Synergy between geoparks and biosphere reserves through Hakusan as a focal point



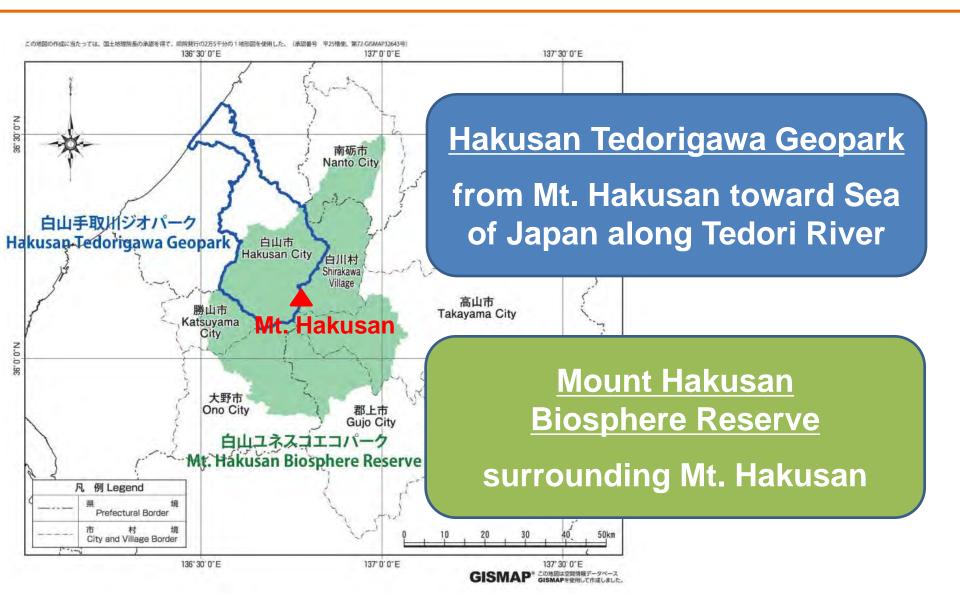
Mt. Hakusan (白山)

- A high mountain in central Japan
- Its elevation is 2,702m (alpine zone)

- Mount Hakusan Biosphere Reserve designated in 1980
- Hakusan Tedorigawa
 Geopark designated in 2011
 as a Japanese Geopark



Different areas of both programs



GEOPARKS

What is Geopark (GP)?

- Single, unified geographical area
- Site of international geological significance
- Managed with a holistic concept of protection, education, and sustainable development

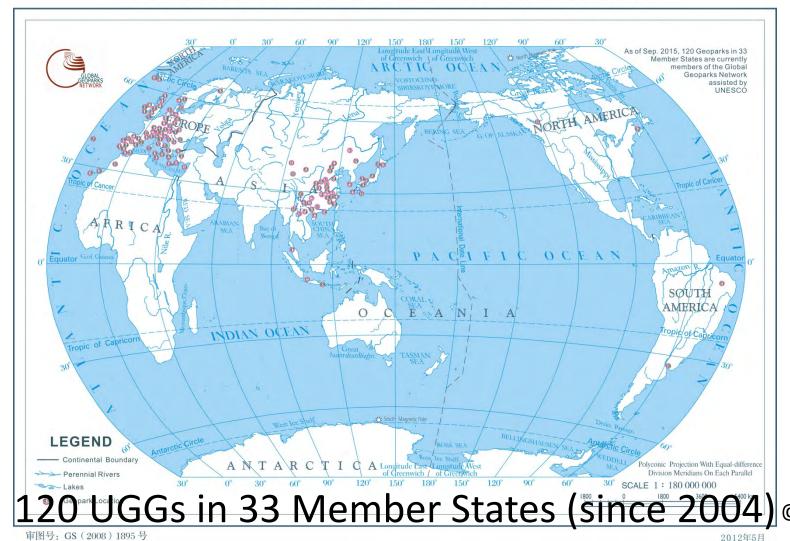






Geoparks among the world

Distribution of GGN Members



New label: UNESCO Global Geoparks



Cultural Organization

NATURAL SCIENCES

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A.A+ [] [] []

UNESCO » Natural Sciences » About us

Who we are

Assistant Director-General

Who's who

Field Offices

How we work

Mission & Strategy

International Science Programmes

Institutes & Centres

UNESCO Chairs

Partnerships and Networks

17.11.2015 - Natural Sciences Sector

UNESCO gives Global Geoparks a new label



The 195 Member States of UNESCO have ratified the creation of a new label, the UNESCO Global Geoparks, on 17 November 2015. This expresses governmental recognition of the importance of managing outstanding geological sites and landscapes in a holistic manner.

The decision was taken by Member States at UNESCO's General Conference, the governing body of the Organization, which met in Paris from 3 to 18 November.

UNESCO Global Geoparks tell the 4,600 million year story of Planet Earth and of the geological events that shaped it as well as the evolution of humanity itself. Not only do they show evidence of past climate changes, they also inform local communities of present day challenges and help them prepare for hazards such as earthquakes, tsunamis and volcanic eruptions.

UNESCO Global Geoparks strive to raise awareness of geodiversity and promote protection, education and tourism best practices. Together with World Heritage sites and Biosphere Reserves, UNESCO Global Geoparks form a complete range of sustainable development tools and make an invaluable contribution to the realisation of the 2030 Sustainable Development Goals by combining global and local perspectives.

RELATED INFORMATION

PAGES

▶ Earth Sciences

NATURAL SCIENCES SECTOR

- About the Natural Sciences Sector
- Drganizational Chart
- ▶ Who's who

Official Documents

- 37 C/4 Medium-Term Strategy 2014-2021
- 37 C/5 Approved programme and budget 2014-2017

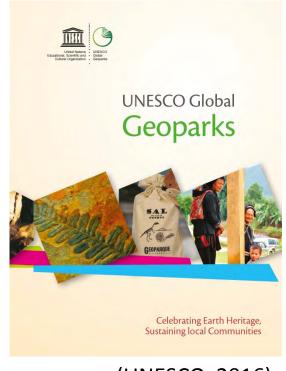
Resources

- UNESCO Science for Peace and Sustainable Development (pdf) Brochure, 2013
- A World of Science (Quarterly



Geopark Q&A

- Once the designation, is it forever geopark?
 - ➤ No, revalidated every 4 years with a field mission
- Is it only about geology?
 - ➤ No, GPs develop links with natural & cultural heritages
- Can it overlap with other designations?
 - Needs a clear justification and evidence for synergy



(UNESCO, 2016)

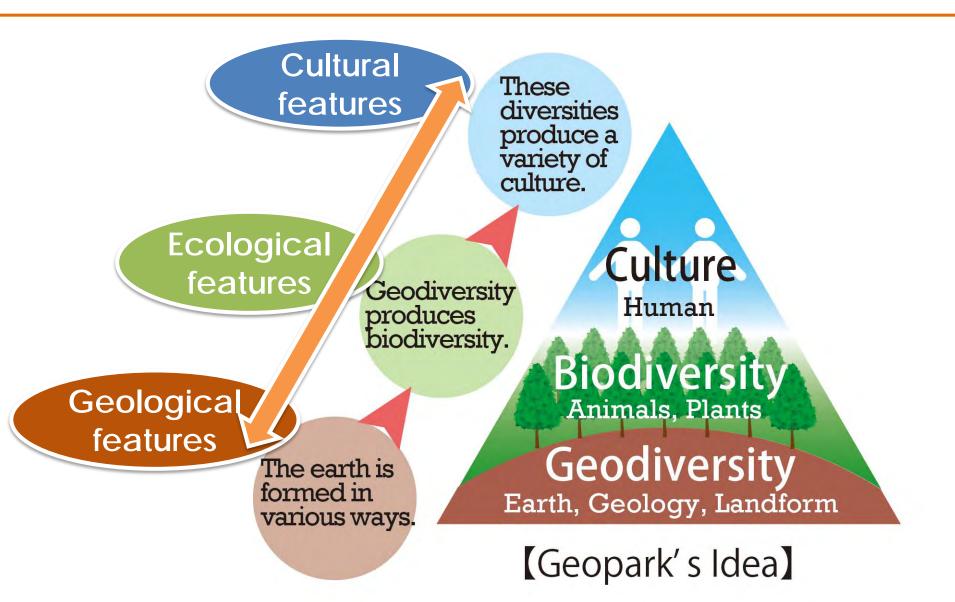
Difference between BRs & Geoparks

- For scientists
 - ➤ Ecology *or* Geology (earth science)

- For local people
 - ? ? ?What's different?
 - Something forwarding sustainable development?
 - Something to be proud of their own area ?

SYNERGY AT LOCAL SITE LEVEL

To strengthen stories: Linking 3 features



To strengthen stories: Case of chestnuts

Ricecakes made from Japanese horse chestnut trees Culture

Development of Japanese horse chestnut tree forests.

Existence of unstable lands



Human

Earth, Geology, Landform





To weaken conflicts: Share the staffs

Hakusan Tedorigawa Geopark Promotion Council

- Administrative Bodies (10)
- Universities, Institutes (5)
- Education & Culture Groups (2)
- Self-Governance Groups (4)
- Industries & Tourism Groups (7)
- Agriculture Groups (5)
- Transportation Group (1)

Mount Hakusan Biosphere Reserve Council

- Municipalities (7)
- Prefectures (4)
- Association for Cooperation (1)
- UNU(1)
- Shrines(3)
- Relevant Ministries (10)

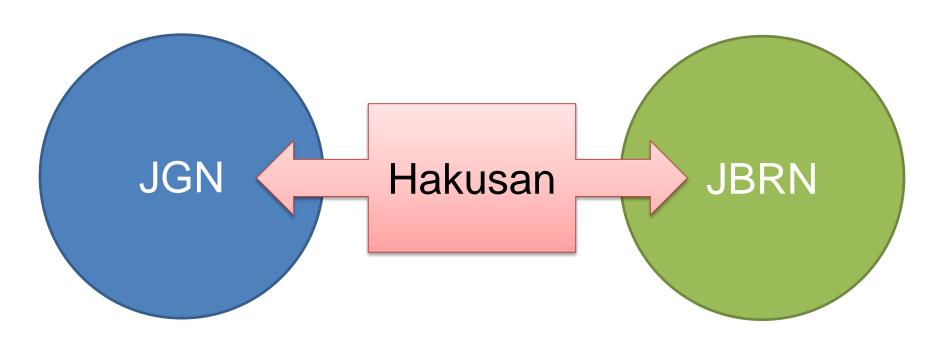
Secretariat
Geopark Promotion Division, Hakusan City

SYNERGY AT

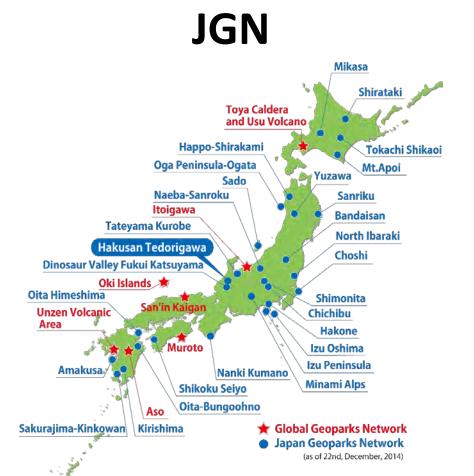
NATIONAL NETWORK LEVEL

Hakusan belongs to two networks

- Japanese Geoparks Network (JGN)
- Japanese Biosphere Reserves Network (JBRN)



Two networks



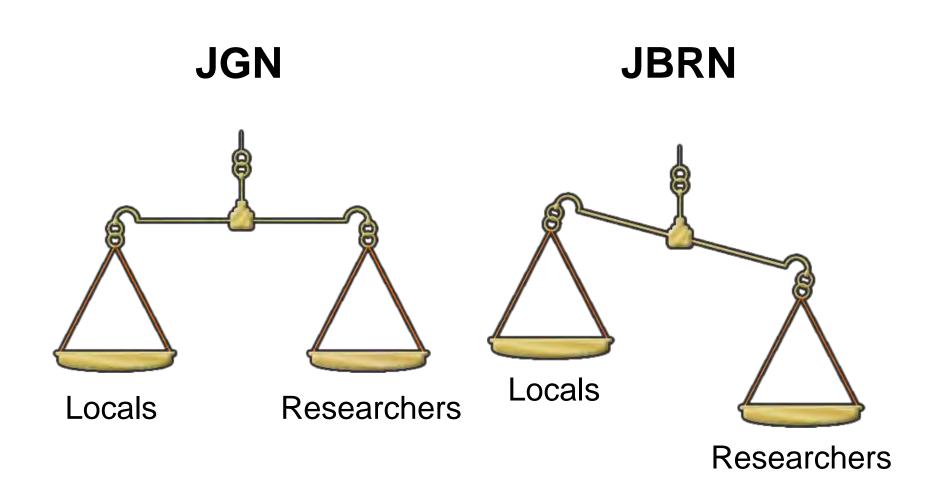
JBRN



8 UGGs, 31 Japanese GPS

7BRs

Who takes the initiatives in the network?



Reorganization of JBRN

Initiatives:

- From researchers to locals
 Financial Management:
- Annual memberships fee
 Networking:



JBRN Meeting at Hakusan

 From mailing list to real meetings (face-to-face relationship)

Lessons from geoparks to BRs

UNESCO Global Geoparks Celebration Forum

- > Held in Hakusan, with JGN & UNU-IAS-OUIK
- ➤ Messages from MAB&BR to Geoparks
 - MAB Strategy, in line with the SDGs
 - International cooperation lead by JICA

(From right)
Dr. Patrick McKeever
(expert on Geoparks, UNESCO)
Dr. Koichiro Matsuura
(former DG of UNESCO)
Dr. Hiroyuki Matsuda



Lessons from BRs to geoparks

Conclusion

- Confusion among local peoples
- > Strengthening stories, sharing staffs
- > Learn from each other between networks



