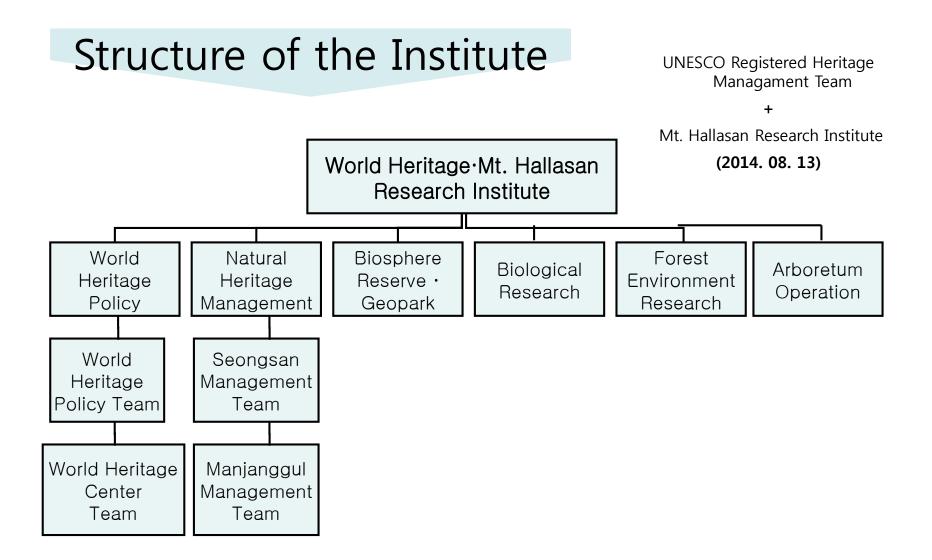


JIBR Management System

- JIBR Management Committee based on Jeju Provincial Ordinace (from 2003): 21 members
- Jeju Province Management Committee for UNESCO Registered Heritages based on Jeju Provincial Ordinace (from 2012): Biosphere Reserve Subcommittee with 16 members
- Office of Jeju World Natural Heritage Site Management was established (in 2012)
- Office of Jeju World Natural Heritage Site
 Management and Mt. Hallasan Research Institute
 were combined into World Heritage · Mt. Hallasan
 Research Institute (in 2014)



■ World Heritage·Mt. Hallasan Research Institute







Challenges in JIBR Management

- Relative lack of recognation of biosphere reserve compared to world heritage
- More investment has been put into world heritage management than biosphere reserve management
- Sustainable development function is weak since populated areas are located outside of the JIBR and most agricultural and fishing activities are carried out outside of JIBR.
- World heritage, global geopark, and Ramsar sites can be used for attracting tourists and conservation, but biosphere reserves need bottom-up approach for sustainble development function for larger areas.

Challenges and Opportunities in JIBR Management from Integrated Management

- JIBR has been actually benefited by the integrated management since 2012 by the creation of new administration unit.
- Integrated management was possible because Jeju Self-Governing Province has some autonomy.
- There was less collaboration of Jeju Province with central governmental agencies.
- Different protected areas can be effectively managed when protected areas are overlapping.
- BR and Geopark can be benefited by similar methodology since the overall purposes are similar.
- When JIBR is expanded in include the whole Jeju Island, there will be more opportunies for activities of sustainable development.