190 EX/4 Part I

المجلس التنفيذي الدورة التسعون بعد المائة



١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول

باريس، ۲۰۱۲/۹/۷ الأصل: إنجليزي/فرنسي

البند ٤ من جدول الأعمال المؤقت

تقرير المديرة العامة عن تنفيذ البرنامج الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام الجزء الأول

الملخص

يرمي هذا التقرير إلى إطلاع أعضاء المجلس التنفيذي على التقدم المحرز في تنفيذ البرنامج الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام. ويركز الجزء ألف من هذا التقرير على القضايا الاستراتيجية ويتضمن النتائج الرئيسية المحققة والتحديات والدروس المستفادة خلال الأشهر الستة الأولى من فترة العامين ١٠١٢–٢٠١٣. ويقدم الجزء باء من هذه الوثيقة (المتاح على الإنترنت) تقريراً بشأن النتائج الأولية المحرزة في إطار كل من النتائج المنشودة في الوثيقة ٣٦م/ه. وبغية عرض تنفيذ البرنامج بمزيد من الإيجاز والطابع الاستراتيجي، يقتصر هذا التقرير على ما يلي: (١) التقييم الشامل للنتائج الرئيسية التي حققتها البرامج الرئيسية الخمسة ومعهد اليونسكو للإحصاء؛ (٢) إسهام اليونسكو في السياسات والأنشطة التنفيذية للتعاون الإنمائي في إطار منظومة الأمم المتحدة.

ولا تترتب على هذه الوثيقة، بحكم طبيعتها، أي آثار إدارية أو مالية.

ولا يقترح اتخاذ أي قرار في هذا الصدد.

جدول المحتويات

ä	صفح	t
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١		لتنفيذي	الملخصر
٤	لييم استراتيجي لتنفيذ البرامج	ألف – تة	الجزء
٤	الأول: التعليم	ج الرئيسي	البرنامج
٨	، الثاني: العلوم الطبيعية	ج الرئيسي	البرنامج
١,	، الثالث: العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية	ج الرئيسي	البرنامج
١,	الرابع: الثقافة	ج الرئيسي	البرنامج
۲	، الخامس: الاتصال والمعلومات	ج الرئيسي	البرنام
۲,	الإحصاء	ليونسكو آ	معهد ا

الملخص التنفيذي

يلخص هذا التقرير الوضع فيما يتعلق بتنفيذ البرنامج لفترة الأشهر الستة المنتهية بنهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وينقسم إلى جزأين: يركز الجزء (ألف) منه على القضايا الاستراتيجية بما فيها الإنجازات الرئيسية، والتدابير المتخذة لمواجهة الصعوبات المالية، والتحديات والدروس المستفادة؛ ويركز الجزء (باء) على النتائج الأولية التي سُجلت في إطار كل من النتائج المنشودة في إطار الوثيقة ويركز الجزء (باء) على الفترة، قدمت الموارد المالية إلى البرامج باعتبارها اعتمادات فصلية فقط. ونتيجة لذلك، تمثل الأرقام المتعلقة بمعدلات التنفيذ الواردة في هذه الوثيقة معدلات إنفاق الأموال التي خصصت بالفعل لفترة الأشهر الستة دون غيرها.

أولاً - النتائج العامة

بذلت المنظمة جهوداً كبيرة من أجل ضمان تنفيذ البرنامج في ظل سياق مالي شديد الصعوبة، وترشيد استخدام مواردها المحدودة، وخفض التكاليف على صعيد المنظمة ككل بدرجة كبيرة، وتعبئة الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية، واحتواء الحاجة إلى الموظفين من خلال عمليات استعراض معمقة، وخفض التكاليف الإدارية.

وتتجلى في هذه المرحلة المبكرة بعض الدروس الأولية:

- على النحو المبين في التقارير الفردية المقدمة في إطار البرامج الرئيسية (الواردة أدناه) تقلص نطاق أنشطة اليونسكو في إطار كل من النتائج المنشودة في الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ بصورة ملحوظة مقارنة بمجموعة الأنشطة المقررة سابقاً. فعلى سبيل المثال، لن يتمكن البرنامج الرئيسي الأول (التربية) من تقديم الدعم إلى ١٨ بلداً من البلدان ذات الأولوية من خلال التمويل المتاح في البرنامج العادي على النحو المقرر سابقاً بسبب القيود المالية. ووجب تأخير العديد من الأنشطة أو تأجيلها أو حتى الغاؤها على جميع مستويات المنظمة، في المقر وخارجه.
- وأمكن إحراز قدر كبير من التقدم في تحقيق النتائج المنشودة المعروضة في هذا التقرير بفضل التمويل الخارج عن الميزانية سواء كان ذلك عن طريق صندوق الطوارئ أو عن طريق الجهات المانحة التقليدية أو الجديدة وذلك طبقاً لأهداف البرنامج العادي وأولوياته. وفي إطار البرنامج الإضافي التكميلي الحالي (٢٠١٣–٢٠١٣)، تم تعبئة أكثر من ٢١٢ مليون دولار أمريكي حتى نهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وساعد إنشاء صندوق الطوارئ المتعدد الجهات على توسيع قاعدة اليونسكو من الجهات المانحة بما في ذلك الحصول على مساهمات وتعهدات مالية من الدول الأعضاء. وإضافة إلى ذلك، أبرمت اتفاقات شراكة جديدة مع الحكومات المانحة التقليدية والجديدة. فعلى سبيل المثال أبرم اتفاق مع الصين لكي تدعم إعداد المعلمين في أفريقيا (٨ ملايين دولار أمريكي).

- وفي عام ٢٠١٢، استمر توسيع نطاق سلسلة من الشراكات مع القطاع الخاص، كانت قد استهلت في عام ٢٠١١، ومنها مثلاً حملة التسويق التي شنت في فرنسا في إطار الشراكة مع شركة بروكتر آند غامبل وشملت جميع بلدان جنوب شرق أوروبا دعماً لتعليم الفتيات والنساء؛ والشراكة التي أقيمت مع مؤسسة GEMS التعليمية (الإمارات العربية المتحدة) التي قدمت تمويلاً (قدره ١٠٥ مليون دولار أمريكي) من أجل إعداد منبر تعلم "لبرنامج تنمية المهارات القيادية لدى مديري المدارس" في غانا وكينيا والهند.
- إلا أن آثار الأزمة المالية العالمية في بعض الدول الأعضاء أدت كذلك إلى صعوبات غير متوقعة في التمويل وإلى عجز في بعض المجالات.
- وبذلت جهود ملحوظة من أجل تركيز وتحديد توجهات البرنامج: فكاد الهدف ١ من خارطة الطريق (الذي يتطلب خفض العدد الإجمالي لخطط العمل بما نسبته ٢٠٪ بحلول نهاية عام ٢٠١٢) أن يتحقق (انخفض عددها في البرامح الرئيسية الخمسة بنسبة ١٧٪)، وتم تحقيق الهدف ٢ من خارطة الطريق ("خفض عدد خطط العمل ذات الحد الأدنى من التكاليف التنفيذية (باستثناء خطط العمل التي تستفيد من أموال خارجة عن الميزانية) بما نسبته ٣٠٪ بحلول نهاية عام ٢٠١٢")، ويتواصل التقدم في تحقيق الهدف ٣ من خارطة الطريق ("سيزداد الحد الأدنى من الميزانية المخصصة لأي خطة عمل بحيث يبلغ ٢٠٠٠ دولار أمريكي، وذلك بقدر ما تتيحه الظروف العملية").
- وأتيح بالفعل مبلغ قدره ٣,٨٥ مليون دولار أمريكي لخطط العمل المندرجة في إطار البرنامج العادي والمزمع تنفيذها حتى نهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وبلغ معدل إنفاق هذا الاعتماد في نهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو ٦٩٪ على صعيد المنظمة ككل. بيد أن معدل تنفيذ البرنامج في خطط العمل غير الإدارية المندرجة في إطار البرنامج العادي أدنى من المعدل السابق إذ بلغ ٨,٨٤٪ (مقابل معدل الإنفاق للفترة الزمنية المعنية البالغ ١٠٠٪). وعلى الرغم من احتمال تأثر معدل الإنفاق بالتأخيرات التي شهدها تخصيص الأموال وأنها قد قدمت على قسطين، فإن القطاعات كانت قد استلمت الاعتمادات المالية على افتراض أنها ستُصرف كاملة خلال فترة الفصلين السابقين. ومن ثم، يدعو المعدل الحالي المنخفض إلى الإسراع في تعبئة الجهود من أجل تنفيذ البرنامج.
- ووصل معدل إنفاق الاعتماد السنوي المخصص للمشاريع الخارجة عن الميزانية في إطار قطاعات البرامج الرئيسية الخمسة خلال الأشهر الستة الأولى لعام ٢٠١٢ إلى ٣٠٥٨٪. وعلى الرغم من أن هذا المعدل أدنى من المعدل النظري للإنفاق للفترة الزمنية المنقضية البالغ ٥٠٪، يجب التشديد على أن هذا المعدل يستند إلى الاعتماد الإرشادي المخصص بناء على طلب قطاعات البرنامج في بداية العام. وإذا استدعى الأمر، ستدخل تعديلات على مبلغ الاعتمادات بعد استعراض تنفيذ المشاريع الخارجة عن الميزانية لا يرتبط المشاريع الخارجة عن الميزانية لا يرتبط بالاعتمادات السنوية على خلاف البرنامج العادي، وأن الأموال غير المصروفة خلال سنة تقويمية سترحل إلى السنة التالية. ففي ظل هذه الظروف، قد يكون مستوى الإنفاق بالنسبة إلى تخصيص الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية أدنى من المعدل النظري للإنفاق في الفترة الزمنية المنقضية وتقدم المعلومات عن وضع تنفيذ كل من المشاريع الخارجة عن الميزانية بالنسبة إلى إجمالي المبلغ المخصص لها (أي إجمالي أموال المشروع) في التقارير السنوية المقدمة إلى الجهات المانحة.

- ويشير تحليل نوعي للبرامج الرئيسية المختلفة إلى أن قطاعات البرنامج عادة ما تعطي الأولوية للأنشطة "النظامية" عندما تقوم باختيار أنشطتها وتخصيص الأموال لها، سواء تمثلت هذه الأنشطة في اجتماع بشأن اتفاقية أو اجتماع مجالس إدارة البرامج الدولية الحكومية أو يوم دولي لليونسكو أو ما شابه ذلك من أنشطة. وحظيت الأنشطة الأخرى بمبالغ مالية أقل بكثير على الرغم من الجهود التي تبذل حالياً من أجل الحصول على تمويل خارج عن الميزانية. وقد تثير الآثار الناجمة عن ذلك القلق إذ إنها قد تؤثر سلباً في أهمية اليونسكو العملية بخاصة على الصعيد القطرى.
- وعلى غرار ذلك، تشير النتائج الأولية إلى أن ثمة اتجاه لإعطاء الأولوية للأنشطة المنفذة في المقر، على حساب الأنشطة التنفيذية في الميدان. وتستخلص هذه النتيجة من معدلات اللامركزية المتقلصة في معظم البرامج الرئيسية إذ تبلغ ٩,٥٥٪ مقارنة بمعدل اللامركزية الوارد في الوثيقة ٢٥م/٥ المعتمدة والبالغ ٣,٥٠٪. ويثير هذا قلقاً خاصاً بالنسبة إلى البرنامجين الرئيسيين ٢ و٣.

الجزء ألف - تقييم استراتيجي لتنفيذ البرامج

البرنامج الرئيسي الأول: التعليم

أولا - الإنجازات الرئيسية

1 – واصلت اليونسكو، بصفتها الجهة القيادية والمنسقة على الصعيد العالمي لبادرة التعليم للجميع، وهي تساهم في إعداد جدول أعمال التعليم لفترة ما بعد عام ٢٠١٥. وقد سمح الاجتماع الأول للجنة التوجيهية لحركة التعليم للجميع (باريس، حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٦) لمثلي جميع الأطراف الفاعلة المعنية بالتعليم للجميع بالتوصل إلى اتفاق على مواصلة تطوير خارطة للطريق للفترة المتبقية حتى عام ٢٠١٥ وعلى النتائج الرئيسية المنشودة من الاجتماع العالمي للتعليم للجميع، المزمع عقده في تشرين الثاني/نوفمبر ٢٠١٦. كما يشارك قطاع التربية في اليونسكو مع وكالات الأمم المتحدة الأخرى في أعمال فريق عمل الأمم المتحدة لإعداد خطة تنمية لما بعد عام ٢٠١٥، إذ يضمن إدراج التعليم كما ينبغي في التقرير الأول المقدم إلى الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة. ولهذه الغاية، قام القطاع بإعداد مواد للتفكير واستهل سلسلة من الشاورات مع مختلف الأطراف الفاعلة. كما تم تقديم مساهمات ملموسة إلى مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة بالكامل مع أولويات اليونسكو في الوثيقة الختامية. وكان المؤتمر مناسبة ممتازة لعرض عمل اليونسكو في مجال التعليم من أجل التنمية المستدامة في حدث نُظم على هامش المؤتمر وحضره جمهور غفير. وأكدت الوثيقة الختامية على التعليم من أجل التنمية المستدامة بوصفه أحد الأولويات الرئيسية للمضي قدماً نحو تحقيق التنمية المستدامة، وتم الاعتراف على نطاق واسع بالدور القيادي لليونسكو في هذا الصدد.

٢ – وقامت اليونسكو أيضاً بدور قيادي في دعم مبادرة الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة العالمية الجديدة بشأن التعليم، "التعليم أولا"، والتي سوف تعبئ دعماً للتعليم واهتماماً به على مستوى رفيع. وطلب الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة من المديرة العامة لليونسكو أن تضطلع بدور الأمين التنفيذي للجنة التوجيهية الرفيعة المستوى التى تدعم مبادرة "التعليم أولا".

٣ - استمرت اليونسكو، بصفتها عضواً في مجلس الإدارة، بتقديم دعمها الفعّال إلى الشراكة العالمية من أجل التعليم. وريثما يتم الحصول على موافقة المجلس، ستكون اليونسكو واليونيسيف الكيانين الإداريين اللذين يتوليان تنفيذ المنحة المقدمة إلى تشاد في إطار الشراكة العالمية من أجل التعليم. واليونسكو مستعدة لتولى مسؤوليات مماثلة في بلدان أخرى ممولة في إطار الشراكة العالمية من أجل التعليم.

لا وتم إعداد مشروعين الاستراتيجية جديدة بشأن المعلمين ولمبادرة جديدة من أجل المعلمين في بلدان أفريقيا جنوب الصحراء الكبرى سعياً إلى توجيه البرنامج الجديد بشأن المعلمين وتحسين تركيزه وفعاليته. وتركز الاستراتيجية على ثلاثة مجالات للعمل ذات الأولوية وهي: نقص المعلمين؛ وجودة المعلمين؛ والبحوث، وإنتاج المعارف والإبلاغ عنها. وبينما تتمتع الاستراتيجية بتأثير عالمي، فإنها توفر أيضا إطاراً شاملاً لمبادرة جديدة بشأن المعلمين موجهة إلى تسريع المضي قدماً نحو تحقيق أهداف التعليم للجميع في أفريقيا جنوب الصحراء الكبرى. وتم إعداد كل من الاستراتيجية والمبادرة بالتشاور مع معهد اليونسكو الدولي لبناء القدرات في أفريقيا وفريق عمل المعلمين الدولي من أجل التعليم للجميع، لضمان

العمل المنسق وتعظيم التأثير. وما زالت المشاورات جارية مع مجموعة اليونسكو الإقليمية الأفريقية بشأن المبادرة. ويتبع القطاع نهجاً يرمي إلى تعزيز التمويل من مصادر مختلفة خارجة عن الميزانية من أجل تعظيم تأثير المبادرة على المستوى القطري.

ه – وعقدت اليونسكو المؤتمر الدولي الثالث بشأن التعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني (شنغهاي، ١٤–١٦ أيار/مايو ٢٠١٢)، والذي كان حدثاً بارزاً لتيسير الحوار العالمي بشأن التعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني. وضمّ المؤتمر أكثر من ٤٠ مشاركاً من ١٠٧ بلدان وأدّى إلى تبني وثيقة "توافق الآراء في شنغهاي"، التي دعت إلى تحويل وتوسيع نطاق التعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهنى وإلى زيادة الاهتمام بالتنمية المستدامة والشراكات.

7 – وبمناسبة الذكرى السنوية الأولى لإنشاء الشراكة العالمية لتعليم الفتيات والنساء بمبادرة من اليونسكو، تم تنظيم فريق نقاش رفيع المستوى من أجل استعراض التقدم المحرز ومناقشة استراتيجيات للنهوض بأنشطة في هذا الصدد. وأثبتت الشراكة العالمية أنها تؤدي دوراً حفازاً في تعبئة الموارد (أكثر من ه ملايين دولار أمريكي) وإقامة الشراكات، وفي ترجمة هذه الموارد والشراكات إلى فرص تعلم موسعة للفتيات والنساء، مع تنفيذ مشاريع في خمسة بلدان في أفريقيا. وأقيمت شراكتان جديدتان مع كل من هيئة الأمم المتحدة للمرأة ومنظمة "كلية حفاة القدمين" غير الحكومية (Barefoot College) (بالهند).

ثانياً – الاستجابة إلى الوضع المالي

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

٧ - بغية التكيف مع خفض الميزانية الكلية المخصصة لهذا القطاع بنسبة ٣١٪، الأمر الذي أدى إلى تخفيض ميزانية المخصصة للأنشطة بنسبة ٥٧٪(١)، اضطلع القطاع بعملية إعادة تنظيم داخلي وبذل جهوداً لترشيد برامجه وتخفيض نطاق أنشطة عن طريق التعامل مع عدد أقل من البلدان في كل مجال من المجالات المواضيعية. ولئن سعى القطاع إلى مواصلة اتباع نهج شامل في مجال التعليم عن طريق المساهمة، ولو بالحد الأدنى، في تحقيق كل نتيجة من النتائج الاثنتي عشرة المنشودة، فقد عرقلت هذه التخفيضات بقدر خطير قدرته على تنفيذ كل أنشطته المزمعة أصلاً. وباستثناء تنسيق التعليم للجميع على الصعيد العالمي في إطار محور العمل ٤، وهو نشاط سعى القطاع إلى حمايته، تم تخفيض جميع الأنشطة الأخرى التي تساهم في تحقيق النتائج المنشودة في إطار محور العمل ٢ ومحور العمل ٤ بنسب تجاوزت نسب تخفيض الأنشطة المتعلقة بالمجالات ذات الأولوية في إطار محور العمل ١.

 $\Lambda - eV$ ترال الأنشطة المتعلقة بالمجالات ذات الأولوية في إطار محور العمل 1 تمثل نحو $\Lambda \circ \Lambda$ ميزانية الأنشطة $\Lambda \circ \Lambda \circ \Lambda$ باستثناء الاعتمادات المالية المخصصة لمعاهد التربية من الفئة 1. ونظراً إلى هذه التخفيضات المالية، لن يكون القطاع قادراً على توفير الدعم إلى البلدان الثمانية عشر ذات الأولوية من خلال تمويل البرنامج العادي، كما كان متوقعا أصلا. ولذلك تعتمد اليونسكو في دعمها لهذه البلدان المستهدفة إلى حد كبير على الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية التي لا تغطي في الوقت الراهن سوى عدد محدود

⁽١) باستثناء الاعتمادات المالية المخصصة لمعاهد التربية من الفئة ١.

⁽٢) نفس الحاشية السابقة.

من البلدان. وفي الواقع، تسنى إنجاز قدر كبير من التقدم نحو تحقيق كل نتيجة من النتائج المنشودة الاثنتي عشرة المشار إليها في هذا التقرير بفضل أموال خارجة عن الميزانية، وهي أموال أصبحت في السنوات الأخيرة تتكيف بصورة متزايدة مع أهداف وأولويات البرنامج العادي.

٩ وعلى الرغم من الوضع المالي الصعب، فإن القطاع مصمم على حماية الدعم المقدم إلى المجالات الرئيسية مثل تنسيق التعليم للجميع على الصعيد العالمي، والمعلمين. وسيسعى أيضاً إلى حماية تطبيق البرامج القطرية التنفيذية الواسعة النطاق بموارد خارجة عن الميزانية.

(٢) عملية إعادة تنظيم داخلي

10- قام القطاع بتخفيض عدد خطط العمل تخفيضاً كبيراً وذلك من 110 خطة عمل في فترة العامين الماضية إلى ٢٠٠ خطة عمل في الوقت الحاضر. وبذلت جهود كبيرة للتركيز بقدر أكبر على البرامج الإقليمية ودون الإقليمية بغية جمع الموارد بكفاءة وتجنب الأنشطة الصغيرة الحجم.

11- واستُهل استعراض واسع النطاق لمعاهد اليونسكو من الفئة 1 المعنية بالتربية بالتعاون مع مرفق الإشراف الداخلي، بهدف تحديد ما تواجه المعاهد من قضايا منهجية وغير ذلك من القضايا المحددة، وبهدف تصميم حلول عملية لها في الأنشطة في المستقبل. ويتم إيلاء اهتمام خاص لضمان اتساق البرنامج، والاستدامة المالية، وترشيد أنشطة الإدارة والحوكمة. وعلى غرار ما تقدم، يقوم القطاع باستعراض إدارة برنامج توأمة الجامعات وبرنامج الكراسي الجامعية لليونسكو، استجابة لعمليات المراجعة التي أجريت، كما يقوم بإنشاء عمليات جديدة تستهدف إشراك جميع قطاعات البرنامج على نحو أكثر استراتيجية فضلاً عن تحسين الكفاءة. كما يقوم بمراجعة المراكز التابعة لشبكة مركز اليونسكو الدولي للتعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني لتحسين فعاليتهم.

17 - وتم تجميد ٤٥ وظيفة شاغرة بسبب انخفاض معدل التمويل. وعلاوة على ذلك، أجريت عملية إعادة تنظيم داخلي بهدف ترشيد عملية تقسيم العمل، والقيام في الوقت ذاته بزيادة عدد الموظفين في مجالات العمل ذات الأولوية. ومع البنية المعدلة الجديدة، يجري تخفيض عدد شُعب البرنامج في المقر من ١٠ إلى مُعب، ويجري توزيع عبء العمل على الأقسام بقدر أكبر من التوازن، كما يجري تعزيز الموارد البشرية في المجالات ذات الأولوية مثل المعلمين.

17 - وفي سياق إصلاح المكاتب الميدانية في أفريقيا، استُهلت عملية تشاور لجمع الموارد البشرية لقطاع التربية في هذه المنطقة ولتدعيم المكاتب الإقليمية المتعددة القطاعات الخمسة الجديدة في أفريقيا. ومن المزمع أن تركز المرحلة الأولى من عملية الإصلاح على ثلاثة من هذه المكاتب، وهي: مكتب داكار، ومكتب ونيروبي، ومكتب ياوندي، وأن تضمن حصول كل مكتب على القدر الضروري من الموظفين المهنيين الدوليين المعنيين بالتربية، أي ما بين ٤ وه موظفين على الأقل. وفضلاً عن ذلك، ستخصص وظيفة إضافية على أساس غير دائم لمعهد اليونسكو الدولي لبناء القدرات في أفريقيا، بهدف تعزيز القدرة المهنية للمعهد.

14 وعلاوة على ذلك، وبغية تحقيق المزيد من الاتساق وتوطيد العمل التعاوني والتآزر، تم تشكيل فريق عمل خاص داخل القطاع للتفكير في أنشطة تحضير اجتماعات التعليم للجميع الإقليمية المقبلة وبدء العمل بشأنها والمساهمة في تسريع الجهود المبذولة لتحقيق أهداف التعليم للجميع بحلول عام ٢٠١٥ باتباع نهج أكثر شمولاً وفعالية؛ والاضطلاع بالأعمال التحضيرية لإجراء عمليات التقييم الوطنية والإقليمية بشأن التعليم للجميع في عام ٢٠١٥؛ وتحديد برنامج للتعليم لما بعد عام ٢٠١٥.

(٣) فعالية التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية

٥١- تواصلت الجهود الرامية إلى تحسين الانسجام بين أنشطة البرنامج العادي والمشاريع الخارجة عن الميزانية، مما أتاح تقاسم التكاليف وتحقيق قد أكبر من الاتساق. وعلى نحو مماثل، يتم السعي إلى تحقيق فعالية التكاليف من خلال إقامة الشراكات الاستراتيجية والتعاون وتقاسم التكاليف فيما يخص تنفيذ البرنامج. وخُفضت تكاليف الأسفار والاتصالات إلى أدنى حد، ويتم الاستعانة عن الأسفار والاتصالات بوسائل اتصال بديلة، كلما كان ذلك ممكناً، مثل الاجتماعات عن بعد والاجتماعات الافتراضية. وفُرضت قيود على حشد الخبراء الاستشاريين من خارج المنظمة ويجري استخدام أساليب لإدارة الموارد البشرية على نحو أفضل لتسخير الخبرة الفنية داخل المنظمة بأكبر قدر من الفعالية والكفاءة.

(٤) تعبئة الموارد

71- منذ مطلع عام ٢٠١٢، جرت تعبئة كمية كبيرة من الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية، وتشمل على سبيل المثال مساهمات من الصين (٨ ملايين دولار أمريكي من أجل المعلمين في أفريقيا)، واليابان (ما يزيد على ٣ ملايين دولار أمريكي من أجل البلدان المتأثرة بالنزاعات والكوارث بما فيها مصر، والعراق، وليبيريا، وليبيا، وجنوب السودان)، وبنك التنمية الأفريقي (١٠٥٠ مليون دولار أمريكي للنهوض بالسلام، وحقوق الإنسان، والمواطنة في المنطقة دون الإقليمية للجماعة الاقتصادية لدول غرب أفريقيا)؛ والأموال المقدمة من منظمة الأقطار المصدرة للنفط (١٠٢ مليون دولار أمريكي من أجل التعليم في مجال فيروس الإيدز والتربية البشرية/الإيدز (٢٠١٠ مليون دولار أمريكي في عام ٢٠١٧) ومن المتوقع أن يقدم مبلغ معادل لذلك في عام البشرية/الإيدز (٢٠١٦ مليون دولار أمريكي لتغطية أنشطة رسم السياسات والتخطيط، والتعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني، والتعليم الأساسي). وفضلاً عن ذلك، ما زالت المناقشات جارية مع جهات مانحة عربية منها قطر والملكة العربية السعودية والمنظمة الإسلامية للتربية والعلوم والثقافة (إيسيسكو).

ثالثا – التحديات والدروس المستفادة

1V – يتمثل أحد التحديات الرئيسية للمنظمة في الحفاظ على نهج متنوّع وشامل فيما يخص التعليم في الوقت الذي تكون فيه الموارد البشرية والمالية محدودة. فقد أثرت القيود المالية على قدرة القطاع على تنفيذ البرنامج بالكامل، وأفضت إلى تقليص بعض الأنشطة، أو تأجيلها، أو إلغائها. ومراعاة لهذه المسألة، قام القطاع بتعزيز الشبكات والشراكات، وبتكثيف الجهود المبذولة لتعبئة الموارد، وبخفض التكاليف داخل القطاع إلى الحد الأدنى.

10 - وتتطلب عملية تعبئة الموارد، في كثير من الأحيان، بذل جهود كبيرة، ويمكن أن تستغرق وقتاً طويلاً، علماً بأنها لا تكلل دائماً بالنجاح. وأصبح هذا التحدي يزداد ضخامة مع وجود خطر أن تخفض بعض الجهات المانحة الكبرى الأموال التي تقدمها للتعليم، تخفيضاً كبيراً، الأمر الذي يمكن أن يؤدي إلى تباطؤ التقدم المحرز نحو تحقيق أهداف التعليم للجميع أو حتى إلى وقفه.

19 - ولئن حققت اليونسكو تقدماً في تسليط المزيد من الأضواء على نشاطها بصفتها الجهة القيادية على الصعيد العالمي في مجال التعليم، فقد كان التأثير الناتج عن عملها على المستوى القطري أقل وضوحاً للعيان. ويعود ذلك جزئياً إلى طبيعة عمل اليونسكو، مثل بناء القدرات و/أو إسداء المشورة بشأن السياسات، إذ إنه بمثابة استثمار للأجل الطويل ولا يمكن لمس تأثيره بسهولة. ومما يزيد من صعوبة هذا الأمر هو أنه جرى تخفيض ميزانية الأنشطة بنسبة إضافية قدرها ٥٧٪.

البرنامج الرئيسي الثاني: العلوم الطبيعية

أولاً - الإنجازات الرئيسية

٢٠ شهد الفصل الأول من عام ٢٠١٢ تطورات كبيرة متعلقة بالعلوم، في منظومة الأمم المتحدة وخارجها، ومنها ما يلي: مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة (أو مؤتمر ريو+٢٠) والأنشطة التحضيرية الرئيسية، والتأسيس الرسمي للمنبر الدولي الحكومي للعلوم والسياسات في مجال التنوع البيولوجي وخدمات النظام الإيكولوجي. وترد النتائج الرئيسية التي تم تحقيقها فيما يتعلق بمؤتمر ريو +٢٠ بإيجاز فيما يلي:

17- قام الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة بتكليف اليونسكو بتقديم خدمات الأمانة للمجلس الاستشاري العلمي الدولي كي تسدي المشورة إليه والى منظومة الأمم المتحدة ككل بشأن المسائل المتعلقة بالعلوم لتحقيق التنمية المستدامة. وتم تكليف اليونسكو بهذه المهمة نتيجة لعملية التشاور الواسعة النطاق التي أجريت داخل الأمم المتحدة وخارجها، والتي قادتها المديرة العامة، بناء على طلب الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة، لكي تقوم المنظمة بإسداء المشورة إليه بشأن متابعة تنفيذ التوصيات المتعلقة بالعلوم والواردة في تقرير الفريق الرفيع المستوى المعني بالاستدامة العالمية بعنوان الناعة للإنسان والكوكب معاً: أفضل خيار للمستقبل وستتمثل إحدى المهام الرئيسية للمجلس الاستشاري العلمي في تعزيز التعاون بين وكالات الأمم المتحدة، ومع المجتمع العلمي الدولي بشأن المسائل المتعلقة بالعلوم لتحقيق التنمية المستدامة.

77- مؤتمر ربو +77 والمسائل المتعلقة بالمحيطات: تشير الوثيقة الختامية لمؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة إشارة مباشرة إلى أهمية بناء قدرات البلدان النامية، وهو أحد المهام الأساسية للجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية للجوث البحرية العلمية بالاستناد إلى المبادئ التوجيهية للجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات فيما يخص نقل التكنولوجيا البحرية. ويعود هذا الأمر إلى الجهود التي بذلتها لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات المحيطات المحيطات شحذ الوعي بشأن المسائل الأساسية المتعلقة بالمحيطات، وإلى نشاط رسمي خاص بالمحيطات تم تنظيمه في اليوم الأول من مؤتمر ربو +77، وتشارك المنظمة مع منتدى المحيطات العالمي في رئاسة وتنظيم يوم المحيطات الذي حقق نجاحاً كبيراً. وكانت مقترحات لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات ومنظمة الأغذية والزراعة والمنظمة البحرية الدولية وبرنامج الأمم المتحدة الإنمائي الوارد في

"الخطة التفصيلية من أجل استدامة المحيطات والمناطق الساحلية" إحدى المساهمات الرئيسية التي قدمت في ريو بشأن المسائل المتعلقة بالمحيطات، وشكلت أساساً لإعداد اتفاق بشأن المحيطات، وهذه مبادرة اتخذها الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة لتحديد رؤية استراتيجية لمنظومة الأمم المتحدة في تنفيذ المهام المتعلقة بالمحيطات والمسندة إليها تنفيذاً نحو أكثر اتساقا وفعالية.

77 وعلى نحو مماثل، تعاون البرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي على نحو مكثف مع شركائه لتعزيز المياه العذبة بوصفها إحدى نتائج مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة كما نظم أو ساهم البرنامج في سبعة أحداث رفيعة المستوى متعلقة بالمياه في إطار المؤتمر، الأمر الذي أدى إلى تناسق جيد بين عناصر المياه في الوثيقة الختامية ومواضيع المرحلة الثامنة من البرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي.

71- بمناسبة المنتدى العالمي للمياه السادس، ١٢-١٧ آذار/مارس ٢٠١٢، الذي عُقد في مرسيليا، بفرنسا، قاد برنامج اليونسكو الهيدرولوجي الدولي تنسيق العمليات المواضيعية الرئيسية للمنتدى، واشترك في رئاسة عمليته السياسية، ونظم أو شارك في تنظيم ما يزيد عن أربعين جلسة رسمية، وأحداث جانبية وأحداث إقليمية. وتم نشر التقرير الرابع عن تنمية الموارد المائية في العالم: إدارة المياه في ظل ظروف مشوبة بعدم اليقين والمخاطر، الذي قام بتنسيقه برنامج الأمم المتحدة العالمي لتقييم المياه الذي تستضيفه اليونسكو في بيروجيا، بإيطاليا. وتمت ترجمة مجموعة كبيرة من المواد المستخدمة في الاتصالات إلى ثماني لغات، ويجري حالياً ترجمتها إلى اللغتين الصينية والكورية، نشرها على الصعيد العالمي.

∘ ۲− وتم تبني مجموعة من التوصيات المواضيعية للإعداد لتنفيذ جدول أعمال عالمي جديد بعد مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة بمناسبة منتدى "العلوم، والتكنولوجيا، والابتكار من أجل تحقيق التنمية المستدامة"، الذي تم تنظيمه مباشرة قبيل مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة في ريو دي جانيرو، بالتشارك مع السلطات البرازيلية وشركاء آخرين. وأتاح المنتدى ترسيخ مكانة اليونسكو بصفتها المنظمة الرائدة للعلوم في منظومة الأمم المتحدة.

77- وأثناء المنتدى، في حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٦ في ريو، قام تحالف باستهلال مبادرة جديدة جريئة لدة عشر سنوات "الأرض في المستقبل: البحوث من أجل تحقيق الاستدامة على الصعيد العالمي" بشأن البحوث المعنية بالتغير البيئي العالمي من أجل تحقيق الاستدامة. خلال المنتدى وفي حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٦ في ريو. ويضم التحالف من بين أعضائه مجتمعات البحوث (المجلس الدولي للعلوم والمجلس الدولي للعلوم الاجتماعية)؛ وممولي البحوث (منتدى بلمونت)؛ ومزودي خدمات التنفيذية (المنظمة العالمية للأرصاد الجوية)؛ والمنتفعين (اليونسكو و جامعة الأمم المتحدة). وتم وصف المبادرة في "مؤتمر الكوكب تحت الضغط"، الذي شارك في رئاسته أحد موظفي اليونسكو والذي جمع ما يزيد على ٢٠٠٠ من العلماء وأصحاب المصلحة الآخرين في لندن في آذار/مارس ٢٠١٢، والذي نظمت فيه اليونسكو جلسات مواضيعية عديدة.

٧٧- تضم الإنجازات الرئيسية الأخرى ما يلي: قبول المنظمة في عملية يشارك فيها أيضاً برنامج الأمم المتحدة للبيئة، ومنظمة الأمم المتحدة للأغذية والزراعة، وبرنامج الأمم المتحدة الإنمائي، من أجل ضمان خدمات الأمانة المؤقتة للمنبر الدولي الحكومي للعلوم والسياسات في مجال التنوع البيولوجي وخدمات النظام الإيكولوجي (وسيقوم الاجتماع العام الأول للمنبر المتوقع عقده في أوائل عام ٢٠١٣ باتخاذ قرار

نهائي في هذا الشأن)؛ وتبني الوزراء الأفريقيين المسؤولين عن العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار، والتمويل والتخطيط، والتعليم، لإعلان نيروبي بشأن العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار في المنتدى الأفريقي بشأن "العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار من أجل تشغيل الشباب، وتنمية رأس المال البشري، وتحقيق النمو الشامل" (نيروبي، كينيا، نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢)؛ وتبني المجلس الدولي الحكومي للبرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي عن "الأمن المائي: للخطة الاستراتيجية للمرحلة الثامنة (٢٠١١–٢٠٢١) للبرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي عن "الأمن المائي: التصدي للتحديات المحلية والإقليمية والعالمية"؛ واكتشاف المنظمة الأوروبية للبحوث النووية لجسيم أولي جديد، يُعتقد أنه جسيم "بوزون هيجز"، الذي يتوقع منه أن يفسر وجود الكتلة في الكون. وقام مركز عبد السلام الدولي للفيزياء النظرية بدور هام في هذه العملية إذ ساهم في تجربة "أطلس" التي أدت إلى هذا الكتشاف.

ثانياً. – الاستجابة للوضع المالي

7۸ لقد تبنى البرنامج الرئيسي الثاني، قدر المستطاع، مجموعة من التدابير المتكاملة مثل: التركيز على الأولويات والمجالات التي تتولى اليونسكو فيها أدواراً قيادية واضحة؛ وضمان تنفيذ الخدمات الخاصة بالالتزامات النظامية بميزانية مخفضة؛ وتعبئة الموارد الإضافية والشراكات باتباع نهج أكثر شمولاً؛ وتحسين التآزر بين البرنامج العادي والأنشطة الممولة من خارج الميزانية؛ واستخدام خبرة الموظفين بمزيد من النشاط واستقصاء عمليات التنفيذ بواسطة المعاهد والمراكز (الفئة ٢) والمؤسسات والشبكات المنتسبة إلى اليونسكو.

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

77 - تمثلت أهم الأولويات التي حظيت بتمويل في أفريقيا والاجتماعات النظامية لبرامج العلوم الدولية والدولية الحكومية مثل: البرنامج الدولي للعلوم الأساسية، والبرنامج الدولي للعلوم الجيولوجية، والبرنامج الإنسان والمحيط الهيدرولوجي الدولي، ولجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات، وبرنامج الإنسان والمحيط الحيوي. وأعطيت الأولوية لأفريقيا (تنظيم المنتدى الأفريقي للعلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار والمؤتمر الوزاري الأفريقي بشأن العلوم والتكنولوجيا والسياسات المتعلقة بالمياه، ومعالجة الجفاف في القرن الأفريقي، وترتيب أولوية الطلبات والمخصصات المتعلقة بصندوق الطوارئ من وإلى هذه المنطقة). وأجرت لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات سلسلة من الاختيارات البرامجية عن طريق تحديد بعض المجالات ذات الأولوية، مثل: نظم الإنذار المبكر بأمواج التسونامي، وعلم المحيطات وعلم الأرصاد الجوية البحرية، والاجتماعات الإقليمية وعلوم المحيطات، وهي مجالات أقرتها الجلسة الخامسة والأربعون للمجلس التنفيذي للجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات (باريس، ٢٦-٢٨ حزيران/يونيو ١٢٠٢).

-٣٠ وأدى تخفيض ميزانية البرنامج العادي للبرنامج الرئيسي الثاني إلى تقليص الأنشطة المزمع تنفيذها على نحو خطير فيلاحظ على سبيل المثال، أن النتيجة المنشودة ١٠ "تعزيز بناء السلام من خلال الدبلوماسية والتعاون في مجال العلوم"، غير ممولة على الإطلاق بينما لا تحظى بعض النتائج المنشودة الأخرى إلا بتمويل جزئي، كما تمّ إلغاء الكثير من الأنشطة المزمعة، في المقر و في الميدان، أو تم تأجيلها إلى أجل غير مسمى، ومن ضمنها ما يلى:

- تنمية القدرات من أجل إدارة نظم العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار الوطنية في تنزانيا، وسيشيل، وموريشيوس، ومدغشقر؛
 - تنفيذ استراتيجية العلوم من أجل تحقيق التنمية المستدامة في هاييتي؛
- تم إيقاف العمل مع البرلمانات بشأن سياسات العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار وعمليات صنع القرار؛
- تنظيم اجتماعات دولية بشأن العلوم والعلاقات الدولية ولتعزيز الوعي بأهمية الدبلوماسية العلمية في بناء السلام والتنمية ؛
- اجتماع الخبراء الدولي بشأن إدماج المعارف المحلية والمعارف الخاصة بالسكان الأصليين في سياسات التكيّف مع تغيّر المناخ في أفريقيا؛
 - الفريق العامل العلمي المعنى بالكربون الأزرق؛
 - أنشطة التكيّف مع تغير المناخ في منطقة الكاريبي، والمحيط الهندي والمحيط الهادي؛
- بناء القدرات لتعميم واختبار استراتيجيات التكيّف فيما يخص الموارد المائية العابرة للحدود والمتأثرة بتغيّر المناخ وإعداد خارطة لطبقات المياه الجوفية الهيدروجيولوجية والعابرة للحدود في آسيا؛
 - الأنشطة الرامية إلى تحسين إدارة المياه في البلدان التي يعني بها المكتب الجامع في ياوندي؛
- أنشطة التكيف مع تغير المناخ والحد من أخطار الكوارث في أمريكا الوسطى ومنطقة البحر الكاريبي؛
 - استدامة "رصد الجفاف في أفريقيا" غير مؤكدة.

(٢) عملية إعادة التنظيم الداخلي

-71 نظراً إلى أنه تمت إعادة هيكلة القطاع في بداية الفترة المشمولة بالوثيقة -71 وأنه يجري اختبار البنية الجديدة، سيظل ترتيب الأقسام الثلاثة والوحدات المواضيعية المستعرضة الأربع بلا تغيير. ومن الممكن أن تجرى بعض التغييرات الإضافية خلال فترة تنفيذ الوثيقة -710، وذلك بالاستناد إلى التقدم المحرز في تعبئة الموارد وتطوّر الشراكات الجديدة. وقام القطاع بتطبيق السياسة الداخلية الشاملة وجمّد -710، من جميع الوظائف الشاغرة.

(٣) فعالية التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية

٣٢- لقد تسنى تنظيم الاجتماعات النظامية لبرامج العلوم الدولية بسبب قيام المديرة العامة بتخصيص الموارد اللازمة من صندوق الطوارئ وبسبب الجهود الفعالة التي بذلت لتخفيض تكاليف هذه الاجتماعات. وقد ضمنت هذه الجهود نجاح الاجتماعات النظامية وسمحت بإدماج نتائجها في عمليات التخطيط الراهنة والمقبلة للبرنامج الرئيسي الثاني. وتشمل التدابير المستعرضة التي اتخذتها برامج العلوم الدولية ما يلي: تخفيض عدد أعضاء مجالس الإدارة (البرنامج الدولي للعلوم الأساسية، البرنامج الدولي للعلوم الجيولوجية)؛ وتقليل الأسفار التي تموّلها اليونسكو (البرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي، ولجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات، و برنامج الإنسان والمحيط الحيوي)؛ وتخفيض عدد أيام الاجتماعات

وزيادة تركيز جدول الأعمال (جميع البرامج)؛ وتجنب عملية تقديم مشروعات القرارات خلال الجلسة (لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات)؛ وتقييد عدد اللغات الرسمية المستخدمة (البرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي، وبرنامج الإنسان والمحيط الحيوي)؛ وتخفيض عدد وطول الوثائق والتخلص من النسخ الورقية لصالح الوثائق الإلكترونية (البرنامج الهيدرولوجي الدولي، ولجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات، وبرنامج الإنسان والمحيط الحيوي)؛ وجعل الدول الأعضاء تتحمل تكاليف الاجتماعات جزئياً (برنامج الإنسان والمحيط الحيوي). وتم الحفاظ على نفقات الأسفار الموّلة من البرنامج العادي في حدود نسبة الثمانية في المائة، التي تمثل الحد الأقصى المحدد للأسفار.

(٤) تعبئة الأموال والشراكات

٣٣- أعد القطاع أكثر من ١٢٠ اقتراحاً في إطار البرنامج الإضافي التكميلي وقام بتعبئة أكثر من ٣٥ مليون دولار أمريكي من الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية خلال الفصل الأول. ويجري التفاوض بشأن اتفاقات جديدة مع الجهات المانحة الثنائية والمتعددة الأطراف. وفي إطار الاعتمادات الإضافية، قام القطاع بالفعل بتعبئة ما يزيد على مليون دولار أمريكي، وهو مبلغ أضيف مباشرة إلى ميزانية البرنامج العادي. كما توجد بوادر مشجعة جداً تدل على إمكانية إقامة شراكات جديدة مع القطاع الخاص كي تساهم في مبادرات البرنامج الرئيسي الثاني، مثل تعليم الهندسة والعلوم. ويجري العمل على جعل جميع مشاريع أموال الودائع الحالية متناسقة مع أنشطة البرنامج العادي، مما يزيد الاتساق والتآزر في التنفيذ وإعداد التقارير.

ثالثاً – التحديات والدروس المستفادة

3٣- تتعلق التحديات الرئيسية بمسألة جمع الأموال، ولا سيما على المستوى القطري، نظراً إلى أن الأموال تُخصص بشكل عام على مستوى ثنائي ولا تكون اليونسكو مؤهلة للتدخل في هذا السياق. وثمة تحد آخر ويتمثل في ضرورة المشاركة لأجل طويل وعلى نحو مستمر في تنفيذ الأنشطة في بعض المجالات مثل إسداء المشورة بشأن السياسات في مجال العلوم وصياغة هذه السياسات، وقد تبين أنه من المتعذر القيام بذلك في ظل القيود المالية الراهنة. وبقيت التحديات التي واجهتها لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات مرتبطة باتساع نطاق مهامها وطلبات الدول الأعضاء، عندما تقارن بالميزانية المحدودة بشدة والمكرسة للأنشطة وبالوظائف المتاحة لها والتي لا تزال تفتقر إلى جميع المناصب اللازمة لتنفيذ البرنامج وتنسيقه. أما الدروس المستفادة فهي: ينبغي أن تقوم الأنشطة على مراعاة الاحتياجات لكي يكون الها تأثير ولكي تساهم في اجتذاب الموارد؛ وبعد تحقيق الاتساق بين أنشطة اليونسكو والأولويات الاستراتيجية للجهات المعنية الرئيسية مثل الجماعات الاقتصادية الإقليمية ضرورياً من أجل تحديد الاستراتيجية للجهات المعنية الرئيسية مثل الجماعات الاقتصادية الإقليمية ضرورياً من أجل تحديد التعاون بين المقر والمكاتب الإقليمية.

البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث: العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية

أولا. - الإنجازات الرئيسية

97- في مجال أخلاقيات البيولوجيا، يبقى بناء القدرات لدعم تطوير الهيئات والمؤسسات والسياسات على المستوى الوطني أولوية لفترة العامين الحالية، بغية تمكين البلدان النامية من التصدي للتحديات الأخلاقية للعلوم والتكنولوجيا. وتم بذل جهود لا يستهان بها لإيجاد الكفاءات، ولا سيما في التفاوض بشأن الميزانيات من اجل التدريب، والتعاون مع المنظمين داخل البلد لتعبئة الأموال من المصادر المحلية.

٣٦- وفيما يخص مكافحة المنشطات في مجال الرياضة، بلغ عدد الدول الأطراف ١٧٠ ودولة، الأمر الذي جعل الاتفاقية الدولية لمكافحة المنشطات في مجال الرياضة ثاني أكثر اتفاقية تم التصديق عليها من بين جميع اتفاقيات اليونسكو. وتم عقد الجلسة العامة للجنة الدولية الحكومية للتربية البدنية والرياضية (سيجبس) لعام ٢٠١٢، واجتماع هيئتها الاستشارية المرتبط بها، أي المجلس الاستشاري الدائم، من ١٧ إلى ١٩ نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢ في لوزان بدعم وتمويل كامل من اللجنة الأولمبية الدولية. وتم التوصل إلى اتفاقية مع ألمانيا بشأن شروط استضافة المؤتمر الوزاري الخامس للوزراء وكبار المسؤولين عن التربية البدنية والرياضة (مينبس ه) في أيار/مايو ٢٠١٢ في برلين.

٣٧- ويجري ترويج وتنفيذ استراتيجية الشباب الأفريقي على قدم وساق في الدول الأعضاء في أفريقيا المنخرطة في مراجعة أو إعداد سياساتها المؤثرة على الشباب. وفي أمريكا الوسطى، يجري استهلال مبادرتين جديدتين حول درء العنف في نيكاراغوا والسلفادور، بينما تجري معاينة الأسباب الجذرية لحركات الشباب الأخيرة في أمريكا اللاتينية. ويجري استهلال مشروع جديد في منطقة الكاريبي في إطار المشروع المعنون "مسار الشباب". وفي المنطقة العربية، يجري تركيز العمل على إعداد سياسات تؤثر على الشباب، وبناء الديمقراطية، والمشاركة المدنية للشباب. ويتمثل التحدي في زيادة وعي الحكومة بالحاجة إلى معالجة قضايا الشباب على نحو شامل يُشرك العديد من الوزارات حول إطار سياساتي متكامل.

77- ويواصل البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث عمله على المستوى القطري لتقييم شمول السياسات العامة من خلال البرامج الهادفة المعدة تماشياً مع مخرجات إطار عمل الأمم المتحدة للمساعدة الإنمائية المرتبطة بسياسات الدمج الاجتماعي التي تساهم، حيثما أمكن، في متابعة تنفيذ توصيات المنتديات الوزارية للتنمية الاجتماعية التي عُقدت في كينغستون (٢٠١٠)، والسلفادور (٢٠١١)، وكولومبو (٢٠١١).

79- ومن خلال التعاون مع حكومة ترينيداد وتوباغو، نظّمت اليونسكو منتدى وزراء التنمية الاجتماعية والمستدامة في الكاريبي الثاني (٢١- ٢٣ أيار/مايو ٢٠١٢) حول موضوع "تعزيز الإنصاف والدمج الاجتماعي: مسارات من أجل ازدهار الجميع". وقد اعتمد المنتدى بياناً ختامياً بشأن السياسات، "إعلان بورت أوف إسبين ٢٠١٢"، يتألّف من ست توصيات سياساتية محدّدة بما فيها توصية بشأن الشباب. وتم وضع آليات تُعنَى بالمتابعة.

5٠- وفي مجال الأخلاقيات، أُعيدَ إطلاق عمل اللجنة العالمية لأخلاقيات المعارف العلمية والتكنولوجية في دورتها الاستثنائية التي انعقدت في تموز/يوليو ٢٠١٢، بعد التأخير الذي شهدته بسبب القيود في الموارد ولا سيما في أفريقيا. وما تزال المخرجات الأساسية المتوسطة الأجل قابلة للتحقيق.

13- وفيما يتعلّق بتعزيز قاعدة المعارف المتصلة بالعلوم الاجتماعية، لا يزال التقدّم صوب إعداد الطبعة القادمة من التقرير العالمي للعلوم الاجتماعية، الذي يؤلّف المخرج الأساسي، متواصلاً.

25- وركز العمل الرامي إلى المساهمة في جداول العمل الدولية للتغيّر البيئي العالمي على ترويج جدول أعمال اجتماعي يُعنَى بالتنمية المستدامة يستند استناداً وثيقاً على المعارف المتّصلة بالعلوم الاجتماعية، وبخاصة من خلال الأنشطة التي اشتركت اليونسكو في تنظيمها في ريو + ٢٠ بالتعاون مع شركاء من ضمنهم اللجنة الوطنية النرويجية لليونسكو، ومعهد الأمم المتحدة لبحوث التنمية الاجتماعية، والمجلس الدولى للعلوم الاجتماعية.

27 وفيما يتعلّق بالأولوية الشاملة المتمثّلة في أفريقيا، اتُخِذَت خطوات محدّدة في بوروندي وكوت ديفوار وغانا وليبيريا وسييراليون وزامبيا بالتعاون مع السلطات الوطنية والأطراف المعنية الرئيسية الأخرى من أجل استعراض السياسات التي تؤثّر على الشباب وتطويرها. علاوة على ذلك، أُحرِزَ تقدّم في بناء القدرات في أخلاقيات البيولوجيا من خلال تنظيم حلقات عمل تدريبية (من المقرّر تنظيم ستّ حلقات عمل تدريبية خلال ٢٠١٢ لصالح لجان أخلاقيات البيولوجيا الوطنية المُؤلَّفة حديثاً في كوت ديفوار، وغابون، وغانا، وغينيا، وملاوي، وتوغو، وناميبيا – وفي هذا البلد الأخير ستُنظّم الحلقات لمعلمّي الأخلاقيات).

25- وعُمِّمَت الأولوية الشاملة المتمثّلة في المساواة بين الجنسين في خطط عمل البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث كلها، بما في ذلك أنشطة بناء القدرات في أخلاقيات البيولوجيا، وبرنامج الشباب، وأولويّتيّ برنامج إدارة التحوّلات الاجتماعية: الدمج الاجتماعي والأبعاد الاجتماعية للتغيّر البيئي العالمي. وشاركت اليونسكو في اجتماع مجلس إدارة المركز الإقليمي للبحوث والتوثيق بشأن المرأة وقضايا الجنسين وبناء السلام (كنشاسا، احتماع مجلس إدارة المركز الإقليمي للبحوث العمل الخاصة مشاركة النساء في بناء السلام وإعادة البناء في أوضاع ما بعد النزاع والوقاية من العنف الجنساني.

ثانيا. – الاستجابة للوضع المالي

وع- خلال الشهور الستّة الأولى من فترة العاميْن، أثّر تقليص ميزانية خطة العمل للبرنامج الرئيسي الثالث بنسبة ٣١٪ تأثيراً كبيراً على فعالية البرنامج الكلية. وفيما يخص تنفيذ الوثيقة م/٥، يولي القطاع اهتماماً أكبر للنهوج الجامعة للتخصصات للتعبير عن مدى تعقيد القضايا التي يعالجها قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية. وسيسعى القطاع بصورة رئيسية إلى تطبيق توصيات التقييم الخارجي المستقل ذات الصّلة وخارطة الطريق التي حددتها المديرة العامة في الاستعراض الفصلي لخطط العمل التي ستأخذ بالحسبان أيضاً التخطيط والتنفيذ المشتركين لأفرقة العمل المواضيعية التابعة لقطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية.

57 - ويتبع البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث أساليب عمل مشتركة داخل القطاعات وفيما بينها، إذ أنه يعمل على دمج النهوج المستعرضة فضلا عن الأهداف والطرائق المحدّدة لمحاور العمل الرئيسية الثلاثة. ويوفّر برنامج إدارة التحولات الاجتماعية الدولي الحكومي آليّة تُعنَى بالعمل الجامع للتخصّصات حول الدمج الاجتماعي والأبعاد الاجتماعية للتغيّر البيئي العالمي وتعزيز قدرات العلوم الاجتماعية والشباب والديمقراطية. وتركّز مساعي التطبيق الجامعة خاصةً على احتياجات أفريقيا والمساواة بين الجنسين.

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

٧٤- فيما تركز خطط عمل البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث على مجالات الأولوية الأربعة للبرنامج (أخلاقيات البيولوجيا، والدمج الاجتماعي، والشباب، والأبعاد الاجتماعية للتغيّر البيئي العالمي)، فقد وُحِّدَت حول ضمان تنفيذ أنشطة نظامية وأولويات أخرى تتواءم مع قرارات الهيئتين الرئاسيتين وأنشطة بناء القدرات على المستوى القطري يمولّها بصفة رئيسية صندوق الطوارئ.

24- وقام البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث بترشيد الأنشطة لخفض عدد خطط العمل بنسبة ٣١٪، وهو بذلك حقّق الأهداف ذات الصّلة المحدّدة في خارطة الطريق التي وضعتها المديرة العامة. وقد أُبقِيَت الأنشطة ذات الميزانية المحددة على الأساس الصفري فقط إذا كانت مرتبطة بمخصّصات صندوق الطوارئ أو إذا كان بالإمكان تنفيذها بالاعتماد فقط على وقت عمل الموظفين أو إذا كان بالإمكان أن تعتمد على المساهمات العينيّة التي جرى تأمينها من الشركاء (من قبيل اللجنة الأولمبية الدولية، ومجلس أمريكا اللاتينية للعلوم الاجتماعية، وكلية أمريكا اللاتينية للعلوم الاجتماعية، وجمهورية كوريا، وألمانيا، وترينيداد وتوباغو). وتُظهر هذه الشراكات القيمة المتصوّرة لعمل القطاع واستراتيجية قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية لتحسين تعبئة الأموال والتي تهدف لبناء تآزر أكبر مع الشبكات القائمة في تنفيذ البرنامج بصورة مباشرة مشتركة.

29- وفي ضوء قيود الميزانية، ألغى البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث وظيفة من درجة مدير-١ وجمّد ١١ وظيفة شاغرة، الأمر الذي أدّى إلى تقليص ميزانية الأنشطة إلى الحدّ الأدنى إذ بلغت ٢,٦ مليون دولار أمريكي. وبغية استكمال تمويل البرنامج العادي، تلقّى البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث ٢٣٧ ٧٨٩ دولارا أمريكيا من صندوق الطوارئ لصالح أنشطة تشمل مجالات رئيسية من قبيل بناء القدرات في أخلاقيات البيولوجيا والشباب، والتى كانت بأسرها أنشطة غير مركزية تنفذ على المستوى القطري.

٥٠ إذا بقي مستوى التمويل كما هو، لن يتمكن القطاع من تحقيق النتائج المنشودة التي أقرت في الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ تحقيقاً كاملاً، ولا سيما:

- لن يلبى طلب لجان أخلاقيات البيولوجيا الوطنية المتنامي على بناء القدرات والتدريب تلبية كاملة، الأمر الذي من شأنه أن يؤثّر على امتداد أعمال اليونسكو وعمقها في أخلاقيات البيولوجيا، ولا سيما فعاليتها في الفئات المحتاجة.
 - لن يطوّر البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث مؤشّرات تُعنَى بتأثير سياسات الدمج الاجتماعي.
 - تم إرجاء عمليات الاستعراض الوطنية لنظم بحوث العلوم الاجتماعية.
 - سيعتمد ائتلاف المدن المناهضة للتمييز والعنصريّة اعتماداً كليّاً على أموال خارجة عن الميزانية.

- ضماناً للتركيز على الإنجازات الرئيسية في التغيّر البيئي العالمي جُمِّدَ عددٌ من الأنشطة في أخلاقيات بيولوجيا البيئة وأخلاقيات التكنولوجيات الناشئة.
- يجري دراسة خيارات مختلفة بغية تقليص تكلفة منتدى الشباب وتحديداً لتعزيز التكنولوجيات ووسائل الإعلام الإلكترونية.

(٢) التنظيم الداخلي

١٥ - وحد قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية تصميمه التنظيمي استناداً إلى عمل جماعي مستعرض يهدف إلى رفع مستوى المرونة في تخصيص الموارد البشرية لأفرقة العمل التي تتولى تنفيذ البرامج ذات الأولوية.

(٣) الفعالية في التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية

70- تضم التدابير المُتّخذة بغية تعزيز الفعالية في التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية ترشيد خطة المنشورات ترشيداً كبيراً، وخفض المهام الرسمية، وتجميد الاستعانة بالموظفين المؤقّتين تجميداً عاماً، بما في ذلك الخبراء الاستشاريين. وقد طُرحت تعديلات على الالتزامات النظامية بالتشاور مع الدول الأعضاء، من قبيل التدابير التقشّفية لتنظيم اجتماعات اللجنة الدولية لأخلاقيات البيولوجيا، الأمر الذي أدّى إلى خفض التكاليف.

(٤) تعبئة الأموال والشراكات

90- واصل القطاع مساعيه الرامية إلى تعبئة موارد من مصادر خارجة عن الميزانية العادية من أجل تنفيذ البرنامج وعمل على تعزيزها. وفي الشهور الستّة الأولى، حصل القطاع على مساهمات عينية بلغت قيمتها ١٧٠ ٤٧٥ دولاراً أمريكياً من خلال شركاء من قبيل اللجنة الأولمبية الدولية، ومجلس أمريكا اللاتينية للعلوم الاجتماعية، وجمهورية كوريا، وألمانيا، وترينيداد وتوباغو. كما استفاد القطاع من اعتمادات إضافية بلغت ٢٠٠ ١٦٧ دولار أمريكي. وبموجب البرنامج الإضافي التكميلي، تم تأمين الحصول على ١٤١ ٩٦٩ ٤٤ دولاراً أمريكياً غالبيتها في البرازيل. وبلغت المشاريع ذاتية النفع في البرازيل ٤٨ مليون دولار أمريكي. ويعكف قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية على المشاريع ذاتية النفع في البرازيل ٤٨ مليون دولار أمريكي. ويعكف قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية على تعزيز الخبرة المتازة جداً التي اكتسبها مكتب برازيليا في جمع الأموال من خلال استطلاع فرص التعاون فيما بين بلدان الجنوب انطلاقاً من البلدان الأفريقية الناطقة بالبرتغالية.

ثالثاً – التحدّيات والدروس المستفادة

30- يعزى أحد التحدّيات الرئيسية إلى التخفيضات التي أجريت في الميزانية والتي أثّرت على امتداد أنشطة اليونسكو وعمقها: (١) في مجال أخلاقيات البيولوجيا، ولا سيما الكفاءة من أجل "فتح آفاق جديدة" في التعامل مع الفئات المعنية المحتاجة وبناء قدرات لجان أخلاقيات البيولوجيا الوطنية التي يتنامى الطلب عليها، و(٢) على مستوى التغيّر البيئي العالمي حيث برهنت إعادة التركيز على أنها ضارة بأخلاقيات البيئة، و(٣) على صعيد برنامج الرياضية. وقد بُذِلَت جهود لا يُستهان بها لتحقيق الكفاءات، ولا سيّما من خلال التفاوض من أجل ميزانية للتدريب، والتعاون مع المنظّمين على الصعيد القطري بغية جمع الأموال من مصادر محليّة، واستخدام بدائل عينية، وبناء شراكات على المستويين الدولي والوطني.

هه- ويتعيّن معالجة مسألة الوعي بقضايا الشباب على مستوى السياسات الوطنية معالجة شاملة ومُنسّقة، تُشرك كل الوزارات حول إطار متكامل للسياسات الخاصة بالشباب.

البرنامج الرئيسي الرابع: الثقافة

أولاً - الإنجازات الرئيسية

70- شكل الفصل الأول من عام ٢٠١٢ نقطة تحول لعدد من الاتفاقيات المتعلقة بالثقافة. إذ اجتمعت الدول الأطراف في اتفاقية عام ١٩٧٠ بشأن التدابير الواجب اتخاذها لحظر ومنع استيراد وتصدير ونقل ملكية الممتلكات الثقافية بطرق غير مشروعة لأول مرة منذ عام ٢٠٠٣ وقررت إنشاء لجنة فرعية من شأنها أن تسهم إسهاماً ملحوظاً في تعزيز تنفيذ الاتفاقية وإدارتها. وينجم هذا الإنجاز الرئيسي عن الجهود المكثفة التي بذلت في سبيل إعادة مكانة اليونسكو بوصفها المنظمة الرائدة على الصعيد الدولي في مكافحة الإتجار غير المشروع بالممتلكات الثقافية. وسيمثل دعم الدول الأطراف عنصراً أساسياً لنجاح هذه الاتفاقات المؤسسية الجديدة وبخاصة في ظل السياق الحالى للميزانية.

٧٥- وإن تقديم أولى التقارير الدورية التي تعد كل أربعة أعوام في إطار اتفاقية عام ٢٠٠٥، وتقديم ١٧ تقريراً دورياً جديداً في إطار اتفاقية عام ٢٠٠٣، قد يسر على نحو ملحوظ تحليل السياسات والتدابير ذات الصلة فضلاً عن استحداث مؤشرات مرجعية لرصد آثار هذه الوثائق التقنينية على الصعيد الوطني. وتبين التقارير التي قدمت في إطار اتفاقية عام ٢٠٠٥ بالفعل اتجاهات تشير إلى مدى دمج الثقافة في السياسات والبرامج الإنمائية، بما في ذلك معلومات عن اعتمادات المساعدة الإنمائية الرسمية المخصصة للثقافة. وتسلط التقارير المقدمة في إطار اتفاقية عام ٢٠٠٣ الضوء على الأهمية المتزايدة التي تكتسيها استراتيجية المنظمة الشاملة لبناء القدرات الرامية إلى تعزيز السياسات والمؤسسات التي نفذت الاتفاقية على الصعيد الوطني.

٨٥- وبينت اليونسكو الميزة النسبية التي تتمتع بها داخل منظومة الأمم المتحدة بمزيد من الوضوح. إذ دعا برنامج الأمم المتحدة الإنمائي اليونسكو إلى تقلد دور قيادي في إصدار نسخة عام ٢٠١٣ من تقرير برنامج الأمم المتحدة الإنمائي بشأن الاقتصاد الإبداعي بالتعاون مع وكالات أخرى مثل مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتجارة والتنمية (الأونكتاد) والمنظمة العالمية للملكية الفكرية (الويبو). وسيقدم صندوق الطوارئ الدعم لتيسير تحقيق هذا المسعى الذي سيتيح لليونسكو أن تبين كيف يمكن للإبداع أن يعزز التنمية الاجتماعية الاقتصادية على الصعيد المحلى.

90- وقام عدد من أفرقة الأمم المتحدة القطرية بدمج الثقافة في عمليات البرمجة. ففي ليبيا، أدرج عنصر "الثقافة والسياحة" في المجالات الخمسة ذات الأولوية للإطار الاستراتيجي الجاري إعداده مع السلطات الليبية، مما يبرهن على أهمية الثقافة في إنعاش البلدان الخارجة من النزاعات. وفي المغرب، أنشأ فريق الأمم المتحدة القطري فريقاً عاملاً مشتركاً بين الوكالات يُعنى بالثقافة والتنمية. ومنذ عام ٢٠٠٦، تضاعف عدد أطر عمل الأمم المتحدة للمساعدة الإنمائية التي تتضمن الثقافة، ليصل إلى ٧٠٪ في عام ٢٠١٢، لا سيما بفضل النجاح الذي حققته البرامج المشتركة للصندوق المخصص للأهداف الإنمائية للألفية.

-7- وأخيراً، شارك قطاع الثقافة بنشاط في المناقشات المتعلقة بتحضير مؤتمر الأمم المتحدة للتنمية المستدامة (مؤتمر ريو +٢٠) وإعداد وثيقته الختامية التي تتضمن عدداً من الإشارات إلى أهمية الثقافة والتنوع الثقافي والتراث الثقافي والسياحة الثقافية في تحقيق التنمية المستدامة. وفي سياق إعداد جدول أعمال الأمم المتحدة العالمي لفترة ما بعد عام ٢٠١٥، شارك القطاع بنشاط في المشاورات الجارية بشأن وضع أهداف محتملة للتنمية المستدامة. واستطاعت اليونسكو، كنتيجة أولى، أن تضمن الإقرار بأهمية الثقافة في الوثيقة المشتركة بين الوكالات التابعة للأمم المتحدة التي قدمت إلى الأمين العام للأمم المتحدة في أيار/مايو ٢٠١٢.

ثانياً – معالجة الوضع المالي

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

71- تعرّض التقدم المحرز نحو تحقيق الأهداف المنشودة في إطار الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ لقيود قاسية خلال الفترة التي يشملها هذا التقرير بسبب التخفيض الإجمالي في الميزانية البالغ ٢٠٠٪ الذي أدى إلى انخفاض في الميزانية المخصصة للأنشطة بنسبة ٢٠٪. ولقد أثر هذا الانخفاض في الأنشطة على جميع المجالات وجميع الميزانية المناطق. وفي هذا السياق، ومع مراعاة مداولات المؤتمر العام، اتخذ قرار بتنفيذ عدد من الأنشطة التي تسهم في تحقيق بعض النتائج المنشودة من محوري العمل ه وح حصراً من خلال التمويل الخارج عن الميزانية. وإن غياب مثل هذه الموارد حتى الآن يعني من الناحية العملية أن عدداً من هذه الأنشطة قد تأثر سلباً. ومن الواضح أيضاً أن القطاع سيعجز عن تنفيذ بعض الأنشطة الأخرى على الرغم من الجهود التي بذلها بالفعل لتركيز البرنامج لدى إعداد سيناريو النمو الاسمي الصفري في ربيع عام ٢٠١١، وتمثلت هذه الجهود فيما يلي: وقف إصدار مجلة "المتاحف الدولية" وهي أحد مطبوعات اليونسكو، وإنهاء البرنامج الفرعي المتعلق بالحوار بين الأديان؛ وتقليص نطاق برنامج السياحة للتركيز على التراث العالمي فحسب؛ القرعي المتعلق بالخمات غير الحكومية والمؤسسات المتخصصة مثل المركز الإقليمي للنهوض بالكتاب في أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي؛ وجعل تمويل عدد من الأنشطة مثل الأنشطة المعنية باللغات المهددة في أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي؛ وجعل تمويل عدد من الأنشطة مثل الأنشطة المعنية باللغات المهددة بالاندثار والصناعات الحرفية يقتصر حصراً على الصادر الخارجة عن الميزانية.

77- بيد أن الاعتمادات الواردة من صندوق الطوارئ في عام ٢٠١٢ أتاحت لقطاع الثقافة أن يضطلع بالمهام النظامية المنوطة به بموجب الاتفاقيات، بما في ذلك جميع الاجتماعات النظامية (١) المزمع عقدها. وإضافة إلى ذلك، دعم صندوق الطوارئ أيضاً برامج الأولوية لأفريقيا في سياق الاتفاقيات المبرمة في ١٩٥٤ و١٩٠٢، فضلاً عن دعم سلسلة من الاجتماعات الإقليمية بشأن بناء القدرات من أجل تنفيذ

⁽۱) الاجتماع الثالث للهيئة الاستشارية العلمية والتقنية التابعة *لاتفاقية عام ٢٠٠١ بشأن حماية التراث الثقافي المغمور بالمياه،* ١٩ نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢، باريس.

الدورة الرابعة للجمعية العامة للدول الأطراف في *اتفاقية عام ٢٠٠٣ بشأن صون التراث الثقافي غير المادي*، ٤ – ٨ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، باريس.

الاجتماع الثاني للدول الأطراف في اتفاقية عام ١٩٧٠ بشأن التدابير الواجب اتخاذها لحظر ومنع استيراد وتصدير ونقل ملكية المتلكات الاجتماع الثقافية بطرق غير مشروعة، ٢٠-١٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، باريس.

الدورة الثامنة عشرة لاجتماع *اللجنة الدولية الحكومية لتعزيز إعادة المتلكات الثقافية إلى بلادها الأصلية أو ردها في حالة الاستيلاء* غير المشروع، ٢٢ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، باريس.

الدورة السادسة والثلاثون *للجنة التراث العالمي*، ٢٤ حزيران/يونيو – ٦ تموز/يوليو ٢٠١٢، سانت بيترسبورغ ، الاتحاد الروسي.

اتفاقية عام ١٩٧٠، والأنشطة الرئيسية لمشروع طريق الرقيق واستخدام المصنفات الخاصة بتاريخ أفريقيا العام لأغراض تربوية، بالإضافة إلى مبادرة تُعنى بإدارة المعارف لدعم جدول أعمال الثقافة والتنمية.

77- وبوجه عام، يسلط الوضع الراهن الضوء على الحاجة إلى زيادة تحديد توجهات أنشطة البرنامج وترتيب الأولويات، ولا سيما في ضوء العدد الكبير من النتائج المنشودة في إطار البرنامج الرئيسي الرابع الحالي والتحديات التي سيتعين على القطاع مواجهتها في سبيل تحقيق تلك الأهداف. وسيتطلب الأمر بذل المزيد من الجهود لتركيز وتحديد توجهات الاقتراحات المتعلقة بالبرنامج في مجالات تنطوي على ميزة نسبية وقيمة إضافية لا نزاع فيهما، وذلك في سياق إعداد الوثيقة ٣٧م/٥.

(٢) الكفاءة من حيث التكاليف وخفض التكاليف الإدارية

37- تواصل اتخاذ تدابير ملموسة من أجل تحسين أساليب عمل الهيئتين الرئاسيتين ومن أجل تقليص تكاليف المعاملات والتكاليف الإدارية المرتبطة بإدارة اتفاقيات اليونسكو طبقاً للهدفين ١٦ و١٧ من خارطة الطريق لتنفيذ الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥. وتبدأ هذه التدابير بإنشاء وحدة مشتركة تُعنى بالخدمات اللوجستية وتكون مسؤولة عن تخطيط الاجتماعات النظامية وتنظيمها، وتنتهي بالعمل، قدر الإمكان، على تقليص فترة انعقاد دورات اللجان والحد من طول الوثائق، والتفاوض بشأن خفض تكاليف الترجمة، وتوزيع الوثائق توزيعاً إلكترونياً، وتوفير التمويل الخارج عن الميزانية للترجمة الفورية؛ وفي حالة اللجنة الدولية الحكومية للبروتوكول الثاني لاتفاقية لاهاي، خفض عدد اللغات المستخدمة في ترجمة الوثائق وفي الترجمة الفورية للبروتوكول الثاني لاتفاقية لاهاي، خفض عدد اللغات المستخدمة في ترجمة الوثائق وفي الترجمة الفورية المؤلت اللجنة حتى عام ٢٠١٥. وتجري مشاورات مع الدول الأطراف حالياً بشأن الخيارات المكنة الأخرى مثل تقليص فترة انعقاد دورات اللجنة.

(٣) إعادة التنظيم الداخلي

97- وفقاً للأولويات التي حددتها الدول الأعضاء خلال الدورة السادسة والثلاثين للمؤتمر العام، أدخل قطاع الثقافة المزيد من التعديلات على هيكله مشدداً بقدر أكبر على الاتفاقيات من خلال إعادة توزيع الوظائف المتعلقة بالاتفاقيات المبرمة في الأعوام الوظائف المتعلقة بالاتفاقيات المبرمة في الأعوام ١٩٥٤ و٢٠٠٥. وإلى جانب ذلك، وعملاً بقرار المديرة العامة القاضي بالتوصل تدريجياً إلى تجميد إجمالي الوظائف الشاغرة، تم تجميد كل الوظائف الشاغرة في إطار البرنامج الرئيسي الرابع تقريباً واختار خمسة موظفين (أربعة منهم في المقر وواحد في الميدان) الاستفادة من خطة إنهاء الخدمة بالتراضى.

(٤) تعبئة الأموال والشراكات

77- في هذا السياق، بذل قطاع الثقافة جهودا كبيرة لتحديد الشراكات الجديدة المحتملة ولجذب الموارد المالية ذات الأهمية الحاسمة لأولويات برنامجه. وطبقاً للهدف ٩ من خارطة الطريق لتنفيذ الوثيقة ٢٣م/٥، أبرم اتفاق قيمته مليون دولار أمريكي مع مؤسسة الحريري من أجل التنمية البشرية المستدامة في شهر نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢ لتنفيذ أنشطة فنية وإبداعية في العالم العربي. ودخل الاتفاق المبرم مع نادي شينزن روبي لكرة القدم بشأن المجال المواضيعي ذاته والبالغ مليون دولار أمريكي حيز النفاذ، واستُلم الاعتماد الأول في نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢. وفي سياق إنعاش البلدان الخارجة من النزاعات، قدمت الحكومة الإيطالية مليون يورو لدعم برنامج لبناء القدرات من أجل حماية الممتلكات الثقافية في ليبيا.

77 سجل قطاع الثقافة زيادة في التمويل الخارج عن الميزانية بلغت ٢٥ مليون دولار خلال الأشهر الستة الأولى من عام ٢٠١٢. ويشمل هذا المبلغ المساهمات الإلزامية والطوعية في الصناديق المنشأة بموجب الاتفاقيات والصناديق الذاتية النفع. وباستثناء هذين النوعين من الصناديق، تسهم نسبة تتجاوز ٦٠٪ من الأموال المرصودة في تحقيق النتائج المنشودة من محور العمل ١، و١٠٪ في تحقيق من النتائج المنشودة من محور العمل ٣، و١٠٪ في نتائج محور العمل ٣، الذي لم يستقطب في السابق أي قدر ملحوظ من التمويل.

ثالثاً – التحديات والدروس المستفادة

7٨- يتعلق التحدي الرئيسي الذي يواجه قطاع التربية بقدرته التنفيذية في إطار قاعدته التقنينية. فعلى الرغم من الجهود المتواصلة التي بذلت في السنوات الأخيرة من أجل زيادة الموارد البشرية والمالية المكرسة للاتفاقيات، يواجه الإطار التقنيني تحديات تنفيذية كبيرة تعترض سبيل تلبيته للتطلعات المتنامية للدول الأعضاء على نحو فعال، ولا سيما فيما يتعلق بالمساعدة التقنية وبناء القدرات، وتحويل المبادئ التي تقوم عليها هذه الاتفاقيات إلى سياسات وتشريعات وطنية. ويزداد الوضع صعوبة بسبب القيود المفروضة حالياً على الميزانية، التي أدت إلى توجه معظم موارد البرنامج العادي إلى دعم العمليات النظامية، وذلك على حساب الأنشطة التي تنفذ على الصعيد القطري. وتستطيع هذه القيود أن تحد من أثر أنشطة اليونسكو التقنينية على الصعيد الوطني، ومن ثم أن تضعف، على المدى الطويل، من مصداقيتها في مجال تتمتع فيه بميزة نسبية وقيمة مضافة لا نزاع فيهما. ويتطلب الوضع العام زيادة تركيز البرنامج وترتيب أولوياته من أجل تعزيز دوره التقنيني وتنفيذه في الميدان.

البرنامج الرئيسي الخامس: الاتصال والمعلومات

أولاً - الإنجازات الرئيسية

79 على الرغم من القيود المفروضة حالياً على الميزانية، استمر القطاع في القيام بدوره القيادي في مجالات الاتصال والمعلومات، وبخاصة فيما يتعلق بالنشاط التقنيني، ووضع المعايير، ورسم السياسات ذات الصلة وتنمية القدرات المؤسسية.

٧٠ ولقد تصدرت اليونسكو إعداد خطة عمل الأمم المتحدة بشأن سلامة الصحفيين ومسألة الإفلات من
 العقاب التي أقرها مجلس الرؤساء التنفيذيين في دورته المنعقدة في ربيع عام ٢٠١٢، ممهدة بذلك الطريق أمام تحقيق تنسيق أفضل لأنشطة الأمم المتحدة في هذا المجال الهام.

٧١ وتشهد التغطية الإعلامية الواسعة وعدد الشراكات التي أقيمت (مثل الشراكات مع بنك التنمية الأفريقي وشركة غوغل ومايكروسوفت وشبكة الجزيرة) بأثر الاحتفال على الصعيد العالمي بيوم ٣ أيار/مايو وهو اليوم العالمي لحرية الصحافة.

٧٧- واجتذبت مساعدة المنظمة للبلدان التي تعيش أوضاع ما بعد الأزمات وما بعد الكوارث في سن التشريعات والنظم الخاصة بوسائل الإعلام، التمويل الخارج عن الميزانية، وأكدت الدور الهام الذي ما فتئت اليونسكو تؤديه في النهوض بحرية التعبير وتداول المعلومات. وعلاوة على ذلك، أكد نجاح

الاحتفال الأول بيوم الإذاعة العالمي في شباط/فبراير ٢٠١٢ على دور اليونسكو في تعبئة الشراكات من أجل دعم تنمية وسائل الإعلام، ولا سيما في إطار البرنامج الدولي لتنمية الاتصال، مع التركيز بوجه خاص على إذاعات المجتمعات المحلية.

٧٧- وفيما يتعلق بتدعيم القدرات في مجال المعلومات والاتصال من أجل تعميم الانتفاع بالمعارف وسد الفجوة الرقمية، سلط المؤتمر العالمي للموارد التعليمية المفتوحة الضوء على دور اليونسكو القيادي في مجال الانتفاع الحر واستخدام تكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات في التعليم، ووجه نداء قوياً إلى الحكومات الإصدار تراخيص مفتوحة للمواد التعليمية التي يمولها القطاع العام.

4/- ومتابعة للقرار ٦٣م/٩٥ الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام لليونسكو في دورته السادسة والـثلاثين، تم تحديـد أساليب تعزيز برنامج ذاكرة العالم وآثاره، من أجل تلبية توقعات الدول الأعضاء على الصعيدين الـوطني والدولي.

٥٧- وأبرزت رئاسة اليونسكو بالتناوب لفريق الأمم المتحدة المعني بمجتمع المعلومات، وهو آلية مشتركة بين الوكالات لتنسيق السياسات المتعلقة بتكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات، دور المنظمة الرائد في الربط بين تكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات والأهداف الإنمائية المتفق عليها دولياً. وتواصل اليونسكو، إلى جانب دورها التنسيقي الشامل، الاضطلاع بدور قيادي في تسهيل تحقيق ستة أهداف من الأهداف المواضيعية الثمانية عشر، بما فيها الأهداف المتعلقة بالتعلم عن بعد، والانتفاع بالمعارف، وتسخير تكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات لأغراض العلوم، والتنوع الثقافي واللغوي في المجال السيبرني، وحرية التعبير وتنمية وسائل الإعلام، ومن أجل مراعاة الأبعاد الأخلاقية لمجتمع المعلومات.

٧٦- وواصلت اليونسكو إلى جانب الاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات قيادتها للجنة النطاق العريض المعنية بالتنمية الرقمية، معززة الجهود الترويجية الرامية إلى تلبية الأهداف الإنمائية المتفق عليها دولياً بما فيها الأهداف الإنمائية للألفية، وذلك من خلال النهوض بإمكانيات الاتصال السريع والخدمات والبرامج التي تستند إليه.

ثانياً – معالجة الوضع المالي

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

٧٧- أدى الخفض الإجمالي لميزانية القطاع بنسبة ٣١٪ إلى تخفيض الميزانية المخصصة للأنشطة بنسبة ٥٠٪. بيد أن القطاع حافظ على تطبيق اللامركزية بنسبة ٥٥٪ في المكاتب الميدانية وبنسبة ٤٥٪ في المقر على النحو المقرر سابقاً.

٧٨- وخلال الأشهر الستة الأولي من فترة العامين ٢٠١١-٢٠١١، اتخذت عدة مبادرات لزيادة التركيـز الاستراتيجي على البرامج تماشياً مع توصيات التقييم الخارجي المستقل. وركز القطاع على عدد محدود من الأولويات الاستراتيجية لكي يضمن تنفيذ البرنامج على النحو المحدد في الوثيقة ١٨٩م ت/١٥ الجزء الأول ضميمة. وأجري في هذا الصدد تقييم لتحديد ما يلي:

- (١) معايير قياس البرامج التي يمكن إنجازها في إطار المبلغ الإجمالي المخصص للميزانية الحالية؛
 - (ب) البرامج التي يستطيع الموظفون إنجازها دون ميزانية؛
 - (ج) البرامج التي يتطلب إنجازها تعبئة موارد خارجة عن الميزانية.

٧٩ وأتاح هذا التحليل تحديد الأولويات المتعلقة بتعبئة الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية وتقديم اقتراحات بشأن الحصول على تمويل من صندوق الطوارئ. وأجري رصد واستعراض تنفيذ البرنامج بصورة دورية، وتم القيام بعملية إعادة البرمجة مع الاهتمام بوجه خاص بالأولويتين العامتين المتمثلتين في أفريقيا والمساواة بين الجنسين.

• ٨- ومن أجل تحديد الميزة النسبية التي يتمتع بها القطاع في الإطار المشترك لتنفيذ البرامج على الصعيد القطري التابع لمنظومة الأمم المتحدة، أجري تحليل أولي للمساهمات التي يقدمها قطاع الاتصال والمعلومات باليونسكو إلى أطر عمل الأمم المتحدة للمساعدة الإنمائية. ومن أجل تعزيز المساءلة وعملية التنفيذ، وضماناً للتنسيق بين الأنشطة التي تنفذ في المقر وفي الميدان، تم تحسين إدارة البرامج بالاستناد إلى النتائج على الصعيد الداخلي من خلال تدريب الموظفين.

(٢) إعادة التنظيم الداخلي

٨١- أجريت عملية إعادة التنظيم الداخلي من أجل تلبية متطلبات الإصلاح الميداني الجاري في أفريقيا، وضمان تواجد خبراء استشاريين في مجال الاتصالات والمعلومات في المكاتب الإقليمية المتعددة القطاعات الخمسة وفى مكتب الاتصال.

(٣) الكفاءة من حيث التكاليف وخفض التكاليف الإدارية

٨٢- تتضمن التدابير المتخذة في هذا الشأن تشجيع عقد مؤتمرات واجتماعات بطريقة افتراضية كلما كان ذلك ممكناً، مثل الاجتماع التاسع عشر لمكتب برنامج المعلومات للجميع الذي عقد عبر الإنترنت، وخفض عدد المطبوعات المنشورة ورقياً، وتقليص عدد الخبراء الاستشاريين المستعان بهم في إطار البرنامج العادي.

(٤) تعبئة الأموال والشراكات

^^ الله مجموع الأموال التي أمكن تعبئتها لتعزيز تنفيذ البرنامج خلال الفترة المستعرضة ٢٠ مليون دولار تقريباً. وتمت تعبئة الشراكات مع القطاع الخاص، واللجان الوطنية، والمنظمات غير الحكومية، ووكالات الأمم المتحدة، والشبكات مثل كراسي اليونسكو الجامعية والمراكز من الفئة ٢، في مجالات برنامج القطاع ذات الأولوية واستُهل إعداد عرض ومسح شاملين للشركاء التنفيذيين. وتم تعزيز التعاون بين القطاعات لضمان تنفيذ البرنامج على أكمل وجه، وذلك من خلال جملة أمور منها البرامج الستة المستركة بين القطاعات، وبخاصة في إطار متابعة نتائج مؤتمر القمة العالمي لمجتمع المعلومات وأعمال التحضير للاجتماع الخاص باستعراض مؤتمر القمة، المزمع عقده في شباط/فبراير ٢٠١٣.

ثالثاً – التحديات والدروس المستفادة

44- على الرغم من الصعوبات المالية الحالية التي تؤثر في البرنامج العادي، جمع قطاع الاتصال والمعلومات قدراً كبيراً من الأموال الخارجة عن الميزانية لتنفيذ البرنامج، ولا سيما من أجل العمليات الميدانية خلال أول فصلين من عام ٢٠١٢. ويحظى تنفيذ البرنامج حالياً بكل الاهتمام وبخاصة في الميدان، ويقوم القطاع بتحديد الموظفين الذين يمكن إعادة توزيعهم من المقر إلى الميدان.

٥٨- ويتمثل التحدي الراهن في جمع أموال خارجة عن الميزانية تغطي جميع أنواع البرامج في مجال الاتصال والمعلومات. ورأى القطاع أنه من السهل نسبياً جمع هذه الأموال الخارجة عن الميزانية للأنشطة المتعلقة بالنهوض بحرية التعبير وحرية الصحافة كإعداد أطر للسياسات العامة تدعم حرية الصحافة، وسلامة الصحفيين، والتغطية الإعلامية للانتخابات في البلدان التي تعيش أوضاع ما بعد الأزمات وما بعد الكوارث؛ فضلاً عن الصون الرقمي واستخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصالات لأغراض التنمية، بما في ذلك قضية الانتفاع الحر وإطار تنمية كفاءات المعلمين في مجال تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصالات - ولكنه من الأصعب جمع الأموال من أجل مجالات مثل تدريس الصحافة، وهيئات الإذاعة والتلفزيون العامة، وبرنامج المعلومات للجميع.

٨٦- وينبغي بذل جهود حثيثة لتحديد فرص تحقيق المكاسب من حيث الفعالية واستحداث أساليب مبتكرة تستطيع اليونسكو من خلالها أن تنفذ برامجها، وذلك على سبيل المثال بعقد اجتماعات عبر الإنترنت.

معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء

أولاً - الإنجازات الرئيسية

٥٨- قام معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء على مدار الأشهر الستة الماضية بتحديث قاعدة بياناته الدولية الخاصة بالتعليم وفقاً للجدول الزمني المحدد لهذه العملية وأدخل بعض التحسينات النوعية عليها، وذلك من خلال جملة أمور منها: استحداث ١١ مؤشراً جديداً من المزمع إدراجها في طبعة الموجز التعليمي العالمي لعام ٢٠١٢؛ وتحسين أساليب قياس المؤشرات الرئيسية؛ وتحسين البيانات التاريخية (قبل عام ١٩٩٩) المندرجة في قاعدة بيانات معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء من خلال تصحيح الأخطاء واستكمال السلاسل الزمنية باستخدام بيانات من مصادر خارجية؛ ورسم خريطة البيانات المتعلقة بتمويل التعليم وفقاً للتصنيف الدولي المقنن للتعليم (إسكد) لعام ١٩٩٧.

٨٨- وإضافة إلى ذلك، اتخذ معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء خطوات هامة في سبيل توسيع مجموعاته الإقليمية من البيانات التعلق التعليم التعليم البيانات المتعلقة بظروف التعليم في المدارس بأفريقيا جنوب الصحراء الكبرى بصيغ مختلفة، واتسع نطاق هذا النموذج ليشمل دول شمال أفريقيا باستثناء الدول المشاركة في برنامج مؤشرات التعليم في العالم. وفي أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي، كانت معدلات الرد علي الاستبيان الإقليمي بشأن إحصاءات تعليم الكبار مرتفعة (إذ رد ١٧ بلدا من أصل ١٩ بلداً) ويجري حالياً تحليل تلك البيانات. كما يتشاور معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء مع وزارات التربية في

آسيا بشأن إعداد نموذج للمنطقة يركز على أحد المجالات الثلاثة التالية: المعلمون والطلاب على المستوى دون الوطنى؛ أو التعليم العالى؛ أو جودة التعليم.

٨٩- وتحسنت أيضاً البيانات المتعلقة بتمويل التعليم من حيث توافرها ونوعيتها بفضل مشروع بناء القدرات التابع لمعهد اليونسكو للإحصاء. واتسع نطاق المشروع الذي كان يركز في بداية الأمر على البلدان الناطقة باللغة الفرنسية في أفريقيا، ليشمل البلدان الناطقة باللغة الإنجليزية في أفريقيا وبعض البلدان المختارة في آسيا وأمريكا اللاتينية. وإن النتائج واعدة للغاية. فعلى سبيل المثال، قدمت إكوادور ونيكاراغوا بيانات تتعلق بتمويل التعليم إلى معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء لأول مرة منذ عام ٢٠٠٢. وعلاوة على ذلك، تدرج هذه البلدان الآن هذه البيانات في عمليات التخطيط العادية وفي التقارير التي تقدم إلى وزرائها للتربية.

90- ويساعد معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء كذلك البلدان على تطبيق التصنيف الدولي المقنن للتعليم المنقح حديثاً (إسكد ٢٠١١) ويراجع في الوقت ذاته أدوات جمع البيانات مع شركائه. وتندرج هذه العملية التعاونية في إطار دورة معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء العادية المتعلقة بحلقات العمل التدريبية لأخصائيي الإحصاء الوطنيين والأنشطة التى يقوم بها موظفو الميدان.

٩١- واحتفالاً باليوم الدولي للمرأة في ٨ آذار/مارس، أصدر معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء الأطلس العالمي للمساواة بين الجنسين في مجال التعليم بالتعاون مع مقر اليونسكو. وكانت التغطية الإعلامية للتقرير إيجابية للغاية وأصدر المعهد أطلساً إلكترونياً مرتبطاً بالأطلس المذكور.

97 - وفي إطار المبادرة العالمية بشأن الأطفال غير الملتحقين بالمدارس، وهي مبادرة مشتركة بين اليونيسيف ومعهد اليونسكو للإحصاء، قام المعهد باستعراض ٢٧ مشروع دراسة وطنية وإقليمية. ويواصل المعهد وشبكته من الموظفين الميدانيين دعمهم للأفرقة الوطنية، وذلك بصفة أساسية من خلال تحليل البيانات والرد على الأسئلة المنهجية.

97 - وأنشأ معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء ومؤسسة بروكينغز (Brookings) فريقاً دولياً خاصاً يُعنى بالتحصيل الدراسي ويهدف إلى دعم المناقشات بشأن جدول الأعمال الخاص بتطوير التعليم في فترة ما بعد عام ٢٠١٥. وستدعم هذه الشراكة الجهود التي يبذلها معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء من أجل إنشاء قاعدة بيانات تتضمن معلومات قابلة للمقارنة بشأن عمليات تقييم التحصيل الدراسي. كما يقوم المعهد بإرساء الأسس لإعداد قائمة لعمليات التقييم على الصعيدين الوطني والدولي.

94- ووزِع الاستقصاء الخامس للموارد البشرية والمالية المكرسة لأنشطة البحث والتطوير على نحو ادرجت الدا. وتمت معالجة جميع البيانات الوصفية التي جمعت خلال الاستقصاءات السابقة، وأدرجت هذه البيانات في مركز البيانات التابع للمعهد. كما يقوم المعهد بإعداد استقصاء عالمي لإحصاءات الابتكار يقوم على عملية طليعية لجمع البيانات أجريت في عام ٢٠١١.

90- ويعد معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء، بالتعاون مع الهيئة الكورية للاستعلامات في مجال التربية والبحث، عملية لجمع مجموعة بيانات جديدة عن استخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصالات في مجال التعليم في بعض الدول الآسيوية المختارة. وستصدر نتائج الاستقصاء الإقليمي بشأن استخدام تكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات في مجال التعليم في بلدان أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي على موقع المعهد الإلكتروني.

٩٦ - كما وزع المعهد مجموعة بياناته لعام ٢٠١٢ عن الأفلام الروائية وهو يعد كذلك دراسة استقصائية عالمية عن إحصاءات العمالة في المجال الثقافي.

90- ويخضع الموقع الإلكتروني لمعهد اليونسكو للإحصاء لسلسلة من التغيرات الرامية إلى تحسينه من الناحية العملية. وفيما يتعلق بالمعلومات، تدرج أنواع مختلفة من المقالات والرسوم البيانية في الموقع بانتظام من أجل الارتقاء بتجربة المستخدم. وينتفع المستخدمون بوجه خاص برسوم بيانية تفاعلية متنوعة تشمل البيانات المتعلقة بمعدلات القرائية، وتمويل التعليم في أفريقيا، والطلب على التعليم في مرحلة ما قبل التعليم الابتدائي.

٩٨- وإضافة إلى ذلك، استهل المعهد سلسلة جديدة من المطبوعات الإلكترونية للوصول إلى جمهور أوسع نطاقاً مع خفض تكلفة المطبوعات المنشورة ورقياً. وتتيح السلسلة الجديدة للمستخدمين إجراء مسح للبيانات ومشاهدة الاتجاهات التاريخية. وتتوفر حالياً ثلاث طبعات تتضمن بيانات بشأن الأطفال غير الملتحقين بالمدارس، والتوجهات العالمية في مجال أنشطة البحث والتطوير (بما في ذلك مشاركة النساء في المجال العلمي)؛ وأوجه التفاوت بين الجنسين في التعليم، وهذه الأطالس ملازمة للنسخة المطبوعة. وسيقوم المعهد بتحديث هذه الأطالس الإلكترونية كل عام وأيضاً بإضافة نسخ جديدة.

ثانياً – معالجة الوضع المالي

(۱) تنفيذ البرنامج

99- بناء على نتائج حملة جمع الأموال، سيقوم معهد اليونسكو للإحصاء بإعادة تقييم مستوى أنشطته الحالية. وعلى غرار أي منظمة إحصائية أخرى، يعد إصدار بيانات عالية الجودة أمرا أساسيا للمعهد. إذ يعتمد "رأسمال المعهد" بصورة كلية على ثقة وطمأنينة المنتفعين. ولا يستطيع المعهد الحفاظ على كامل جودة معلوماته بعد أن بات لا يملك سوى ٨٠٪ من موارده. ومن ثم، قد يضطر المعهد إلى تقليص بعض الأنشطة من أجل تأمين الموارد الكافية لخدماته الأساسية.

(٢) إعادة التنظيم الداخلي

10. من أجل مواجهة الصعوبات المالية الراهنة، جمد المعهد الوظائف المحددة الأجل مما أدى إلى اعادة توزيع الموارد البشرية. ومنذ تشرين الثاني/نوفمبر ٢٠١١، ترك ١٤ موظفاً المعهد ولم يحل محلهم سوى ثلاثة موظفين بعقود مؤقتة.

(٣) الكفاءة من حيث التكاليف وخفض التكاليف الإدارية

101 - خفض المعهد إنفاقه المتوقع لعامي ٢٠١٢ و٢٠١٣ من خلال تطبيق مجموعة من التدابير الفعالة من حيث التكلفة مثل: الحد من السفر؛ والاعتماد بقدر أكبر على مكاتب اليونسكو وعلى الشركاء الآخرين لتنظيم حلقات تدريبية وأنشطة أخرى.

(٤) تعبئة الأموال والشراكات

١٠٢ - يسعى المعهد جاهداً إلى العثور على مصادر تمويل جديدة، وأيضاً إلى توطيد العلاقات مع الجهات المانحة الحالية.



المجلس التنفيذي الدورة التسعون بعد المائة

190 EX/4 Part I Add. ۱۹۰م ت/٤ الجزء الأول ضميمة

> باريس، ۲۰۱۲/۱۰/۸ الأصل: إنجليزي/فرنسي

البند ٤ من جدول الأعمال المؤقت

تقرير المديرة العامة عن تنفيذ البرنامج الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام الجزء الأول

ضميمة

الملخص

تحوي هذه الضميمة تقييماً استراتيجياً شاملاً لكل من الأولويتين العامتين، أفريقيا والمساواة بين الجنسين، وللتقدم المحرز في إنجاز النتائج المنشودة في الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥، والتحديات التي واجهت تنفيذ أنشطة اليونسكو الرامية إلى النهوض بكلا الأولويتين العامتين.

ألف – الأولوية العامة المتمثلة في افريقيا

١ – تقدم هذه الوثيقة أهم الإنجازات المحققة، والتدابير المتخذة لمواجهة الأزمة المالية، والصعوبات التي ووجهت والدروس المستفادة خلال الأشهر الستة الأولى من فترة العامين ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣ في إطار الأولوية العامة المتمثلة في أفريقيا، وذلك بالاستناد إلى الوثيقتين ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول و ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول - باء المتاحتين على الإنترنت.

أولاً - أهم الإنجازات المحققة

البرامج الرئيسية

٢ – استجابة اليونسكو للاحتياجات التربوية في أفريقيا، ولا سيما على صعيد توفير التعليم الجيد والتعليم والتعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني وإعداد المعلمين وتدريبهم والسياسات الوطنية والإقليمية، من خلال وضع برامج داعمة.

٣ - وتم إعداد مبادرة جديدة من أجل المعلمين في بلدان أفريقيا جنوب الصحراء وذلك بالتعاون مع معهد اليونسكو الدولي لبناء القدرات في أفريقيا، بغية الاقتراب من الاحتياجات على الصعيد الميداني. وعلى المستوى الإقليمي، يمثل استعراض تقرير الاتحاد الإفريقي الخاص بالأهداف الإنمائية للألفية لعام ٢٠١٢ بشأن التعليم الذي تولت اليونسكو الدور القيادي في إجرائه مرحلة هامة، إذ إنه يجري قبل انتهاء العقد الثاني للتعليم في أفريقيا (٢٠٠٦–٢٠١٥) بثلاث سنوات، وهو الموعد المحدد لتحقيق الأهداف الإنمائية للألفية أيضاً. كما أن نتائجه تسهم في عملية التأمل في فترة ما بعد عام ٢٠١٥. ونظراً لأهمية تطوير مهارات الشباب في أفريقيا، بقي التعليم والتدريب في المجال التقني والمهني يمثلان مجالاً هاماً للعمل في أفريقيا على الصعيدين القطري ودون الإقليمي. واستفادت منطقة الجماعة الاقتصادية لدول غرب أفريقيا من هذه الأنشطة خلال الفترة المعنية.

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o – لقد أدى تأسيس لجنة فرعية خاصة بأفريقيا منبثقة عن اللجنة الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات إلى زيادة تعزيز الحوار بشأن السياسات مع المؤسسات الأفريقية والأطراف ذات المصلحة الوطنية منها والإقليمية، بالإضافة إلى تعزيز تعبئة الموارد. وقد انصب الاهتمام بوجه خاص على التكيف مع تغير المناخ والتأهب للكوارث في القرن الأفريقي.

7 - وتقع قضايا تأهيل الشباب وإدماجهم الاجتماعي ومساهمتهم في التنمية في صميم أولويات القارة الأفريقية. وفي هذا الإطار، ساعد قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية الدول الأعضاء في اعتماد سياسات ترمي إلى ترويج مبدأي المواطنة والإدماج الاجتماعي وفي تنفيذ تلك السياسات، بما يتفق مع ميثاق الشباب الأفريقي.

٧ – ويعتبر استخدام المصنفات الخاصة بتاريخ أفريقيا العام لأغراض تربوية، الذي يمثل من بين ما يمثله همزة الوصل بين الثقافة والتعليم، مشروعاً مشتركاً بين القطاعات ووسيلة لتحقيق التكامل الإقليمي. وإن قرار المديرة العامة مساندة هذا المشروع من خلال صندوق الطوارئ – إثر تعليق الأموال الخارجة عن الميزانية التي كانت تستخدم في تمويل المشروع – لهو دليل على عزم اليونسكو تقديم الدعم. وأتاح تخصيص الأموال عبر صندوق الطوارئ استمرار تنفيذ مشروع "طريق الرقيق" الذي يؤدي دوراً أساسياً فيما يخص الإسهام في تحقيق ثقافة السلام، والتأمل في التعددية الثقافية والحوار بين الثقافات.

٨ – وفيما يخص الاتصال والمعلومات، استمر العمل على تعزيز قدرات المعلومات والاتصال من أجل توفير التعليم للجميع، ولسد الفجوة الرقمية وتعزيز حرية التعبير وتداول المعلومات. كما جرى التشديد على تدعيم الشبكات وتوثيق التعاون بين بلدان الشمال والجنوب مثل تأسيس "شبكة تبادل التدريب الصحفي بين أفريقيا والمملكة المتحدة". وعلى المستوى دون الإقليمي، يجدر الثناء على الدعم الذي تقدمه اليونسكو لمشروع الاتحاد الاقتصادي والنقدي لغرب أفريقيا الرامي إلى تأسيس شبكة للمكتبات الافتراضية في البلدان الثمانية الأعضاء بالاتحاد.

تنسيق ورصد الأنشطة المضطلع بها لصالح أفريقيا والبرنامج المشترك بين القطاعات الخاص بالأولوية المتمثلة في أفريقيا

٩ - تمحور عمل إدارة أفريقيا في إطار دورها الخاص بالتنسيق والتحفيز والمتابعة والرصد الاستراتيجي لعمل اليونسكو في أفريقيا، حول محورين هما: تعزيز العمل المشترك بين القطاعات لجعل برامج اليونسكو وأنشطتها أكثر تطابقاً مع الاحتياجات ذات الأولوية للقارة الأفريقية؛ والتشجيع على إقامة شراكة وتعاون مواضيعيين لخدمة التنمية في أفريقيا.

10- وواصلت إدارة أفريقيا المشاورات التي بدأت في عام ٢٠١١ من أجل صياغة استراتيجية تنفيذية للأولوية المتمثلة في أفريقيا، تقوم على عملية تحليل للأولويات بالنسبة لقارة أفريقيا، وعلى رؤية استشرافية للفترة المشمولة بالوثيقة م/٤ المقبلة، وعلى سبل تنفيذ عملية. وتم إشراك القطاعات ومكتب اليونسكو للاتصال في أديس أبابا ومعهد اليونسكو الدولي لبناء القدرات في أفريقيا والمكاتب الميدانية في هذه العملية مشاركة وثيقة.

11- أما فيما يخص ترويج ثقافة السلام في أفريقيا، فتم التركيز على تعزيز التعاون مع الاتحاد الأفريقي بغية تأمين أسس سياسية متينة وتضافر الأنشطة وتحقيق تأثير أكبر. وأعدت مذكرة في نيسان/أبريل ٢٠١٢ تبين الأنشطة المزمع اجراؤها والمشاريع التي سيتم تطويرها. كما اتسع نطاق الشراكة ليشمل جهات فاعلة أخرى على مستوى المؤسسات والمجتمع المدني. وعليه استفاد المنبر المخصص للتأمل في "ثقافة السلام في منطقة غرب أفريقيا: شرط أساسي لتحقيق التنمية الاقتصادية وضرورة للتماسك الاجتماعي" الذي عقد في كوت ديفوار (أبيدجان، ٤-٥ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢) من شراكة مثمرة بين اليونسكو والاتحاد الأفريقي وحكومة كوت ديفوار ومركز الدراسات والاستشراف الاستراتيجي.

17- وأتاح العمل المشترك مع مكاتب اليونسكو الميدانية في أفريقيا الوسطى ومع القطاعات، الذي نسقته إدارة أفريقيا والذي يرمي إلى تحديد مشاريع دون إقليمية بغية تمويلها من صندوق الطوارئ، تمويل ١١ مشروعاً.

17 وجرى التوكيد مجدداً على الشراكات المواضيعية مع الدول الأعضاء. وكذلك هو الحال بالنسبة لمشاركة إدارة أفريقيا في تنفيذ "الأسبوع الأفريقي"، الذي تميز خصوصاً بعقد مؤتمرات مواضيعية تناولت موضوعي الثقافة والتنمية، وبتسليط ضوء خاص على العلوم في أفريقيا، وذلك في إطار شراكة مع مؤسسات متخصصة دولية وأفريقية (أكاديمية العلوم للعالم النامي، والمعهد الدولي للمياه والهندسة البيئية، ومؤسسة كى—زيربو).

12- وتم تعزيز التعاون بين بلدان الشمال والجنوب وفيما بين بلدان الجنوب، وعلى نحو خاص من خلال توثيق التعاون مع مراكز اليونسكو من الفئة ٢. واستهُلت في هذا السياق شراكة بين مركز اليونسكو من الفئة ٢ المعني بإدارة موارد المياه وتغير المناخ في صربيا ومعهد المياه والهندسة البيئية في واغادوغو. وفي نفس السياق، قامت إدارة أفريقيا ومكتب اليونسكو في ويندهوك بوضع الصيغة النهائية لاتفاقية شراكة مع جنوب أفريقيا و"كلية مانشستر للعلوم الإدارية ومعهد الابتكار" لتقديم تدريب تقوم جنوب أفريقيا والوكالة الاسترالية للتنمية الدولية بتمويله.

٥١ – وقامت إدارة أفريقيا، بالتعاون مع القطاعات والمكاتب الميدانية، بإعداد ملف يضم ٣١ مشروعاً قُدم إلى البرنامج المشترك بين القطاعات الخاص بأولوية أفريقيا. وتركز هذه المشروعات على المياه، والتثقيف البيئي وثقافة السلام، وترويج اللغات الأفريقية، وإعداد المعلمين في مجال العلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار، والشباب والمساواة بين الجنسين. وإلى اليوم، تلقى التمويل ١١ مشروعاً منها.

ثانياً – الاستجابة للوضع المالي (١)

(۱) تنفيذ البرنامج: واجهت إدارة أفريقيا تخفيضاً بنسبة ١٠٪ في ميزانيتها الإجمالية، بما في ذلك تخفيض بنسبة ٢٠٪ في الميزانية المخصصة للأنشطة وبنسبة ١٩٪ في الميزانية المخصصة لبرنامج التعليم في حالات الطوارئ وإعادة البناء.

⁽١) ترد الإجراءات الخاصة بالكفاءة وفعالية التكاليف لكل برنامج رئيسي بالتفصيل في الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول.

(٢) فعالية التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية: تم إنجاز أنشطة البرنامج الأكثر تكلفة، بشكل منتظم، في إطار شراكات مالية ومواضيعية. وكانت هذه حال منتدى ثقافة السلام في غرب أفريقيا، الذي تولى مركز دراسة الاستراتيجيات الطويلة الأجل والبلد المضيف، أي كوت ديفوار، تمويل الجزء الأكبر منه. كما نُظم المنتدى الخاص بالعلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار في كينيا بفضل مساهمة عينية قدمتها كينيا ومساهمة مالية شارك في تقديمها بنك التنمية الأفريقي ورابطة تطوير التعليم في أفريقيا. وبُذلت جهود حثيثة لتشجيع الوفود الدائمة على نشر النداء الذي وجهته المديرة العامة للمساهمة في صندوق الطوارئ.

ومن ناحية أخرى، تم تخفيض النفقات الإدارية أو إلغاؤها أو تأجيلها. وكانت هذه حال تكاليف الاتصال وشراء المعدات واللوازم وتكاليف الاجتماعات والأسفار وحشد الموظفين المؤقتين وما إلى ذلك.

(٣) إعادة التنظيم الداخلي: لقد تسنى الاضطلاع بالأنشطة البرنامجية بعد تعزيز قدرات إدارة أفريقيا ابتداء من كانون الثاني/يناير ٢٠١٢، إذ تم القيام بصورة تدريجية بنقل ثلاثة موظفين مكلفين بوضع مشروعات طليعية في المجالات ذات الأولوية بالتعاون مع القطاعات، مثل: التعليم من أجل ثقافة السلام في أفريقيا؛ والعلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار؛ والمبادرات في مجال التعليم.

ثالثاً – تنفيذ الأولوية المتمثلة في أفريقيا: الصعوبات والتحديات والدروس المستخلصة (٢)

17- يبين التقييم العام للأنشطة أن تنفيذ الأولوية المتمثلة في أفريقيا قد واجه بعض الصعوبات، وتتعلق أولها بالميزانية. وخلال الأشهر الستة الماضية، بلغ إجمالي تكاليف الأنشطة ٣٨,٨ مليون دولار، مما يمثل تخفيضاً بنسبة ٤٨٪ مقارنة بعام ٢٠١٠؛ في حين تم تخفيض عدد خطط العمل في إطار البرنامج العادي من ١٩٩١ إلى ١٠٢٠ خطة عمل، أي ما يعادل تخفيضاً بنسبة ١٤٪.

1V وقد أثرت هذه التخفيضات على بعض البرامج التي تعد ذات أهمية خاصة بالنسبة لأفريقيا وهي البرامج المتعلقة بإعداد المعلمين والتعليم الجيد أو التعليم التقني أو المهني. كما أثرت هذه التخفيضات على عملية تعزيز البرامج ذات الطابع الإقليمي والمعنية بالتعليم من أجل ثقافة السلام مثل "برنامج التعليم في حالات الطوارئ وإعادة البناء".

1/۸ ويتمثل تحد آخر في إنشاء و/أو تعزيز شراكات مواضيعية وتقنية. ومن المنتظر أن يركز "إطار السياسات الخاصة بالشراكات الاستراتيجية" الجديد الذي يعرض على المجلس التنفيذي في هذه الدورة التسعين بعد المائة، فضلاً عن الاستراتيجية التنفيذية لبرنامج "الأولوية لأفريقيا"، التي ستقدم إلى المجلس في دورته الحادية والتسعين بعد المائة، على شراكة متعددة الأشكال ومحددة الأهداف بحيث تنطوي على عنصر "ذاتي النفع" تقوم أفريقيا بموجبه بتمويل أفريقيا. وتشكل مساهمات الدول الأعضاء والمؤسسات الأفريقية ضماناً مشجعاً يتعين دعمه.

⁽٢) يكمل هذا الجزء التحديات التي تمت مواجهتها والدروس المستخلصة حسب كل قطاع، كما وردت في الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول.

١٩ - ويتمثل تحد آخر في تحديد الاحتياجات وترتيب أهميتها بصورة فعالة. ويتعلق الأمر بما يلى:

- التركيز على الميزات النسبية وتفادي تشتيت وتفتيت الجهود من خلال أنشطة صغيرة النطاق؛
- تحقيق التكامل مع الأنشطة المنفذة بالتشارك مع البلدان والمنظمات الإقليمية المستفيدة والشركاء في التنمية ؛
- الاعتماد في المراحل التنفيذية على خبرة مكاتب اليونسكو في أفريقيا التي سيتم تعزيزها من خلال إنشاء شبكة جديدة للمكاتب الميدانية في أفريقيا والاعتماد في المراحل التمهيدية على أنشطة التحليل والتنسيق والمتابعة والحفز والتقييم البرنامجية لإدارة أفريقيا بما يتفق مع عملية "تعديل مهام" هذه الإدارة.

باء – الأولوية العامة المتمثلة في المساواة بين الجنسين

١ – يمثل تعزيز المساواة بين الجنسين برنامجاً شاملاً اعتمدته البلدان كافة وتؤيده جميع وكالات الأمم المتحدة بصرف النظر عن المهمة المحددة لكل منها. وما برحت اليونسكو تعمل على تعزيز المساواة بين الجنسين باعتبارها أولوية عامة لها منذ كانون الثاني/يناير ٢٠٠٨. وفي فترة الأربع سنوات ونصف التي انقضت منذئذ جرى تنفيذ أول "خطة عمل بشأن أولوية المساواة بين الجنسين" (٢٠٠٨–٢٠١٦)، مع تعيين أنشطة ونتائج ومؤشرات محددة لكل قطاع من القطاعات. وترفع المديرة العامة إلى المؤتمر العام كل عامين تقريراً عن الأنشطة التي أجريت والنتائج التي تحققت على المستوى القطري. وقد رُفع تقريران من هذا النوع إلى المؤتمر العام، واحد في عام ٢٠٠٩ والآخر في عام ٢٠١١.

أولاً - الإنجازات الرئيسية

٢ - قسم المساواة بين الجنسين مكلف بتعزيز المساواة بين الجنسين باعتبارها أولوية عامة من خلال العمل بشكل منهجي على مستويات ثلاثة هي: (١) تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين داخل المؤسسة؛
 (٢) تأسيس الشراكات والمحافظة عليها، والتنسيق، وإقامة الشبكات (الداخلية والخارجية)؛ (٣) توفير الخبرة التقنية والدعم بهدف إدراج اعتبارات المساواة بين الجنسين في البرامج. وبينما يقع العمل على المستويين الأول والثاني في إطار المسؤولية الكاملة والمباشرة لقسم المساواة بين الجنسين، فإن العمل على المستوى الثالث يشترك فيه الموظفون في القطاعات والخدمات المركزية والمكاتب الميدانية والمعاهد.

٣ – وبالرغم من قيود الميزانية، واصلت اليونسكو تعزيز تمكين المرأة والمساواة بين الجنسين، داخل المنظمة وخارجها على حد سواء، وذلك من خلال تقديم المشورة بشأن السياسات، والحوار بشأن السياسات، وترويج السياسات على أعلى مستويات، وتطوير القدرات، وتقديم الدعم الفني، والتنسيق، وإقامة الشبكات، وإنشاء الشراكات والحفاظ عليها. وتواصل المنظمة استقاء الدروس من آلياتها وطرق عملها وتطوع وتعتمد طائفة من المبادرات والاستراتيجيات الجديدة التي تكررها وكالات الأمم المتحدة الأخرى. ويظهر تقييم ذاتى أجراه قسم المساواة بين الجنسين أن الإطار الشامل للسياسات والاستراتيجيات

هو المجال الذي تبرز فيه أكثر من غيره جهود تنفيذ أولوية المساواة بين الجنسين، بالنظر إلى الإدماج المنهجي لاعتبارات المساواة بين الجنسين في معظم السياسات والأطر والوثائق الاستراتيجية.

٤ – وواصلت اليونسكو، في الفترة التي يغطيها التقرير، العمل بصورة استباقية وفعالة مع منظومة الأمم المتحدة، ولا سيما من خلال التعاون مع هيئة الأمم المتحدة للمرأة الذي توج بتوقيع رئيسي الوكالتين مذكرة تعاون في أيار/مايو ٢٠١٦ توضح الميادين المحددة لتضافر جهودهما. وقد نجحت اليونسكو، بالتعاون مع هيئة الأمم المتحدة للمرأة، بترويج فكرة إدراج منظور المساواة بين الجنسين في مؤتمر ريو+٢٠ وفي التأملات وخطة العمل الخاصة بما بعد عام ٢٠١٥. وتقوم اليونسكو بالإسهام الفعال في "خطة عمل تنفيذ سياسة مجلس الرؤساء التنفيذيين المتعلقة بالمساواة بين الجنسين وتمكين المرأة على نطاق منظومة الأمم المتحدة" وفي أعمال فريق العمل المعني بالمساواة بين الجنسين التابع لمجموعة الأمم المتحدة الإنمائية التي ترمي إلى إعداد نظام "مؤشر المساواة بين الجنسين" الرامي إلى رصد المخصصات والتكاليف المرصودة لتحقيق المساواة بين الجنسين وتمكين النساء والبنات بناء على بارامترات ومعايير متفق عليها داخل منظومة الأمم المتحدة ورفع التقارير بشأنها. وإضافة إلى ذلك فإن اليونسكو ممثلة في عدة أفرقة عاملة وأفرقة عمل خاصة للأمم المتحدة ثعنى بتمكين المرأة والمساواة بين الجنسين، من بينها الفريق الدائم للمرأة والسلام والأمن، والفريق العامل المعني بالمرأة الريفية، كما ترأس اليونسكو، بالمشاركة مع برنامج الأمم المتحدة الإنمائي، فرقة العمل المعنية بالجنسانية وتغير المناخ المكلفة بمتابعة نتائج مؤتمر ريو+٢٠.

وفي الفترة من كانون الثاني/يناير إلى حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٦ نظم قسم المساواة بين الجنسين عدداً من الفعاليات الرفيعة المستوى بالتعاون مع قطاعات البرامج والبعثات والشركاء الخارجيين بهدف رفع الوعي والترويج، وكان من بينها فعاليات خاصة باليوم الدولي للمرأة – عن المهندسات وعن الاتجار في النساء؛ بالإضافة إلى عقد اجتماع جانبي عن تعليم البنات والنساء الريفيات إبان الدورة السادسة والخمسين للجنة وضع المرأة (نيويورك، شباط/فبراير ٢٠١٢).

٣ – وعلاوة على ذلك، استمر تطوير وتعزيز الشراكات مع الشبكات الأكاديمية وشبكات صناعة القرار وشبكات المجتمع الدني، ولا سيما من خلال تأسيس وتطوير سلسلة من مراكز البحوث والتوثيق الإقليمية والدولية المعنية بالمساواة بين الجنسين لتكون مراكز امتياز للبحث والتدريس في مجال المساواة بين الجنسين، تعمل كمراكز لجمع الوثائق والموارد ونشرها من خلال شبكات ومكتبات افتراضية. وفي هذا المجال وفي النصف الأول من ٢٠١٢، انصب عمل اليونسكو مع المركز الإقليمي للبحوث والتوثيق بشأن المرأة وقضايا الجنسين وبناء السلام في منطقة البحيرات الكبرى في كينشاسا على وضع خطة عمل للمركز، وتحديد ميزانية الشهور الستة الأخيرة من عام ٢٠١٢ وميزانية عام ٢٠١٣ كله. وقامت اليونسكو أيضاً بدعم الدول الأعضاء من منطقة البحيرات الكبرى في إنشاء مراكز وطنية منتسبة، وذلك من خلال عقد اجتماعات تخطيطية مع الوزارات المعنية، وتقديم التدريب على إنشاء المكتبات الافتراضية. وفيما يتعلق بمركز المرأة الفلسطينية للأبحاث والتوثيق في رام الله، عملت اليونسكو مع السلطة الفلسطينية ومكتب ممثل النرويج في فلسطين من أجل إجراء تقييم للمركز. وقد أدى التقرير الخاص بالتقييم إلى اتخاذ قرار مبال النرويج في فلسطين من أجل إجراء تقييم للمركز. وقد أدى التقرير الخاص بالتقييم إلى اتخاذ قرار مبالاحتياجات المحلية من حيث البحث والتوثيق، ولدعم وضع البرامج الخاصة بالمساواة بين الجنسين داخل فلسطين وفي العالم العربي. وقد تم إحراز نجاح كبير أيضاً في إنشاء أول مركز إقليمي يعنى بالقضاء داخل فلسطين وفي العالم العربي. وقد تم إحراز نجاح كبير أيضاً في إنشاء أول مركز إقليمي يعنى بالقضاء

على تشويه الأعضاء التناسلية للمرأة، بالتعاون مع حكومة كينيا ومنظمة الصحة العالمية وصندوق الأمم المتحدة للسكان.

٧ - وسعياً لتكملة دور مبادرات تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين والمبادرات الخاصة بالمساواة بين الجنسين التي اتخذتها قطاعات البرامج (للاطلاع على تفاصيل عمل قطاعات البرامج، راجع ضميمة الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الأول (باء)، المتاحة على الإنترنت)، وبعد تحليل مواطن القوة والقدرة على تقديم قيمة مضافة، شرع قسم المساواة بين الجنسين، بالتعاون مع القطاعات والمكاتب الميدانية المعنية، في تركيز دعمه للدول الأعضاء على موضوعين رئيسيين هما: منع العنف الجنسي أو القائم على الجنس، ومشاركة المرأة في الشؤون السياسية وممارستها القيادة. ويجري تنفيذ الأنشطة في هذين المجالين بالتعاون مع وكالات الأمم المتحدة الأخرى وشبكات البحوث والمجتمع المدنى. وقد تم استهلال عدد من البرامج الرائدة، ومن بينها برنامج مبتكر في جمهورية الكونغو الديمقراطية للعمل مع الجامعات وتشجيع الطلاب الذكور على العمل كسفراً علنه العنف الجنسى أو القائم على الجنس. وانطوى هذا البرنامج على وضع واعتماد مواد دراسية جديدة خَاصة بالمساواة بين الجنسين ومنع العنف، ويتم حاليا تدريس هذه المواد في الجامعات الواقعة في منطقتي شمال وجنوب كيفو. كما يجري الانتفاع بالدروس المستفادة من المشروع الرائد الذي طبق في جمهورية الكونغو الديمقراطية في التخطيط لمشروع لتصميم دورات تدريسية وتدريبية عن المشاركة السياسية للمرأة ومنع العنف الجنسى أو القائم على الجنس في مدغشقر، وذلك بالتعاون مع قطاع التعليم العالي بمدغشقر. وفي عرب أفريقيا، يجري استهلال برنامج بالتعاون مع جامعة روتجرز، ومنظمة "شركاء الجاَّمعات الأفريقية"، ومكتب اليونسكو في داكار والمكتب ِالإقليمي للتربية في أفريقيا، لتوفير التدريب على القيادة السياسية للنساء من أجل التغيير. ويجري أيضاً تطوير هذا التدريب من أجل النساء في العالم العربي، ولا سيما في البلدان التي تشهد تحولات ديمقراطية، بدءاً بمصر وتونس.

٨ – وعمل القسم بصورة وثيقة داخل الأمانة مع قطاعات البرامج على تنفيذ المبادرات المشتركة بين القطاعات. وقد نالت في هذا السياق مبادرة "الشراكة العالمية من أجل تعليم البنات والنساء" نجاحاً كبيراً. وجرى الاحتفال بمرور عام على الشراكة العالمية في مقر اليونسكو في ٢٠١٥ وأسترك فيه متحدثون وضيوف رفيعو المستوى. وأدت هذه الفعالية إلى دعم توسيع المشروعات التي يمولها القطاع الخاص بالفعل وجذبت اهتمام شركاء جدد من القطاع الخاص. وتم تأسيس شراكة جديدة مع "بيرفوت كوليج". كما أسفرت المشروعات المنفذة في السنغال وتنزانيا وكينيا وإثيوبيا وليسوتو عن نتائج إيجابية. فعلى سبيل المثال، يجري في إثيوبيا دعم نحو ٩٠٠ من البنات المحرومات لمواصلة تعليمهن الثانوي من خلال تقديم الإرشاد والتوجيه وإشراك المجتمع المحلي بأسره. وفي السنغال يوفر أحد المشروعات دورات دراسية في مجال محو الأمية تستفيد منها ٩٠٠٠ ؛ بنت وامرأة؛ وتم افتتاح ١٦٣ فصلاً وتدريب ٢٠٠ مدرس وميسر على استخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصال. وقام القسم بوضع إطار شامل للرصد يقوم برصد تنفيذ مشروعات الشراكة العالمية بالاشتراك مع قطاع التربية.

9 - كما يعمل القسم بصورة وثيقة مع البرنامج العالمي لتقييم المياه ووكالات الأمم المتحدة الأخرى على وضع مؤشرات تراعي الاعتبارات الجنسانية وتحديد بيانات مقسمة حسب الجنس بشأن فرص الحصول على المياه واستخدامها والتحكم فيها. وقد تم إدماج اعتبارات المساواة بين الجنسين بنجاح في نسخة عام

٢٠١٢ من "التقرير عن تنمية المياه في العالم" الذي صدر في مارسيليا في آذار/مارس ٢٠١٢، حيث نظمت اليونسكو اللقاء الجانبي الوحيد عن المياه والمساواة بين الجنسين.

10 وقدم قسم المساواة بين الجنسين الدعم التقني من أجل مراجعة وتقييم المبادرات المندرجة في إطار جميع البرامج المشتركة بين القطاعات، بما فيها النقاشات الرامية إلى صياغة سياسة لليونسكو بشأن التفاعل مع الشعوب الأصلية، ولتقييم مقترحات المشروعات المقدمة إلى برنامج المشاركة. والقسم بصفته الرسمية عضو في مجلس منشورات اليونسكو، وقام بإعداد "مبادئ توجيهية لإصدار المنشورات بشأن المساواة بين الجنسين" من أجل مجلس منشورات اليونسكو، وذلك بغرض مساعدة المشتركين في إعداد المطبوعات أو تحريرها أو التكليف بها في وضع اعتبارات المساواة بين الجنسين في اعتبارهم بصورة منتظمة ومنهجية. وأخيرا، أسهم القسم بفعالية في أعمال فريق العمل التابع للأمانة والخاص بالوثيقة ٣٧م/٤، وأعد ثلاثة نصوص للنظر فيها في إطار عملية التأمل: واحد عن ديناميات السكان؛ والثاني عن الروابط بين المساواة بين الجنسين والسلام والأمن.

11- وسعياً لتعزيز القدرات التنظيمية، واصل القسم تقوية وتدعيم شبكة جهات التنسيق المعنية بقضايا الجنسين في اليونسكو (التي جرى تطويرها عام ٢٠١١) على صعيد القر والمكاتب الميدانية والمعاهد. وقد أسفر تدريب جهات التنسيق الخمس والسبعين في تشرين الثاني/نوفمبر ٢٠١١ بالفعل عن نتائج ملموسة تمثلت في تحسين استراتيجيات التنفيذ والمؤشرات والنتائج المنشودة المنصوص عليها في العديد من خطل العمل في جميع القطاعات. كما تم تحسين التنسيق والتواصل بين المقر والمكاتب الميدانية والمعاهد من خلال عمل شبكة جهات التنسيق المعنية بالجنسين. وقد تم توفير التدريب الإلزامي على تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين لجميع قطاعات البرامج في المقر، وللعديد من المكاتب الميدانية والمعاهد واللجان الوطنية، بالإضافة إلى موظفين من وكالات الأمم المتحدة الأخرى. كما يجري تنفيذ برنامج تدريب الشركاء الخارجيين، وعليه تم توفير التدريب للجنة الحكومية الدولية لأخلاقيات البيولوجيا في أيلول/سبتمبر الخرى. وقد أعرب أعضاء اللجنة عن تقديرهم الكبير لهذا التدريب.

17 - ويجري استخدام "برنامج تطوير القدرات والتدريب على تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين" الخاص باليونسكو وأداة التعلم الإلكتروني التفاعلي باعتبارهما أساسا لتطوير التدريب الأساسي على المساواة بين الجنسين على نطاق منظومة الأمم المتحدة. كما طلب برنامج الأغذية العالمي من اليونسكو تطويع هذا البرنامج التدريبي وتقديمه لفريق الإدارة العليا للبرنامج ومكاتبه الميدانية مع تأمين تغطية مالية كاملة. ويجري العمل، منذ شباط/فبراير ٢٠١٢، على تطويع هذا التدريب من أجل الجامعات وشركات القطاع الخاص الكبرى في تركيا، بالتعاون مع جامعة كوتش في تركيا. ومن المتوقع أن تسفر هذه المبادرة عن تقديم مساهمة مالية مستمرة للقسم من أجل إجراء أنشطة أخرى.

17 وتم وضع آليات جديدة لتزويد موظفي اليونسكو بالدعم التقني في مجال تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين. وتتمثل إحدى هذه الآليات في "عيادات المساواة بين الجنسين"، التي تقدم دعماً فردياً ومفصلا للموظفين بشأن تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين في ما يقومون به من أنشطة لدى وضع البرامج وتنفيذها ورصدها وتقييمها. وقد عُقدت عشر جلسات في الفترة من نيسان/أبريل إلى حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، اشترك فيها زملاء من المقر والمكاتب الميدانية والمعاهد. ويُقدم الدعم وجها لوجه أو بالبريد الإلكتروني أو بالتداول بالفيديو أو الاتصال الهاتفي، وذلك من أجل تطويعه لاحتياجات الزملاء المعنيين والحد من الكلفة التي

تتحملها المنظمة. وجاءت نتائج هذه العيادات إيجابية للغاية إذ أدت إلى تحسين تخطيط الأنشطة الخاصة بالمساواة بين الجنسين وتنفيذها. وفي الربع الثاني من عام ٢٠١٢، استهل القسم كذلك سلسلة من الحلقات الدراسية عن المساواة بين الجنسين. وتهدف هذه الحلقات الدراسية غير الرسمية إلى توفير فرص تعرف على التطورات الحديثة المرتبطة بالمساواة بين الجنسين أو الأعمال ذات الصلة التي تقوم بها جهات أخرى. ويتم تنظيم الجلسات بهدف تعظيم التبادل الأفقي والحوار، ويجري استخدام تقنيات التداول بالفيديو لتشجيع مشاركة الزملاء من المكاتب الميدانية. وقد ركزت الجلسات الثلاث التي عقدت في النصف الأول من العام على "تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين في خطط العمل" و"ريو+٢٠: نتائج المؤتمر المساواة بين الجنسين" بمشاركة الزملاء من منظور المساواة بين الجنسين" و"المؤسسات الاجتماعية ومؤشر المساواة بين الجنسين" بمشاركة الزملاء من منظمة التعاون والتنمية في الميدان الاقتصادي.

ثانياً - الاستجابة للوضع المالي

(١) تنفيذ البرنامج

بالنظر إلى الوضع المالي الحالي للمنظمة، ومع تخفيض قدره ٨٠ في المائة في ميزانية الأنشطة، عمل القسم على ضمان تركيز الموارد على تحقيق أكبر أثر ممكن، وعلى إنشاء هياكل مستدامة وتعزيز القدرة على دفع المساواة بين الجنسين إلى الأمام. ومن خلال وضع البرامج المبتكرة قام قسم المساواة بين الجنسين بتنفيذ أنشطة تحتاج إلى موارد مالية بسيطة أو لا تحتاج إليها على الإطلاق وتجمع بين برامج وأنشطة متنوعة من أجل تشاطر الموارد. كما طبق القسم مناهج خلاقة لتقديم التدريب إلى الموظفين العاملين في القطاعات والمكاتب الميدانية بدون أي تكاليف إضافية (غير وقت الموظفين). والميزة النسبية التي يتمتع بها القسم هي أن عمله يقوم بالأساس على خبرات موظفيه، وأنه يقوم بإسناد العمل إلى جهات خارجية تقتصر على الشركاء الوطنيين وذلك للقيام بأنشطة أو إجراء بحوث محددة على المستوى القطري عند تنفيذ أنشطة ممولة من خارج الميزانية.

(۲) عملية إعادة تنظيم داخلي

يتمتع القسم بتوظيف كامل مع خمسة موظفين من الفئة المهنية منذ آذار/مارس ٢٠١٢، بالإضافة إلى مدير واحد وموظف واحد بدرجة خ ع-٥. وأحد الموظفين المهنيين الخمسة هو خبير منتسب، وفرته الحكومة الإيطالية. وعلى المستوى الميداني، توفر جهات التنسيق المعنية بقضايا الجنسين الدعم الاحتياطي ولكن من المحبذ أن يوجد مستشارون في مجال المساواة بين الجنسين في المكاتب الإقليمية في المستقبل بهدف تدعيم أعمالنا.

(٣) فعالية التكاليف وتخفيض التكاليف الإدارية

واصل القسم استخدام المشاركة الافتراضية في الاجتماعات التي تعقد بين الوكالات وغيرها من الاجتماعات، وخفض الأسفار إلى أدنى حد ممكن، وأوقف جميع الإصدارات حتى إشعار آخر. ولا يوظف القسم أي عاملين أو مستشارين مؤقتين ولكنه يقوم بتدريب وتشغيل متدربين لآجال قصيرة وطويلة.

(٤) تعبئة الموارد

استجاب القسم للتحديات التي يطرحها الوضع المالي الحالي للمنظمة، وذلك بالسعي للحصول على تمويل خارجي من مصادر أوسع. فبالإضافة إلى اقتراحات المشروعات المقدمة إلى برنامج "أموال الودائع اليابانية" (إجمالي الأموال التي تم تعبئتها ٢٤٠٠٠٠ دولار أمريكي)، نجح القسم في تعبئة أموال من خلال اقتراحات مشروعات قدمها إلى "الصك الأوروبي للديمقراطية وحقوق الإنسان" التابع للمفوضية الأوروبية (تم حتى الآن تلقي ٢٢٠٠٠٠ دولار أمريكي).

ثالثاً – التحديات والدروس المستفادة

14- كل أشكال التغيير التنظيمي تستغرق وقتا في تنفيذها وحتى تؤتي أثرها على نطاق واسع. وتظهر الخبرة المستقاة من الحكومات والمنظمات الدولية أن مقاومة التغيير يشكل تحدياً خاصاً فيما يتعلق بتعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين. لقد أصبحت المساواة بين الجنسين أولوية عامة لليونسكو منذ عام ٢٠٠٨ فقط، ويجري حاليا تنفيذ أول خطة عمل خاصة بالمساواة بين الجنسين. وكما يبين القسم الذي يغطي الإنجازات الرئيسية، فلقد أخذت خطة العمل تأتي بأثر ونتائج ملموسة على وضع البرامج وتنفيذها، ولكن هناك حاجة إلى المزيد من الوقت لضمان التزام الزملاء الكامل بتعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين.

٥١ وعلى صعيد وضع البرامج وتنفيذها، لا يزال التقدم المحرز أبطأ مما كان متوقعا بالرغم مما بذله العديد من الموظفين من جهود حقيقية. وفي حين أن متابعة الموارد المالية المرصودة لتعزيز المساواة بين الجنسين ليست ممكنة في ظل نظم الميزانية القائمة في اليونسكو، فإن تحليلات خطط العمل و"التقديرات المبنية على التخمينات" للمخصصات في الميزانية تشير إلى تخصيص قطاعات البرامج الحد الأدنى من الاعتمادات لأنشطة المساواة بين الجنسين – بما يتراوح بين ه و ٢٠ في المائة. وإذا كانت "الأولوية العامة" تعني وجوب تخصيص قسم كبير من الموارد، فإن المساواة بين الجنسين لا تعتبر أولوية عامة بناء على تحليل الميزانية. ويلاحظ أن متابعة وتقييم أنشطة الأولوية العامة المتمثلة في المساواة بين الجنسين غير كاف. ففي الوقت الحاضر يتألف الرصد من الرصد الذاتي لخطط العمل من جانب الموظفين، الذي تقره القطاعات ومكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي وقسم المساواة بين الجنسين بدون إجراء تحليل منهجي يستند إلى البينات. وينبغي إجراء الرصد والتقييم على أساس النتائج التي حددتها خطة عمل المساواة بين الجنسين للفترة ١٠٠١-٢٠١٦ (المرحلة الأولى) بهدف الاستفادة من ذلك في التوجهات المستقبلية الجنسين ينصب على برنامج عمل مرفق الإشراف الداخلي، غير أن الخطوات التي كان من القرر اتخاذها بنهاية عام ٢٠١١ تأجلت بسبب الوضع المالي.

17- وعلى الصعيد الموضوعي، برز تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين باعتباره الاستراتيجية الواعدة في ما يتعلق بتعزيز المساواة بين الجنسين في أعمال اليونسكو. بيد أن هذه الاستراتيجية كثيراً ما يساء فهمها. فيبدو أن المبادرات المخصصة للمساواة بين الجنسين – والتي ترمي إلى معالجة مجالات بعينها أو ثغرات في السياسات يظهر فيها تفاوت كبير بين الجنسين (مثل المجالات والثغرات في السياسات التي تعالجها الشراكة العالمية من أجل تعليم البنات والنساء وبرنامج النساء في العلوم) ولكنها بالتأكيد لا تهدف إلى الحلول محل تعميم منظور المساواة بين الجنسين – يُنظر إليها باعتبارها جهوداً "كافية" لتنفيذ الأولوية

المتمثلة في المساواة بين الجنسين. كما أن هناك قدر كبير من "تبخر السياسات"، مما يشير إلى أن الالتزام الثابت بالمساواة بين الجنسين على مستوى المبدأ لا يُترجم إلى تدابير فعالة في سياق المراحل الأخرى لوضع البرامج، أي التخطيط وتحديد المخصصات في الميزانية، والتنفيذ، والرصد، ورفع التقارير، والتقييم. ولا يتعلق هذا الأمر بالأمانة فحسب بل بالهيئتين الرئاسيتين كذلك حيث دعم هذه الأولوية أقل منهجية ولا تعززه إسهامات من خارج الميزانية.

1V وثمة تحد كبير آخر يواجه العمل من أجل تعزيز تمكين المرأة والمساواة بين الجنسين وهو الافتقار إلى البيانات الخارجية والإحصاءات المقسمة على أساس الجنس في العديد من المجالات التي تعمل فيها اليونسكو. ولذا يجب على اليونسكو القيام بنفسها بإنتاج تلك البيانات، وهي ضرورية لإجراء عمليات تقييم دقيقة للاحتياجات على سبيل المثال، لدى تصميم وتنفيذ البرامج والأنشطة.



Executive Board

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190 EX/4 Part I B

PARIS, 12 September 2012 English/French

Item 4 of the provisional agenda

REPORT BY THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL ON THE EXECUTION OF THE PROGRAMME ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL CONFERENCE

PART I (B)

SUMMARY

This report is intended to inform the Members of the Executive Board of progress in the execution of the programme adopted by the General Conference. Part A of the report focuses on strategic issues and contains the main results achieved, challenges and lessons learned during the first six months of the 2012-2013 biennium.

Part B of the document (published online) reports on the initial results achieved under each of the 36 C/5 expected results. In order to provide a more concise and strategic account of programme implementation, this report is limited to (i) an overall assessment of key results for the five major programmes, the Intersectoral platforms and the UNESCO Institute for Statistics; (ii) UNESCO's contribution to operational policies and activities for development cooperation within the United Nations system; and (iii) UNESCO publications plan for 2012-2013.

By its very nature, this document does not entail administrative or financial implications.

No decision is proposed.

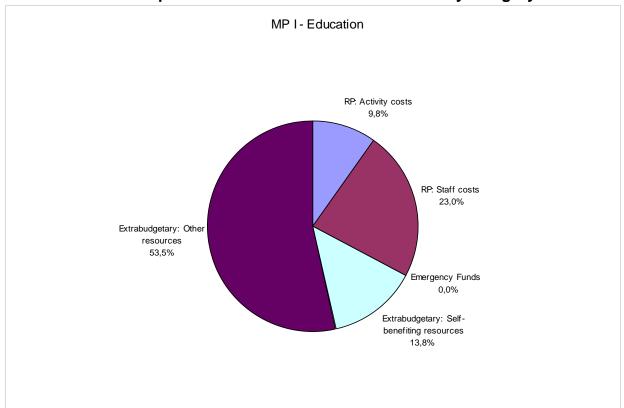
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PROGRESS ACHIEVED BY EXPECTED RESULT

MAJOR PROGRAMME I: EDUCATION

Breakdown of the expenditure incurred over the 6 months by category of funds



MLA 1: Accelerating progress towards Education for All (EFA), in particular at the country level

Expected result 1: National capacities strengthened for policy formulation and planning focusing on promoting the right to quality education and gender equality, and drawing on information and communication technologies

Provision of technical support and capacity development for sector analysis, needs assessments in education policy and planning and promotion of policy dialogue:

- A comprehensive education policy review was conducted in Malaysia, the results of which are informing national policy debate.
- A technical review of the inception phase for the Comprehensive Education Sector Review in Myanmar was carried out. Capacity needs assessments, resulting in comprehensive capacity development plans in educational planning were completed in Mauritania and Tanzania.
- A sector planning simulation model in the context of GPE was prepared and used in DRC.
 Capacities in simulation models were strengthened in Saudi Arabia and Burundi.
- National capacities to develop sector-wide EMIS and carry out education sector analyses were strengthened in the countries of the Southern African Development Community (SADC). EMIS supported in Senegal, Zimbabwe and Haiti.

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- Generic policy and planning tools to inform national policies were developed: UNESCO
 OpenEMIS was pilot tested; the user manual of Education Policy and Strategy Simulation
 model finalized; Capacity Needs Assessment Methodology Framework in Educational Planning
 and Management technically finalized based on results from in-country pilots.
- Technical support was also provided to key partners, such as GPE in preparation of new guidelines and UNRWA for a Monitoring and Evaluation framework and a teacher simulation model.

Provision of technical backstopping to education in PCPD contexts:

- Technical backstopping, including resource mobilization, was provided for Lebanon, Jordan, Liberia, Egypt and Libya. The response to the crisis in Syria included contingency planning and the development of a Mid-Term Review of the Regional Response Plan for Syria and a Rapid Needs Assessment in Jordan;
- In South Sudan, the costing of the sub-sector education plan is currently under review. An induction course on education planning was designed;-
- In Afghanistan, 400 provincial planners were trained on the development of operational plans.

Promotion of ICTs in Education

- Three Member States were supported in the implementation of innovative programmes on ICTs in education. In Malaysia, following a policy review, recommendations on ICTs in education policy and a Master Plan were released. Antigua and Trinidad & Tobago were supported in developing and implementing national ICTs in Education Policies and Master Plans.
- Two series of studies covering five regions were produced on mobile learning and learning policies and the use of mobile technologies to support teachers.

Expected result 2: National capacities strengthened to plan, manage and scale up gendersensitive, quality literacy and non-formal education policies and programmes

Support to global coordination of international literacy initiatives:

 Preparations for the final evaluation of the United Nations Literacy Decade (UNLD) have started. Responses were received from 123 Member States to the joint questionnaire on the Sixth International Conference on Adult Education (CONFINTEA VI) and UNLD, and being analyzed. The mid-term evaluation report of the Literacy Initiative for Empowerment (LIFE) was finalized.

Support to the development of literacy policies and scaling up of literacy programmes:

- Advocacy resulted in new literacy policy frameworks in Cameroon, Central African Republic and Chad. Chad has prioritized literacy and non-formal education within the country's transitional Education strategy for the coming three years. The national strategies are endorsed in Iraq, and a new non-formal education act is being drafted in Bangladesh. In Kenya, a review of adult education policy was initiated;
- Policy makers in Bolivia, Columbia, Ecuador, Lebanon and Venezuela were trained to incorporate intercultural and gender approaches in their policy frameworks.
- UNESCO is providing technical support to Nigeria to significantly redress illiteracy in the next three years. A national strategic framework was developed to this end.

 UNESCO continues to work with about twelve countries to scale-up literacy programmes, for example through mobile based literacy programme in Pakistan and 125 pilot community learning centres (CLCs) in Iraq.

Support to the development of curriculum frameworks and literacy materials:

- Functional literacy materials are being developed for South Sudan and literacy textbooks in Iraq. Parenting education materials have been adapted in six countries in Asia-Pacific:
- The content and process of literacy instruction is reviewed and improved in Indonesia and Nepal, where CLC facilitators are trained in pedagogy of adult learning;
- Support was provided for the development of literacy and non-formal education teachers training guide in Togo;

Strengthening capacities to monitor the quality of learning:

- A multi-country research project on measuring literacy learning outcomes (RAMAA) in Africa
 has resulted in the development of assessment tools in multi-lingual environments in Burkina
 Faso, Mali and Senegal;
- The assessment of the Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme (LAMP) will be published in 2012 and its implementation has started in the "second wave" of countries such as Afghanistan, Jamaica, Lao PDR, and Namibia.

Expected result 3: National capacities strengthened to develop and implement teacher policies, with particular emphasis on quality and gender issues

Support to teacher training and professional development through diagnosis and evidence-based teacher policy development:

- UNESCO supported countries to carry out needs assessments, based on which teacher
 policies and professional development plans are developed: new diagnostic studies were
 launched in Guinea, Mozambique and Uganda; diagnostic studies in Benin, Burundi, Lesotho
 and Mali were completed and teacher policies are being developed; in Central Africa Republic,
 revised teacher training programmes were validated; Cambodia and Malaysia are reviewing
 their national teacher policy. Support to the development of national and regional qualification
 frameworks for teachers is being provided through capacity development workshops for some
 15 African countries. In Asia and the Pacific, Ministries of Education were supported to develop
 ICT Competency Standards for Teachers;
- In support of a Regional Strategy on Teachers, a regional report on "Background and Criteria for the Development of Teaching Policies in Latin America and the Caribbean" was completed. The report provides a comprehensive review of 14 countries;
- With UNESCO's support, five countries in Africa have started developing or revising their national teacher policy framework.

Application of ICT innovations to enhance quality of teaching:

- Adopted at the World Open Educational Resources (OER) Congress (Paris, 22 June), the 2012
 Paris OER Declaration, calls for publicly-funded educational materials, adaptation of OER for
 diverse contexts, and support for capacity development;
- In Namibia, a review of the Open Distance Learning (ODL) and ICTs in Education policies was conducted, with special focus on teacher professional development;

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• In Asia-Pacific, training modules were developed to strengthen national capacities to adapt ICT-Competency Framework for Teachers for national contexts.

Institutional capacity development for teacher training institutions:

 In Africa and Latin America, the knowledge base and capacity of teachers in curriculum development was supported through face-to-face and distance learning with participants from 11 countries. IICBA supported teacher training institutions for the revision of their courses and the introduction of new topics such as ICTs.

Expected result 4: Capacities in Member States strengthened and comprehensive and evidence-based policies for technical and vocational education and training developed, and assistance provided for their implementation

Policy advice provided and national capacities developed (core area 1):

- UNESCO obtained government endorsement for its policy reviews in El Salvador, Cambodia and Lao PDR and started follow-up actions.
- Policy dialogue, following-up on policy reviews, was supported in Malawi and Benin through new CapEFA programmes and the G20 process in partnership with ILO;
- UNESCO is facilitating national dialogue and strengthening national capacities for TVET policy in Afghanistan, Madagascar and Côte d'Ivoire through the CapEFA programme. UNESCO has thus reached 8 Member States through policy reviews. UNESCO has provided TVET policy advice, stimulated policy dialogue and capacity enhancement in Bangladesh, Timor-Leste, Pakistan, Malaysia, Algeria and Sudan;
- Country ownership of the Republic of Korea-funded BEAR project was enhanced through validation workshops held in five countries. Operational support was provided to the development of entrepreneurial education in Iraq, to training of trainers and the development of competency standards in Turkey and to rural (Community learning Centers) CLSs in China resulting in the identification of 18 rural CLCs that demonstrate effective ways of serving rural populations.

Conceptual clarification and improvement in the monitoring of TVET (core area 2):

- In cooperation with partners, UNESCO adapted international approaches to regional contexts and is supporting the improvement of information systems. This involved a regional study on statistical information systems for TVET in 12 countries in LAC. In Africa, UNESCO and ADEA are jointly supporting the development of regional TVET indicators;
- At country level, information systems were strengthened (e.g. in Madagascar and Côte d'Ivoire) and frameworks for monitoring and evaluation of TVET systems and policy innovations enhanced in eight countries.

Clearing house functions and informing the global TVET debate (core area 3):

UNESCO organized the 3rd International Congress on TVET (Shanghai, 14-16 May 2012) which led to the adoption of the 'Shanghai Consensus (see above). Two successful preparatory regional meetings were held in Oman and in Jamaica, and the outcomes were shared in Shanghai. Two successful post-Congress events took place: The first, organized with NORRAG, discussed the role of TVET in the post-2015 international agenda. The second, organized with Microsoft, looked at policy and operational options for introducing and using ICT in TVET.

 UNEVOC contributed to three thematic debates in the Congress on strengthening the UNEVOC network, greening TVET and teacher education. UNEVOC organized an Online Conference on TVET in PCPD situations and on TVET Teacher Education. The UNEVOC website was redesigned and recorded a 23 % increase in visitors.

MLA 2: Building quality inclusive education system

Expected result 5: Basic education, including early childhood care and education, policies, programmes and practices improved in Member States, strengthening quality, equity, inclusion and gender equality

Support to Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE):

- As a follow-up to the World Conference on ECCE, UNESCO, in collaboration with partners, has achieved progress on the development of the Holistic Early Childhood Development Index (HECDI). A list of potential indicators relating to policy, laws, services, programmes, and child outcomes were compiled.
- The Global Action Week on EFA (April 2012) was celebrated around the world to promote ECCE. Innovative ideas on ways to deliver ECCE through mobile technology were sought through the EFA Crowdsourcing Challenge.
- UNESCO is supporting the development of national strategies for ECCE (e.g. Yemen and Sudan). The policy for ECCE has been finalized in Cambodia and implementation has started.
- SITEAL (Sistema de informacion Sobre Tendencias Educativas en America Latina) is preparing an information system for early childhood covering 19 countries Latin America with comprehensive information on regulations, policies, and programme for children.

Improving the quality of education:

- The generic version of the General Education Quality Diagnosis/Analysis and Monitoring Framework (GEQAF) is now available in four languages. The first piloting was conducted in India. Consultations are ongoing with Nigeria, South Africa and UAE for further piloting.
- UNESCO has finalized a review and a survey on learning assessments in Asia-Pacific.
- The programme for Postgraduate Diploma in Curriculum Design and Development is ongoing.
 It develops national capacities to implement the Basic Education for Africa Programme (BEAP).
 56 education professionals from 14 countries are enrolled.
- In Africa, partnerships have been mobilized for the improvement of Science and Mathematics Education in Sahel countries. A report compiling 14 country cases in mathematics education was published. In Iraq, teacher educators were trained on the methodology of developing competency standards for math and science.

Promotion of education for inclusion and equity:

- The 2011 UNESCO/Emir of Kuwait Prize for the Promotion of Quality Education for Persons
 with Intellectual Disability was awarded in February 2012 and provided the opportunity to
 promote the right to inclusive education for persons with disabilities.
- A technical guide was prepared to assess education systems to address exclusion. Success stories of seven countries of the Arab region on EFA and inclusive education were compiled for

advocacy. The regional information system for Inclusive Education in Latin America is being implemented in eight countries.

Expected result 6: Capacities in member States strengthened to ensure more equitable access to quality higher education and research, including through innovative modes of provision

Support to the development of quality assurance (QA) systems and accountability tools:

- Capacities of national accreditation agencies were strengthened through the Global Initiative in Quality Assurance and Capacity Building (GIQAC). QA policy dialogue was facilitated at regional level and face-to-face training and IIEP e- courses were provided.
- Technical assistance was provided to Member States to develop quality assurance systems:
 e.g. Cambodia, for the development of indicators on minimum standards for accreditation at
 higher education institutions (HEIs); Senegal, for the establishment of the National Agency for
 Quality Assurance and a database of QA mechanisms at HEIs; Viet Nam for the development
 of a QA framework.

Fostering global policy debates on critical issues in higher education:

- Preparations have started for several global and regional fora: a global forum on graduate employability; three regional conferences in Africa on policies and practices in QA; and the Second Caribbean Conference on Higher Education.
- The Sector is improving the management of the UNITWIN/UNESCO Chairs Programme to involve all Programme Sectors more strategically and improve efficiency. The structure of the UNITWIN database was updated to better serve as a monitoring tool.

Support to scaling-up access to quality higher education:

- Support is being provided to the West African Economic and Monetary Union countries to integrate ICTs in Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and to develop an action plan to create a pole of excellence in technology. UNESCO is piloting a gender & leadership programme in universities in the Gambia, Ghana and Liberia.
- UNESCO provided support to analyze priorities for enhancing higher education in Morocco. This will serve as a model for Algeria and Tunisia.

Promotion and monitoring of normative instruments:

- UNESCO continues to monitor the implementation of the 1993 Recommendation via the Regional Conventions. The revised Asia-Pacific Convention was finalized for distribution and UNESCO set up a technical working group to assist countries in implementing it.
- A feasibility study for a possible global recognition convention was launched and a draft questionnaire was distributed to all stakeholders.

MLA 3: Supporting education system response to contemporary challenges for sustainable development and a culture of peace and non-violence

Expected result 7: Capacities in Member States strengthened to integrate a holistic vision of education for sustainable development, including climate change education and education for disaster preparedness and risk reduction, into educational policies, and development plans and programmes

Advocating, coordinating and monitoring the UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development (DESD):

- UNESCO ensured that ESD had a strong presence at the UN Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20). UNESCO's side event, co-organized with Sweden and Japan, highlighted ESD's potential to transform education and ESD as one of the key priorities for advancing towards sustainable development.
- With UN partners, UNESCO supported a higher education (HE) sustainability initiative, launched by the Executive Coordinator of Rio+20. Higher education institutions were invited to sign up to the declaration on higher education and sustainable development.
- UNESCO published the 2012 Report on the DESD "Shaping the Education of Tomorrow".
- In southern Africa, technical support is provided, in cooperation with UNU, to develop two Regional Centres of Expertise to deliver ESD to local and regional communities.

Provision of technical support for the development of policies and plans on climate change education and to address biodiversity and disaster preparedness:

- Capacity development on climate change education (CCE) is underway in two pilot countries in Africa, including programmes for policy makers and teacher educators.
- A policy review workshop was carried out using the "ESD Lens" policy review tool in Jakarta covering Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines and Timor Leste.
- Together with UNICEF, UNESCO mapped the integration of disaster risk reduction in curricula in 30 countries.

Promotion of innovative learning and teaching to address climate change, biodiversity and disaster preparedness:

- A 6-day course on CCE for secondary-school teachers was developed and tested by teacher education institutions in 9 countries. Training on ESD and CCE was provided to media professionals and institutions in Mali, Namibia, Senegal, South Africa and Viet Nam.
- Regional working groups have formed as a result of the 7th meeting of the International Network of Teacher Education Institutions for ESD, which UNESCO organized together with York University, Toronto, Canada, with 90 participants from 40 countries.
- UNESCO organized an International Biodiversity Learning Workshop (Paris, May 2012) targeting ASPnet teachers, which led to commitments for follow-up activities.
- UNESCO set up an e-network on CCE in the Caribbean. It disseminates resources and strengthens the capacity of teacher training institutions.

Expected result 8: Good quality comprehensive HIV and sexuality education delivered by Member States, promoting healthy lifestyles, gender equality and human rights

Capacity development for effective and sustainable education responses to HIV:

- The Global Progress Survey on Education Sector Engagement in National AIDS Responses was produced, identifying capacity gaps and priority areas of intervention.
- Capacity development activities were implemented targeting teachers and educators: e.g., in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan, 300 educators were trained, expected to reach out to 13,000 students; In Cameroon, 581 trainers reached more than 4,000 teachers.
- Technical support was provided to Uzbekistan for the new National Strategic Programme to fight HIV; Cambodia revised the life skills curriculum on HIV preventive education; and Ukraine developed teacher training modules.

Strengthening comprehensive HIV and sexuality education (CSE):

- An International Technical Consultation on Scaling-up Comprehensive Sexuality Education (Paris, March 2012), resulted in a publication that provides policy makers with a conceptual framework and strategies for scaling up school-based CSE. In East and Southern Africa, UNESCO continued to strengthen political commitment for CSE promoting ministerial commitment. In Eastern Europe and Central Asia, advocacy efforts focused on sensitizing parents and young people's awareness to the importance of CSE;
- A toolkit for designing CSE curricula was developed and CSE curricula were reviewed in 15 countries. Capacities of curriculum developers to prepare sexuality education curricula were enhanced, e.g. in Africa, 153 participants from 15 countries were reached.

Advancing gender equality and protecting human rights:

- A booklet on Good Policy and Practice on gender, HIV and education was published.
- Technical support was provided to countries to meet the needs of key affected populations.
 Work included the publication of a guidance document the first of its kind to analyse educational experiences of young people living with HIV. In Southern Africa, UNESCO with partners developed materials to reduce stigma.
- UNESCO addressed homophobic bullying through publications, research and events (e.g. the
 publication on Education Sector Responses to Homophobic Bullying; an online survey on
 homophobic bullying in China, the results of which were used for advocacy events reaching
 300 people directly and a further 20,000 through media).
- Five countries in Africa are using UNESCO and ILO's Practical Recommendations to develop national HIV policies in the Education Sector. 13 countries in Africa identified priority areas for workplace policy formulation and support of teachers living with HIV.

Expected result 9: Education for global citizenship, with emphasis on universal values based on peace, mutual understanding and respect for human dignity, integrated into education policies, plan and programmes

International coordination in monitoring, evaluation & technical assistance:

 UNESCO, as co-chair of the World Programme for Human Rights, is contributing to the progress report of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights on the national implementation of the programme to be submitted to the 21st session of the Human Rights Council. This will allow the Sector to measure the number of countries that have integrated global citizenship-related components in national policies. To date 44 countries have submitted reports. • UNESCO is promoting inter-agency cooperation and increased synergies with partners as a member of the International Contact Group on Human Rights and Citizenship Education.

Support for curriculum development for Education for Peace, Global Citizenship:

- The ED Sector, including through IIEP and IBE, is strengthening national capacities in curriculum reform with a focus on peace and human rights education in South Sudan.
- Technical support is being provided to 15 ECOWAS countries by preparing modules on education for peace, citizenship and democracy for teacher training institutions.
- UNESCO is developing a DVD compiling resources on textbooks and learning media to contribute to a toolkit about revision of curricula, school textbooks and other learning materials to remove cultural, religious and gender-biased stereotypes.

Education to counter discrimination:

- UNESCO, together with Brazil and USA, launched the Teaching Respect for All project in January 2012 in order to elaborate tools to address issues related to anti-racism and tolerance in education. An initial study on typologies of discrimination and education was conducted and a mapping of existing material and practices is underway.
- Progress was made concerning the programme of education for Holocaust remembrance. A
 conference on international perspectives in Holocaust education was organized on Holocaust
 Memorial Day (31 January).

Promotion of ASPnet in underserved regions:

 UNESCO is promoting ASPnet, with 308 new institutions having become members of the Network in 2012 (89 schools in Africa and 20 in Arab region). This represents a 4% increase in ASPnet presence in underserved regions.

MLA 4: Reinforcing leadership for Education for All (EFA) through advocacy, partnerships and monitoring

Expected result 10: Political and financial commitment mobilized at the global, regional and national levels towards the achievement of EFA and monitoring mechanisms of EFA strengthened

Reinforcing coordination and mobilizing global, regional & national commitments for EFA:

- Within the framework of the reformed coordination mechanism, a first meeting of the EFA
 Steering Committee was held, bringing together 18 representatives of all EFA constituencies
 (Paris, June 2012). Agreements were reached on the role and working modalities of the
 Steering Committee, the further development of a road map towards 2015 and the key
 outcomes of the 2012 Global EFA Meeting (GEM) to be held in November.
- The Sector prepared inputs to the UN's Task Team for the post-2015 development agenda and ensured that education was duly integrated in the Task Team report to the Secretary-General.
- Preparatory work for the 6th meeting of the Collective Consultation of NGOs on EFA (October 2012) is underway including extensive consultation of all 250 members.
- UNESCO has continued its active support to the Global Partnership for Education (GPE) both
 as a member of the Board of Directors and by contributing to different processes. UIS is a
 substantial partner in providing education data, and IIEP contributes to the development of
 guidelines for education planning in fragile states.

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 EFA issues were addressed at high level by global and regional institutions: the new Global Initiative "Education First" by the Secretary-General of the UN will be launched in September; in Africa, Conference of Ministers of Education of the African Union (COMEDAF V) discussed equity and quality in basic education; and in Asia and the Pacific, a high-level expert meeting "Towards EFA 2015 and Beyond" was held.

Increased support to EFA from traditional and non-traditional partners, including emerging donors, private sector, foundations and innovative financing sources:

- The UNESCO Advisory Panel report on Debt Swaps and Debt Conversion Bonds was well
 received at the meeting of the Leading Group on Innovative Financing. A mapping of possible
 pilot countries for these debt swaps and a feasibility study are underway.
- The Director-General held a consultation meeting on the margins of the Education World Forum with representatives of the private sector to discuss the establishment of a Global Alliance of Corporate Partners for Education (London, January 2012).
- Emerging donors have reinforced their support to EFA activities. The Republic of Korea is supporting EFA activities in Asia and the Pacific, and India hosted the 4th International Policy Dialogue Forum on Teachers for EFA and a meeting of E-9 Countries on teachers in May 2012.

Expected result 11: Global and national commitment to education for girls and women strengthened through advocacy and appropriate multi-stakeholder partnerships

Raising awareness on the importance of girls and women's education through organization of key global events:

- A side event on education for rural women and girls was organized on the occasion of the 56th Session of the Commission on the Status of Women (New York, February 2012).
- The first World Atlas of Gender Equality in Education was launched on International Women's Day. The interactive electronic version ("eAtlas") is available online.
- The 3rd International Congress on TVET looked at ways to promote gender equality and inclusion of girls and women in and through TVET (Shanghai, May 2012).
- The 1st anniversary of the Global Partnership for Girls' and Women's Education (hereafter Global Partnership) was celebrated with a high-level panel discussion, presenting key achievements and reaffirming commitment towards girls and women's education (Paris, May 2012).

Strengthening partnerships:

- Efforts were made to identify new partners and to expand partnerships with the private sector
 within the framework of the Global Partnership. For example, UNESCO signed an agreement
 with UN Women and a MoU with the Barefoot College. Discussions are held with potential new
 partners such as Enel Green Power, and with existing partners to expand cooperation such as
 Procter & Gamble.
- In Africa, UNESCO collaborates with the Islamic Development Bank and UN Women; in the Arab Region, with the Office of Italian Cooperation for Development; in Asia-Pacific region, UNESCO works to raise public awareness around gender equality in education through UNGEI and GENIA; andin LAC, UNESCO collaborates with UN Women and other UN agencies to establish a Regional Interagency Group.

Expected result 12: Education stakeholders informed through research and foresight studies on emerging trends and challenges in education

Rethinking Education in a changing world:

• Seven Occasional Papers have been prepared by the Sector: The Challenges of Creativity (in press); Beyond the Conceptual Maze; The notion of quality in education (in press); Desire and Doubt: Driving forces of creativity and rationality (in press); Sustainable Development and the Knowledge Society (draft); Perspectives for the Future of Education (draft). Two other Occasional Papers were prepared as part of the process to revisit one of UNESCO's landmark publications 'Learning: The treasure within'.

Contributing to shaping the Post-2015 international education agenda:

- UNESCO prepared two think pieces: "Education and Skills Beyond 2015" for the UN Task Team on post-2015 development agenda; and "Reflections on an International Education Agenda Beyond 2015".
- UNESCO participated in or organized the following consultations: NORRAG-UNDP international consultation on "Post 2015 Politics and Foresight" (Geneva, 1 June 2012), where UNESCO played a key role as co-facilitator; UNESCO-NORRAG brainstorming session organized following the 3rd World Congress on TVET on "Beyond 2015: Perspectives for the role of TVET and skills development in the international development agenda"; and the UNESCO Regional Asia-Pacific high-level experts' meeting, "Towards 2015 and Beyond: Shaping a new vision of education" (Bangkok, 9-11 May 2012). One of the outcomes of the regional meeting is a forward-looking analysis, "Emerging Development Challenges and Implications for Education in the Asia-Pacific Region", that is currently being drafted.

Global priority Africa

Support for the African Union's (AU) Second Decade for Education Plan of Action

- UNESCO led the review of the AU's 2012 MDG report on education, at the request from the United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA),.
- UNESCO led the process for adopting the Pan-African Conference on Teacher Development (PACTED) Roadmap and the monitoring and evaluation framework that was included in the resolutions of the Conference of Ministers of Education of the African Union (COMEDAF V).
- In joint efforts with UN partners, seven priority areas of support were incorporated in the Regional Coordination Mechanism (RCM) Education Business Plan for 2012-2013 which was merged with the Youth Development Plan.

Support for countries to adopt quality education framework on teachers, competency-based curriculum and learning outcomes

- In the Sahel and ECOWAS regions, support was provided to develop a regional ECCE index, through the identification of indicators to measure learning achievements.
- With a view to developing countries' capacities to implement the Basic Education for Africa Programme (BEAP), the first cohort of trainees for the Postgraduate Diploma in Curriculum Design and Development is expected to complete the training in July 2012.
- UNESCO launched the development of the National and Regional Qualifications Frameworks for teachers in 11 countries in West, Central and East Africa.

Support for the definition and adoption of TVET Regional Qualification Frameworks

- The 4th Inter-Agency Task Team (IATT) consultative meeting was held to identify the guidelines for developing National/Regional Qualifications Frameworks in ECOWAS.
- The IATT is now included in the ADEA process and ensures joint planning between ADEA, UNESCO and other partners in TVET.

Global Priority Gender Equality – Gender Equality Action Plan (GEAP) 2008-2013:

National capacities strengthened in designing and managing literacy policies and programmes targeting women and girls

- More than 10 countries were supported in developing or reviewing gender-responsive policies
 for literacy and non-formal education: e.g. in Latin America, Bolivia, Columbia, Ecuador and
 Venezuela incorporated gender into literacy policies. A thematic study on 'Mobile Phone
 Literacy: Empowering Women and Girls' was undertaken. Two other studies on the same topic
 mainstream and address gender equality concerns.
- Within the framework of the Global Partnership for Girls and Women's education, projects are being implemented in five countries in Africa focusing on girls and women's education and literacy, with support from various donors such as Procter & Gamble, the Packard Foundation, and GEMS education. For example in Senegal, the projects aim to reach 40,000 young girls and women. So far, 163 classes have opened and 200 teachers and facilitators have been trained on using ICTs.

Teachers better trained in gender-sensitive teaching and learning approaches

• The draft of the *Guide for Gender Mainstreaming in Teacher Training Institutions* was developed and pilot testing will begin soon. In Asia-Pacific, an e-course is being developed to strengthen national capacities to promote gender-responsive education practices.

Quality of secondary education enhanced to expand equal access and retention

- Research on the situation of girls in secondary education was carried out to document success stories and best practices in order to inform policy. The French version of a guidebook on textbook research and revision was produced. Work was undertaken to ensure that educational contents are free from gender stereotypes. For example, in Bangladesh, gender- responsive curricula and training materials were developed; some 450 curriculum and textbook developers, teacher trainers and secondary school teachers were trained in their use.
- Research on Gender-Based Violence (GBV) was also undertaken in order to inform responses through education (e.g. DRC, Lebanon). In South Africa, UNESCO worked with UN Women on eliminating GBV in schools using mobile gaming technology.

TVET policies reviewed to ensure skills acquisition for employment for girls and boys

• The Third International Congress on TVET highlighted gender equality issues during a special session on Women and TVET where the findings of the related online UNEVOC consultation were presented. The TVET policy in Zanzibar was reviewed and the plan of action on Tanzania was developed, so that they become gender-responsive. UNESCO is leading research on gender and TVET to inform policies and strategies. A situation analysis on girls, TVET, and employment opportunities is underway.

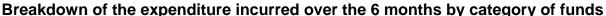
National capacities strengthened to prepare and manage education sector plans and policies that are gender-sensitive and assure equitable access to education

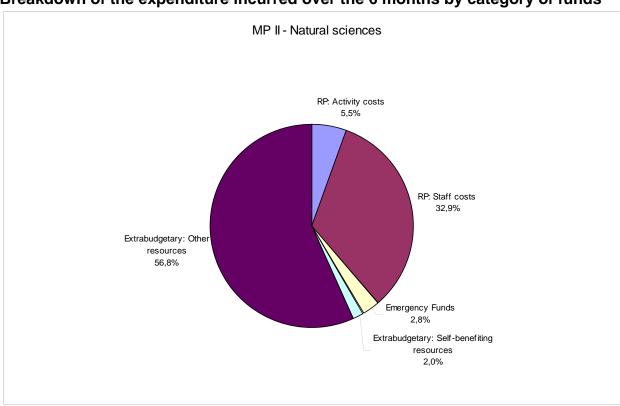
 Emphasis was placed on mainstreaming gender in policy review and thematic studies. In Malaysia, gender was mainstreamed in the review of the policy on ICTs in education. In Africa, national capacities to develop sector-wide EMIS with sex-disaggregated data were strengthened. In Central Asia, a sub-regional group was established on gender-responsive education, in an effort to strengthen national capacities in planning and the use of EMIS for policy formulation. A study on Roma children is being finalized which will guide countries in developing and/or strengthening intercultural policies and programmes that are gender-sensitive.

Education systems responses to HIV and AIDS are gender-sensitive

- 21 Member States received support for HIV and AIDS education that is gender-sensitive.
- Gender is mainstreamed in all the work and material related to HIV and AIDS: e.g. a booklet on Good Policy and Practice in HIV and Education and Gender was finalized.

MAJOR PROGRAMME II: NATURAL SCIENCES





MLA 1: Promoting STI policies and access to knowledge

Expected Result 1: Strengthened and self-driven national STI systems and policies developed

- Guidelines and recommendations for the development and strengthening of STI systems at
 national and regional levels, and for the design of STI policies, have been elaborated (Nairobi,
 April 2012) and through regular bilateral consultations with countries such as Botswana,
 Namibia, Senegal, Tanzania, Togo and Zimbabwe where UNESCO is assisting Member States
 via extrabudgetary funds in the development of national policies.
- Best practices in STI policy in developing countries were exchanged through a training activity organized in Kuala Lumpur, in June 2012 for policy-makers.

Expected Result 2: Culture of innovation enhanced through national, regional and local innovation systems, science parks and technology business incubators

- The culture of innovation and entrepreneurship was enhanced through an international training workshop for selected small and medium enterprise managers (Republic of Korea, May 2012), as well as through an Engineering and Science Fair (Cairo, March 2012). These activities were organized in partnership with specialized agencies working in this field, as well as the private sector.
- The expected result has been partly achieved in terms of providing assistance for the development of science parks (Congo).

Expected Result 3: Global STI monitoring strengthened through improved monitoring, assessments and information sharing.

• Fundraising is being carried out to prepare for subsequent implementation.

Challenges: The development of science policy and reform programmes implies broad consultations and diverse expertise due to the transversal and multidisciplinary nature of science policy. It is a slow process especially in countries which do not yet have the operational institutional structures to design and monitor their STI policy. A viable solution to face this challenge is to ensure the development of sustainable training programmes in STI policies in higher education institutions for mangers of STI systems through strengthened university networking and collaboration with partners such UNU-Merit, ISTIC, OECD, WIPO and WTO. The creation of this national capacity would make the work of UNESCO more sustainable and would allow the training of different stakeholders at national and regional level. A good example is the training of the Parliamentarian STI Commission in Africa that is delayed due to the lack of funds. To raise funds for national capacity-building in STI policies and related instruments, extrabudgetary proposals have been drafted and are being negotiated with partners.

MLA 2: Building capacities in the basic sciences, including through the International Basic Sciences Programme (IBSP), in engineering and for the use of renewable energy

Expected Result 4: Innovative interdisciplinary science and engineering curricula developed, including in such fields as renewable energy

- UEI visibility events included the International Women's Day workshop on Women in Engineering, organized at UNESCO Headquarters together with WFEO.
- Concerning SED, the Framework Paper for "Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Education" in the Context of Education for Sustainable Development in Universities in Asia and the Pacific was adopted and used for assessments of the state of science education in several Asian Member States within the COMPETENCE project and Connect-Asia network.

Expected Result 5: Institutional research capacity strengthened through networked centres of excellence, South-South and North-South partnerships and university-industry alliances

- A new Roadmap setting up strategic direction and objectives of the Human Variome Project (HVP) for 2012-2016 was adopted by the HVP Conference hosted by UNESCO in June 2012.
 Topics included the role of a HVP Ethics Committee, initiatives in education and skills development through inter-institutional exchange and triangular N-S-S collaboration.
- Regional scientific cooperation between nine South Eastern Europe (SEE) countries was further reinforced through the establishment of the Phytochemistry and Chemistry of Natural

Products for Green and Sustainable Growth network (SEE-PhytoChemNet.network) which held the meeting of its Regional Steering Committee in May 2012.

Expected Result 6: Member States' capacities strengthened to develop models for enhancing student research leadership and career mentoring for young researchers, through university networks and professional societies, in particular for developing countries

- Physics teachers were trained in Active Learning in Optics and Photonics at a workshop in Carthage, Tunisia in March 2012.
- Within the scope of the project "UNESCO Biotechnology School in Asia", academic consortia were created in Japan, Indonesia, the Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam, each consortium comprising several universities.

Challenges: Strong foundations for progress on the Cross-Cutting Thematic Units (CCTUs) for Science Education (SED) and the UNESCO Engineering Initiative (UEI) have been put in place despite the challenges of a freeze on the senior posts to head the units and almost no RP funds. For SED this has been possible through collaboration between IBSP, ICTP and the Education Sector, while for the UEI, external partnerships with the major engineering federations have been strengthened (e.g. with WFEO) or initiated, for example with the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), thus enabling future collaborations for teacher training in innovative science teaching and the application of engineering, science and mathematics concepts. Concurrently, major resource mobilization efforts are underway with the private sector. Numerous universities have contacted UNESCO eager to collaborate under these initiatives.

MLA 3: Mobilizing broad-based participation in STI

Expected Result 7: Public awareness of science, technology and engineering raised and STI policy agendas developed with civil society, including women and youth

- The Africa STI Forum assembled scientists, including young scientists, policy-makers and youth associations in Nairobi in April to highlight the role of STI in propelling sustainable and inclusive development in Africa.
- Five women scientists and fifteen promising young women scientists received the l'Oreal/UNESCO Awards "For Women in Science". The Awards Ceremony attracted high media visibility. An event on "Women in Science for Sustainable Development" was held at the STI for Sustainable Development Forum, as a contribution to the UNCSD.

Expected Result 8: Local and indigenous knowledge-driven sustainable development policies and actions developed, and appropriate support provided for implementation at global, regional and local levels

- With support from the Government of Denmark, UNESCO organized the panel on Indigenous Knowledge and Sustainable Futures at the "Planet Under Pressure" Conference (March, London), as well as the plenary session on Indigenous Knowledge and Science at the "STI for Sustainable Development" Forum (13 June, Rio de Janeiro).
- A consultation with indigenous peoples on the impacts of climate engineering, which provided the basis for an information document of the Convention on Biological Diversity's (CBD) Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice, was conducted by the Danish-funded Climate Frontlines Forum jointly with the CBD. The Climate Frontlines network was expanded to include community-based projects in the Federated States of Micronesia and Malaysia, compilation of data on indigenous knowledge for hydro-meteorological hazard risk

reduction in Indonesia, Philippines and Timor-Leste, and piloting in Nicaraguan schools of pedagogical materials to reinforce indigenous Mayangna knowledge and language, supported by the Royal Embassy of Norway.

Expected Result 9: Vulnerabilities of Small Island Developing States (SIDS) addressed through science policy, practice and education

- With support from the Government of Denmark, the Spanish version of the second edition of the Sandwatch manual was published in May and widely distributed. Development of the Sandwatch database progressed to the trial stage, and an initial trial completed, while a second trial is now underway.
- Projects within "Youth Visioning for Island Living" have been selected and partners have been identified in Jamaica and Mauritius.
- Posters on Pacific Islander knowledge and sustainable development have been prepared and printed in five Pacific languages (Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu) and will soon be dispatched to the concerned countries and distributed to local schools.

Expected Result 10: Peace-building enhanced through diplomacy and cooperation in the field of science.

- Fundraising is being carried out to prepare for subsequent implementation.
- under ER 16, the "From Potential Conflict to Cooperation Potential" (PCCP) programme has begun an M.Sc. programme in water conflict management in collaboration with UNESCO-IHE and the category 2 centre HELP in Dundee, UK, with an initial eight students.
- Also under ER 16, at the sixth WWF, PCCP, IHP and WWAP coordinated the action line "Contribute to cooperation and peace through water". Debate was facilitated between 70 institutions and resulted in 100 identified solutions and a number of commitments from participating entities.

Challenges: The funding shortfall led to a slowdown of several UNESCO commitments under this MLA: arrangements made for a planned sub-regional Pacific STI dialogue were postponed to November 2012; work on a UNESCO Policy on Engaging with Indigenous Peoples has been delayed and reduced in scope (the Latin America and Caribbean region only); the book "Weathering Uncertainty: Traditional Knowledge for Climate Change Assessment and Adaptation" was developed as an on-line publication with a very limited print run; in the framework of the Mayangna project, a training workshop was cancelled and production of preschool materials in the Mayanga language based on Mayanga knowledge was delayed one school year to 2013.

To ensure *cost effectiveness*, missions have been reduced except where Member State support has been received, as in the case for the pre-IPBES workshop in Panama that the Swedish Resilience Centre organised and funded.

MLA 4: UNESCO Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission: strengthening IOC with a view to improving governance and fostering intergovernmental cooperation to manage and protect oceans and coastal zones for the benefit of its Member States

Expected Result 11: Effective end-to-end early warning systems for tsunamis and other sea level related hazards, established by Member States at national and regional levels, including disaster preparedness and mitigation measures

• An international symposium on the Great East Japan Tsunami of 11 March 2011 (Tokyo, February 2012), was co-organized by IOC with Japan and the United Nations University to

examine the lessons learned, consider its policy implications, the importance of preparedness and identify improvements for tsunami warning systems and the role of the mass media and international cooperation. The symposium was attended by 290 physical and social scientists, warning system operators, emergency and response managers, planners, journalists, policyand decision makers.

- After the Regional Tsunami Service Provider (RTSP) operations for the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning System commenced on 12 October 2011, the RTSPs of Australia, India and Indonesia issued their first ocean-wide bulletins on 11 April 2012. In the Mediterranean, France and Turkey will start interim provision of tsunami services as of 1 July 2012.
- Tsunami preparedness was promoted in Ecuador, Colombia, Chile, Peru, Nicaragua, Haiti, Indonesia and Philippines through more than ten training courses for school teachers. Anguilla (UK) became the first international TsunamiReady® non USA recognized community through a pilot initiative lead by IOC and NOAA. In the Mediterranean and North-eastern Atlantic, France, Greece, Italy, Portugal and Turkey are implementing or taking steps towards tsunami preparedness programmes.

Expected Result 12: Member States' understanding improved of ocean environment and related processes in the global climate, and skills and national capacities developed for adaptation to climate change impacts

- The Fourth Session of the Joint Technical Commission for Oceanography and Marine Meteorology (May 2012, Yeosu, Republic of Korea) focused on a review of achievements in each of the Commission's programme areas, and adopted a revised structure and workplan for the upcoming intersessional period.
- The implementation level of the Global Ocean Observing System, a major component of the Global Climate Observing System, remained sustained at 60% of its initial implementation goal.
- The IOC was a co-convener of the Second International Symposium on the Effects of Climate Change in the World's Ocean (May 2012, Yeosu).

Expected Result 13: Capacities of Member States improved in ocean sciences and services to monitor, assess and manage marine resources

- Through the Ad hoc Advisory Group for the IOC Ocean Sciences Section, the IOC identified
 four strategic ocean science priorities for the future Medium-term strategy 2014-2021: science
 in support of sustainability of ocean ecosystems in a changing environment; assessing and
 predicting ocean health and variations in ocean goods and services; responding to
 governments' needs in ocean sciences; and science for the unknown sea.
- A regional project on ciguatera and other toxic benthic harmful algal blooms in South-East Asia was launched in May 2012 by GEOHAB (Marine Geological and Biological Habitat Mapping).

Expected Result 14: Capacities of Member States to protect and sustainably use oceans and coastal zones developed

 A work plan for the current biennium as well as elements of the Strategic Plan which to be developed further in the coming months were adopted at the first session of the IOC Sub-Commission for Africa and the Adjacent Island States (IOCAFRICA), held in May 2012 in Nairobi, Kenya.

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- The ninth Session of IOC Sub-Commission for the Western Pacific (WESTPAC) took place in Busan, Republic of Korea, in May 2012.
- Several countries offered to contribute to the IOC Regional Network of Training and Research Centres on Marine Science through the establishment of Regional Training and Research Centres in their domains of focus.

The *challenges* experienced by the IOC remained the broadness of its mandate and requests from Member States vis-à-vis a severely limited activity budget and a staff establishment still lacking all positions needed for programme delivery and coordination. Under the US\$ 465 M budget framework, IOC is moving towards a stricter focus on issues of high societal concerns, such as climate change and disaster risk reduction, prioritizing strategic actions that reflect IOC's unique mandate within the UN system, including marine scientific research and transfer of marine technology, and making use of different mechanisms and partnerships for implementation. In this light, direct contributions by Member States to support technically the activities of the IOC of global and regional scope appear essential to programme implementation. The 45th session of the IOC Executive Council (Paris, 26–28 June 2012) adopted a Priority Funding Plan for 2012–2013.

Cost effectiveness/efficiency measures: Measures initiated in 2011 were strengthened: internal coordination, cost efficiency (e.g., elimination of mobile phones), communication and cooperation with the UNESCO field network (especially for administrative processes) and streamlining of subsidiary governance structures. Use of the RP for staff-type contracts was brought virtually to zero. Travel expenditure on the RP was kept within the eight per cent ceiling. Cost-saving measures were put in place, in consultation with IOC Member States, for the organization of the 45th Session of the Executive Council including: (a) much reduced duration of the session with a focused agenda; (b) reduced number and pages of documents, including the conversion of the Action Paper ("pre-report") into an annotated agenda; (c) avoiding the process of submitting draft resolutions during the session; (d) going paper-free using electronic documents; (e) reduced number of staff traveling to the session.

MLA 5: Freshwater systems under stress and societal responses, incorporating the work of the International Hydrological Programme (IHP) and the World Water Assessment Programme (WWAP)

Expected Result 15: Member States supported in building technical and institutional capacities, and policies and mechanisms improved for adaptation to global changes to river basins at the national, regional and global levels, based on the scientific knowledge base

- HELP LinkedIn social network is active and HELP volumes of the Journal of Hydrology and Journal of Hydrologic Environment were published which included case studies from over 30 river basins documenting best practices in IWRM.
- Sedimentation information system was further developed at the International Sediment Initiative (ISI) technical secretariat.
- In collaboration with the category 2 European Regional Centre for Ecohydrology and International Centre for Coastal Ecohydrology, the knowledge base for managing environmental conditions in rivers has been improved through the book *Practical Experiments* Guide for Ecohydrology.

Expected Result 16: World's freshwater resources assessed, notably through the United Nations World Water Development Report, and Member States supported in strengthening policies for water governance, including of shared waters

- Eight new resolutions, including the endorsement of the Strategic Plan for IHP-VIII (2014-2021) and of four new proposed category 2 centres related to water were adopted by the 20th session of the Intergovernmental Council of IHP and the 47th and 48th sessions of the IHP Bureau in June 2012.
- The WWDR4 was launched at the sixth WWF in Marseille. The WWAP has also published one special report, three side publications and seven Stakeholder Briefing Notes.
- Capacities enhanced through new training modules on water and conflict resolution organized by IHP and IHE. An update of the UNESCO/IGRAC Transboundary Aquifers World Map was published. Two thematic papers on the governance of groundwater and the legal aspects of groundwater governance have been prepared by UNESCO in cooperation with FAO, the International Association of Hydrogeologists (IAH), World Bank and international experts.

Expected Result 17: Effective water and sediment management strengthened through improved knowledge base and scientifically sound policy guidance for urban areas, arid and semi-arid zones and groundwater resources and aquifer systems

- Knowledge base enhanced through three new books published in the Urban Water Series.
- Capacities enhanced through a G-WADI workshop for sub-Saharan Africa organized at AGRHYMET, in association with a training workshop on Africa drought monitor for West Africa countries. The Government of Oman approved hosting the secretariat of the Arab G-WADI Network.
- Knowledge base enhanced through the GRAPHIC case study book Climate Change Impacts on Groundwater Resources - A Global Synthesis of Findings and Recommendations published in cooperation with IAH and launched at the sixth WWF.

Expected Result 18: Education capacities for water management reinforced at all levels, especially taking into account Africa and gender equality issues.

- The capacity of educational institutions to deliver IWRM master and training programs was strengthen through an international water education workshop, held in association with the Regional Centre for Integrated River Basin Management.
- Capacities for water education in schools were enhanced via an IHP WET guide in French and the Volga Kit educational materials. A set of tools to teach and learn about freshwater issues was produced as part of ESD intersectoral collaboration and served as a basis for an IHP workshop in Africa. New host institutions for IHP WET-LAC in Colombia and Paraguay.
- The capacities of over 800 African water professionals were strengthened via training within FETWATER II. Representatives of river basin organizations in Africa trained on the UNESCO IWRM guidelines.

Challenges and lessons learned included reduced seed funds for activity implementation which caused delays as well as the suspension of the UNESCO Water e-Newsletter. IHP was able to advance towards the implementation of its expected results by utilizing Emergency Funds and additional resources from external partners. The IHP Secretariat, in coordination with the IHP National Committees, will endeavour to seek extrabudgetary funding to pursue outreach.

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Cost-effectiveness/efficiency measures, other than those related to the statutory meetings, included the temporary cancellation of the Kovacs Colloquium, a scientifically important event which used to precede the IHP Council, a vast reduction in travel costs for participation in WWF, largely paid for from extrabudgetary sources, increased collaboration with external partners, including category 2 centres and UNESCO Chairs, and collaboration with other SC divisions and sectors.

MLA 6: Enabling the application of ecological and earth sciences for sustainability, including through the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme and the International Geoscience Programme (IGCP)

Expected Result 19: Use of biosphere reserves as research and learning platforms for sustainable development broadened, and implementation of the MAB Programme strengthened, including through enhanced exchange of best practices with regional and global networks

- The numbers of new biosphere reserves predicted for inclusion in the WNBR for 2012 and the numbers of MAB Young Scientists Research Grants and the Michel Batisse Award are in line with the expected range of benchmark indicators foreseen.
- The production of five video films has to be negotiated with private sector partners who have indicated interest; achievement of the benchmarks during the biennium will depend on the feasibility of establishing partnerships with those partners within UNESCO rules, procedures and policies.

Expected Result 20: Sciences research, education and capacity-building for sustainable development strengthened, with a particular focus on Africa

- The IGCP 40th anniversary celebrated international geoscience research teams, increasingly collaborating on Earth science questions of special societal relevance, supported by IUGS, the Australian IGCP National Committee, the Swedish Development and Cooperation Agency and China.
- Due to the increasing interest in Member States who have emerging Geopark projects, the need became apparent to further define the role of UNESCO going beyond ad hoc support to the Global Geoparks Network. Consultations with partners and stakeholders resulted in a proposed Executive Board document.
- A fundraising brochure on the Earth Science Education Initiative was prepared with the African Field Offices. All GEO activities have been promoted prominently at recent meetings on Geoparks, natural resources, and international collaboration with the US Geological Survey including an ambassadorial round table organized with the US Delegation on Natural Resources and Natural Hazards.

Expected Result 21: Sustainable and equitable use of biodiversity and ecosystem services strengthened

- The CCTU Biodiversity Initiative's strategic activities included the display of the UNESCO
 Travelling Biodiversity Exhibition at UNCSD and the development of a UNESCO-CBD strategy
 for implementing the joint programme of work on biological and cultural diversity, in addition to
 participation in the on-going process to establish IPBES.
- Fundraising resulted in support for biodiversity public awareness products in SC and for biodiversity education materials within ESD. Other results include reactivation of UNESCO's participation in the Great Apes Survival Partnership and further expansion of the Ocean Biogeographic Information System, now part of IOC's IODE programme.
- Extra-budgetary projects linked to MAB arid lands ecosystem (SUMAMAD with Flemish funding), Coastal and Small Island Biosphere Reserves for Climate Change and Sustainable

Development (financed by Republic of Korea and Spain) contributed to the attainment of this result as did the UNESCO-ICSU Programme on Ecosystem Change and Society and other cooperative research partnerships being implemented with the Stockholm Resilience Centre.

Expected Result 22: Biosphere reserves and natural World Heritage sites integrated, in collaboration with UN-REDD, the clean development mechanism (CDM – Art. 12 of the Kyoto Protocol) and similar climate change mitigation and adaptation financing mechanisms.

 The World Heritage Centre together with MAB has developed a concept note on Confronting Climate Change by Leveraging REDD+ Mitigation Initiatives in Support of UNESCO Site Ecological Connectivity. Potential partners have been identified for funding of related activities and a workshop will be held in August in Costa Rica. Financial constraints have slowed down the speed of progress under this expected result.

Expected Result 23: Management of natural and cultural WH sites enhanced through a network of space science and space technology partners. Consider subsuming this ER into ER 20 or 21.

- Four projects were started with the network of UNESCO space partners, exclusively supported through extrabudgetary funds: space technologies to make an overall assessment of the state of conservation of UNESCO tropical forest World Heritage sites; support with space technologies to the World Heritage nomination of the Silk Route; development of UNESCO-related topics for Eduspace (the European Space Agency educational package); publication and launch in New York of the atlas From Space to Place for World Heritage sites in the Danger List.
- The exhibition Satellites and World Heritage Partners to Understand Climate Change has been on display in Cuernavaca, Mexico; Cape Town, South Africa; Brussels, Leuven and Mons in Belgium.

Expected Result 24: Knowledge base and policies for renewable energy, in particular solar energy, and energy efficiency and sustainable use promoted for the purpose of sustainable development, also targeting resident communities in biosphere reserves as beneficiaries of the solutions found.

- The Government of India is helping to train six women, from Rwanda (4) and Benin (2) in India to promote rural renewable energy resources development at the grass-root level. In Rwanda, trainees will implement in-country activities under the OneUN framework which in turn is expected to be used to raise funds and to create Community Empowerment Centres.
- As a contribution to 2012 International Year for Sustainable Energy for All, a round table conference was organised in Moscow with support of the Russian Ministry of Energy and the International Sustainable Energy Development Centre.

Challenges and lessons learnt. Thanks to the provision of financial resources under the Emergency Fund it was possible to maintain statutory meetings of the MAB Programme, i.e. the 18th meeting of the International Advisory Committee for Biosphere Reserves (UNESCO Headquarters, April 2012) and planning and the organization of the 24th session of the MAB International Coordinating Council (UNESCO Headquarters, 9-13 July 2012) as well as the commemoration of the 40th Anniversary of the IGCP.

Cost effectiveness measures concerned reduction of costs of these meetings as indicated in Part I of this document.

MLA 7: Natural disaster risk reduction and mitigation

The CCTU on disasters successfully built on collaboration with several category 2 centres in earthquake and water hazards, as well as with the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction (ISDR), universities and other partners to make progress on many activities despite the low RP budgets. A meeting of the ISDR Thematic Platform on Knowledge and Education took place at UNESCO Headquarters, producing a seminal report which sets the basis for a new holistic approach including school disaster management, safe school facilities and disaster prevention education.

Expected Result 25: Natural disaster and climate change resilience, disaster risk assessment and impact mitigation enhanced and targeted scientific assistance delivered, including through participation in United Nations common country approaches

- Nine disaster-prone countries (Algeria, Egypt, El Salvador, Honduras, Jordan, Morocco, Peru, Syria, and Tunisia) have included a disaster risk reduction component in their CCA/UNDAF.
- Specialists were trained in earthquake risk reduction in three specialized workshops: Reducing Earthquake Losses in the Extended Mediterranean Region, in Malta (22 specialists); the UNESCO International Platform for Reducing Earthquake Disasters, in Tokyo (specialists from nine countries); and in Albania for over 20 managers of Cultural Heritage sites.

Expected Result 26: Scientific knowledge base and adaptation capacity of Member States for water hazards at regional and country levels improved

- Twenty-four participants from seven countries learned to use the African Drought Monitor created by IHP.
- The foundations were put in place to identify groundwater case studies in hotspot areas of the IGAD region of Africa at the first meeting of the Global Groundwater Monitoring Network (UNESCO-IGRAC Programme).

Challenges and lessons learnt: Lack of funding precluded progress on several activities related to climate change resilience and disaster risk reduction, particularly in Central America and the Caribbean, and without further extrabudgetary funding, the sustainability of the African Drought Monitor is not ensured. Another challenge is that some countries have still not integrated a gender equality approach into natural disaster mitigation. Even though women are progressively occupying major decision-making posts in scientific institutions, their participation in local, regional and international activities remains low. Thus strategies need to be developed to allow further involvement of women in such activities.

UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education (UNESCO-IHE)

Expected Result 1: Sustainable development enhanced through water education and training, primarily in developing countries

Approximately 144 water sector professionals from developing countries were trained at M.Sc. level during the first semester of the biennium, while 493 water sector professionals from developing countries were trained in short courses. Over 35% of these professionals are women.

Expected Result 2: Research capacity in the water sector increased, focusing on MDG-related topics and primarily aimed at solving problems in developing countries

 Thirteen Ph.D. theses successfully were defended, 144 MSc theses were written and 180 peerreviewed research papers were published.

Expected Result 3: Capacity to support local water-related organizations increased

• Fourteen education projects are running in Bangladesh, Egypt, Indonesia, Kenya, Mozambique, Rwanda, South Africa, Vietnam and Yemen, and two regional networks are currently functional in the Nile Basin and in Asia.

Abdus Salam International Centre for Theoretical Physics (ICTP)

Expected Result 1: ICTP scientific expertise expanded in new research areas

• ICTP's five-year strategic plan of 2010 included three new research priorities: Quantitative Biology, Energy and High-Performance Computing, all of which have made significant progress, including new hires. (Please refer to details in SISTER).

Expected Result 2: Capacity in basic sciences, in particular Physics and Maths, enhanced in developing countries through education and training of scientists

 As of June 2012 six students are enrolled in the new Joint ICTP/SISSA PhD programme, 42 students in the STEP programme and 51 students in the Diploma programme.

Expected Result 3: ICTP's impact expanded through enhanced outreach activities

- The ICTP South American Institute for Fundamental Research officially opened in São Paulo, Brazil.
- An Agreement has been signed with the University of Chiapas, Mexico, for a regional centre, the ICTP Meso-American Institute for Science.

Priority Africa

Expected Result 1: National capacities strengthened to design, implement, reform and evaluate science policy in line with the implementation of the African CPA, including support to the establishment of the African STI Observatory and establishing two new AVC centres

- UNESCO assisted Burundi, Central African Republic, Senegal and Togo to revise and validate their STI status reports.
- One AVC e-learning Centre established at Lomé University, Togo.

Expected Result 2: Education capacity development and research in the sciences and engineering strengthened through networking, partnerships, collaborative research and training

- The "Nairobi Declaration" was adopted at the Africa STI Forum in Nairobi, Kenya, in April 2012.
- To counter the inadequate RP funding, conferences and workshops were conducted in partnership with Member States, development partners and institutions to leverage additional funding to set new regional or global agendas, such as Go-SPIN and the STI Forum mentioned above.

Expected Result 3: Policy dialogue enhanced between IOC Secretariat and African national and regional institutions and stakeholders; resources mobilized in support of African institutions and programmes in ocean observation and data and information exchange, sea level monitoring, vulnerability mapping and integrated coastal area management, and climate change adaptation

• The Secretariat of the IOC Sub-Commission for Africa and the Adjacent Island States was established in Nairobi and staffed with the IOC Coordinator for Africa.

Expected Result 4: Freshwater resources assessed, and technical cooperation provided for strengthening water governance, including of shared waters and management

- Capacities for strengthening the water education component of school curricula were reinforced in Cape Verde, Angola, Mozambique and São Tomé and Principe at the water education workshop held in Cape Verde in May 2012.
- Capacity of university instructors was enhanced at the water education workshop held in May 2012 in coordination with the Regional Centre for Integrated River Basin Management in Kaduna, Nigeria.

Expected Result 5: Renewable energy policies and knowledge base promoted

 Under UNESCO/ISESCO partnership a South East Asian Summer School on Renewable Energy was organised in Malaysia and a strategy for the development of renewable energy in Togo was developed.

Expected Result 6: Resilience of communities reinforced, with particular reference to climate change adaptation and natural disaster preparedness

- The "Strengthening Capacity to Combat Drought and Famine in the Horn of Africa" project in Kenya, Somalia, and Ethiopia was launched.
- Thanks to efforts of the MAB programme, the biosphere reserve agenda is gaining momentum in Angola, Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Senegal, Tanzania and Zimbabwe with a focus on strengthening the communities' capacity to respond to climate change and to serious threats due to deforestation and mining activities.

Challenges and lessons learned: The severe funding shortfalls impacted activities in Africa: numerous planned activities are without RP funding and it is extremely difficult to start new activities without matching funds. Innovative ways through partnership have been considered. Working closely with key stakeholders, particularly the REC was crucial. As lack of capacity is still an issue in African countries, regional capacity-building activities targeted towards reaching a maximum of beneficiaries were given priority. Some of the activities of the MP II that identified Priority Africa expected results did not report on them or seem to warrant such an identification. The Africa Department should review the Work Plans from this standpoint.

Cost effectiveness/efficiency measures: In order to maximize their impact, RP funds were used to leverage funds or to raise UNESCO visibility (such as websites). Most of activities have been carried out in partnership with other donors, Member States or institutions. In order to support Priority Africa at Headquarters, a team of focal points, primarily from African Field Offices, has been set up for each Priority Africa expected result. This should facilitate information collection and sharing.

Priority Gender Equality

Expected Result 1: Women included in sciences promoted activities, women scientists promoted as role models and young women scientists supported

- Visibility of the need for greater progress towards gender equality in the sciences and
 engineering was highlighted on 8 March 2012, International Women's Day, at the "Women in
 Engineering: Importance and Challenges" Workshop held at UNESCO headquarters with the
 World Federation of Engineering Organisations, and the IOC-organised interviews with eminent
 women marine scientists from Canada, France, Italy, Mauritius and the USA which were placed
 on the IOC website.
- Five women scientists and fifteen promising young women scientists, doctorate or postdoctorate, received the l'Oréal-UNESCO Awards "For Women in Science" in March 2012 with excellent media coverage.

Expected Result 2: Awareness of the key role of women as holders and transmitters of indigenous and local knowledge raised

 Twelve women teachers and education experts in mother language teaching of Mayangna indigenous knowledge, including women's knowledge, were trained through a workshop organized in Nicaragua.

Expected Result 3: Gender equality issues incorporated in the WWDR4

- Chapter 35 of volume two in the fourth edition of the WWDR4 was dedicated to gender equality
 in the water sector. WWAP's commitment to mainstreaming gender equality implied its
 complete mainstreaming throughout the three volumes of the Report.
- At the WWF, WWAP was given an explicit mandate to promote the use of sex-disaggregated indicators and sex-disaggregated data in future water reporting efforts. WWAP seeks external funding for this.

Expected Result 4: Gender-responsive approaches for sustainable development, including renewable energy and biodiversity conservation, fostered.

Visibility of role models was strengthened on this topic at the successful side event on "Women
in Science for Sustainable Development" which took place at the Forum on STI for Sustainable
Development preceding the UNCSD. Successful women in science included UNESCO-L'Oréal
Laureates and Fellows, representatives from key international and regional networks and
groups actively contributing to women's involvement in science. Discussions on the role of STI
in sustainable development also served to inspire young women to choose scientific careers to
this end.

Expected Result 5: Gender-responsive approaches to disaster risk reduction promoted

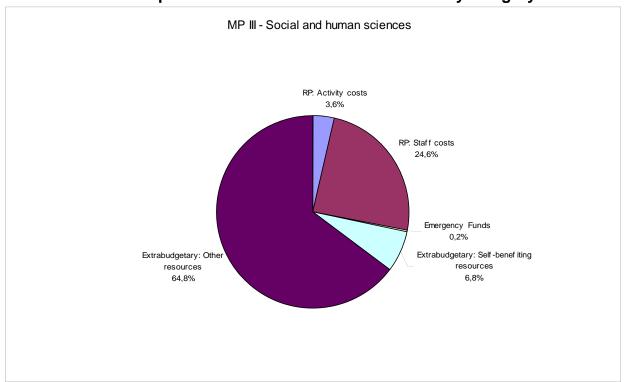
• Twenty women senior scientists from the extended Mediterranean region participated in the International workshop on "Seismicity and Earthquake Engineering", in the framework of the programme for Reducing Earthquake Losses in the region.

Challenges and lessons learned: The severe funding shortfall precluded initiation of many activities that flagged gender equality components. Other activities, such as the English translation of the book "Savoirs des Femmes" and a second training workshop for women teachers in Nicaragua, were delayed. Due to some inconsistency between divisional gender equality focal points and the expected results for gender equality, responsibilities were re-assigned and new focal points identified. However, the very large number of activities that self-identify gender equality

expected results means that the internal review process is still very heavy. This will be reviewed again in coming months.

MAJOR PROGRAMME III: SOCIAL AND HUMAN SCIENCES

Breakdown of the expenditure incurred over the 6 months by category of funds



MLA 1: Supporting Member States in the development of policies and advocacy in the ethics of science and technology, especially bioethics

Expected Result 1: Capacity of Member States enhanced at national level to identify and address bioethical challenges with due regard to appropriate human rights and gender equality frameworks

- UNESCO supported the establishment of two new National Bioethics Committees (NBCs) in Chad and Oman. Argentina and Malaysia are finalizing their respective MOUs. Technical assistance on bioethics and research ethics is being provided to five NBCs: Colombia, Ecuador, Trinidad and Tobago, and Uruguay; Ministry of Health of Peru; and to the National University of Colombia. One training session (the second of a series of three) has been completed for the Togolese NBC to enhance its capacity to develop an action plan for its work. Seven other training workshops for NBCs (in Cote d'Ivoire, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea) are under preparation, using the Emergency Funds. Thanks to cost saving measures by beneficiary countries one more country (Malawi) was added to the plan for 2012 under the Emergency Fund, with the possibility of expanding it to Tchad.
- Pilot testing of the UNESCO Bioethics Core Curriculum is under discussion or already being implemented with universities in Argentina, Costa Rica and Uruguay and consultations are ongoing with the Ministry of Education of Argentina to introduce it in every medical school in the country. So far, over 200 students from 20 countries in LAC region have been trained under the Ethics Education Programme.

 The International Bioethics Committee of UNESCO (IBC) has also started its reflection on Article 11 of the Universal Declaration on Bioethics and Human Rights (2005), regarding the principle of Non-Discrimination and Non-Stigmatization, with a view to preparing a policy report by the end of 2013.

Expected Result 2: Promotion and implementation of the International Convention against Doping in Sport ensured

- With the ratification of Tajikistan, the number of States Parties has reached 170, making the International Convention against Doping in Sport the second-most ratified of all UNESCO Conventions. The national reporting to monitor compliance has also improved with the submission of 104 national reports through the ADLogic system. (Sixty-six countries are being requested to update on ADLogic). UNESCO has entered into discussions with WADA and the Council of Europe on options for harmonizing the monitoring systems for the International Convention against Doping in Sport, the World Anti-Doping Code and the Anti-Doping Convention 1989 (Resolution 2CP/5.2, item 6 of the Conference of Parties).
- Ten new projects, amounting to US\$240,000, were approved at the first meeting of the Approval Committee of the Fund for the Elimination of Doping in Sport for the 2012-2013 biennium held on 11 April 2012. The national projects include preventative education programmes, the development of specific anti-doping legislation, and activities which help build the anti-doping capacity of least-developed or low-income countries.
- Fifty-one Member States responded to the questionnaire sent in the framework of the second phase of a research project conducted in partnership with the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) and Loughborough University (UK), on legislation against the trafficking of prohibited substances. It examines the application of existing legislation by UNESCO Member States and seeks to identify the various legislative frameworks established around the world. The results are being analyzed by Loughborough University and will be made public in 2012.
- Several communication initiatives have been developed in the lead-up to the London 2012 Olympic Games. The world avant-premiere of the documentary "The War on Doping", produced by the Swedish company Matinversity (UK), on lion, with the support of UNESCO, was organized at Headquarters on 7 June 2012, gathering together key stakeholders of the world anti-doping movement. A media kit, providing a comprehensive overview of UNESCO's action in the field of anti-doping, was elaborated. The comic book "Rattus Holmes and the case of spoilsports", co-produced by UNESCO and the Edge group for the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games, has been updated for the 2012 Games.

Challenges and lessons learned

- The growing demand for capacity-building and training of national bioethics committees cannot be fully met due to budget reductions; this is affecting the reach and depth of UNESCO's actions in bioethics, especially its effectiveness to "break new ground" in needy constituencies.
- Significant efforts were made to find efficiencies, particularly in negotiating budgets for training, and to collaborate with in-country organizers to mobilize funds from local sources. The IBC has also taken steps to reduce the operational costs of its sessions and working groups. There has been more effort on fundraising with various institutions and governmental entities by individual IBC members. Partnerships at the international level are also being mobilized.

MLA 2: Promoting a culture of peace and non-violence through action pertaining to human rights, democracy, reconciliation, dialogue and philosophy and including all political and social partners, in particular youth

Expected Result 3: Understanding improved of the implications of social inclusion for the promotion of a culture of peace, integrating human rights and democratic principles

- Efforts have focused in the first six months on developing initiatives targeting youth as key
 actors in promoting democratic interactions and social cohesion, especially through the
 Intersectoral Platform on the Culture of Peace.
- In Brazil, six forums on a culture of peace were hosted in initiatives targeting youth as key actors in promoting academics to discuss their own visions and ideas on how to foster ethics, solidarity and a culture of peace. So far, 97 monthly forums on a Culture of Peace have been held since the São Paulo Culture of Peace Committee was created by UNESCO in 2000. Speakers are often eminent specialists in their respective fields and speak as volunteers. These forums have an average audience of 300 people, many of them youth leaders, social entrepreneurs or human rights militants.

Expected Result 4: Social change conducive to peace and non-violence promoted through youth-led social innovation and engagement of young women and men in their communities

- A training course on 'youth citizenship' was organized in Tozeur, Tunisia, 17-18 March 2012 targeting two groups of young women aged 18 to 24 (students and out of school) benefitting from a high level of participation and important interaction between trainers and participants. A similar experience was carried out in Kasserine (Tunisia), 12-13 June 2012, in cooperation with the Tunisian National Commission on the theme 'culture and citizenship'.
- Two capacity-building sessions have been supported in Ghana and Sierra Leone, designed to promote positive youth participation in electoral processes.
- Linking to the recommendations of the 7th UNESCO Youth Forum related to sustainability, UNESCO partnered with the initiatives of the students of the Institut d'Etudes Politique, Paris (Sciences Po) on "Paris+20 and MyCity+20". This is an example of an interdisciplinary approach, where the work on global environmental change targets youth initiatives. The results of the Paris+20 initiative were channeled to the French delegation for the Rio+20 Summit. The students from Sciences Po shared the concept with other students around the world thereby launching "MyCity+20", by which other cities were invited to follow the Paris example: Mumbai+20, New York+20, Dhaka+20, Kathmandu+20, Mexico+20, São Paulo+20, etc. UNESCO hosted sessions for the Paris+20 event and endorsed the overall concept of the "My City+20" initiative.
- The Fourth Group of the Youth Peace Ambassadors met in Hiroshima, Japan, from 24 to 31
 March 2012 and issued 44 action plans in different domains: e.g. peace education, sports.
 This initiative enabled 44 young women and men to become peace builders in their community.
- In Brazil, UNESCO has trained over 100 youth leaders in the cities of Vitoria and Contagem in the scope of the UN joint programme in different domains: e.g. peace education, sports. This initiative enabled 44 young wome Focus on Children, Adolescents and Youths in Vulnerable Conditions in Brazilian Communities". The project, funded by the MDG-F fund, is a joint initiative of UNESCO, UNDP, ILO, UN-Habitat, UNODC and UNICEF to reduce violence, particularly among youth, in three Brazilian municipalities selected in partnership with the Ministry of Justice. UNESCO is responsible for capacity-building initiatives on conflict

- resolution and youth mobilization. In Vitoria and Contagem, where activities promoted by UNESCO had already been held, young volunteers were mobilized to renovate public spaces (sport courts, public gardens, etc.) and organize local gatherings in order to reinforce the feeling of belonging and care among the inhabitants of particularly deprived neighborhoods.
- Fostering the development of policies and frameworks to address youth issues: Two national youth policy review processes are underway (Burundi and Liberia). Four regional workshops were organized in the provinces of Ngozi, Gitega, Rutana and Bujumbura-Mairie (Burundi) which made possible the completion of the orientations of the national policy on youth further to an in-depth analysis of the situation of youth in Burundi. In Sierra Leone and Gambia, in close partnership with youth organizations and other key stakeholders, including UN agencies at the country level, steps have been taken to promote youth civic participation in the political process, with specific emphasis on mobilizing youth for positive, peaceful non-violent elections, consistent with Global Objective 3 of the UNESCO Strategy on African Youth.
- In terms of South-South cooperation and following the success of UNESCO's "Open Schools" programme in Brazil and Central America, the Ministry of Education and the Brazilian Cooperation Agency (ABC) in cooperation with the Amizade (Friendship) NGO in Guinea-Bissau and in partnership with the Gol de Letra Foundation built a public school, in an extremely socially vulnerable community of 40,000 people, among them children and youth. The school offers not only formal education, but also provides the local community with specific training and capacity building in entrepreneurship, education, culture, communication and sport, which enables youth to engage in their societies.

Challenges/lessons learned

- Limited resources to fully apply UNESCO's holistic approach to youth development and civic engagement
- Complexity of youth issues and of responses to them at national level. There is some lack of awareness that youth issues at national policy level should not be addressed in silos (by line ministries) but in a comprehensive and coordinated manner engaging all ministries around an integrated policy framework on youth.

MLA3: Supporting Member States in responding to social transformations by building and strengthening national research systems and promoting social science knowledge networks and research capacities

Expected Result 5: Improved capacities and awareness in Member States and at the international level for developing, implementing and monitoring policies that promote social inclusion of all groups in society, especially youth, women, migrants and people with disabilities

- In the field of social inclusion, an initiative focusing on assessing the inclusiveness of public policies is being developed along with a methodology on how to implement participatory and multi-stakeholders policy reviews. This work will assist Member States in following up on the recommendations related to social inclusion of the ministerial fora for social development held during the last biennium and the UNDAF outcomes on social inclusion policies.
- UNESCO's Director-General chaired the Global Migration Group principals' meeting that took place during the CEB meeting in Geneva in April, which discussed the preparation for the High-Level Dialogue in 2013 and the evaluation of GMG. UNESCO and UNODC were tasked with the preparation of the GMG review report, in coordination with all UN entities of GMG. UNESCO is involved with UNICEF and other agencies in the preparation of a publication for

MLA 2: Promoting a culture of peace and non-violence through action pertaining to human education.

- The publication contract for the online journal Diversities (on Migration) has been renewed, as the partner (Max Planck Institut G 2013 and the evaluation of GMG. UNESCO and UNODC were taskedA worldwide survey on school physical education has been carried out to provide an overview of the situation of physical education in schools across the world. The evidence-based data will inform the development of benchmark indicators on Quality Physical Education (QPE) in schools and Quality Physical Education Teacher Training (QPETT) in provider institutions as well as a School Physical Education Basic Needs Model.
- The 2012 Plenary Session of CIGEPS and the meeting of its advisory body, the Permanent Consultative Council (PCC), were held from 17 to 19 April 2012 in Lausanne, Switzerland, with support from the International Olympics Committee. This served as a unique platform to unite stakeholders from Member States and the sport movement and bring different expertise and perspectives to bear on the substantive work of the programme.
- With a view to mobilizing the transformative potential of sport, key programme partnerships have been consolidated notably with the IOC in the initial preparations for the 8th World Conference on Sport, Education and Culture to be held in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, in November 2012; the development and implementation of the Olympic Values Education Programme; and the launch of a new youth initiative with European Athletics in the organization of the 2012 Young Leaders Forum held during the Championships in Helsinki in June with the participation of 60 youth leaders; and with TAFISA through the launch of the first VIPS (Volunteer Initiative for Peace through Sport) workshop, held in Tanzania in April 2012. Moreover, a number of communication and visibility activities have been initiated including a more focused use of UNESCO Champions for Sport. The Gala Match organized in Algeria by the Goodwill Ambassador Rabah Madjer mobilized funds for youth programmes in Africa. The partnership with European Athletics resulted in UNESCO's name and brand being carried on mainstream European television for the duration of the Championship.

Expected Result 6: International agendas on global environmental change informed and national policy responses enhanced by emphasis on its inherently social and human dimensions, drawing on the contributions of the social and human sciences

- In the area of ethics, the work of COMEST has been delayed by resource constraints, in particular in Africa, but was relaunched at the Extraordinary Session in July 2012. Core medium-term outputs remain achievable. A series of activities in science ethics have established new partnerships (e.g. with the Académie de l'éthique, Centro Volta and, resuming earlier connections, with the Pugwash movement) and created opportunities to formulate agendas, notably at European level through participation in the Danish Presidency conference on "Science in Dialogue" (Odense, April 2012) and through planned collaboration with the European Commission. Environmental ethics has also benefited from improved synergies with philosophy and the humanities, notably through the series of events focusing on "narratives of change".
- Concerning the World Social Science Report 2013, following the meeting of the scientific
 editorial committee in June 2012, a call for papers has been finalized. The ISSC-led Global
 Change Design Project has also been successfully completed. In addition to feeding in to the
 WSSR, the Project will lead in due course to an ambitious integrated research programme, set
 within the Future Earth initiative, to strengthen social science on environmental change.
- Work to contribute to UN agendas has focused both on dissemination of the social science results and activities referred to above and on direct promotion of a social agenda for

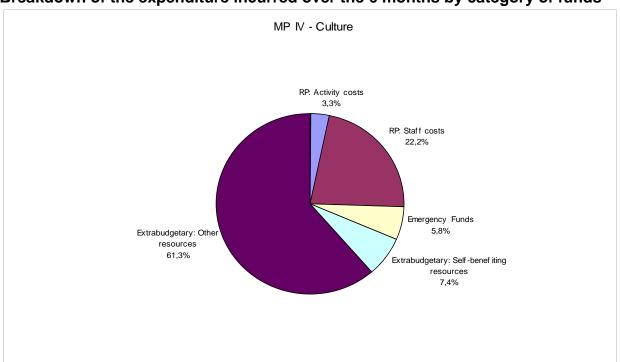
- sustainable development, notably through the five events co-organized at Rio+20 and through input to UNESCO's official contributions.
- Support for national adaptation policies depends on resource mobilization, which is actively being sought (via the emergency fund, the intersectoral platforms and external fundraising), with a targeted focus on the Caribbean, the Sahel and the Pacific. Some small successes have already been achieved in the first semester of 2012.

Challenges and lessons learned

- Despite severe resource constraints, activities on global environmental change have maintained the path towards key medium-term outputs. Refocusing has proved detrimental to activities in certain areas, particularly environmental ethics, but successful efforts to raise external resources and to build partnerships are enhancing capacity in ways that show significant promise. Furthermore, activities in ethics of science and technology implemented under global environmental change (such as science ethics) have been maintained and show significant potential for development.
- For the sport programme, the challenges for programme implementation remain related to a
 lack of human resources and regular programme funds. Efforts are being made to raise the
 necessary funds to support regular programme activities through extrabudgetary sources. To
 this end, US\$ 30,000 has been raised since the beginning of the year to support human
 resourcing and programme implementation. Additionally, options are being sought to employ
 in-kind alternatives.

MAJOR PROGRAMME IV: CULTURE

Breakdown of the expenditure incurred over the 6 months by category of funds



MLA 1: Protecting and conserving cultural an nature heritage through the effective implementation of the 1972 Convention

The 40th Anniversary of the Convention is being marked by a number of activities around the world throughout 2012. This demonstrates the commitment not only of the States Parties but also of the

general public to the concept of World Heritage. However, the main challenge for the World Heritage Convention remains the inescapable increase in the number of sites on the World Heritage List parallel to the decrease of its resources in the context of the current financial difficulties. Despite this difficult context, the key role of UNESCO, both in terms of expertise and mobilization for the preservation of heritage at risk, continues to be widely acknowledged at the international level.

In order to increase cost-effectiveness, the host-country of the 36th session of the World Heritage Committee covered additional supplementary costs, while Qatar provided funding for interpretation in Arabic and Spanish. The Category 2 Centres are also encouraged to take in charge activities that UNESCO is not in a position to finance.

Expected Result 1: The 1972 World Heritage Convention effectively implemented

- The 36th ordinary session of the World Heritage Committee was held in St Petersburg from 24 June to 6 July 2012. For the first time, documents were all made available to the general public and the session was webcast, thereby enhancing transparency.
- On 4 June 2012, Singapore ratified the Convention and became its 190th State Party.
- The Evaluation by the External Auditor underlined that Tentative Lists were a critical tool for the credibility of the List: 12 Tentative Lists were revised since January 2012 and 4 States Parties submitted their first Tentative Lists (Sierra Leone, Palestine, Bhutan and Antiqua & Barbuda).
- Within the framework of the experimental Upstream Process, 7 States Parties are currently experiencing new forms of guidance, in order to reduce the problems encountered during the nomination process.
- The number of visitors on the World Heritage Centre website in the first five months of 2012 increased by 22.3% compared to the same period in 2011.
- A comprehensive database on the state of conservation of World Heritage properties since 1979 has also been launched to facilitate well-informed and consistent decision-making, analyze the threats affecting the properties and help identify the best mitigation measures.

Expected Result 2: Contribution of World Heritage properties to sustainable development enhanced

- In the context of the 40th anniversary theme "World Heritage and sustainable development: the role of local communities", the best examples of successful heritage conservation benefitting local communities were selected among the 28 World Heritage properties proposed by States Parties.
- The new World Heritage and Sustainable Tourism Programme, was adopted by the Committee at its 36th session.
- The Historical Urban Landscape approach is implemented through a demonstration programme developed with the World Bank as part of the Indian Government's urban programme.
- A 'Climate change adaptation guidance for natural World Heritage sites' toolkit is being finalized to help site managers identify climate change threats and adapt to them.
- Through the 2 youth fora held in June 2012 (Spain and Russian Federation) and the ongoing 5th edition of the "World Heritage Volunteers Project: Patrimonito Voluntary Action" (in

partnership with CCIVS and 35 youth organizations), 150 young people from 27 countries and more than 800 young volunteers from 25 countries have shared their cultures, united to preserve 40 World Heritage sites and raised awareness amongst local communities about their heritage.

 The participation of women in World Heritage training workshops as trainers/experts was around 40%.

Expected Result 3: cultural and natural heritage protection and promotion strengthened, especially in Africa, in post-conflict

- The state of conservation of 140 World Heritage sites was assessed. 11 conservation projects are undertaken in World Heritage properties in Danger, priority countries, Africa and SIDS.
- Activities related to the International Coordination Committee (ICC) for Angkor are ongoing. An
 evaluation of the ICC for Iraq will evaluate how to better meet needs to safeguard heritage in
 view of institutional changes.
- The World Heritage Centre continues to work closely with the Advisory Bodies, Category 2
 Centres and regional institutions to prepare longer term programmes for capacity-building.
 Since January, almost 400 people were trained, especially within the framework of the SIDS programme and of the Periodic Reporting Exercise.
- The Anniversary year was launched by a ceremony (UNESCO Headquarters, 30 January 2012) which received wide attention by the media.
- Seven out of the nine recommendations made by the External Auditor in the Evaluation of the Partnerships' Initiative (November 2011) were implemented. Some existing partnerships have been extended. One new partnership has been concluded, and others are in development.

MLA 2: Enhancing the protection of cultural property and fighting against traffic in cultural property through the effective implementation of the 1954, 1970 and 2001 Conventions

- Continuing challenges related to the implementation of the 1954 (including its two Protocols), 1970 and 2001 Conventions include the difficulty to provide effective assistance in the fight against illicit trafficking in cultural property and its protection to countries in crisis (e. g. Egypt, Libya, Syria, Mali), the necessity to provide proper governance to the 1970 Convention, and the need to increase the ratification rate of the Second Protocol to the Hague Convention and of the 2001 Convention.
- Several measures were taken to increase cost-effectiveness/efficiency, among which the electronic distribution of documents. The Secretariat also initiated the development of multiple fund-raising initiatives towards public and private donors for the organization of statutory meetings, training sessions and awareness raising events (e. g. Greece, the Republic of Korea, Italy, Turkey, USA), and initiated discussions with the organizers of capacity-building meetings to cover travel and associated costs of UNESCO representatives. Italy also seconded a senior police officer to reinforce the Secretariat of the 1970 Convention.

Expected Result 4: Protection of cultural properties through the effective implementation of the 1954 Convention and its two Protocols enhanced

- Two Member States (Angola and Palestine) became party to the 1954 Hague Convention, one (Palestine) to the 1954 (First) Protocol and two (Poland and Palestine) to the 1999 Second Protocol.
- Continued assistance has been provided to the Azerbaijani authorities to facilitate the
 consideration of the two Azerbaijani requests for the granting of enhanced protection (The
 Walled City of Baku, including the Shirvanshahs' Palace and Maiden Tower and Gobustan
 Rock Art Cultural Landscape) by the Bureau of the Committee and then by the Committee at its
 7th meeting in December 2012.
- Assistance has also been extended to the implementation of the Hague Convention during the recent conflicts in Syria and Mali through the application of the Standard Plan of Action developed to protect cultural property in such situations.

Expected Result 5: Effective implementation of the 2001 Convention encouraged and international cooperation for the preservation of the underwater cultural heritage increased

- The third meeting of the Scientific and Technical Advisory Body on 19 April 2012, resulted in the adoption of recommendations strengthening the protection of the underwater cultural heritage.
- Intensive cooperation has been launched with Member States in view of preparing the next meeting on the draft Operational Guidelines for the implementation of the 2001 Convention scheduled to take place at Headquarters in the second half of September 2012.
- 14 Member States participated in a regional meeting on the protection of the underwater cultural heritage in Asia and Pacific, in May, in Koh Kong (Cambodia), which adopted an Action Plan for the region aimed at increasing ratification and capacity-building.
- A manual on the Annex of the Convention (available in English, French and Spanish both online and in a hard copy) has been finalized, as has a training manual on how to organize a foundation course.

Expected Result 6: Implementation of the 1970 Convention made effective and reinforced, and measures enabling the fight against the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property strengthened

- Two Member States have become party to the Convention (Kazakhstan and Palestine).
- In addition to the second Meeting of the Parties (20 21 June 2012) and the 18th session of the Intergovernmental Committee for Promoting the Return of Cultural Property to its Countries of Origin or its Restitution in case of Illicit Appropriation (22 June 2012), a series of six workshops in Latin America, Africa and South East Europe is being prepared.
- UNIDROIT has been actively supported in the organization of its "First Meeting of the Special Committee to review the practical operation of the 1995 UNIDROIT" (19 June 2012) and strongly encourages the ratification of the UNIDROIT Convention.
- An exhibition of stolen and retrieved cultural objects was co-organized with the Italian Carabinieri.

• The Second Meeting of Parties to the 1970 Convention established two institutional mechanisms: a Meeting of States Parties every two years, and an eighteen-Member Subsidiary Committee of the Meeting of the States Parties that will be convened every year. The main functions of the Committee will be to review national reports presented to the General Conference by the States Parties to the Convention; to exchange best practices, and prepare and submit to the Meeting of the States Parties recommendations and guidelines that may contribute to the implementation of the Convention; to identify problem areas arising from the implementation of the Convention; and to initiate and maintain co-ordination with the Intergovernmental Committee for Promoting the Return of Cultural Property to its Countries of Origin or its Restitution in case of Illicit Appropriation in relation with capacity building measures combating illicit traffic in cultural property.

MLA 3: Safeguarding the intangible cultural heritage through the effective implementation of the 2003 Convention

- The effects of this young Convention at the local level in Member States are beginning to be demonstrated, for instance through the periodic reports of States Parties on their national implementation. Extrabudgetary funding permitted substantial progress in the implementation of the global capacity-building strategy, although these resources are not sufficient to meet expectations from all Member States. The decision of the General Assembly not to authorize using 10% of the Intangible Cultural Heritage Fund to support the statutory functions of the Convention poses a challenge to the Organization's delivery capacity. Other solutions are being explored. The knowledge management system, essential to the functioning of the Convention, continues to depend on extrabudgetary resources. The future success of the Convention thus depends on the will of its States Parties to ensure that the Secretariat's workload is in better proportion to the human resources available and that extrabudgetary funds continue to be made available to supplement those human resources.
- The Intangible Cultural Heritage Section continues its cost-cutting measures, having already
 moved to low-paper or no-paper meetings for its advisory bodies and governing bodies. Online evaluation of nomination files by the Subsidiary Body and Consultative Body represents
 a substantial reduction in staff time.

Expected Result 7: Safeguarding of the intangible cultural heritage enhanced through the effective implementation of the 2003 Convention and Expected Result 8: The role of the governing bodies of the 2003 Convention strengthened, particularly through the effective organization of the statutory meetings

- The governance of the Convention continues to mature. Two new States Parties were recorded. The first semester of 2012 saw the 4th session of the General Assembly and 4th extraordinary session of the Committee, a meeting of the 7th intergovernmental Committee Bureau and a joint meeting of the Subsidiary Body and Consultative Body. Civil society participation in governance meetings continues to grow.
- The General Assembly adopted important amendments to the Operational Directives: an annual ceiling of files will be set during each Committee session for the next two cycles. While striving to examine at least one nomination per submitting State, the Committee will give priority to countries having no elements inscribed, best safeguarding practices selected, or international assistance granted, and to nominations for the Urgent Safeguarding List. The Representative List will not benefit during its evaluation process from the recommendations of non-governmental organizations and independent experts, as is the case for the other

mechanisms, since the General Assembly left evaluation in the hands of the Subsidiary Body composed of six Committee members.

- The present biennium shows a marked increase in States Parties' pro-activity concerning international assistance, with more than 50 such requests currently being processed for possible examination in 2012 or 2013 (including four held over from 2011). There is also increased interest in the Urgent Safeguarding List shown in the 2013 nominations, and a continuing increase in the number of States submitting nominations, proposals or requests for the first time. For the 2013 cycle, the impact of the global capacity-building strategy is apparent from the fact that the Africa region is first in terms of number of submitting States.
- UNESCO's direct support to safeguarding at the national level depends upon the rate of requests from States Parties and approvals by the Committee in 2010 and 2011. Since few States were previously mobilized to request international assistance, there is little to implement now, although this will soon change with the marked increase in requests.
- Partnerships are being explored with museums in order to promote awareness-raising on the elements inscribed on the Lists, and the Secretariat continues to devote great attention to supporting category 2 centres so that they might in the future contribute to the Organization's programme.

Expected Result 9: The national safeguarding capacities of Member States in particular of developing countries, strengthened

- The comprehensive global strategy for strengthening national capacities for safeguarding intangible heritage continues to bear important fruit around three axes: i) creation of training curricula and materials, ii) establishment and training of a network of expert facilitators and iii) delivery of training and capacity-building services to beneficiary stakeholders.
- During the first semester of 2012, capacity-building activities were underway in more than 50
 States worldwide, carried out by UNESCO's network of field offices, in cooperation with
 national counterparts. Each beneficiary State receives a custom-designed complement of
 activities, including needs assessments, training workshops, and policy consultations, over the
 course of 24 to 36 months.
- The drawing up and updating of curriculum materials and training resources has been continued. Through effective mobilization of sizable extrabudgetary resources, these materials are being made available not only in English and French, but also in Spanish, Portuguese, Arabic, Russian and other languages.
- The statutory obligations have also been met with regard to publishing the Urgent Safeguarding List, Representative List and Register of Best Practices. The Convention's website has seen a marked increase in the number of pages available and several important new tools introduced such as online meeting registration and an interactive calendar.

MLA 4: Sustaining and promoting the diversity of cultural expressions through the effective implementation of the 2005 Convention

The 2005 Convention has entered into a new implementation phase, and the main challenge that has emerged is the lack of operational capacities at the national level, in particular in developing countries, preventing a number of Parties from fully benefiting from it. To remedy this situation, the Secretariat is pursuing activities to promote cooperation for sustainable development through the

International Fund for Cultural Diversity; capacity building and knowledge management support for the introduction of cultural policies leading to the emergence of cultural and creative industries in developing countries.

Regular programme funds have been secured to prepare and organize the upcoming sixth session of the Intergovernmental Committee in December 2012 in the most cost-efficient manner. Resources will be required for the two statutory meetings to be held in 2013. Emergency Funds have been received to pilot a capacity-building programme in Africa until the end of 2012 and extra-budgetary funds have been received for the production of awareness raising communication tools.

Expected Result 10: The 2005 Convention effectively implemented and Expected Result 11: Policies, measures and programmes pertaining to the 2005 Convention supported and strengthened at the national, regional and international levels

- Since the beginning of 2012, three States have ratified the Convention (Indonesia, Angola, Central African Republic and the United Arab Emirates), bringing the total number of Parties to 124. At a Dhaka Ministerial Forum (organized in May 2012 by Bangladesh) and a capacitybuilding workshop for 47 African National Commissions (June 2012), several States made a public pledge that their governments are working toward ratifying it in the near future.
- The International Fund for Cultural Diversity (IFCD) is currently providing US\$2.8 million in funding for 48 projects in 36 developing countries. This number will increase as a result of the third funding cycle launched in March 2012. Projects cover a wide range of national and local development activities such as: development and implementation of cultural policies; mapping cultural industries; capacity-building of public officials and cultural entrepreneurs; strengthening of existing cultural industries production and distribution channels; promoting social inclusion through participation and access of youth and marginalized groups to cultural industries.
- Cost-effective preparations for the sixth session of the intergovernmental committee are well
 underway. Among major issues will be the analysis of the Parties' first quadrennial periodic
 reports, the selection of 2013 IFCD projects, the examination of the IOS evaluation and audit of
 the IFCD, a new fundraising strategy, the selection and use of the Convention emblem, the
 annual implementation report on Article 21 and funds to prepare and organize statutory
 meetings in 2013.
- Steps are being taken to respond to the Parties' call for intensified capacity-building efforts, but are not sufficient to address all demands. In the first half of 2012, national authorities in six developing countries have been supported through technical assistance missions to develop creative hubs (Buenos Aires), a music industry strategy (Seychelles), integrate cultural modules in school curricula (Burkina Faso), a cultural policy framework and a music sector strategy (RDC), introduction of new funding mechanisms for culture (Vietnam) and a strategy for the cultural industries (Mauritius). Progress and challenges encountered on the missions are regularly reported in the 2005 Convention website.

Expected Result 12: Information and best practices on the protection and promotion of the diversity of cultural expressions identified, disseminated and shared with States Parties to the 2005 Convention

 Activities focused on support for the first round of Parties' Periodic Reports on the implementation of the Convention at the national level. Unable to address the comprehensive demand for direct capacity-building in the preparation of these reports, a series of text-based guidelines and online video tutorials has been produced. Already existing forums were also used to build capacities among National Commissions, the Points of Contact for the 2005 Convention and officials of Ministries of Culture in Burkina Faso, Vientiane and Windhoek (national workshops), in Buenos Aires, Dhaka and Abidjan (regional workshops). These synergies were made possible thanks to a close and successful collaboration with UNESCO Field Offices and other international organizations such as the *Organisation de la Francophonie* (OIF).

Expected Result 13: The role of culture in sustainable development fostered through creative and cultural industries and initiatives that encourage joint projects to promote cultural innovation, production and exchange as vectors of growth

- The first test phase of the UNESCO Culture for Development Indicator Suite (CDIS) was finalized in 6 countries; preparations are underway for testing in five additional countries. In parallel, a theoretical and methodological revision of CDIS products (Methodology Manual, Result Tables, Implementation Toolkit and Global Database) has been undertaken. The CDIS project has progressively gained visibility receiving significant media coverage. This is made possible thanks to a close and successful collaboration with UNESCO Field Offices.
- In May 2012 a Policy Guide for the development of cultural and creative industries in Africa was published thanks to extrabudgetary funds and a partnership with OIF.

MLA 5: Promoting the role of culture in development at global, regional and national levels Efforts were pursued to consolidate international commitment to the role and potential of culture for sustainable development and for the achievement of the MDGs, in particular in the context of the Rio+20 Conference and the development of the UN Post-2015 Agenda. These efforts complemented the normative and operational action at the field level, in particular through the implementation of the 18 Joint Programmes approved under the MDG Achievement Fund. Strategic institutional and operational partnerships are being strengthened with UN organizations and donor countries to further sustain these efforts. The new Global Partnership for Museums mobilized major scientific and technical stakeholders and development partners to promote and strengthen the role of museums as social, educational and economic actors. The International Fund for the Promotion of Culture was re-launched and the new Administrative Council held its first meeting on 9 July.

Progress towards many of the expected results under this MLA is dependent on extrabudgetary funding. In effect, several activities could not be implemented as planned (notably handicrafts, cities, books and languages). The Culture Sector is mobilized to identify partners and extrabudgetary funding and has established contacts in this regard.

Expected Result 14: Approaches to culture and development clarified in order to guide and assist Member States in devising inclusive development policies

- Further to the recommendations of the Independent External Evaluation of SPOs 9 and 10, clear messages were developed on the contribution of culture to sustainable development both as a driver and an enabler. Extensive internal reflections addressed the ambiguities identified in terms of programme formulation, written contributions, tools, data collections and case studies to support the advocacy on culture and development, and formulated solid arguments to inform policy makers.
- These improvements have resulted in UNESCO's considerations on the contribution of culture
 to sustainable development being taken on into consideration in several key documents that
 paved the way to Rio+20, or that are informing the current debates about the UN Post 2015
 agenda.

Expected Result 15: The role of culture in sustainable development better integrated into international development policies and within United Nations common country programming exercises in order to reinforce social inclusion and community cohesion, human development and economic growth

- UNESCO contributions on culture were included in UN documents related to Rio+20 and the
 UN post-2015 agenda and helped underline culture's role in achieving equitable, inclusive and
 rights-based sustainable development, and to generate economic growth.
- Preparations began for the 2013 ECOSOC Annual Ministerial Review that will address, among other issues, the role of culture in achieving the MDGs.
- As of end June 2012, 9 MDG-F Joint Programmes have been completed and demonstrated tangible results on the impact and contribution of culture to development and the consideration of culture in national policies. These results are shown through the first products of the knowledge management project: 3 regional e-publications (South East Europe, Latin America, Asia) and dedicated MDG-F web pages on UNESCO's Culture website.
- The database and analytical report on culture entries in UNDAF show that the integration of culture in the UNDAFs has increased from 30% in the late 1990's to 70% in January 2012.
- A questionnaire on HIV/AIDS has been sent to different communities in Nigeria for collection of data for the creation of a Community-Based Advocacy tool. UNESCO Havana continues awareness-raising on the prevention of HIV/AIDS and homophobia, on the basis of joint actions with UNAIDS.
- The Culture Sector contributed extensively to the overall UNESCO contribution to the 11th Session of the UN Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues 7-18 May 2012. A special issue of the World Heritage Review on Indigenous Peoples (Number 62, 2012) was disseminated at UNPFII and is available on-line.

Expected Result 16: Contributions of cities to sustainable development enhanced

Bogota, Hangzhou, Beijing, Jeonju and Norwich were admitted to the Creative Cities Network.
 Partnerships have been established and cooperation developed with cities/local governments newly associated with the Creative Cities Network. Support was provided to cities in the Latin American and Arab States region to enhance the geographical representation of the Network.

Expected Result 17: Activities in the fields of books, translation and crafts promoted

- A partnership with the French Foundation Culture et Diversité, is facilitating the exchange of knowledge in craftsmanship through the provision of fellowships to young artisans. During the reporting period, 4 fellowships were awarded to young craftspeople and 5 more are to follow.
- The number of countries participating in the Index Translationum has risen to 149 (with data from Africa for the first time). During the first 6 months of 2012, some 90,000 new records were added to the database.

Expected Result 18: Social, economic and educational roles of museums as vectors of sustainable development and intercultural dialogue promoted and capacity-building in this area strengthened, in particular developing countries

 Assistance to 9 World Heritage Site Museums in Cambodia, Laos and Viet Nam contributed to consolidating the sub-regional network of museum professionals, and increasing museums' capacity.

- A project for the Revitalization and Collection Care Programme for the Museum of Folk Architecture and Rural Life in Lviv, Ukraine, and the Revitalization of the Giorgi Chitaia Open Air Museum of Ethnography in Tbilissi, Georgia, provide an institutional capacity building programme to these Open-Air Museums contributing to safeguarding and documenting the collections as well as to the development of the permanent exhibition.
- In Jerusalem, the training of the staff of the Islamic Museum and of the Manuscripts Centre on the Haram al Sharif has progressed well and the inventory of the museum is nearly completed.
- Although staff training continued at the National Museum for Egyptian Civilization (NMEC), the
 construction works and the interior refurbishment have come to a halt. UNESCO commissioned
 a situational analysis of the project so as to determine what tasks, resources and time are
 needed to make the museum operational.

Expected Result 19: Indigenous and endangered languages promoted and protected

- Progress towards this result is contingent on the availability of extrabudgetary funds as no Regular Programme funds are earmarked in the 36 C/5.
- The remaining extrabudgetary funds (under the Norway FIT) were used to finance the maintenance and updates of the online Atlas of the World's Languages in Danger that had over 17,000 visitors in February 2012, and a few small grants for indigenous linguists, in partnership with the Smithsonian Institution.
- Efforts are underway to raise extrabudgetary funds, with proposals submitted to Governments and Foundations. However, no funds have been identified as yet.

MLA 6: Promoting intercultural dialogue, social cohesion and a culture of peace and non-violence

The drastic reduction in the Regular Programme budget allocated to MLA6 negatively impacted the implementation of many programmed activities which became dependent on the availability of extrabudgetary funding (notably Heritage and Dialogue, the Rabindranath Tagore, Pablo Neruda and Aimé Césaire for a Reconciled Universal project, Arabia Plan, DREAM Centres). However, support provided from the Emergency Fund permitted the implementation of key activities, in particular the Slave Route and the Pedagogical Use of the General History of Africa projects. With the support of South-East European countries, it was also possible to undertake activities under "Culture: a Bridge to Development" initiative. These activities contributed to boosting exchanges and transnational cooperation among regional experts and cultural practitioners. Proposals were also submitted to the Intersectoral Platform for a Culture of Peace and Non-Violence.

Expected Result 20: Heritage promoted as vector of dialogue, cooperation and mutual understanding, especially in post-conflict countries as a specific component of broader initiatives to promote innovative and creative approaches to culture as a bridge to sustainable social, economic and human development

• Although the absence of extrabudgetary resources did not allow the creation of the subregional experts working group, the four Regional Centres of Excellence for Cultural Heritage recently created in South East Europe in the field of underwater cultural heritage (Zadar, Croatia), intangible cultural heritage (Sofia, Bulgaria), cultural heritage digitization (Skopje, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia) and cultural heritage restoration (Tirana, Albania) strengthened networks of experts in the region, promoted the exchange of best practices and

- enhanced transnational cooperation, thereby promoting dialogue at the professional level and regional integration, in the spirit of the framework initiative "Culture: a Bridge to Development".
- The Regional Centres of Excellence held their first meeting in March 2012. The meeting served to discuss and enhance new partnerships and funding mechanisms between the regional centres, international institutions (especially the European Union and the World Bank) and bilateral donors (Turkey, Italy). It was agreed to promote and use, in consultation with national governments and the support of UNESCO, relevant funding mechanisms (Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA) funding, World Bank grants) for the enhancement of the regional centres on cultural heritage.
- Several of the MDG-F Joint Programmes implemented around the world promoted joint action to improve cross-cultural understanding by focusing on cultural diversity and cultural expressions, cultural heritage and cultural industries.

Expected Result 21: Promotion and use of the general and regional histories published by UNESCO strengthened, for educational purposes

- The publication of the last volume of the General History of Caribbean (Vol IV) and the Volume III of the Different Aspects of Islamic Culture enhanced historical knowledge developed within the framework of UNESCO's General and Regional Histories, thereby helping to fight against ignorance and promote mutual understanding.
- The promotion and use of the Histories series for educational purposes was enhanced through the elaboration of common contents for the Pedagogical Use of the General History of Africa project. These will be followed by teachers' guides, textbooks, historical atlas and glossary.

Expected Result 22: Knowledge of the slave trade, slavery and the African diaspora enhanced

- A film entitled "A Story Not to be Forgotten", accompanied by a pedagogical booklet targeting youth, was produced and broadcasted in May 2012 by the French TV channel France O.
- A new Research Network was created in order to break the silence on the slave trade and slavery in the Mediterranean, Middle East and Indian Ocean and facilitate information sharing and cooperation between scholars of these regions.

Expected Result 23: Conditions, capacities and arrangements for intercultural dialogue and a culture of peace strengthened locally, nationally and regionally

- More than 30 local, regional, inter-regional arts education projects were presented and cooperation established to foster social cohesion through the implementation of the Seoul Agenda in the framework of the first edition of the International Arts Education Week, generously financed by the government of the Republic of Korea..
- A USD 1 million agreement was concluded with the Hariri Foundation for Sustainable Human Development to carry out arts and creativity activities in the Arab world.

Global Priority Africa

In the area of capacity-building, African experts, professional institutions and networks benefitted from various mechanisms of support. With regard to intangible cultural heritage, Africa has the highest number of nominations proposed for the 2013 cycle. Likewise, more than half of the 48 projects funded under the International Fund for Cultural Diversity will be implemented in Africa. The MDG-F Joint Programmes have contributed to integrate culture in national development policies in Ethiopia, Mozambique, Namibia, and Senegal, and finally, new ratifications have been achieved under the 2003 and 2005 Conventions.

The difficulties encountered by the Pedagogical use of the General History of Africa Project due to the discontinuation of extrabudgetary funds, were alleviated through funds allocation from the Emergency Fund. The same Fund also provided support to capacity-building and awareness-raising programmes under Priority Africa in the context of the 1954, 1972 and 2005 conventions and the Slave Route project.

African heritage and cultural expressions better safeguarded and promoted in Member States

- 40% of the World Heritage International Assistance requests approved since January 2012 are
 from the Africa region. During the first semester of 2012, activities to strengthen national
 capacities to safeguard intangible cultural heritage were underway in 19 African States. The
 impact of the global capacity-building strategy is already apparent for the 2013 cycle of
 nominations as the Africa has the highest number of submitting States.
- 26 projects from 17 African countries will be funded by the International Fund for Cultural Diversity (IFCD). These projects carry great potential for structural impact on cultural policies and industries.
- The French adaptation of a Policy Guide for the development of cultural and creative industries in Africa was released in May 2012 in partnership with the *Organisation de la Francophonie*.

Culture mainstreamed across Africa in national development policies inclusive of gender equality

• The MDG-F Culture and Development Joint Programmes implemented in Africa (Ethiopia, Mozambique, Namibia, Senegal) reinforced the integration of culture into national development policies through the development of 7 legal acts, including with regard to gender equality.

Knowledge of Africa and the contribution of its diaspora increased

Representatives of the African Diaspora were associated to the preparation of the common pedagogical contents of the General History of Africa Project aimed at modernizing the teaching of African history in primary and secondary schools. Collaboration with the African Union Commission was reinforced in this regard through decisions taken at the Conference of Ministers of Education of the African Union (COMEDAF) in Abuja, Nigeria, April 2012. The Slave Route Project has launched the preparation of a set of special initiatives to contribute to the Action Plan for the International Decade for People of African Descent (2013-2022) to be proclaimed by the UN General Assembly.

Global Priority Gender Equality

The mainstreaming of gender equality in MP IV has been systematically pursued, especially in conjunction with the culture conventions and MDG Fund programmes. This comprises the

participation of a higher percentage of women participants/experts in diverse meetings as well as their empowerment in the area of cultural industries.

A major challenge in this domain remains the general absence of quantitative data on gender-related issues. Gender equality has therefore been selected as one of the seven dimensions of the UNESCO Culture for Development Indicator Suite (CDIS) under elaboration by the Culture Sector as an operational tool of the 2005 Convention. In this context, a gender expert was seconded to the culture sector for 5 months to by the Government of Sweden.

Involvement of women in the conservation and management of tangible and intangible cultural heritage increased

- The overall participation of women in World Heritage training workshops as trainers/experts has been approximately 40%.
- In the area of intangible cultural heritage, every effort has been made to achieve gender parity among the beneficiaries of the "human resource strengthening" in Member States within the framework of the global capacity-building strategy. The concrete results of the ongoing monitoring exercise will be made available by end 2012.

Culturally appropriate and gender-responsive policies and actions at country level designed and implemented

- The 18 MDG-F Culture and Development Joint Programmes placed special focus on women's empowerment through the creation of new employment and income-generating opportunities for women in the culture sector as well as through targeted capacity-building workshops.
- State Parties to the 2005 Convention have been encouraged to involve more women in the
 development of cultural policies and cultural industries, and monitoring of the participation and
 involvement of women in all capacity-building initiatives in the area of cultural policies and
 cultural industries is being actively pursued.
- 4 newly recruited staff members of the Manuscript Center and the Islamic Museum of the Haram al Sharif in Jerusalem, out of a total of 9, are women. One of the nine 'learning units' approved by the Scientific Committee for the Pedagogical Use of the General History of Africa project will cover gender issues with a view to giving due recognition to the role of African women.

Indigenous women's movement and faith-based organizations engaged in reconciliation and peace-building initiatives

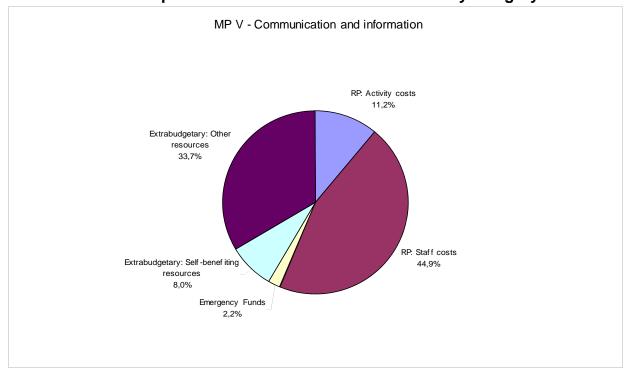
The culture sector has contributed substantially to the overall UNESCO report to the 11th session of the UN Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (UNPFII) 7-18 May 2012. Likewise, a special issue of *World Heritage* has been devoted entirely to indigenous peoples (n° 62, 2012, available online) featuring an insightful interview with Dr Myrna Cunningham from Nicaragua.

Policy-making informed by a report on Gender and Culture promoting gender equality in the field of culture

A working group has been established within CLT a view to undertaking research and joint
publication of the report in close collaboration with the Division for Gender Equality. It is clear,
however, that the absence of extrabudgetary funds for this initiative risks jeopardizing the
production of the report during the current biennium.

MAJOR PROGRAMME V: COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION

Breakdown of the expenditure incurred over the 6 months by category of funds



MLA 1: Promoting an enabling environment for freedom of expression in order to foster development, democracy, and dialogue for a culture of peace and non-violence

The volume of extra-budgetary funds mobilized for UNESCO's advocacy work and the development of policy frameworks in support of press freedom, the safety of journalists, election reporting, work in PCPD countries, and public service broadcasting, testifies to the recognition of the importance of freedom of expression in fostering development, democracy, and dialogue for a culture of peace and non-violence.

Expected Result 1: Freedom of expression, freedom of information and freedom of the press more broadly promoted and integrated into policies in Member States, related internationally recognized legal, safety, ethical and professional standards respected, the safety of media professionals enhanced, and the combat against impunity strengthened

- World Press Freedom Day in 2012 was celebrated globally through local events in more than 100 countries, including Libya, Yemen, Myanmar and Lao PDR. The "Carthage Declaration" was adopted on the occasion of a special event "New Voices: Media Freedom Helping to Transform Societies organized" in Tunis, Tunisia, which brought together over 700 participants from some 90 countries
- The award ceremony of the UNESCO/Guillermo Cano World Press Freedom Prize (WPFD) to Azerbaijani journalist Eynulla Fatullayev was hosted by the President of Tunisia, Dr Moncef Marzouki. The celebration of WPFD 2012 enjoyed wide media coverage with almost 6,000 articles in the international press and with at least 80,000 tweets on 3 May, surpassing the 2011 event in terms of social media outreach. In addition, the online poster competition yielded some of the top performing online content about WPFD on social media. To expand its outreach, UNESCO mobilized a number of partners, including Google, Microsoft, Al Jazeera, Canal France International, the African Development Bank, and GlobalNet.

- Work was initiated on media regulation and policies in Egypt, Tunisia, Jordan, East Timor, Myanmar, and Liberia, leading to a roadmap for media reform that would ensure the integration of Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights into policies.
- An unprecedented coalition of partners (UN, NGOs, professional associations, Member States)
 was mobilized to develop a strategy on the safety of journalists and the fight against impunity.
 The UN Plan of Action on the Safety of Journalists and the Issue of Impunity was commended
 by the UNESCO IPDC Council in March 2012 and fully endorsed by the UN Chief Executives
 Board (CEB) in April 2012. This endorsement ensures a UN-wide approach and
 implementation strategy.

Expected Result 2: The role of media enhanced to contribute to a culture of peace and to democratic governance

- The role of media was enhanced to contribute to a culture of peace and democratic governance through work on election reporting and in PCPD countries,
- capacity development of ministries, media professionals and civil society to put into practice the principles of freedom of expression and freedom of information in Liberia, Tunisia and Egypt.
- With the support of extra-budgetary funding, UNESCO was able to pursue its activities linked to
 election, e.g. reporting, monitoring of media coverage, and conflict sensitive reporting in more
 than ten countries, with focus on Africa and the Arab region. Furthermore, capacity-building to
 ensure media's reporting on the implementation of freedom of information (FOI) legislation was
 carried out in the Arab region.

Expected Result 3: Media capacities strengthened to foster dialogue and reconciliation, contribute to disaster risk reduction and provide humanitarian information

- Media capacities were strengthened to foster dialogue and reconciliation and contribute to disaster risk reduction and provide humanitarian information.
- UNESCO partnered with Canal France International to develop capacities of media professionals on transition from emergency situations towards democratic processes in Palestine, Myanmar and Liberia; preparations were made to launch similar activities in Cote d'Ivoire and Libya.
- The funding provided by the Danish and Swedish governments allowed for UNESCO to support freedom of expression in Liberia, and initiate projects promoting freedom of expression in eight Arab countries and South Sudan.
- In-depth and long term assessments of the media sector were conducted with extra-budgetary funding and are under finalization in Egypt, Tunisia and Jordan, with the objective of putting forward a series of evidence-based recommendations on the measures to be taken.

Lessons learned include: (i) the importance for UNESCO to continue leading the efforts to develop on-line content and support new media for users of digital platforms, and to advocate for Article 19 to defend freedom of expression in the digital world; (ii) the importance of the Organization's presence at an early stage in conflict and post-conflict situations to optimize the value of its support in the analysis and redesign of media systems. (iii) Crowdsourcing is a powerful tool for public engagement, and the sector intends to utilize public-contributed event maps, online competitions etc., for future UNESCO events. There is great potential for utilizing social media to engage leading personalities to promote the Organizations mandate. This however, requires careful preparatory work for it to be successful.

The challenges encountered: (i) unstable environments that can hinder UNESCO in supporting independent media in areas of conflict; (ii) mobilization of sufficient resources to support the achievement of expected results in certain programme areas, such as Public Service Broadcasting. To increase cost-effectiveness and efficiency measures, the Sector continued to harness existing UNESCO networks to ensure optimal delivery of programmes in partnership with the private and public sector. Whereas the Power of Peace Network (PPN) was partially discontinued, the Sector is exploring possibilities to create synergies with the youth project funded by Saudi Arabia.

MLA 2: Strengthening free, independent and pluralistic media, civic participation and gender-responsive communication for sustainable development

Through the International Programme for the Development of Communication (IPDC) and the Sector's activities related to community radio, communication for development, media and information literacy, and journalism education, a free, independent and pluralistic media was further strengthened and civic-participation and gender-responsive communication for sustainable development was supported.

Expected Result 4: Member States supported in the development of free, independent and pluralist media, reflecting the diversity of the society

- Member States were supported in the development of free, independent and pluralistic media, reflecting the diversity of society.
- The 56th Bureau of the IPDC Council was organized at UNESCO Headquarters in Paris from 22 to 24 February 2012. Among 103 project proposals considered, the IPDC Bureau approved 85 projects in 62 countries for a total amount of US\$ 2,170,180. Out of the 33 projects approved, 21 are in Africa.
- During the IPDC Council meeting, UNESCO organized an international debate on gender and media to encourage the use of the gender sensitive indicators for media in media development projects. In this regard, and to ensure media reflects the diversity of society, the annual Women Make the News (WMN) campaign involved groups from over 40 countries, 9 broadcasting unions, and 20 local community radio stations.
- policy advice on legislation concerning community radio was provided in Liberia, Myanmar and Cap Verde.
- Bhutan, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Ethiopia, India, Lesotho, Mongolia, Namibia, South Africa, Tanzania and Zambia were identified for UN joint collaboration on communication for development. In these countries, the Media Development Indicators will be used to guide UNESCO's focus on communication for development, influence UNDAFs and articulate UN joint collaboration.
- policy advice and capacity-building was provided to institutions to integrate media and information literacy (MIL) in teacher education in countries such as Ethiopia, Gabon, Morocco, Jamaica, China and Japan.

Expected Result 5: Capacities of media training and journalism education institutions strengthened to reach the established criteria of excellence in training as regards journalists' investigative skills and gender equality perspectives in media

• The capacities of media training and journalism educational institutions were strengthened to reach the established criteria of excellence in training as regards journalists' investigative skills and gender equality perspectives in media.

- UNESCO was working to ensure that the Model Curricula for Journalism Education is systematically adopted in journalism institutes of Member States. The need to further consider gender perspectives in media was among the key priorities identified for revision of the curricula to respond to international needs
- The projects supported by funding from IPDC included Africa-UK Exchange workshop that aims to connect African and UK journalism educators to innovate ways of incorporating gender and new media into curricula.

Expected Result 6: Media and Information Literacy (MIL) enhanced to enable citizens to make full use of their right to freedom of expression and information, taking into account the access and needs of both women and men

- Media and Information Literacy (MIL) to enable citizens to make full use of their rights to freedom of expression and the right to information was strengthened, taking into account the access and needs of both men and women.
- The English, French, and Arabic versions of the MIL Curriculum were published and the Curriculum translated into Japanese, German and Swedish. UNESCO assisted 7 teachertraining institutions in the adaptation of the curriculum.
- collaboration with the University of Cairo was initiated to develop a network to advocate for MIL and intercultural dialogue. MIL and Intercultural Dialogue Week in Spain on 22-25 May 2012 helped UNESCO reach 30 other universities and over 40 citizens' media group, and underlined the importance of MIL to ensure universal access to information and knowledge.
- In the framework of promoting standards for user-generated content (UGC) in partnership with existing networks, UNESCO initiated negotiations with International Radio and Television Union (URTI) to conduct a familiarization session on UGC during UNRTI's General Assembly in October 2012.

Challenges and lessons learned in this regard were mainly linked to current financial restrictions. The mobilization of funds for journalism education continues to be a challenge as it does not constitute a funding priority for many donors.

In response to this difficulty and as *cost-effectiveness and efficiency measures*, existing networks were strengthened to ensure continued work in the domain through in-kind contributions and partnerships. As regards other areas with limited or no available budget, such as the gender-sensitive indicators for media (GSIM) and quality science journalism, efforts were made to lobby key journalism education experts to offer free services in developing modules on specialized topics and reinforce the Sector's partnerships with civil society.

MLA 3: Supporting Member States in empowering citizens through universal access to knowledge and the preservation of information, including documentary heritage

UNESCO's support to Member States in this area was ensured and significant progress made in positioning UNESCO as a global leader in ICTs in Education, Open Access, digital preservation, and information for all. UNESCO's role as a facilitator of WSIS outcomes, the development of the Paris Declaration that advocates for the integration of Open Educational Resources in national education policies, and the publication of UNESCO's policy guidelines for the promotion and development of Open Access positioned the Organization at the forefront of policy support and capacity building as concerns universal access to knowledge.

Expected Result 7: The impact of activities in the fields of education, science and culture enhanced through gender-sensitive Open Suite strategies (open access, free and open source software and open educational resources) and innovative ICTs

- In the first six months of the biennium, UNESCO played a leadership role in ensuring that the
 impact of activities in the fields of education, sciences and culture are enhanced through
 gender-sensitive Open Suite strategies (open access, free and open source software and open
 educational resources) and innovative ICTs.
- Synergies with partner associations (COL, ICDE) were tapped for the execution of activities.
 Focus was on fund-raising to support the roll-out of the ICT Competencies For Teachers (CFT).
 Interest to date has been expressed by the Hewlett foundation and the Indonesian government.
- The 5th African Conference on Free and Open Source Software (FOSS) and Digital Commons (IDLELO) was held in Abuja from 19 to 23 March 2012. Among the different subjects covered, the Conference was an opportunity for presenting the findings of UNESCO on the deployment of FOSS in the education sector, in particular, primary and secondary schools in Africa.
- In order to further support the development and sharing of e-learning policies and tools through UNESCO's online applications and training platforms, the Open Training Platform was revamped and is now linked to 3,500 resources.
- In the field of OER, significant progress was made in a very short span of time with the
 organization of six regional fora and the World Open Educational Resources (OER) Congress
 in June 2012 in Paris. The World OER Congress not only put UNESCO in a leadership position
 in the field of OERs but also formulated the Paris OER Declaration which calls on Member
 States to embrace OERs in their educational policy and therefore enhance universal access to
 information and knowledge.
- In order to build the capacity of major institutions to apply ICTs in building scientific knowledge
 and open access in research, UNESCO released the "Policy Guidelines for the Promotion and
 Development of Open Access" in English. This publication had a significant impact on Open
 Access around the world, and the number of Open Access journals, repositories and policy
 mandates are increasing steadily.

Expected Result 8: World's documentary heritage protected and digitized, capacities of Member States strengthened to that effect, preservation and digitization strategies and principles adopted and archives and libraries reinforced as centres of education, and learning and information

- UNESCO continued to advocate for the protection and digitization of the World's documentary heritage, and strengthen the capacities of Member States to that effect.
- Detailed recommendations to strengthen the MOW Programme to ensure that it maintains its
 role in protecting the documentary heritage of humanity as a source of knowledge were
 formulated by more than 50 experts at the meeting funded and hosted by Poland and
 organized on the occasion of the Programmes's 20th anniversary.
- A new list of four inscriptions on the MOWCAP regional register was a highlight of the 5th meeting of the MOW Regional Committee for the Asia Pacific (MOWCAP), hosted from 14-16 May by the Thai National MoW Committee and Thai National Commission for UNESCO in Bangkok; the meeting was by far the largest to date, attracting some 61 participants from 20

countries. 83 nominations are currently being assessed in preparation for the IAC meeting scheduled for 2013, when decisions concerning new inscriptions on the MoW register will be made.

 The World Digital Library Meeting scheduled for 2013 reflects UNESCO's continued commitment to encourage the adoption of preservation and digitization strategies and reinforce archives and libraries as centres of education and learning. The Sector pursued efforts to mobilize extra-budgetary resources to ensure capacity building activities in this regard.

Expected Result 9: Member States enabled to implement World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS) outcomes and develop gender-sensitive policy frameworks for universal access to information and for bridging the digital divide

- In the first quarter of the biennium, UNESCO continued to work towards enabling Member States to implement the World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS) outcomes and Gender-sensitive policy frameworks for universal access to information and for bridging the digital divide.
- Within the framework of ongoing efforts to establish new National IFAP Committees, UNESCO familiarized Member States with the National Information Society Policy Templates as a key resource to support national policy development. As a result, National IFAP Committees were established in four countries namely Iran, Mongolia, Trinidad & Tobago and Uruguay.
- UNESCO fulfilled its facilitator's role in the post-WSIS process and advocated the inclusive Knowledge Societies concept through the co-organization of the annual WSIS Forum, the organization of one UNGIS meeting together with ITU and UNCTAD, and the launch of the preparations for the first WSIS+10 review meeting.
- The findings of the upcoming UNESCO report on the use of ICTs in education for persons with disabilities were presented and discussed at the WSIS Forum 2012, which attracted more than 1300 stakeholders from more than 140 countries.
- The recently published UNESCO-supported publication "Net.LANG. Towards the Multilingual Cyberspace" contributed to the promotion of the UNESCO 2003 Recommendation concerning the Promotion and Use of the Multilingualism and Universal Access to Cyberspace. Furthermore, UNESCO partnered with ISOC and OECD on the joint study "The economic aspects of local content creation and local Internet infrastructure".

Challenges and lessons learned were largely linked to constraints due to budgetary provisions and its impact on the achievement of expected results. The Sector enhanced extra-budgetary fundraising efforts to reinforce its poorly resourced programmes, including IFAP and the Organization's Open Access Strategy. The establishment of National Memory of the World Committees to make governments aware of the documentary heritage programme was one approach adopted to ensure awareness-raising.

Cost-effectiveness and efficiency measures include holding virtual conferences and meetings, where possible. For example, the 19th IFAP Bureau meeting was conducted by audio-conferencing and this resulted in reduced meeting time, significant savings in document reproduction and travel while maintaining quality outcome. This approach involved a much higher level of active engagement between the Secretariat and Bureau members during the preparatory stages. Time zone differences, quality of telecommunication services and the nature of the meeting may pose limitations on the extent of application of this approach.

Global Priority Africa

The Sector continued to work in support of Global Priority Africa as concerns fostering information and communication capacities for universal access to knowledge to bridge the digital divide and promoting freedom of expression and information.

Expected Result 1: A free, independent and pluralistic media landscape fostered by Member States to benefit democracy and sustainable development

• A major proportion of IPDC projects approved by the 56th IPDC Bureau were in support of Africa. Many of these proposals indicate a linkage between media and sustainable development issues, highlighting progress as concerns UNESCO's work in encouraging Member States to foster a free, independent and pluralistic to benefit democracy and sustainable development. A significant extra-budgetary project was secured in the area of community media, funded by SIDA, through which staff at over 30 radio stations in six different countries in the region will be trained to use new media and mobile phones to improve their broadcasts.

Expected Result 2: Learning and teaching processes enhanced through ICT content and applications

- In order to enhance learning and teaching processes through ICT content and applications in Africa, UNESCO produced several knowledge products, such as the ICT Competency Framework for Teachers and the Guidelines for the use of OER in Higher Education. These products were translated into French for Francophone African Member States.
- 16 policy- and decision-makers from African Member States participated in the Africa OER Forum in Pretoria co-hosted by UNESCO and the Commonwealth of Learning (COL). The Forum outcome informed the World OER Congress in June 2012 by providing African-specific inputs to the Paris Declaration.
- UNESCO significantly advanced the West African Economic and Monetary Union (UEMOA)
 ICT in Education Project to create a regional virtual library network in the 8 UEMOA Member
 States following a planning meeting with the Heads of universities and senior officials.
- To create awareness and develop relevant policies as concerns access to peer reviewed scientific research in the region, UNESCO's Open Access (OA) Strategy, including the Global Open Access Portal (GOAP), was presented at the 1st Africa Forum on Science, Technology and Innovation in Nairobi, Kenya, in April 2012.

Expected Result 3: Media and information literacy enhanced to facilitate civic participation in development processes

- In the first quarter of the biennium, media and information literacy was further enhanced to facilitate civic participation in the development processes, particularly through the Sector's work in journalism education.
- UNESCO provided assistance to a number of journalism education/training institutions in Lesotho, Mauritius, Rwanda, South Africa and Tanzania which have either adapted or are in the process of adapting the UNESCO model curricula for journalism education.
- A major workshop to improve the quality of journalism education took place in April 2012 in the UK. Aimed at enhancing gender and new media literacy among media trainers and journalism educators, the workshop resulted in the launch of an Africa-United Kingdom Journalism Education Exchange Network, under the auspices of the UK National Commission for

UNESCO, the University of Bedfordshire in Luton (UK), and the Association for Journalism Education (AJE) and the Polytechnic of Namibia. Furthermore, the UNESCO-commissioned assessment by the African Democracy Institute (Idasa) on how HIV and AIDS, as well as other development issues, are featured in journalism curricula.

Challenges and lessons learned were linked to budgetary constraints; it was a challenge to ensure the full participation of all African Member States, especially African LDCs or SIDS. The core lesson is to consistently work with a smaller number of African Member States over the course of the biennium to ensure that UNESCO meets expected targets despite the reduced budget and to ensure, in this regard, a multiplier effect through institutional capacity building and training of trainers.

Cost effectiveness and efficiency measures undertaken by the Sector include identification of extra-budgetary funds and partnerships. For example the 2012 World OER Congress and the 6 regional policy forums including the Africa Forum were funded by the Hewlett Foundation (USA) in partnership with the Commonwealth of Learning. This included the sponsorship of more than 50% of delegates from Africa.

Global Priority Gender Equality

The Sector continued to support Global Priority Gender by adopting a two-pronged approach in mainstreaming gender in all policies and programmes of its work. Nearly half of the sessions in celebration of World Press Freedom Day in Tunis, Tunisia, were chaired by women and the opening keynote speaker was Mrs Tawakkol Karman, the 2011 Nobel Peace Prize Laureate, who was also the youngest and first Arab woman to be conferred the Prize.

Expected Result 1: Member States supported in the application of gender-sensitive indicators for media

- During the first quarter of the biennium, Member States were supported in the application of gender-sensitive Media Development Indicators.
- The international debate on gender and media during the 28th session of the IPDC Council meeting on 23 March 2012 mobilized key stakeholders and the Gender-Sensitive Indicators for Media Initiative was officially endorsed by the IPDC Council. National assessments that include gender equality in media operations based on the UNESCO MDIs were launched in Bolivia, Brazil, the Ivory Coast, Egypt, Liberia, Mali, Nepal, Uganda, Togo, Tunisia, Croatia, Serbia, and FYROM and steps taken to systematically integrate, at the implementation level, the Media Development Indicators with the recent Gender-Sensitive Indicators resource.
- The annual Women Make the News online policy advocacy initiative was organized under the theme Rural women's access to media and information to stimulate knowledge exchange on the importance of policies in favour of access to media and information in rural communities, particularly for women, as well as highlight good practices in this regard undertaken by public service broadcasters, commercial and community media, and NGOs.

Expected Result 2: National information policies formulated and implemented in a gender inclusive manner

- In the first six months of the biennium, UNESCO worked to ensure that national information policies were formulated in a gender-inclusive manner both in policy process and content.
- The OER Declaration, the major outcome of the 2012 World OER Congress (Paris, 20-22 June), provided recommendations to Member States on a gender equal perspectives in promoting and using OER to widen access to education. Adoption of Open Access enabling

policies through the gender mainstreamed Policy guidelines, which is the flagship publication for the Sector's capacity building activities in the area of OA, was encouraged.

Expected Result 3: UNESCO-supported training programmes offered on an equal basis to men and women

- UNESCO continued to be engaged in mainstreaming gender in national and institutional policy frameworks and curricular standards and ensuring UNESCO-supported training programmes are offered on an equal basis to men and women.
- Gender Links (GL), in partnership with UNESCO, ran a four-day inception workshop with journalism and media educators from 8 Southern African institutions on mainstreaming gender in journalism and media education and training curricula.
- In Dar-Es-Salaam, UNESCO assumed a lead role in the application of community media as a vehicle for empowering rural women and enhancing gender equality on local levels for sustainable community development. In collaboration with UN Women, UNESCO pioneered the use of solar and dynamo radio set technology to bridge information access gaps for women in rural areas. UNESCO launched the development and dissemination of a Gender Code of Practice for Community Media, while spearheading programmes to train and empower female media practitioners at all levels.

Challenges and lessons learned include the continued need to raise awareness about the role, the specific needs and the benefits for women and girls when using, accessing and developing technologies. UNESCO continued to contribute to the achievement of MDG 3 and other MDGs through interventions addressing three dimensions of gender equality and women's empowerment; capabilities, access to resources and opportunities, and security. The production of the Manual for Namibian Multipurpose Community Centres, for example, contributed to promoting community participation in sustainable development through community media.

Despite the limited financial resources available, and to ensure *cost-effectiveness and efficiency measures*, UNESCO focused on offering policy advice to partners in Morocco, China, India, and the Caribbean geared towards ensuring take-up and application of the GSIM. Challenges encountered in supporting Member States in the application of GSIM include the fact that it is difficult to measure the impact of advocacy work. What is certain is that UNESCO continues to push and cooperate with media organizations globally to keep gender equality in and through media on the international agenda.

INTERSECTORAL PLATFORMS (IP)

In January 2012, a call for the development of intersectoral projects was launched by BSP through a memo outlining the criteria and guidelines for the development and funding of all intersectoral projects by the six intersectoral platforms approved in the 36 C/5. Following this call for proposals, the six Intersectoral Platforms (IPs) developed and selected their projects for funding through an innovative, inclusive and transparent process, based on the guidelines and criteria, and which envisaged a peer review process for all projects, involving the various members of each IP at HQ and in the field as well as representatives of the two global priorities (GE and AFR). All projects were posted on the intranet for all interested staff and parties to follow and offer comments. All projects were then ranked through the peer review/evaluation teams, against the criteria originally defined. In the case of the HIV/AIDS platform, a slightly different – but not less inclusive and transparent - approach was followed whereby all initial proposals were—shared with the Multisectoral Consultative Group, HIV focal points network and field office directors. This yielded two proposals outlined below necessitating a funding of US \$250,000 each. Each proposal involves at least three programme sectors and multiple field offices, which will receive the bulk of

resources for regional and country level activities.

In total, 198 intersectoral projects were submitted, out of which some 55 projects were shortlisted. After their review and revision, as needed, areas for joint collaboration among the various IPs were identified and mechanisms developed to enhance synergies during the implementation phase. The open process helped enhance the focus of the intersectoral projects and of UNESCO's approach to intersectorality in general. The final list of 55 projects for a total of US \$5.86 million was reviewed and endorsed by the Programme Management Committee (PMC) and approved by the Director-General. This included US\$ 2.8 million from the Regular Programme and US \$2.99 million from the Emergency Fund. The Director-General approved the allocation of funds from the Emergency Fund to the Intersectoral Platforms so as to be enable the IPs to attain the expected results approved in the 36 C/5. Implementation has since started under each IP. Information on each specific IP is included in the section below.

Intersectoral platform for a culture of peace and non-violence

Field Offices and Sectors submitted 48 project proposals to the Intersectoral Platform for a culture of peace and non-violence, of which 9 were re-directed to other IPs. The 38 proposals reviewed under the IP were distributed as follows: 31 came from Field Offices (Africa (9), Arab States (6), Asia and the Pacific (7), Latin America and the Caribbean (9) and 8 from Headquarters (CI (1), CLT (1), ED (1), SC (2), SHS (3)). 17 projects were shortlisted by the Platform for a total of US \$1,195,000, endorsed by the PMC, and approved by the Director-General. These projects were organized in 5 thematic clusters: (i) Strengthening peace and non-Violence through education; (ii) Women and youth empowerment for democratic participation, new citizenship/identity, and social cohesion; (iii) Peacebuilding and non-Violence promotion through media and ICTs; (iv) Heritage and contemporary creativity as tools for building peace through dialogue; and (v) Scientific and cultural cooperation for the management of natural transboundary resources.

In addition, ten flagship projects were developed within the framework of the Memorandum of Understanding between UNESCO and the Government of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in support of the "Abdullah bin Abdulaziz International Programme for a Culture of Peace and Dialogue", and are currently being implemented. Activities are also being implemented within the framework of the Danish extrabudgetary project on "Building competences to develop policies and programmes for intercultural dialogue respectful of human rights".

The Programme of Action on a Culture of Peace and Non-Violence also provided an important framework for enhancing international cooperation and for exploring new ways of promoting peace and non-violence every day and everywhere through UNESCO's fields of competence. International fora were organized with Heads of State, UN partners and other stakeholders to further expand UNESCO's large-scale action in this area and to help chart the programmatic activities of the Organization.

Intersectoral platform on UNESCO's contribution to climate change mitigation and adaptation

As part of the 36 C/5 competitive process for Intersectoral Platforms,, under the direction of ADG/IOC as the Lead ADG for the platform, the Climate Change Platform brought together colleagues from all Sectors and field Offices to develop joint project proposals. Initially, 35 proposals with a combined budget of more than US \$5 million were developed and screened for funding from the regular budget and the emergency fund. Ten of these proposals were short listed for a total of US \$1,196,500, endorsed by the PMC, and approved by the Director-General. Several of these proposals concern the mandates of other platforms as well, notably the Priority Africa and SIDS Platforms with which the Climate Change Platform is cooperating actively. During this period, the Climate Change Platform also continued to engage in UN-wide collaboration, notably with WMO, and a number of Member States, on issues such as climate research and monitoring, climate change education and the development of the Global Climate Change Observatory of UNESCO Sites and the UNESCO Climate Change Adaptation Forum.

Intersectoral platform on UNESCO's contribution to the fight against HIV and AIDS

The call for proposals under the Intersectoral Platform on HIV and AIDS was launched in February inviting all sectors to formulate two proposals with the objectives of: 1) improving the quality and impact of Member States' responses to HIV and AIDS through strengthened technical support, and 2) improving HIV knowledge among young people as a key component of effective national responses to the epidemic. The guiding principles required that the bulk of resources be decentralized to field offices and that proposals contribute to UNESCO's expected results and the UNAIDS Unified Budget, Results and Accountability Framework (UBRAF). Expressions of interest were received from 11 field offices for the first objective, and 18 for the second. After review, two proposals were retained, the first focusing on strengthening effective programming for key populations, and the second on using new media to increase HIV knowledge among young people. The two final proposals (US \$250,000 each) involved at least three Programme sectors and multiple field offices.

Intersectoral collaboration continued particularly through an intersectoral workplanning process for the use of the UBRAF core allocation for UNESCO US \$12.4 million (2012-2013). As a result, 45% of UBRAF funds support multi-sectoral projects. Examples of intersectoral programmes include the collaboration between ED, CI and SHS in Russia and Ukraine in a project expecting to reach over 50,000 young people via different sources of media, to improve their knowledge and empower them to make informed choices. In West and Central Africa, support to improve HIV knowledge among young people focuses on scaling up harmonized curricula and education through ICT-based training and the production of radio and TV programmes.

The Intersectoral platform on support to countries in post-conflict and post-disaster (PCPD) situations is the principal forum for the coordination of disaster risk reduction and peacebuilding responses by UNESCO in the aftermath of crises. During the first six months of 2012, funding from the Post-Crisis Special Account and the PCPD Platform secretariat (BFC) have supported UNESCO's responses in South Sudan, Myanmar, the Tunis and Tripoli project antennas, and the PEER programme.

During the reporting period, the PCPD Platform convened a multi-sectoral 11-person peer review process to review 40 intersectoral project submissions received from 27 field offices. The PCPD peer review team evaluated each project based on intersectorality, innovation, alignment with expected results and global priorities, as well as assessed needs and linkages to Member State priorities, implementation strategy and implementing teams, partnerships and extrabudgetary funds mobilization potential, sustainability and scalability. The top eight projects were shortlisted with a total budget of \$1,040,000, and following endorsement by the PMC, they were approved by the Director-General.

Under the "Conflict Resolution & Peacebuilding" thematic window of the MDG Achievement Fund (MDG-F), UNESCO is presently implementing nine joint UN Country Team activities through US \$5.6 million in funds for Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Haiti, Lebanon, Macedonia, Mexico, Panama.

Through the UN Peacebuilding Fund, four projects totalling US \$2.7 million are approaching completion in the Central African Republic and Liberia, in the fields of Peace and Human Rights education, training, and support to culture and community radio.

In this period, UNESCO also completed implementation of the Lebanon Recovery Fund and Iraq

Trust Fund, the latter amounting to US \$60 million across twenty projects spanning all of UNESCO post-crisis fields of competence.

In the Republic of the Congo, the OCHA Central Emergency Response Fund granted UNESCO funds of US \$181,000 to provide psychosocial support to children, following the April 2012 munitions explosion in Brazzaville that displaced some 15,000 people.

In the first half of 2012, UNESCO took part in six OCHA Humanitarian Appeals, notably for the Somalia and Horn of Africa drought response, as well as in the Central African Republic, Palestine and Pakistan. These humanitarian phase projects seek to raise US \$7.6 million to address UNESCO's fields of competence in disaster risk mitigation for droughts and floods, as well as in the support of cultural livelihoods, psychosocial support and education for Internally Displaced Populations.

The 2012 OCHA humanitarian appeals process marks the first time that UNESCO has been included by OCHA within the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Cluster: through initiatives for "rapid groundwater development for emergency water and sanitation services" currently being implemented by UNESCO in the Horn of Africa. The Organization also continues to work within OCHA's humanitarian Clusters for Education, Early Recovery and Protection.

Intersectoral platform on UNESCO's contribution to the Mauritius Strategy for the further implementation of the 1994 Barbados Programme of action for the sustainable development of Small Island Developing States (SIDS)

Throughout the first half of 2012 the SIDS Platform maintained close cooperation with the wider UN system, ensuring an active presence in UN-wide SIDS initiatives and the full participation of UNESCO in the planning of the 2014 meeting on Barbados+20. In early 2012, the SIDS Platform invited the submission of project proposals to be considered by the PMC for funding under the 36 C/5 modality for Intersectoral Platforms. In consultation with ADG/SC, as lead ADG, all proposals received were reviewed by an intersectoral working group chaired by the Platform Manager and comprising SIDS Focal Points from all sectors. Feedback was submitted to proponents along with suggestions for strengthening each proposal. Following the receipt of revised proposals, the working group elaborated a shortlist based on the criteria defined by BSP. Seven projects were submitted for a total of US \$755,000, endorsed by the PMC and approved by the Director-General.

In parallel with the project assessment process, UNESCO continued its proactive contributions towards the implementation of the Mauritius Strategy, in spite of funding constraints. Key achievements include the expansion of IOC membership and the completion of capacity development activities under the Pacific Tsunami Early Warning System; the publication of the Spanish language edition of the Sandwatch manual; the publication and formal launch of the book Weathering Uncertainty on traditional knowledge relating to climate change and adaptation at the UNESCO-ICSU Science Forum held prior to the UNCSD; the launch of a publication on East Timorese traditional knowledge of nature; the launch and implementation of new Youth Visioning for Island Living projects focusing on HIV-AIDS awareness in Jamaica and Mauritius; development of a multi-agency Pacific island sub-regional partnership to formulate appropriate policy and planning frameworks for STI; the implementation of capacity development activities for Pacific media on gender equality and e-waste; and development of the Jamaica Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Project as a pilot exercise preceding further sub-regional implementation; and initiation of the Pacific Islands Literacy and Numeracy Assessment, a collaborative effort with the Pacific Board for Educational Assessment.

Intersectoral platform on priority Africa and its implementation by UNESCO

Le Département Afrique a organisé une série de consultations et de séminaires prospectifs impliquant les secteurs de programme, les bureaux UNESCO en Afrique, l'Union Africaine (UA), le NEPAD, les communautés économiques sous régionales, le groupe africain ainsi que des experts institutionnels et individuels, destinés à élaborer un cadre directeur de référence pour le Secrétariat, les Etats membres et les partenaires, sous la forme d'un document dit de stratégie opérationnelle. Cette stratégie a pour vocation, en tenant compte, prospectivement, des défis et enjeux de développement identifiés, de doter la priorité Afrique d'une vision référentielle, assortie d'objectifs globaux et spécifiques partagés, de dresser l'état des lieux des opportunités et des contraintes liées à ces objectifs, d'indiquer les parties prenantes à sa mise en œuvre avec leurs lignes appropriées d'autorité, de responsabilité et de collaboration, et d'identifier les moyens humains et financiers requis.

A la faveur d'un appel à projets, la Plateforme a pu capitaliser un portefeuille de 31 projets, conçus et élaborés par des équipes intersectorielles, auxquelles ont été parties prenantes tous les secteurs de programme, les bureaux et instituts en Afrique, ainsi que d'autres unités de l'Organisation. Les centres d'intérêt de ces projets portent sur l'eau, l'environnement, l'éducation à la Culture de la Paix, la promotion des langues africaines, la formation des maîtres, renforcement des capacités dans les STI, la jeunesse et le genre. L'ensemble de ces projets ont été soumis à un groupe intersectoriel, chargé d'en faire l'évaluation sur la base d'une grille de critères. A l'issue de cette évaluation, onze projets d'un total de 1.196.666 dollars US, ont été retenus et approuvés par le PMC et par la Directrice Générale.

Afin de définir les axes stratégiques d'un programme pour la culture de la paix en Afrique et jeter les bases d'une coopération avec l'Union africaine et d'autres partenaires régionaux, une mission a été effectuée à Addis Abeba (16-20 avril 2012) qui a donné lieu à un aide-mémoire contenant les domaines de coopération ainsi que les projets à développer de manière conjointe avec l'Union africaine. Parmi les axes de coopération figurent les cadres d'action de l'UA suivants : « l'Architecture africaine de paix et sécurité », la campagne de sensibilisation « Agissions pour la paix : Make Peace Happen » ; le « cadre des valeurs partagées » ; la « Charte africaine de la démocratie, des élections et de la gouvernance » et la « Charte africaine de la jeunesse ». Un premier des Forum de réflexion sur la culture de la paix a eu lieu en Côte d'Ivoire sous le titre : « Culture de la paix en Afrique de l'Ouest : un impératif de développement économique et une exigence de cohésion sociale » (Abidjan, 4-5 juin 2012). Ce Forum a été organisé en partenariat avec le Centre d'Etudes et de Prospective Stratégique (CEPS), une ONG ayant un statut de consultation avec l'UNESCO, ainsi qu'avec le Gouvernement ivoirien. Une série de recommandations et de pistes d'action concrètes ont été élaborées. Ces recommandations sont une contribution aux prochains C4 et C5 de l'UNESCO ainsi qu'au Sommet des Chefs d'Etat et de Gouvernement de l'Union africaine prévu en janvier 2013. Par ailleurs, un inventaire des projets sur la culture de la paix développés en Afrique, a été initié avec les bureaux hors-siège de l'UNESCO afin de constituer une base de données des « bonnes pratiques » dans ce domaine. Le recensement des mécanismes traditionnels de prévention et de résolution des conflits a été également initié.

UNESCO INSTITUTE FOR STATISTICS (UIS)

MLA 1: Development of education indicators and promotion of data use and analysis

Core funding to this MLA has been reduced due to budgetary constraints. To mitigate the impact of this reduction, the UIS has undertaken the following measures:

- Prioritization of activities with a focus on specific countries;
- More efficient use of human resources has enabled the UIS to reduce staff costs (e.g. not renew vacant positions);
- Reduction of travel costs by reducing the number of missions and securing greater funding from partners;
- Greater reliance on partnerships to deliver data and analysis.

Expected Result 1: More relevant and timely education statistics and indicators produced

- New indicators about early grade learning and teacher flows in sub-Saharan Africa were prepared and disseminated.
- Regional indicators on school conditions in sub-Saharan Africa were analyzed and disseminated via several outputs (report, data visualizations, etc.).
- Regional indicators on adult education and literacy programmes in Latin America and the Caribbean are being analyzed and will be released on International Literacy Day.
- The UIS initiative to improve the production and use of education finance data was extended to Anglophone countries in sub-Saharan Africa and introduced in Latin America and Asia.

- 42 new national literacy data sets were processed and Global Age-Specific Literacy
 Projections produced from 568 national datasets.
- For educational attainment, a dataset with completion ratios in 70 countries was created in order to estimate mean years of schooling.

Expected Result 2: Appropriate methodologies and standards in the field of education statistics developed, maintained and refined

- The UIS has begun work with Member States to remap their education systems according to new ISCEC 2011.
- A technical advisory panel met in Montreal in May to revise ISCED fields of study.
- The UIS developed a pilot questionnaire to map national TVET provision which will be tested in nine countries.

Expected Result 3: Capacities of national statisticians strengthened in the production and use of national and comparative education data

 Two training workshops were organized for education planners and policymakers from East Asia as well as South and West Asia. The training focused on: instructional time module; ISCED 2011; UIS instruments for education finance data.

Expected Result 4: Use and analysis of education statistics promoted

- The UIS programmed a series of new indicators (adjusted net enrolment rate, total net enrolment rate, out-of-school rate for children of primary and lower secondary age) in the UIS database for the measurement of school participation.
- A new steering committee was formed to develop a strategy to improve data visualization and accessibility on the UIS website. Initial experience with data visualization on the UIS website is very positive.
- New series of electronic atlases released with editions focusing on gender disparities in education and out-of-school children.

MLA 2: Development of international statistics on education outcomes

The UIS has created the Observatory of Learning Outcomes to respond to the rising demand for cross-nationally comparable data in this field. To avoid the duplication of efforts, the Observatory is designed to leverage current initiatives by creating an international repository of existing information and corresponding meta-data; and by promoting collaboration among different agencies which helps to reduce costs. Overall, the Observatory will provide Member States with the statistical and technical information required to make informed decisions on assessments as well as the cross-nationally comparable data required to better monitor learning outcomes.

Given the financial costs and technical issues associated with the Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme, the UIS is reviewing its plans to expand the programme.

Expected Result 5: Data on the distribution of literacy skills produced by more Member States and information used to design and implement education policies and programmes

The UIS is preparing to release data from the first group of LAMP countries.
 assessing the feasibility of enlarging this group in light of the current constraints in terms of human and financial resources.

Expected Result 6: Methodologies for the assessment and monitoring of literacy developed, refined and implemented

- No work is foreseen in 2012 due to financial constraints.

Expected Result 7: A framework to undertake comparative analysis and international monitoring of progress in learning outcomes established

- The UIS is in negotiations with the Brookings Institution to create an international task force on learning outcomes.
- The Institute is creating an international catalogue of student assessment initiatives which should be completed in 2013.

MLA 3: Development of international statistics on science and technology (S&T); communication and information; and culture

The team dedicated to this area is relatively small but highly qualified to provide sufficient support to Member States. To reduce costs, the UIS has limited travel while seeking greater support from partners, especially when organizing training workshops.

Expected Result 8: Timely statistical information, and analysis on research and development and innovation statistics made available to Member States

- Survey on innovation metadata was launched in June 2012 according to schedule.
- Training workshop on science, technology and innovation indicators was organized by UNESCO, UIS and the African Union in April 2012 in South Africa.
- New eAtlas on research and development data was released in June 2012.

Expected Result 9: New S&T methodological tools made available to Member States

- Consultation process is being launched to improve UIS guidelines on S&T data collection activities.
- Qatar, Oman and the UAE have requested UIS support regarding their national R&D surveys.

Expected Result 10: Data on information and communication technologies (ICT) in education are collected in regional modules and made available in the UIS database.

- The UIS is preparing to launch a regional ICT data collection in Asia in late 2012.

Expected Result 11: New statistical information on print, broadcast and online media is made available through the UIS database

 Preparatory work has been completed (including a training workshop for 28 countries in May). The global survey of media statistics will be launched in the second half of 2012.

Expected Result 12: Capacities of national statisticians strengthened in the production of cultural statistics and the use of new methodological tools facilitating application of the 2009 UNESCO Framework for Culture Statistics

- Two handbooks on the measurement of cultural participation and the economic contribution of cultural industries – are currently being prepared.
- Training provided to national statisticians in Mongolia and South Africa.

Expected Result 13: More data on feature films and another culture topic are available in the UIS database

- The global survey on feature film statistics will be launched in July 2012.
- Methodological work is also underway to develop a new survey on cultural employment.

MLA 4: Reinforcement of cross-cutting statistical activities

The UIS is under pressure to improve the usability of its online Data Centre. However, the development of a new dissemination environment would be extremely expensive. A solution has been found by entering into a partnership agreement with the OECD to share technologies and, to some degree, human resources by implementing the OECD Dot.stat dissemination environment. This initiative will allow the UIS to save at least \$250,000 in software development costs while avoiding the costs of maintenance and technical updates.

Expected Result 14: Quality of data produced by the UIS improved and constantly monitored

- Task force was set up to design new internal indicators to better monitor targets and anticipate the need for corrective actions.

Expected Result 15: UIS data-users given easier and more efficient access to the UIS data through the redesigned online Data Centre

- Agreements were signed with OECD and the World Bank to improve the accessibility and visibility of UIS data.
- A new version of the UIS Data Centre will be online in 2013.

Global Priority Africa

One of the greatest challenges lies in promoting national use of UIS data for effective policymaking in sub-Saharan Africa. To this end, the UIS has established its most important field presence in regional and cluster offices across the continent. African countries are also given priority in terms of training opportunities and relevant policy issues are clearly addressed in all UIS publications. To improve data quality and dissemination across the region, the UIS has undertaken the following initiatives:

- Regional data collection on teaching and school conditions;
- Data quality assessments and ISCED mappings;
- Regional and national training workshops on data collection in the fields of education, science and culture:
- Expansion of UIS initiative to improve the production and use of education finance data.

Global Priority Gender Equality

Guided by the Gender Equality Action Plan for 2008-2013, the UIS continues to ensure that, where possible, all data and indicators disseminated are disaggregated by sex or by a gender parity index. Examples of the priority given to gender equality include:

- All publications include relevant gender analysis;
- New series of electronic atlases specifically focus on gender disparities in education;
- Gender issues related to out-of-school children and women in science.

UNESCO'S CONTRIBUTION TO OPERATIONAL POLICIES AND ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM (167 EX/DECISION 8.1)

Further to documents 185 EX/4 and 186 EX/INF. 22, this part of the Director-General's report provides an update on UNESCO's contribution to, and involvement in, the system-wide efforts to enhance inter-agency cooperation as regards operational policies and activities for development cooperation within the UN system. UNESCO's engagement in these efforts have been guided by the quest to pursue the reforms under way within the United Nations system so that the implications for the Organization can be forecast and its mandate and its specificities can be preserved. Information on statutory reports on UNESCO's contribution to the UN system is provided annually in EX/6.

At the global/inter-agency level, UNESCO has continued its engagement within the Chief Executives Board (CEB) and its pillars - the High-Level Committee on Programmes (HLCP), the High-Level Committee on Management (HLCM) and the United Nations Development Group (UNDG) of which it assumed vice-chairmanship. One important area of work concerns inter-agency discussions on the post-2015 UN development agenda and contribution to a report of the UN System Task Team on the Post-2015 entitled "Realizing the Future We Want".

UNESCO has continued its engagement in the Regional Directors Teams (RDTs) and their assigned support and oversight functions, as well as joint United Nations work as a member of United Nations Country Teams (UNCTs).

In response to General Assembly resolution 62/208 on the triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development (TCPR), UNESCO has aligned its programme cycle and contributed to the discussions and the formulation by the UNDG Advisory Group of recommendations completed in July 2012 to be submitted to the General Assembly that are aimed at further enhancing the relevance, coherence, effectiveness and efficiency of the United Nations development system, while taking into account the rapidly evolving challenges of today's world.

UNESCO has remained fully committed to efforts of increased system-wide coherence, geared towards greater coordination, efficiency, effectiveness, and enhanced quality of delivery of the United Nations' action, in particular for development at country-level. In this context, the Organization is actively supporting the UN Secretary-General's proposal, contained in his five-year plan, to advance a "second generation of Delivering as One", inter alia taking forward the findings and lessons learned from the independent evaluation of lessons learned from Delivering as One.

UNESCO's participation in common country programming exercises and the elaboration of UNESCO Country Programming Documents (UCPDs) has continued to be supported through dedicated reinforcement funds, including allocation of the 2% funds from programme activities under the 36 C/5.

ADG/BSP, in his capacity as Vice Chair of the UNDG, was tasked with leading the UN inter-agency review of current funding modalities and cost-sharing arrangements in support of the Resident Coordinator system. The review, which is close to being finalized, provides an overview of available and needed resources in support of the UN Resident Coordinator system, and makes proposals for an equitable, sustainable and fair cost-sharing among UN organizations in view of the mutual benefits received from the RC system.

The MDG Achievement Fund (MDG-F) is an important producer of innovations and knowledge both in the field of development policy and the organizational level. UNESCO, as the Convenor of the MDG-F Thematic Window on Culture and Development, is leading a Knowledge Management project, in partnership with UNDP, which aims at capitalizing on the knowledge generated by the 18 Joint Programmes on Culture and Development regarding the linkages between culture and development as well as inter-agency cooperation. The objective is to inform future programming in this field as well as to contribute to the post-2015 discussions. In this context, information and data on the impact on MDGs and main achievements of the 18 Joint Programmes, as well as national ownership, beneficiaries, operational challenges, and success stories are being diffused among the participating UN agencies, the MDG-F Secretariat, the national authorities, and the wider development community via regional e-publications and the web.

With its mandate to address sustainable development and peace-building, UNESCO has been increasingly called upon by its Member States to respond to post-conflict/post-disaster situations as well as to act in regard to disaster risk reduction and conflict prevention, including in the context of a joint coordinated United Nations response. United Nations system-wide reforms in post-conflict and post-disaster response have focused on coherence in filling gaps during the transition from humanitarian response to reconstruction and "peace-building". This implies a broader mobilization by the United Nations system during the "early recovery" phase, which implies increased assistance beyond life-saving relief activities, particularly in the reactivation of public service delivery through capacity-building and technical advice and assistance. This new United Nations focus on early recovery and peace-building is in line with UNESCO's mandates and actual capacities and experience. In a number of concrete activities UNESCO has demonstrated the added-value the Organization can bring. UNESCO is a member of the Inter-Agency Standing Committee Humanitarian Education Cluster and Early Recovery Response, and their two global working groups. UNESCO is also a member of relevant clusters at the country level in countries where UNESCO participates in post-conflict or post-disaster responses. UNESCO is furthermore participating in the Sub-Working Group on the Consolidated Appeal Process (CAP SWG) which is a subsidiary body of the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) and is also closely associated with UNDG activities in regard to develop new joint UN strategies for post-conflict and post-disaster response as well as with the Counter Terrorism Task Force's activities in the field of preventive, educational programmes.

UNESCO has continued to be an active and engaged cosponsor of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). It participated in all UNAIDS regular meetings, including the Committee of Cosponsoring Organizations (CCO) which UNESCO will chair in 2013, and the Programme Coordinating Board (PCB). It took leadership in the coordination and implementation of the UNAIDS Global Initiative on Education and HIV and AIDS (EDUCAIDS) and the UNAIDS Inter-Agency Task Team (IATT) on Education, and worked collaboratively with other cosponsors at global, regional and national levels, including through the Joint United Nations Teams on AIDS and UN Theme Groups, in which UNESCO is active in at least 64 countries. Cooperation at global level has been guided by the development of a revised Division of Labour and Technical Support Strategy, and the 2012-2015 UNAIDS Unified Budget, Results and Accountability Framework (UBRAF). Following the adoption by the PCB of the UNAIDS Strategy 2011-2015, UNESCO was the first cosponsor to update its strategy on HIV to ensure that it is fully aligned to the UNAIDS Strategy, reflects the revised Division of Labour - in which UNESCO is convening agency for ensuring good quality education for a more effective HIV response - and brings a sharper focus on supporting UNAIDS priority countries. At a time when other cosponsors saw their core funding allocations level off or cut, UNESCO's allocation of the core UBRAF, which replaces the Unified Budget and Workplan (UBW), has increased from \$12.3 million in the last biennium (2010-2011) to \$12.4 million in the current biennium (2012-2013), 73% of which allocated directly to regional and country level through a collaborative work planning process. As at 31 December 2011, UNESCO had achieved 99% implementation of its 2010-2011 UBW allocation.

Since it was established in 2004, approximately 80 countries in five regions have engaged with EDUCAIDS. A UNESCO Internal Oversight Service evaluation on Priority Africa completed in May 2012 found that "EDUCAIDS is an example of a regional framework that supports UNESCO's work in an area of comparative advantage and increases its impact in the region through a concerted action of UNAIDS and its cosponsors, other UN agencies, the UNESCO family (e.g. IIEP, IBE,

BREDA, UIS) and regional bodies (e.g. SADC, ADEA) as well as ministries of education and civil society partners." UNESCO has significantly strengthened its support to comprehensive education sector responses to HIV and AIDS at country level, establishing twenty-six regional and national positions created with extra-budgetary funding from multiple sources since 2010 (of which 18 are in Africa), and new staff in Africa and Asia trained through regional induction programmes. Practical guidelines for supporting EDUCAIDS implementation were developed and are available for use by all UNAIDS cosponsors working with the education sector. As an example of EDUCAIDS in action at country level, in Viet Nam UNESCO led the UN Education Sub-Group to strengthen the education sector response to HIV and AIDS using EDUCAIDS. Achievements include formulation of a Strategic Plan on HIV by the Ministry of Education and Training; integration of sexuality education into the National Education Strategy and of HIV prevention in the national school curriculum; and strengthened implementation of legislation on stigma and discrimination against those infected or affected by HIV, particularly those most vulnerable.

As convener of the UNAIDS IATT on Education, UNESCO has expanded this group over the past years into a dynamic partnership forum bringing together more than 35 multilateral, bilateral and civil society organizations. Key achievements include advances in measuring country progress through the Global Progress Survey (GPS) on Education Sector Engagement in National AIDS Responses. The GPS is the second global survey of its kind, and draws on the experience and lessons of the 2004 Global HIV/AIDS Readiness Survey. The 2011 GPS surveys 39 countries around the world, and is expected to help ministries and their development partners to chart progress, and identify priority areas for intervention, including capacity gaps and technical support needs.



United Nations .

Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization •

Organisation des Nations Unies •

pour l'éducation, . la science et la culture

UNESCO Publications Plan 2012–2013

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED001	HQ	ED/BHL/BAS	MLA 2	General Education Quality Diagnosis/Analysis and Monitoring Framework		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Arabic	50	0	0	Online PDF, ePub
ED002	HQ	ED/BHL/BAS	MLA 2	Promoting Access to Quality Education for Roma People: the Role of Intercultural Education		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		25	1,000	0	Online PDF, ePub
ED003	HQ	ED/BHL/BAS	MLA 2	International Handbook on Early Childhood Care and Education		01/09/2012	Technical report	English	French	500	2,000	1,500	Online PDF, ePub
ED004	HQ	ED/BHL/BAS	MLA 2	Improving National Monitoring of Early Childhood: Holistic Early Childhood Development Index		01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	60	300	200	Online PDF, ePub
ED005	HQ	ED/BHL/BAS	MLA 2	Women's and girls' education advocacy report		01/03/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	70	500	200	ePub
ED006	HQ	ED/BHL/HED	MLA 2	Rankings and Accountability in Higher Education: Uses and Misuses" (provisional title)	Issues and Trends in Education Today, Vol. 1:	01/03/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		200	800	0	online, ePub, CD
ED007	HQ	ED/BHL/LNF	MLA 1	Changing Visions, Changing Lives: Lessons Learnt from Personal Testimonies		01/01/2012	Monograph	English		36	400	0	Online PDF
ED008	HQ	ED/BHL/LNF	MLA 1	Introduction to Regional Percepectives on Literacy Delivery Assessment and Monitoring (Vol. 3)	Emerging trends in adult literacy	01/09/2012	Monograph	English	French	300	500	0	Online PDF
ED009	HQ	ED/BHL/LNF	MLA 1	Introduction to Regional Perspectives on Literacy Policies, Strategies and Financing (Vol. 1)	Emerging trends in adult literacy	01/09/2012	Monograph	English	French	300	500	0	Online PDF
ED010	HQ	ED/BHL/LNF	MLA 1	Sustaining Literacy in Africa: Developing a Literate Environment	Emerging Trends in AdultLiteracy (Vol. 2)		Monograph	English	French	300	500	0	Online PDF
ED011	HQ	ED/BHL/LNF	MLA 1	Literacy for all: United Nations Literacy Decade's End-of-Decade assessment		01/07/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French, Spanish, Arabic, Russian, Chinese	50	1,000	1,800	Online PDF
ED012	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	TVET Policy Review: Benin	TVET Policy Review	01/04/2012	Technical report	French	English	80	0	0	Online

UNESCO Publications Plan 2012–2013 MPI Education

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED001	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To support Member States in diagnosing the quality of their education systems		Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED002	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To support Member States in improving their policies, programmes and practices for Roma People.		Free distribution	\$8,000	Regular programme
ED003	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Will serve as a substantive reference for diverse audiences concerned with the development and wellbeing of young children.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$95,000	Regular Programme
ED004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	For use by national goverments (ministries, statistical offices) to assess and monitor the state of early childhood policy and outcomes.		Free distribution	\$10,070	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Stregthen advocacy and partneship for girls and women's education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$140,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED006	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Inform higher education policy, governance and funding practices. Raise awareness of students, employers and other stakeholders. Keep UNESCO visible in the global debate on rankings.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$48,500	Regular programme
ED007	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from funding partner	To showcase the results of two extra-budgetary programmes through testimonies from direct and indirect programme beneficiaries	•	Free distribution	\$14,300	Extrabudgetary funds
ED008	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	Raise the profile of youth and adult literacy, present experience and analysis of literacy issues; promote universal literacy; provide a platform for interaction andcapacity development of literacy planners and practitioners	decision-making	Free distribution	\$13,000	Regular programme
ED009	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	Raise the profile of youth and adult literacy, present experience and analysis of literacy issues; promote universal literacy; provide a platform for interaction and capacity development of literacy planners and practitioners		Free distribution	\$13,000	Regular programme
ED010	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	Raise the profile of youth and adult literacy, present experience and analysis of literacy issues; promote universal literacy; provide a platform for interaction andcapacity development of literacy planners and practitioners		Free distribution	\$12,000	Regular programme
ED011	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	To mark the end of UNLD and to keep the literacy agenda high in policy debates at all leveles		Free distribution	\$50,000	Regular programme
ED012	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Inform national and global debate		Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme

MPI Education

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED013	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	World Report on Technical and Vocational Education and Training: Transforming TVET for learning, working and living		01/05/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	Russian, Spanish, French, Arabic, Chinese	350	2,000	0	Online
ED014	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	TVET Policy Review: Cambodia	TVET Policy Review	01/07/2012	Technical report	English		80	0	0	Online
ED015	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	TVET Policy Review: Lao PDR	TVET Policy Review	01/07/2012	Technical report	English		80	0	0	Online
ED016	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	Final Report of the Third International Congress on TVET		01/09/2012	Proceedings	English	Russian, Spanish, French, Arabic, Chinese	100	0	0	Online
ED017	HQ	ED/BHL/TVE	MLA 1	TVET Policy Review: El Salvador	TVET Policy Review	01/09/2012	Technical report	Spanish	English	80	0	0	Online
ED018	HQ	ED/EFA	MLA 4	Enhancing Private Sector's Engagement in Global Education: the Voice of Governments (2012)		01/09/2012	Monograph	English	French	70	3,000	700	online
ED019	HQ	ED/EFA	MLA 4	Education: the Driving Force of Human Development		01/12/2012	Monograph	English	French	60	5,000	800	online
ED020	HQ	ED/ERF	MLA 4	ERF Occasional Papers (series) (Nber 1 to 11)	ERF Occasional Papers	01/03/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French	165	0	0	Online PDF
ED021	HQ	ED/ERF/KMS	MLA 4	World Atlas of Gender Equality in Education		01/03/2012	Atlas	English	French, Spanish	120	3,000	3,000	online, ePub
ED022	HQ	ED/GMR	MLA 4	EFA Global Monitoring Report 2012 (TtileTbc) (Skills)	EFA Global Monitoring Report	01/09/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Arabic, Chinese	400	11,500	11,000	online
ED023	HQ	ED/GMR	MLA 4	EFA Global Monitoring Report 2013 (Title Tbc)	EFA Global Monitoring Report	01/09/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Arabic, Chinese	400	11,500	11,000	online

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED013	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Inform the global debate on TVET	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Regular programme
ED014	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Inform national and global debate	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED015	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Inform national and global debate	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED016	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Inform global debate and disseminate to Congress participants	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED017	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Inform national and global debate	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED018	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Bridge the dialogue and improve the collaboration between the private sector and national governments	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Regular programme
ED019	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Success of comparable publications	Mobilize stronger support for éducation by illustrating the role of éducation in human development over the past forty years	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$22,000	Regular programme
ED020	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen UNESCO's intellectual lead in the shaping of a new vision of education	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$30,547	Regular programme
ED021	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To graphically illustrate how human development is intrinsically linked to geography. To communicate education statistics and raise the profile of key issues such as gender parity, sustainable development and financing.	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$125,000	Regular programme
ED022	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Education for All Global Monitoring Report is an authoritative reference that aims to inform, influence and sustain genuine commitment towards Education for All.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$2,240,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED023	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Education for All Global Monitoring Report is an authoritative reference that aims to inform, influence and sustain genuine commitment towards Education for All.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$2,240,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED024	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	The impact of the financial and economic crisis on the education sector		01/04/2012	Technical report	English	French	100	1,500	0	Online PDF
ED025	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 1	Use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) for Teacher Development - with specific reference to Africa		01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	0	0	Online PDF
ED026	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	Working Paper Series on Education Policy (No.s 1 to 7)	Working Paper Series on Educational Policy	01/04/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	245	0	0	Online PDF
ED027	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	Working Paper Series on Mobile Learning (No.s 1 to 10)	Working Paper Series on Mobile Learning	01/04/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	500	0	0	Online PDF
ED028	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	Mobile Learning Policy Issues Paper		01/05/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	25	0	0	Online PDF
ED029	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	Mobile Technology Futures Issues Paper / Mobile Learning and Education for All in 2030		01/05/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	25	0	0	Online PDF
ED030	HQ	ED/PDE/PAD	MLA 3	Policy Guidelines for Mobile Learning		01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	40	800	800	Online PDF
ED031	HQ	ED/PDE/PER	MLA 1	Joint UNESCO-UNDP Capacity Needs Assessment Methodology (CAPNAM) in Educational Planning and Management		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	30	500	100	Online PDF
ED032	HQ	ED/PDE/TED	MLA 2	Gender Mainstreaming in Teacher Training Institutions: A Guide for Gender Equality in the Policy and Practice of Teacher Education		01/05/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	50	0	0	online
ED033	HQ	ED/PDE/TED	MLA 2	Revitalising school leadership: lessons from case studies		01/12/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	50	1,500	0	online
ED034	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Teachers issues and policies in Indonesia and other selected Asian countries	Teachers issues and policies	01/02/2012	Proceedings	English	French	30	0	0	Online PDF
ED035	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Addressing the teacher gap: what make effective policies and practices (Anglophone Africa case studies)	Addressing the teacher gap	01/06/2012	Technical report	English	French	150	500	500	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED024	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of target audiences about specific issues	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		Regular programme
ED025	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of target audiences about specific issues	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		Regular programme
ED026	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		To provide information and best practices in educational development, education policy making, international student assessment, and technology use in education.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$66,500	Regular programme
ED027	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)		To provide information and best practices in mobile learning policies and mobile learning for teacher support and development in Asia, the Middle East and Africa, Europ, Latin America, and North America	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$85,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED028	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)			Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED029	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)			Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED030	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)			Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED031	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen MS in carrying out systematic needs assessment in educational planning and management and developing capacity development plans through the application /implementation of this methodology.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED032	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	inform planning with regard to gender in teacher training institutions	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED033	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	inform planning with regard to teachers and management	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED034	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED035	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To identify needs for policies and practices to work based on known interventions that can be effective, applicable and replicable.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED036	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Addressing the teacher gap: what make effective policies and practices (Francophone Africa case studies)	Addressing the teacher gap	01/06/2012	Technical report	French	English	150	500	500	Online PDF
ED037	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Teachers issues and policies in Africa: an update	Teachers issues and policies	01/09/2012	Proceedings	English	French	30	0	0	Online PDF
ED038	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Addressing the teacher gap: what make effective policies and practices (Arab states case studies)	Addressing the teacher gap	01/11/2012	Technical report	Arabic	English	100	500	500	Online PDF
ED039	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Addressing the teacher gap: what make effective policies and practices (Asia case studies)	Addressing the teacher gap	01/11/2012	Technical report	English	French	120	500	500	Online PDF
ED040	HQ	ED/PDE/TEFAS	MLA 1	Teachers issues and policies in India	Teachers issues and policies	01/12/2012	Proceedings	English	French	30	0	0	Online PDF
ED041	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	Mapping of Global DRR Integration into Education Curricula		01/03/2012	Technical report	English		300	2,500	0	
ED042	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	Climate Change Education Teacher Course		01/04/2012	Teaching material	English	French, Spanish	200	1,000	0	online for translations
ED043	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	Global DESD 2011 M&E Report on ESD Learning and Processes		01/05/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French, Spanish	80	1,000	0	online for translations
ED044	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	National Journeys Towards ESD - 2012		01/05/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	120	1,000	0	online for translations
ED045	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	YouthXChange Guidebook on Biodiversity and Lifestyles	YouthXChange Guidebooks	01/05/2012	Teaching material	English	French	60	3,000	0	online for translations
ED046	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	YouthXChange Guidebook on Green Skills and Lifestyles	YouthXChange Guidebooks	01/06/2012	Teaching material	English	French	60	3,000	0	online for translations
ED047	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	International technical guidance for the effective inclusion of DRR in school curricula		01/01/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Russian	150	2,500	0	online for translations

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED036	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To identify needs for policies and practices to work based on known interventions that can be effective, applicable and replicable.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED037	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED038	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To identify needs for policies and practices to work based on known interventions that can be effective, applicable and replicable.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED039	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To identify needs for policies and practices to work based on known interventions that can be effective, applicable and replicable.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED040	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED041	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Present best practices, strategies and increase the knowledge about successful DRR and Curricula initiatives in 29 countries	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED042	Educators, teachers, trainers UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide 6 learning modules on climate change for teacher education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$66,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED043	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Provide a global picture of the processes and learning for ESD in different settings, synthesize and analyse data gathered from the DESD Monitoring and Evaluation Phase 2, provide recommendations in terms of ESD	•	Free distribution	\$57,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED044	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Present 5 national case studies of ESD implementation, with reader- friendly summary of strengths and weaknesses of the respective implementation efforts in the 5 different countries	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$52,300	Extrabudgetary funds
ED045	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Provide insight into the interactions between biodiversity and the lifestyle choices facing young people and suggested starting points for engagement and action with young people	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED046	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Provide insight into interactions between green skills and lifestyle choices of young people, perspectives on key debates and examples from around the world, suggest points for engagement and action with young people	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED047	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Strengthen the capacity and knowledge of policy makers, ministries, governments and UN agencies regarding the inclusion of DRR into School Curricula through the development of guidelines	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED048	HQ	ED/PSD/ESD	MLA 3	Case Studies on UNESCO's Climate Change Education for Sustainable Development Programme		01/03/2013	Technical report	English	French	100	2,000	0	online for translations
ED049	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	An HIV and AIDS Workplace Policy for the Education Sector in Southern Africa (french version) UNESCO/ILO model HIV workplace policy		02/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French		35	1,000	0	Online PDF
ED050	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	EDUCAIDS Practical Guidelines		02/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	150	0	0	Online PDF
ED051	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	EDUCAIDS Training Modules		02/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Portuguese, Chinese, Arabic	100	2,000	2,000	Online PDF, ePub
ED052	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Policy Brief: Cost and Cost-effectiveness of School-based Sexuality Education Programmes		02/02/2012	Policy Brief	English	French, Spanish, Portuguese,	8	2,000	1,500	Online PDF
ED053	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	The Education Sector Response to Young People Living with HIV		01/03/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Portuguese, Chinese	76	1,500	4,100	Online PDF
ED054	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Good Policy and Practice in HIV and AIDS and Education: Booklet 7: Gender equality, HIV and sexuality education	Good Policy and Practice in HIV and AIDS and Education	01/04/2012	Technical report	English	French	100	2,000	1,500	Online PDF
ED055	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	UNAIDS IATT Communication Tool		01/04/2012	Technical report	English		35	0	0	Online PDF
ED056	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	UNAIDS IATT Global Progress Survey Report on Education Sector Response to HIV		01/04/2012	Technical report	English		50	0	0	Online PDF
ED057	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Update of some EDUCAIDS Technical Briefs	EDUCAIDS Technical Briefs	01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Chinese, Arabic, Russian, Portuguese	10	1,000	1,000	Online PDF, email
ED058	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Good Policy and Practice in HIV and AIDS and Education: Booklet 8: Homophobic Bullying in Schools and Education for All	Good Policy and Practice in HIV and AIDS and Education	01/05/2012	Technical report	English	French	50	2,500	0	Online PDF, ePub

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED048	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Serve as a model for other countries in the focal region: strengthen the decision making capacities of policy makers and teacher educators on Climate Change Education within the focal regions Africa and SIDS	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$60,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED049	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Improve non-discrimination and stigma reduction in workplace policies for people living with or affected by HIV.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED050	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	Guide proper implementation of EDUCAIDS education sector response to HIV and AIDS.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$47,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED051	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Provide training guidance for education sector professionals, including teachers, to implement a comprehensive education sector response to HIV and AIDS.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$74,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED052	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Success of comparable publications	Establish the cost-effectiveness of sexuality education and advocacte for increased scale-up of school-based programmes.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$13,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED053	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Articulate the unmet needs and demands of young people living with HIV in the Education Sector.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$60,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED054	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Improve programming and efficacy for gender, HIV and education-related synergies.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED055	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Report on the Global Survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED056	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Report on the Global Survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED057	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Update some data and information on specific briefs' issues	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED058	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Identify good practices and strengthen existing interventions to create safe schools and eliminate homophobic bullying.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,900	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports
ED059	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Scaling-Up Sexuality Education		01/05/2012	Monograph	English	French, Spanish, Portuguese	50	2,000	2,500	Online PDF, email
ED060	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Monitoring and Evaluation Sector Response		01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	50	1,000	1,000	Online PDF, email
ED061	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Workplace policy and Teacher living with HIV (Provisional title)		01/12/2012	Monograph	English	French, Spanish, Portuguese	35	1,500	1,000	Online PDF, email
ED062	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Guidance on Key Populations and UNESCO / Ed Sector response		01/02/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Portuguese	50	2,000	2,500	Online PDF, email
ED063	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Research / Guidance / Litterature Review on gender and risk factors in school & HIV		01/03/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		50	0	0	Online PDF, email
ED064	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Contextualising HIV within School Health		01/04/2013	Monograph	English		35	0	0	Online PDF
ED065	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Fresh Indicators		01/04/2013	Technical report	English		35	0	0	Online PDF
ED066	HQ	ED/PSD/HIV	MLA 3	Guidance / Tools for Teacher Training		01/10/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Portuguese	50	2,000	2,500	Online PDF, email
ED067	HQ	ED/PSD/PHR	MLA 3	Guidelines for Educators to Counter Intolerance and Discrimination against Muslims	OSCE series of the intolerance programme.	01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	70	0	1,000	Online PDF
ED068	HQ	ED/PSD/PHR	MLA 3	Human Rights Education in Primary and Secondary School Systems: A Self-Assessment Guide for Governments		01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	46	0	0	Online PDF
ED069	HQ	ED/PSD/PHR	MLA 3	Plan of Action, World Programme for Human Rights Education, Second Phase (2010-2014)	World Programme for Human Rights Education First phase plan of action was published in 2006		Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	60	2,500	1,500	Online PDF
ED070	HQ	ED/PSD/PHR	MLA 3	Tackling Holocaust Education in Primary Schools		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	80	1,500	1,000	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED059	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Why and how we should scale up sexuality education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED060	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Package of tools for countries drom data collection and entry to monitoring and evaluation	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$25,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED061	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Assess the status, progress and impact made through the development and implementation of country specific HIV and AIDS Workplace Policies for the Education Sector in East and Southern Africa.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED062	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	UNESCO's response/ position to work with key poplation	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED063	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Research on gender and risk factors in School and HIV	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED064	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Report on the Global Survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED065	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Report on the Global Survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED066	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Teacher training tool	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED067	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To provide an overview of manifestations of intolerance and discrimination against Muslims, to propose principles and possible strategies for schools, illustrated with examples from different countries.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$4,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED068	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide practical assistance to governments and Ministries of Education for analysis and self-assessment of where they are at in terms of integrating HRE into the primary and secondary school systems.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Other
ED069	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)		An advocacy tool for both UNESCO and OHCHR in reaching governments and stakeholders. To provide a framework for action and practical guidance for national implementation of human rights education and training.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED070	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	This publication will provide an overview of current practices on Holocaust education in the primary schools and explore the challenges and relevance of engaging in this matter.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$32,700	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other med / Autres supports
ED071	HQ	ED/PSD/PHR	MLA 3	Teaching Respect for All		01/10/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Arabic, Portuguese	250	1,000	2,100	Online PDF
ED072	F0	Bangkok	MLA 2	ICT Curriculum Development for Pre- Service Teacher Education: Cases and Lessons Learned		01/01/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		160	0	0	ePub
ED073	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Regional Handbook on Life Skills Programmes in Non-formal Education		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		40	0	0	Online PDF
ED074	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	Review of policies and strategies to implement and scale up sexuality education in Asia and the Pacific		01/02/2012	Technical report	English		115	500	0	online
ED075	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	Decentralised Finance and Provision of Basic Education: Experience from Asia	Asia-Pacific Secondary Education System Review Series (Vol. 4)	01/03/2012	Policy Brief	English		32	0	0	Online PDF
ED076	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	End-of-Decade Notes on Education for All Progress in Asia and the Pacific		01/03/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		380	600	0	online, ePub
ED077	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	School-to-Work Transition Information Bases in Selected Asia-Pacific Countries: Exploring Common Policy Recommendations	Asia-Pacific Secondary Education System Review Series (Vol. 5)	01/03/2012	Monograph	English		50	800	0	Online PDF
ED078	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	Asia-Pacific Regional Convention on the Recognition of Qualifications in Higher Education		01/04/2012	Monograph	English		60	150	0	
ED079	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	The Impact of economic crisis on higher education in Asia and the Pacific		01/04/2012	Monograph	English		120	0	0	Online PDF
ED080	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Regional Guide on Accelerating Literacy Actions (GALA)		01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		60	500	0	ePub
ED081	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	Community Learning Center Disaster Risk Reduction Toolkit (CLC DRR Toolkit; provisional title)		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Thai	50	0	0	e-publication
ED082	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Handbook for Education Policy Analysis		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		200	0	0	Online PDF

OIVE	CO Fublications Fian 2012-2013					IVIT	Luucation
No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED071	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Offer a basis that countries can adapt to their contexts and needs in dealing with questions related to combating racism and tolerance through education. The supportive materials will assist teachers in the classrooms.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$26,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED072	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from funding partner	Comprehensive and practical guidelinse for TEIs to integrate ICT (illustrates step-by-step processes of how a TEI developed/enhanced and implemented its ICT curriculum)	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,200	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED073	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen capacities of life skills programme, raise awareness of policy makers and educators	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$500	Regular programme
ED074	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	Inform Member States, MOEs, MOHs and other partners of opportunities to scale up sexuality education in the region, based on a clear understanding of the status of national laws, policies and strategies, and curricula.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,700	Extrabudgetary funds
ED075	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	A rapid and credit reference material for policy makers, managers and planners with a choice of approaches and options to address the issues involved in decentralised provision and finance of basic education	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$750	Regular programme
ED076	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Maintain regional momentum, energy, interest in EFA, 'Reaching the Unreached in Education', and 'EFA with Equity' as we approach 2015. An end-decade review, not assessment, of EFA in Asia-Pacific	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED077	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide discussion on school-to-work transition policy (both quantitative and qualitative perspectives) in the specific context of developing countries in the Asia-Pacific region	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$32,350	Regular programme
ED078	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of policy makers and researchers	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED079	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of policy makers and researchers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED080	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To help countries to generate quality data on illiteracy through better analysis using GIS maps to accelerate literacy drive to achieve literacy goal	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED081	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	To provide appropriate teaching and learning materials for non-formal education on disaster risk reduction, particularly via community learning centers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED082	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from UNESCO partner	Capacity building for education policy analysis and programming	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED083	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Regional synthesis of Literacy Household Survey- Nepal, Bangladesh and PNG		01/07/2012	Statistical report	English		60	500	0	ePub
ED084	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	International Student Mobility in East Asia		01/08/2012	Monograph	English		120	0	0	Online PDF
ED085	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	Public-Private Patnership in Higher education & TVET and Youth Employment in East Asia		01/08/2012	Monograph	English		200	0	0	Online PDF
ED086	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Financing of Secondary Education in the Asia-Pacific Region	Asia-Pacific Secondary Education System Review Series (Vol. 8)	01/10/2012	Technical report	English		80	0	0	Online PDF
ED087	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	Practical Tips for Teaching Multi-Grade Classes	Embracing Diversity: Toolkit for Creating Inclusive, Learning Friendly, Environments Complimentary Booklet No. 9	01/10/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		60	0	0	ePub
ED088	FO	Bangkok	MLA 2	A Regional Guide for Planning and Implementing Technology-Enhanced Project-Based Learning		01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		120	500	0	ePub
ED089	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	Study on Health Seeking Behaviours of MSM and Transgender people		01/02/2013	Monograph	English	Thai	60	500	0	ePub
ED090	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Integrating ESD policies in education sector costing: a practical guide		01/09/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	0	0	Online PDF
ED091	FO	Bangkok	MLA 3	Homophobic bullying in Asia and the Pacific		01/11/2013	Monograph	English		50	500	0	ePub
ED092	FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Embracing Diversity: Toolkit for Creating Inclusive Learning-Friendly Environments		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Arabic	900	1,000	0	CD
ED093	FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Gender Equality in Education		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		100	2,000	0	
ED094	FO	Beirut	MLA 3	Guide for School Health Educators: Information and Activities on Reproductive Health and HIV Prevention		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		136	1,000	0	Online PDF
ED095	FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Policy Guidelines in Inclusive education		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		80	1,000	0	CD, ePub

OIVE.	SCO Publications Plan 2012–2015					IVIE	Luucatioi
No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED083	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	To promote awareness of governnment and other organizations on generating quality data for literacy	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED084	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of policy makers and researchers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED085	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of policy makers and researchers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED086	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Improve capacity of policy makers in planing for expansion of secondary education and funding machanism	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,200	Regular programme
ED087	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	This original publication aims to provide an easy to use, practical tool for education practitioners in the region interfacing with MTG teaching as well as serve as an advocay tool for policy makers.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED088	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from funding partner	to provide key stakeholders (see target audience) within the region with guidelines/procedures and sample cases on effective ICT-supported collaborative project-based learning	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED089	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Develop recoomendations for how health-seeking behaviours of MSM and transgender people can be improved	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED090	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Information sharing on the latest development in education planning	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED091	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Better understand the nature and extent of homophobic bullying in educational institutions in Asia-Pacific and good practices in policy frameworks, interventions and tools in addressing homophobic bullying	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED092	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Capacity Building for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$67,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED093	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Promoting gender equality in education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED094	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Support educators in the delivery of reproductive health and HIV and AIDS eduation at school level	Increased awareness of issue		\$6,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED095	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Promotion of Inclusive Education	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Regular programme

MPI Education

HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Life Skills for Literacy		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		200	1,000	0	
FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Literacy in Lebanon		01/04/2012	Technical report	Arabic		200	500	0	
FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Guidelines for Civic Education		01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		200	1,000	0	
FO	Beirut	MLA 2	Intercultural Dialogue in Arab States: learning materials		01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic		200	1,000	0	
FO	Brasilia	MLA 1	Coleção educação para todos (volumes 34 to 40)	Coleção educação para todos	01/01/2012	Monograph	Portuguese		170	20,000	0	Online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Learning: The Treasure Within / Educação: um tesouro a descobrir		01/01/2012	Monograph	English	Portuguese	288	0	8,000	online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Educação preventiva para DST/HIV/AIDS e hepatites para povos indígenas do Vale do Javari (3 volumes)	para DST/HIV/AIDS e		Teaching material	Multilingual		40	1,500	1,500	online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Guia para uso do livro-síntese da coleção História Geral da África na formação continuada de docentes da Educação Básica (provisional title)	Material pedagógico história geral da África (provisional titles)	01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Portuguese		150	20,000	0	DVD, online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Livro-síntese da coleção História Geral da África (provisional title)	Material pedagógico história geral da África (provisional titles)	01/03/2012	Teaching material	Portuguese		600	20,000	0	DVD, online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 1	Desafios e perspectivas da educação superior brasileira para a próxima decada 2011-2020		01/04/2012	Monograph	Portuguese		100	0	0	online, DVD
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Livro para professores da Educação Infantil: material pedagógico sobre História da África (provisional title)	Material pedagógico história geral da África (provisional titles)	01/04/2012	Teaching material	Portuguese		150	20,000	0	DVD, online
FO	Brasilia		Protótipos Curriculares Ensino Médio e Ensino Médio Integrado - versão completa (provisional title)		02/04/2012	Technical report	Portuguese		200	1,000	0	online
FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Ensino médio	Série debates ED, number 2	01/05/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	Portuguese		100	0	0	online
	FO	FO Beirut FO Beirut FO Beirut FO Beirut FO Brasilia	FO Beirut MLA 2 FO Brasilia MLA 1 FO Brasilia MLA 3	FO Beirut MLA 2 Life Skills for Literacy FO Beirut MLA 2 Literacy in Lebanon FO Beirut MLA 2 Guidelines for Civic Education FO Beirut MLA 2 Intercultural Dialogue in Arab States: learning materials FO Brasilia MLA 1 Coleção educação para todos (volumes 34 to 40) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Learning: The Treasure Within / Educação: um tesouro a descobrir FO Brasilia MLA 3 Educação preventiva para DST/HIV/AIDS e hepatites para povos indígenas do Vale do Javari (3 volumes) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Guia para uso do livro-sintese da coleção História Geral da África na formação continuada de docentes da Educação Básica (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro-síntese da coleção História Geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 1 Desafios e perspectivas da educação superior brasileira para a próxima decada 2011-2020 FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação Infantil: material pedagógico sobre História da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia Protótipos Curriculares Ensino Médio e Ensino Médio Integrado - versão completa (provisional title)	FO Beirut MLA 2 Life Skills for Literacy FO Beirut MLA 2 Literacy in Lebanon FO Beirut MLA 2 Guidelines for Civic Education FO Beirut MLA 2 Intercultural Dialogue in Arab States: learning materials FO Brasilia MLA 1 Coleção educação para todos (volumes 34 to 40) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Learning: The Treasure Within / Educação: um tesouro a descobrir FO Brasilia MLA 3 Educação preventiva para DST/HIV/AIDS e hepatites para povos indígenas do Vale do Javari (3 volumes) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Guia para uso do livro-síntese da coleção hepatites para povos indígenas do Vale do Javari (3 volumes) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro-síntese da coleção história geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro-síntese da coleção história Geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro-síntese da coleção história geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 1 Desafios e perspectivas da educação superior brasileira para a próxima decada 2011-2020 FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional titles) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional titles) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional titles) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional titles) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da África (provisional title)	PO	FO	FO	FO Brasilia MLA 3 Learning: The Treasure Within / Educação: Uniformativa para DST/HIV/AIDS e Popatites para povos indigenas do Vale do Javari (3 volumes) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Guila para uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Guila para uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Guila para uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Levra uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Levra uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Levra uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Levra uso do livro-sintese da coleção história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro sintese da coleção história Geral da Africa qui provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro sintese da coleção história Geral da Africa qui provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia MLA 3 Livro para professores da Educação história geral da Africa (provisional title) FO Brasilia NLA 3 Rasilia MLA 3 Rasilia Ras	Titre de séries Date de publication Date de pu	Titre de séries Date de publication Date	Titre de series Date de PyPe Langue Institute Langue Langu

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED096	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Promoting life skills	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED097	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	Promoting Literacy	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED098	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	Promoting Intercultural Dialogue	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED099	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from funding partner	Promoting Intercultural Dialogue	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED100	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To provide access for teachers, educators and specialists to quality education for all. To deliver reference material on the various aspects that involve the improvement of equal opportunity of education for all.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED101	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from co-publisher	Contribute to the worldwide debate onthe conception of a new school for the next millennium. This report offers clues and important recommendations for the delineation of a new pedagogical concept for the 21st century.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,332	Extrabudgetary funds
ED102	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	To provide teaching material on STDs/AIDS/HIV and viral hepatites as part of preventive education with indigenous communities of Javari Valey in the Amazon region of Brazil.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED103	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	A series of pedagogical materials to improve African students' knowledge of their own history, and to meet African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the Geographical Diaspora.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED104	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Toprovide pedagogiacl material to improve African students' knowledge of their own history, and meet African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the geographical diaspora.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED105	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To raise awareness of educational policy decision-makers to know of the challenges and perspectives of higher education system in Brazil for the near future.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$14,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED106	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Toprovide pedagogiacl material to improve African students' knowledge of their own history, and meet African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the geographical diaspora.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED107	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Proposing viable prototypes for curriculum integration between general education, basic education for work, and vocational education for secondary education.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,700	Extrabudgetary funds
ED108	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	An overview of the status of the upper secondary educational system in Brazil to serve as basis to the innovative proposal for educational reform in upper secondary educational system to improve its quality level.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$436	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports
ED109	FO	Brasilia		Relatórios dos eventos de lançamento da Coleção HGA (provisional title)		01/06/2012	Proceedings	Portuguese		50	0	0	online
ED110	FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Experiência de educação preventiva ao uso de drogas: experiências do Brasil		01/07/2012	Technical report	Portuguese		50	0	0	online
ED111	FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Livro para professores das séries finais do Ensino Fundamental: material pedagógico sobre História da África (provisional title)	Material pedagógico história geral da África (provisional titles)	01/08/2012	Teaching material	Portuguese		150	20,000	0	DVD, online
ED112	FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Educação e desenvolvimento humano (provisional title)		01/09/2012	Statistical report	Portuguese		200	1,000	0	online
ED113	FO	Brasilia	MLA 3	Livro para professores do Ensino Médio : material pedagógico sobre História da África (provisional title)	Material pedagógico história geral da África (provisional titles)	01/12/2012	Teaching material	Portuguese		150	20,000	0	DVD, online
ED114	FO	Brasilia	MLA 2	Atlas Geográfico da Diáspora Africana	Material pedagógico história geral da África	01/03/2013	Atlas	Portuguese		200	4,000	0	DVD, online
ED115	FO	Harare	MLA 1	Status of TVET in the SADC Region		01/03/2012	Technical report	English	Portugese, French	500	800	300	CD, Online pd
ED116	FO	Islamabad	MLA 1	Education Budgets - A Study of Selected Districts of Pakistan		01/02/2012	Technical report	English		70	500	0	UNESCO Website
ED117	FO	Islamabad		Macro Trends in Financing of Education in Pakistan		01/02/2012	Technical report	English		36	500	0	UNESCO Website
ED118	FO	Islamabad	MLA 1	National Competency Standards and Core Curricula for Masons	National Competency Standards and Core Curricula	01/06/2012	Teaching material	English	Urdu	100	500	500	UNESCO Website
ED119	FO	Islamabad	MLA 1	National Competency Standards and Core Curriculum for Building Carpenters	National Competency Standards and Core Curricula	02/06/2012	Teaching material	English	Urdu	150	500	500	UNESCO Website
ED120	FO	Islamabad		Peace for Development and Harmony		03/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Urdu	80	1,000	1,000	UNESCO Website
ED121	FO	Islamabad		Guidelines on the Physical and Emotional Health and Well Being of Adolescents		01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Urdu	60	1,000	1,000	Online

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED109	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To register the reports on the launching events of the General History of African translated to Portuguese.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$600	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED110	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To offer to Brazilianchildren and youth a preventive education able to transform and to reduce vulnerability and recover damages caused by drug additions. To help find innovative, broad and integral alternatives to respond to such problems.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED111	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Toprovide pedagogiacl material to improve African students' knowledge of their own history, and meet African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the geographical diaspora.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED112	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	The book aims to subsidize public policies for national development. The publication will consist of texts prepared by the participants of the international seminar on education and human development, which will be based on their performances.		For sale	\$40,400	Regular programme
ED113	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Toprovide pedagogiacl material to improve African students' knowledge of their own history, and meet African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the geographical diaspora.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED114	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To improve African students' knowledge about their own history, and at meeting the African countries' expectations of adapting the contents of the General History of Africa Collection to school activities.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
ED115	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Guide TVET priority setting for reform processes in the SADC Region	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$22,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED116	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To assess efficiency of education governance at district level	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED117	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raising awareness about the issue	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$875	Extrabudgetary funds
ED118	Educators, teachers, trainers Youth, students	Request from UNESCO partner	Competency Based Training in Masonry	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED119	Educators, teachers, trainers Youth, students	Request from UNESCO partner	Competency Based Training in Building Carpentry	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$2,100	Extrabudgetary funds
ED120	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Informative material on Peace Education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED121	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Informative material on Adolescence Education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED122	FO	Kathmandu	MLA 1	Capacity assessment of NFE subsector in Nepal		01/04/2012	Technical report	English	Nepali	40	100	100	online
ED123	FO	Kathmandu	MLA 1	Literacy through mother tongue: a case study		01/08/2012	Technical report	English	Nepali	50	200	200	online
ED124	FO	Kingston	MLA 2	Participation in Action: Developing the Early Childhood Policy in Antigua and Barbuda		01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English		9	0	0	Online PDF
ED125	FO	Kingston	MLA 2	The Path of Progress: achievements and challenges of ECD policy implementation in St Kitts and Nevis		01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English		9	0	0	Online PDF
ED126	FO	Kingston	MLA 2	The World Conference On Early Childhood Care And Education: Response Opportunities And Challenges For The Caribbean Action Agenda		01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English		9	0	0	Online PDF
ED127	FO	Kingston	MLA 2	Collaborative Distance Education in the Caribbean: An evaluation of the Caribbean Universities Project for Integrated Distance Education (CUPIDE)		01/09/2012	Technical report	English		123	0	0	Online PDF
ED128	FO	Kingston	MLA 3	Monitoring and evaluating a comprehensive HIV and AIDS response: A capacity development toolkit for the Caribbean education sector		01/12/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		81	150	0	CD-rom; online PDF
ED129	FO	Kingston	MLA 3	Monitoring and evaluating a comprehensive HIV and AIDS response: A framework for the Caribbean education sector		01/12/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		50	150	0	CD-rom; online PDF
ED130	FO	Quito	MLA 3	Cuaderno metodológico para trabajar Cultura de prevención		01/01/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Spanish		105	500	0	None
ED131	FO	Quito	MLA 3	Reflextions and Dialogue on Education for Sustainable Development and Teacher Education in the Andean Region		01/03/2012	Monograph	Spanish	English	120	500	0	Online PDF
ED132	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Code of Conduct		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	20	50,000	0	Online PDF
ED133	FO	Ramallah	MLA 3	Entitled to Education		02/02/2012	Technical report	English	Arabic	100	600	300	Online PDF
ED134	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Motivation Study		03/02/2012	Technical report	Arabic	English	200	100	20	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED122	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To dessiminate the capacity of NFE subsector inNepal	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED123	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from UNESCO partner	The report will provide detalied process and methodology on mother tonguer based litercay programme in Nepal	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Regular programme
ED124	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Document the experience of ECCE policy development to increase awareness among policy makers and advocacy among stakeholders	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$500	Regular programme
ED125	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Document the experience of ECCE policy implementation to increase awareness among policy makers and advocacy among stakeholders	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$500	Regular programme
ED126	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Raise awareness of and advocacy for EECE and implementation of the WCECCE Moscow Declaration among policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$500	Regular programme
ED127	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Document and Disseminate the evaluation of the CUPIDE JFIT Project among participating universities and interested stakeholders	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$2,500	Regular programme
ED128	Educators, teachers, trainers Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Build awaress of and capacity for monitoring and evaluating education sector reponses to HIV	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED129	Educators, teachers, trainers Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Build awaress of and capacity for monitoring and evaluating education sector reponses to HIV	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED130	Educators, teachers, trainers Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of site managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED131	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Exchange of experiences and reflextions on Education for Sustainable Development and Teacher Education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,600	Extrabudgetary funds
ED132	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$17,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED133	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Proposal for advocay strategy of development mepartmerners ivovled in edcation and protection in the opt	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,300	Extrabudgetary funds
ED134	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,950	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports
ED135	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	New Teachers' Standards		04/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	4	10,200	200	Online PDF
ED136	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Principals' Standards		05/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	40	3,000	100	Online PDF
ED137	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Principals' Standards Guide		06/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	40	3,000	0	Online PDF
ED138	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Teachers' Standards		07/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	40	10,200	200	Online PDF
ED139	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Teachers' Standards Guide		08/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	40	50,000	0	Online PDF
ED140	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Licensing Scheme		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Arabic	English	4	3,000	0	Online PDF
ED141	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Admission Policy		01/04/2012	Technical report	Arabic	English	200	100	20	Online PDF
ED142	FO	Ramallah	MLA 1	Tracer Study		01/08/2012	Technical report	Arabic	English	200	100	20	Online PDF
ED143	FO	Santiago	MLA 1	Derecho a la Educación: una mirada comparativa		01/02/2012	Technical report	Spanish	English	63	0	0	Online PDF
ED144	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Una contribución de los datos del SERCE a la toma de decisiones en política educativa	•	01/03/2012	Technical report	Spanish		100	300	0	Online PDF
ED145	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	El clima escolar: Poderoso factor asociado a los logros cognitivos de los estudiantes de América Latina y el Caribe	LLECE publications	01/04/2012	Technical report	Spanish		100	0	0	Online PDF
ED146	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Una mejor aproximación a las posibles causas de los logros de aprendizajes en América Latina y el Caribe	LLECE publications	02/04/2012	Technical report	Spanish		100	0	0	Online PDF
ED147	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Experiencias educativas de alfabetizacion de personas jóvenes y adultas en America Latina y El Caribe	Innovemos Colection	01/05/2012	Monograph	Spanish		200	200	0	Online PDF
ED148	FO	Santiago	MLA 3	Guia de apoyo docente en EDS para Chile		02/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Spanish		150	0	0	Online PDF
ED149	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Tercer Estudio Regional Comparativo y Explicativo 2009 - 2013: Análisis Curricular	LLECE publications	03/05/2012	Technical report	Spanish		150	300	0	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED135	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED136	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,200	Extrabudgetary funds
ED137	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED138	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$6,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED139	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$22,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED140	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$950	Extrabudgetary funds
ED141	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,950	Extrabudgetary funds
ED142	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Improved quality of education for teachers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,950	Extrabudgetary funds
ED143	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Improve understanting of educational legislation in participating countries	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED144	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia			Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED145	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED146	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)			Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED147	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia		Document and disseminate experiences of literacy	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED148	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Promote ESD for Teachers	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$3,000	Other
ED149	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		Disseminate knowledge about the curriculum and promote exchanges between paíes of the region.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office Santiago	MLA 4	Title / Titre VIII Jornadas de Cooperación Educativa con Iberoamérica sobre Educación Especial e	cooperación	Publication date / Date de publication	Type Proceedings	Language / Langue Spanish	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports Online PDF
ED151	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Inclusión Educativa - Accesibilidad e Inclusion Experiencias educativas de segunda oportunidad: historias de vida de jóvenes y educadores	educativa con iberoamérica Innovemos Collection	01/08/2012	Monograph	Spanish		200	200	0	Online PDF
ED152	FO	Santiago	MLA 1	Estrategia Regional de Docentes: Informe Final		01/09/2012	Technical report	Spanish		400	200	0	Online PDF
ED153	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Informe Regional de Monitoreo del Progreso hacia una Educación de Calidad para Todos en América Latina y el Caribe	SIRI- UIS Publications	01/10/2012	Statistical report	Spanish	English	150	300	200	Online PDF
ED154	FO	Santiago	MLA 3	Perspectivas y Tendencias en Educacion en Sexualidad en America Latina		02/10/2012	Technical report	Spanish		150	200	0	Online PDF
ED155	FO	Santiago	MLA 4	Primera Fase de Implementacion Sistema Regional de Informacion Educativa de los Estudiantes con Discapacidad	SIRIED	01/11/2012	Technical report	Spanish	Portuguese	200	0	0	Online PDF
ED156	FO	Santiago	MLA 3	ESD Policy review in Central America and the Caribbean		01/07/2013	Technical report	Spanish		100	0	0	Online PDF
ED157	FO	Windhoek	MLA 1	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) report for Namibia	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) reports	01/08/2012	Technical report	English		50	200	0	
ED158	FO	Windhoek	MLA 1	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) report for South Africa	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) reports	01/08/2012	Technical report	English		85	200	0	
ED159	FO	Windhoek	MLA 3	Responding to the needs of learners accommodated in Namibian hostels and boarding schools		01/10/2012	Policy Brief	English		60	60	0	Online PDF
ED160	FO	Windhoek	MLA 1	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) report for Lesotho	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) reports	01/10/2012	Technical report	English		40	200	0	

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED150	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers		Disseminate knowledge about inclusive education and promote exchange between countries of the region.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED151	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia		Document and disseminate experiences of second chance	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED152	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from UNESCO partner	Improve teachers policy desing and training	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED153	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia		Spread the advancement of the region towards achieving the EFA goals	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED154	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)			Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED155	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		Disseminate results of the first phase of implementation	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED156	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ESD Policy Reviews	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$4,000	Regular programme
ED157	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Windhoek office participated in 4 of its cluster countries in the UNESCO-SADC TVET project, part of which is this report detailing the situation of TVET at national level, for which little systematic information exists so far.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,750	Regular programme
ED158	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Windhoek office participated in 4 of its cluster countries in the UNESCO-SADC TVET project, part of which is this report detailing the situation of TVET at national level, for which little systematic information exists so far.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,750	Regular programme
ED159	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	To generate/share evidence, and inform review of education sector policies and plans		Free distribution	\$1,800	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED160	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Windhoek office participated in 4 of its cluster countries in the UNESCO-SADC TVET project, part of which is this report detailing the situation of TVET at national level, for which little systematic information exists so far.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,750	Regular programme

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports
ED161	FO	Windhoek	MLA 1	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) report for Swaziland	SADC/UNESCO Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) reports	01/10/2012	Technical report	English		40	200	0	
ED162	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Quality and qualities: Tensions in educational reforms		01/03/2012	Monograph	English		150	1,000	0	ePub
ED163	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 42-March-Internationalisation of teacher education	Prospects	01/03/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
ED164	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 42-June-Cultural diversity in educational systems: International and comparative perspectives	Prospects	01/06/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
ED165	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Gender equality in textbooks and teacher training (Vietnam)		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Vietnamese		1,000	0	ePub
ED166	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Handbook for curriculum developers: how to develop quality frameworks and syllabuses		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		200	1,000	0	ePub
ED167	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	integrating crosscutting issues and competency development in the curriculum of Sub-Saharian African countries		01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	160	1,000	0	ePub
ED168	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 42-SeptDeveloping a world-class education: A multi-country analysis	Prospects	01/09/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
ED169	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	vol 42-Dec-Comparing learner performance in Southern Asia	Prospects	01/12/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
ED170	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 43-March-Constructing knowledge and understanding education and conflict: Issues and examples	Prospects	01/03/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
D171	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 43-June-Regular issue	Prospects	01/06/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
D172	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	Vol 43-Sept-Democracy in education	Prospects	01/09/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
D173	Inst	IBE	MLA 1	vol 43-Dec-Curriculum reform: The search for innovatice models for education systems in transition	Prospects	01/12/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		130	500	0	ePub
ED174	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Educación Superior y Pueblos Indígenas y Afrodescencdientes en América Latina. Normas, Políticas y Prácticas		01/01/2012	Monograph	Spanish		325	500	0	Online PDF and CD

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED161	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The Windhoek office participated in 4 of its cluster countries in the UNESCO-SADC TVET project, part of which is this report detailing the situation of TVET at national level, for which little systematic information exists so far.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,750	Regular programme
ED162	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$15,000	Regular programme
ED163	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED164	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED165	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promoting gender equality to quality textbooks and teacher training courses	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$16,000	Regular programme
ED166	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Reference for enhancing capacities of curriculum developers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Regular programme
ED167	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhancing quality of curriculum processus and learning outcomes	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED168	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED169	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED170	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED171	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED172	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED173	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Informing international comparative education approaches	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale		Regular programme
ED174	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To examine how Higher Education policies the region facilitate or hinder the development of intercultural institutions of Higher Education (IIES) and / or intercultural programs within conventional institutions in Higher Education (IHE).	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$8,000	Regular programme

UNE	SCO P	<i>'ublicatio</i>	ons Plan	2012–2013								MPH	ducation
No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED175	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Campo Científico, Políticas Públicas y Movilidades Internacionales en América Latina		01/06/2012	Monograph	Spanish		320	500	0	Online PDF and CD
ED176	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Vol. 17, No. 1 (2012)	Educación Superior y Sociedad	01/06/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	Spanish		150	0	0	Online PDF and CD
ED177	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Académicos Extranjeros y Cooperación Internacional en los Sistemas de Ciencia y Tecnología en América Latina		01/12/2012	Monograph	Spanish		350	500	0	Online PDF and CD
ED178	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Enseñanza y Usos de Lenguas de Pueblos Indígenas y Afrodescendientes en Educación Superior en América Latina		01/12/2012	Monograph	Spanish		350	500	0	Online PDF and CD
ED179	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Vol. 17, No. 2 (2012)	Educación Superior y Sociedad	01/12/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	Spanish		150	0	0	Online PDF and CD
ED180	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Vol. 18, No. 1 (2013)	Educación Superior y Sociedad	01/06/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	Spanish		150	0	0	Online PDF and CD
ED181	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	O'Leary Collection (12 books)	O'Leary Collection	01/12/2013	Monograph	English		2400	2,400	0	Online PDF and CD
ED182	Inst	IESALC	MLA 3	Vol. 18, No. 2 (2013)	Educación Superior y Sociedad	01/12/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	Spanish		150	0	0	Online PDF and CD
ED183	Inst	IICBA	MLA 1	Next steps in managing teacher migration. Papers of the Sixth Commonwealth Research Symposium on Teacher Mobility, Recruitment and Migration		01/03/2012	Technical report	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED184	Inst	IICBA	MLA 1	Gender Mainstreaming in Teacher Education Policy		01/09/2012	Teaching material	English		35	500	0	PDF on website
ED185	Inst	IICBA	MLA 1	Fundamentals of Teacher Education Development	Fundamentals of Teacher Education Development	01/12/2012	Monograph	English	French and Portuguese	120	500	500	Online PDF
ED186	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Challenges of Financing Basic Education: Revisiting solutions involving the private sector	Policy Forum	01/03/2012	Monograph	English	French	100	300	0	Online PDF

OITE	oco i ublications i ian 2012–2015					1411	Laucation
No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED175	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Address policies and best practices to regulate the international mobility of students and scientists and ensure the return of highly qualified human resources in four Latin American countries, Argentina, Mexico, Nicaragua and Peru.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$4,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED176	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To promote research on higher education; disseminate information on policies and good practices; establish bridges between research and policy; foster international dialogue, networks and cooperation.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
ED177	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To reflect, from case studies on public policies to ensure a more balanced knowledge transfer between poles of different status of knowledge in a global scale, showing the chains of knowledge that are established around scientific mobility and successful practices.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$4,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED178	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To present a regional overview and data and analysis on 10 countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Guatemala, Mexico, Nicaragua and Peru) To enable efforts to include these languages and cultures in the curriculum of different races in the region.	Increased awareness of issue	For sale		Extrabudgetary funds
ED179	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To promote research on higher education; disseminate information on policies and good practices; establish bridges between research and policy; foster international dialogue, networks and cooperation.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
ED180	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To promote research on higher education; disseminate information on policies and good practices; establish bridges between research and policy; foster international dialogue, networks and cooperation.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
ED181	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Selected works illustrate and address contemporary issues that involve and / or distort the future of higher education in in Latin America and the Caribbean.		For sale	\$55,500	Regular programme
ED182	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To promote research on higher education; disseminate information on policies and good practices; establish bridges between research and policy; foster international dialogue, networks and cooperation.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
ED183	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Share research on issues which affect teacher migration so that policymakers are equipped with the latest evidence to guide them.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$8,000	Regular programme
ED184	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED185	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Monitor the evolution and change in educational policies and their effect upon teacher education developmen	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
ED186	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds

OIVE.	SCO F	ublication	JIIS PIAII	2012-2013								IVIFI	Education
No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED187	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Diversification of post-secondary education	New trends in Higher Education	01/05/2012	Monograph	English		180	500	0	Online PDF
ED188	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	SACMEQ Gender Equality Series		01/05/2012	Policy Brief	English		200	0	0	Online PDF
ED189	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	An assessment of the impact of HIV and AIDS on the education sector in Kenya and a situational analysis of the implementation of the Kenya education sector policy on HIV and AIDS		01/06/2012	Monograph	English		150	100	0	Online PDF
ED190	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Escuela, identidad y discriminación		01/06/2012	Monograph	Spanish		320	500	0	Online PDF
ED191	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Les dépenses d'éducation des ménages au Burkina Faso	Costs and Financing of Education	01/06/2012	Monograph	French		80	100	0	Online PDF
ED192	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Microsoft Partners In Learning: Un exemple de partenariat Public - Privé dans le domaine des TIC	Partnerships for Education	01/06/2012	Monograph	French	English	100	100	100	Online PDF
ED193	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Partnership in Education - A resource guide	Partnerships for Education	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	100	100	Online PDF, CD- rom
ED194	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Study on Public-Private Partnerships in education	Partnerships for Education	01/09/2012	Monograph	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED195	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	The Effects of Free Primary Education in Tanzania (Mainland)	Costs and Financing of Education	01/09/2012	Monograph	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED196	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Financing Basic Education: revisiting solutions implying the private sector		01/10/2012	Monograph	English		100	800	0	Online PDF
ED197	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Gender equality in educational planning and management		01/10/2012	Monograph	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED198	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	La régulation de l'éducation	Education policy series	01/10/2012	Policy Brief	French	English	30	0	0	Online PDF

UNES	CO Publications Plan 2012–2013					IVIP	Education
No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED187	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To analyze PSE and PSE institutions and the challenges in financing and managing PSE institutions.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED188	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED189	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Describe and analyse the impact of HIV and AIDS on the education sector in Kenya; analyse the Kenyan education sector policy on HIV and AIDS	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED190	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED191	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED192	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED193	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$13,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED194	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED195	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	It improves the competence and improves the analytical tools of professionals at the Ministries of Education and at agencies of the development partners.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED196	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED197	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED198	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	Strengthen capacities of managers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,000	Extrabudgetary funds

OIVE	COF	ublicatio	iis riaii	2012-2013								IVIT	.uucation
No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED199	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Looking beyond parity: gender equality in education		01/10/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	50	500	300	Online PDF
ED200	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	The Effects of Free Basic Education in Tanzania (Zanzibar)	Costs and Financing of Education	01/10/2012	Monograph	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED201	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Public Private Partnership-EMIS	Partnerships for Education	01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED202	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	The Effects of Free Primary Education in Lesotho	Costs and Financing of Education	01/11/2012	Monograph	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED203	Inst	IIEP	MLA 2	Corruption in the education sector: a handbook	Ethics and corruption in education	01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED204	Inst	IIEP	MLA 4	Development of teacher codes of conduct in Asia	Ethics and corruption in education	01/12/2012	Monograph	English		150	300	0	Online PDF
ED205	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Engaging civil society	Fundamentals of Educational Planning	01/12/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	100	500	500	Online PDF
ED206	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Enseignement à distance	Fundamentals of Educational Planning	01/12/2012	Global report or flagship publication	French	English	100	500	500	Online PDF
ED207	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Les systèmes d'information dans les ministères de l'éducation : l'exemple du Sénégal, de la France et du Cameroun	Les systèmes d'information dans les ministères de l'éducation	01/12/2012	Monograph	French		100	100	0	Online PDF
ED208	Inst	IIEP	MLA 3	Transparency in the targeting of pro-poor incentives	Ethics and corruption in education	01/12/2012	Monograph	English		150	300	0	Online PDF
ED209	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Improving school financing: the use and usefulness of school grants. Vol. I	Management reforms for EFA	01/01/2013	Monograph	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED210	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Capacity Development in strategic planning	Rethinking capacity development	01/03/2013	Monograph	English		80	0	0	Online PDF
ED211	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Guidance notes for educational planners: integrating conflict an disaster risk education into educationa sector planning		01/06/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	100	500	500	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED199	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED200	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	It improves the competence and improves the analytical tools of professionals at the Ministries of Education and at agencies of the development partners.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED201	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
ED202	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	It improves the competence and improves the analytical tools of professionals at the Ministries of Education and at agencies of the development partners.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED203	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED204	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED205	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED206	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED207	Scientists, researchers, academia Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Analyse des informations collectées, analyse organisationnelle et des procédures administratives, analyse technique analyse des ressources humaines et des contraintes liées au renforcement des capacités	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED208	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strengthen capacities of managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED209	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To examine the implementation of school grants, with a focus on their useat school level and decision-making process.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED210	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Support educational planners and development partners to prepare strategic education plans, especially as international funding to education is becoming increasingly dependent on the existence of such a plan.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED211	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED212	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Réforme de la gouvernance dans l'enseignement supérieur en Afrique Francophone	New trends in Higher Education	01/06/2013	Monograph	French		200	500	0	Online PDF
ED213	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Les systèmes d'information dans les ministères de l'éducation : enjeux, défis et perspectifs	Les systèmes d'information dans les ministères de l'éducation	01/12/2013	Monograph	French		60	300	0	Online PDF
ED214	Inst	IIEP	MLA 1	Improving school financing: the use and usefulness of school grants. Vol. II	Management reforms for EFA	01/01/2014	Monograph	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED215	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Analytical paper on the current situation and main tendencies of ICT use in TVET in CIS and Ukraine.		01/03/2012	Technical report	Russian	English	110	250	250	Online PDF
ED216	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Master course ICT in Teacher Professional Development'Curriculum	IITE Training Materials	01/03/2012	Teaching material	English	Russian	50	0	0	Online PDF
ED217	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Special report on the current situation and main tendencies of ICT use in TVET in CIS and Ukraine (on the results of the joint IFESCCO/IITE project)		01/03/2012	Technical report	Russian	English	60	250	250	Online PDF
ED218	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	ICT in Multigrade Schools	IITE Training Materials	01/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian	English	100	0	0	Online PDF
ED219	Inst	IITE	MLA 3	Guidelines for OER for CIS		01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian		30	200	0	Online PDF
ED220	Inst	IITE	MLA 2	UNESCO IITE and ASPnet International Conference: ICTs for Quality of Education: ASPnet helps to pave the way towards Schools for the Future	Proceedings	01/06/2012	Proceedings	English		90	50	0	Online PDF
ED221	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	ICTs in General Education: Russian Federation	Theoretical Aspects	01/07/2012	Monograph	Russian		200	500	0	Online PDF
ED222	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	SMART School. International Case Study	ICT in Education: Best Practices	01/11/2012	Monograph	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED223	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	OER in non-English-speaking countires	Analytical survey	01/03/2013	Monograph	English		200	500	0	Online PDF
ED224	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Three case studies on OER in non-English- speaking countries	ICT in Education: Best Practices	01/03/2013	Monograph	English		240	500	0	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED212	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen capacities of Higher Education Institutions managers, raise awareness of policy makers	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED213	Scientists, researchers, academia Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Aider les planificateurs, agences de développement et ONG impliquées dans la mise en œuvre des SI, les spécialistes de l'éducation, les technicien et spécialiste du SI et de l'informatique dans Leur activité de conception.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED214	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To examine the implementation of school grants, with a focus on the use of school grants at school level and decision-making process, which is the purpose of this study.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED215	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ICT use in TVET	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED216	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Teacher training	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,000	Regular programme
ED217	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ICT use in TVET	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$4,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED218	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Teacher training	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED219	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Promote OER in CIS	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Regular programme
ED220	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote accessibility and quality of education	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED221	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ICT use in education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED222	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote innovative approaches in education based on ICT applications	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$4,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED223	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote OER in non-English-speaking countries	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ED224	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote OER in non-English-speaking countries	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,000	Regular programme

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED225	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Analytical survey based on the results of the project ICTs in primary education,	IITE Analytical surveys	01/12/2013	Technical report	English		100	500	0	Online
ED226	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Set of training materials on ICTs in education of persons with disabilities	IITE Training Materials	01/12/2013	Multimedia - Interactive guide or educational tool		English	100	500	500	Online
ED227	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Training materials on ICTs in Early Childhood education	IITE Training Materials	01/12/2013	Multimedia - Interactive guide or educational tool			100	500	0	Online
ED228	Inst	IITE	MLA 1	Twenty-four issues of policy briefs	IITE Policy Briefs	01/12/2013	Policy Brief	English	Russian	288	12,000	0	Online PDF
ED229	Inst	UIL	MLA 1	LIFE Mid-Term Evaluation Report		01/03/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	65	750	500	Online PDF
ED230	Inst	UIL	MLA 3	Synergies between formal and non formal approaches in HIV/AIDS prevention in Africa	Literacy Matters	01/03/2012	Technical report	English	French	50	500	500	Online PDF
ED231	Inst	UIL	MLA 1	Socio-psychologie de l'éducation des adultes en Afrique	APAL (Perspectives africaines en éducation des adultes)	01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French		200	750	0	
ED232	Inst	UIL	MLA 1	Fondements de l'éducation des adultes en Afrique	APAL (Perspectives africaines en éducation des adultes)	01/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French		200	750	0	
ED233	Inst	UIL	MLA 4	Linking Lifelong Learning to National Qualifications Frameworks		01/06/2012	Technical report	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED234	Inst	UIL	MLA 4	Why recognition of non-formal and informal learning matters		01/06/2012	Monograph	English		150	500	0	Online PDF
ED235	Inst	UIL	MLA 4	Global Report on Adult Learning and Education 2012	Global Report on Adult Learning and Education	01/12/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French, Spanish	120	2,000	1,500	Online PDF
ED236	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Exploitative work	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		52	0	0	Online PDF

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED225	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise the quality of ICT use in primary education	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$4,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED226	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote access to education for persons with disabilities by means of ICTs	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED227	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ICT in early childhood education	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ED228	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote ICT use in education	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$36,000	Regular programme
ED229	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Analyse progress of the Literacy Initiative, highlight innovations and develop recommendations	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$29,215	Regular programme
ED230	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Advocate for common efforts by the formal and the non-formal sector to prevent HIV/AIDS in Africa	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$3,910	Extrabudgetary funds
ED231	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Help improve the training of trainers provision by higher education institutions in Africa; highlight specific aspects of Adult Education in Africa	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$6,060	Extrabudgetary funds
D232	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Help improve the training of trainers provision by higher education institutions in Africa; highlight specific aspects of Adult Education in Africa	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$6,060	Extrabudgetary funds
ED233	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from funding partner	Understand issues related to RVA and identify ways of better integrating RVA into NQF	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,255	Extrabudgetary funds
ED234	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Advocate for recognition as a solution to address the lack of qualifications in many developing countries	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$9,775	Extrabudgetary funds
ED235	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Take stock of the literacy situation worldwide; identify main issues and challenges	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$84,715	Regular programme
ED236	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ED237	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Greening TVET	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		48	0	0	Online PDF
ED238	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Occupational health and safety	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		52	0	0	Online PDF
ED239	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	TVET in conflict and emergency situations	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		52	0	0	Online PDF
ED240	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Women and Gender Equality in Technical and Vocational Education and Training	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		52	0	0	Online PDF
ED241	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Youth unemployment	Annotated Bibliographies of Technical and Vocational Education and Training	01/02/2012	Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	English		52	0	0	Online PDF
ED242	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Increasing Public Awareness of TVET in the Philippines: A Case Study	Case Studies of TVET in Selected Countries		Monograph	English		40	0	0	Online PDF
ED243	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Involving stakeholders in capacity-building: A case study of two colleges in Thailand	Case Studies of TVET in Selected Countries		Monograph	English		40	0	0	Online PDF
ED244	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	Community Polytechnics in India: Achievements, practices and lessons learnt	Case Studies of TVET in Selected Countries		Monograph	English		40	0	0	Online PDF
ED245	Inst	UNEVOC	MLA 1	ICT in TVET in the Asia-Pacific region	Case Studies of TVET in Selected Countries		Monograph	English		40	0	0	Online PDF

MPI Education

UNESCO Publications Plan 2012–2013 MPI Education

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ED237	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED238	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED239	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED240	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED241	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Produce a solid reference base for material on key TVET issues	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED242	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of TVET policy-makers and practitioners	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED243	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of TVET policy-makers and practitioners	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
ED244	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of TVET policy-makers and practitioners	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$4,000	Extrabudgetary funds
ED245	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of TVET policy-makers and practitioners of good practices in selected countries, improve the role of ICT in TVET	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$4,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SC001	HQ	SC/EES/ESB	MLA 6	Sustainable Management of Marginal Drylands - scientific findings (working title)	UNESCO-MAB Book Series	01/01/2013	Monograph	English	Arabic, Spanish, French	300	200	500	Online PDF
SC002	HQ	SC/EES/ESB	MLA 6	Sustainable Management of Marginal Drylands -policy findings (working title)	UNESCO-MAB Book Series	01/03/2013	Policy Brief	English	Arabic, Spanish, French	50	200	500	Online PDF
SC003	HQ	SC/EES/ESB	MLA 6	Manual for implementation of Teaching Resource Kit for Dryland Countries	UNESCO-MAB Book Series	02/03/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	16	250	250	Online PDF
SC004	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Water and Sustainability: A Review of Targets, Tools and Regional Cases	WWDR4 side publications	01/06/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	60	0	0	CD, ePub
SC005	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Emerging pollutants in water, wastewater and soil - Tula Valley, Mexico (case study report)	IHP Tehcnical Documents	01/12/2012	Technical report	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC007	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	The Impact of Economic Development on Water Pollution - Zhangweinan River Basin, China (case study report)	IHP Tehcnical Documents	01/12/2012	Technical report	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC006	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Integrated Sanitation for a Better Environment and Healthy People		02/12/2012	Monograph	English		100	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC008	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Integrated Urban Water Management: Cold Climates	UNESCO-IHP Urban Water Series	01/12/2013	Monograph	English		225	800	0	PDF (for internal use only)
SC009	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Integrated Urban Water Management: Temperate Climates	UNESCO-IHP Urban Water Series	01/12/2013	Monograph	English		225	800	0	PDF (for internal use only)
SC010	HQ	SC/HYD	MLA 5	Urban Water Systems Interactions	UNESCO-IHP Urban Water Series	01/12/2013	Monograph	English		225	800	0	PDF (for internal use only)
SC011	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Compendium of good practices in tsunami preparedness	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/01/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Greek, Italian, Portuguese, Turkish	100	100	400	Online PDF
SC012	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Harmful Algae News 45,46,47,48,49,50	Harmful Algae News	01/03/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		96	2,000	0	Online PDF
SC013	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Manual on Sea Level Measurement and Interpretation	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Arabic	80	0	300	online
SC014	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Educational online course on storm surges developed and made available to middle schools	IOC Technical Series	01/04/2012	Teaching material	English	French, Greek, Italian, Portuguese, Turkish		0	0	Online training module

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC001	Scientists, researchers, academia Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from funding partner	Improve dryland management to combat desertification	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$35,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC002	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	Improve dryland management to combat desertification	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC003	1. Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Enhanced knowledge on dryland biodiversity and conservation	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve use of water-related targets and tools in water governance	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Regular programme
SC005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Expand the scientific understanding and knowledge base on this emerging topic, which is of crucial importance to water resources sustainability and human health. Inform policy makers and water professionals on the issue	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Regular programme
SC007	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Expand the scientific understanding and knowledge base on the links between economic development and water resources sustainability. Promote intra-disciplinary holistic approach to the issue. Inform policy makers and water professionals on the issue	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Regular programme
SC006	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote science-based policy making for sustainable solutions for providing access to water and sanitation and assist governments in achieving MDGs	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
SC008	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote sustainable urban water managemnet with a focus on specific climatic setting	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$15,000	Regular programme
SC009	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote sustainable urban water managemnet with a focus on specific climatic setting	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$15,000	Regular programme
SC010	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote sustainable urban water managemnet with a focus on urban water systems and technologies	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$15,000	Regular programme
SC011	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	To sensitize civil protection and coastal managers on strategic land use planning to strengthen preparedness for tsunamis and other sealevel related hazards in the context of integrated coastal area management.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$17,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC012	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve international netwok and knowledge sharing in management of harmful algal events	f Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$18,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC013	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	Guidance on best practice on sea level measurements in support of long term climate studies and tsunami monitoring	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC014	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	Target group is made aware of risks from storm surges and safe behaviour, thus improving its ability to react to short-term alerts from Civil Protection authorities.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$19,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SC015	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Climate Change in Africa: The needs for sciences	Report and Policy brief	01/06/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	English	French	40	1,000	500	CD, ePub
SC016	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Framework for Ocean Observations: A scientific summary for policy makers	Summaries for Policy Makers	01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English	French, Spanish	20	800	0	Online PDF
SC017	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	GOOS Coastal Implementation Plan: A scientific summary for policy makers	Summaries for Policy Makers	01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English	French, Spanish	20	800	0	Online PDF
SC018	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	GOOS Summary Rio+20: A scientific summary for policy makers	Summaries for Policy Makers	01/06/2012	Policy Brief	English	French, Spanish	20	800	0	Online PDF
SC019	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Guidelines and poster on hotel evacuation in case of coastal inundation	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Greek, Italian, Portuguese, Turkish	50	100	400	Online PDF
SC020	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	IOC 2013	IOC Annual report Series	01/06/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	English	French	70	100	50	online; electronic distribution
SC021	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Global Sea Level Observing System (GLOSS) Implementation Plan 2012	IOC Technical Series	01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		50	500	0	online
SC022	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Global Sea Level Observing System: Manual on Quality Control of Sea Level Observations	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		30	0	0	online
SC023	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	How to plan, conduct and evaluate tsunami exercises	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/10/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish	600	500	0	online
SC024	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Requirements for Marine Biodiversity Observations: A scientific summary for policy makers	Summaries for Policy Makers	01/10/2012	Policy Brief	English	French, Spanish	20	800	0	Online PDF
SC025	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	International Tsunami Survey Team (ITST) Post-Tsunami Survey Field Guide	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English			0	0	online
SC026	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	A guide for designing and implementing coastal adaptation and hazard mitigation	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/03/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	1,500	0	Online PDF, CD
SC027	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Ocean Data Standards publication	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/03/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		10	0	0	online
SC028	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	A guide for evaluating Marine Spatial Planning	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/05/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	1,500	0	Online PDF
SC029	HQ	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Ocean Data Standards Publication	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/09/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		20	0	0	online

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC015	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	Improve visibility of IOC efforts in this field	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C016	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Motivate Member States be involved in GOOS governance	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C017	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Motivate Member States support of coastal GOOS implementation	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C018	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Motivate Member States to support GOOS during Rio+20	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC019	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	Target group of hotel guests is made aware and better prepared to react and evacuate in case of inundation from the sea.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$13,500	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C020	Permanent Delegations / National Commissions Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Enhance IOC visibility once per biennium and communicate deliverables to IOC communities	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$10,500	Regular programme
SC021	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Describes the implementation plans for GLOSS in light of international requirments set for global sea level monitoring in support of science and operational activities such as tsunami warning systems	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Regular programme
C022	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Guidance on best practice for quality control of sea level observations in suport of sea level science	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		
C023	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To provide guidance on best parctices on how to convene tsunami warning excercises	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular programme
C024	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Prepare GOOS supporters for expansion into Biodiversity observations	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C025	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To provide guidance on best parctices on how to convene post tsunami surveys	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		
C026	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen cpacity of local authorities to protect their coast and people	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C027	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Use in national oceanographic data centres	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		
C028	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from UNESCO partner	Develop a methodology for assessing the resutls of MSP plans	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC029	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Use in national oceanographic data centres	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution		

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other med / Autres supports
SC030	HQ	SC/PCB	MLA 1	Working title: Conference Proceedings on the Rountable Meeting on the Science, Technology and Innovation Global Assessment Programme (STIGAP), 4 to 5 July 2011	Science Policy Series	01/02/2012	Proceedings	English		80	0	0	Online PDF
SC031	HQ	SC/PCB	MLA 2	Engineering Education: Transformation and Innovation	Science and Technology Development Series	01/06/2012	Monograph	English		150	1,000	0	PDF
SC032	HQ	SC/PCB	MLA 2	Innovation and Developmentt: Knowledge and Research Application to Address International Development Goals	Science and Technology Development Series	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		200	0	0	PDF
SC033	HQ	SC/PCB	MLA 2	Learning to Deal with New Technologies: The example of Genetically Modified Plants		01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	130	1,000	0	CD
SC034	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3		LINKS Knowledges of Nature	01/06/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		252	1,500	0	Online PDF
SC001	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3		Knowledges of Nature	01/06/2012	Technical report	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC036	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3	Sandwatch (Spanish, Portuguese and Arabic versions)		01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish, Portuguese, Arabic	136	0	1,000	Online PDF
SC037	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3	Women's Medicinal Knowledge in Maurtius, Rodrigues and Reunion (English version)	Local and Indigenous Knowledge	01/09/2012	Global report or flagship publication	French	English	120	0	1,000	Online PDF
SC038	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3	BOSAWAS Student and Teacher workbooks	Local and Inidgenous Knowledge	01/01/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Spanish	Mayangna	40	200	2,500	
SC039	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3		Knowledges of Nature	01/01/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Maori	170	2,000	0	CD-ROM
SC040	HQ	SC/PCB/SII	MLA 3	Communities Assessing and Adapting to Climate Change	Local and Indigenous Knowledge	01/01/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English		180	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC041	HQ	SC/UBI	MLA 6	Tracking Key Trends in Biodiversity Science and Policy. Proceedings of the UNESCO 2010 International Year of Biodiversity Conference on Biodiversity Science and Policy, UNESCO, Paris, France		01/03/2012	Proceedings	Multilingual		180	0	0	Online PDF
SC042	HQ	SC/UBI	MLA 6	Sustainable Oceans in the Twenty-first Century		01/06/2012	Monograph	English		150	500	0	

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC030	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To bring together perspectives on STI monitoring that differ strongly from other relevant agencies (OECD, World Bank) by promoting initiatives that link STI explicitly to issues at the heart of UNESCO's mandate.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,500	Regular programme
SC031	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Explore the need to make engineering education more interesting and relevant	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC032	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Permanent Delegations / National Commissions	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	to promote awareness of the need for innovation	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC033	Educators, teachers, trainers Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Develop problem solving approach in students in dealing with new technologies - provide material for teachers in this regard	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC034	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from funding partner	Build awareness of role of local knowledge to assess and adapt to environmental change	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC001	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Inform authors of the IPCC 5th Assessment Report of key role of Indigenous Knowledge for climate change	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC036	Educators, teachers, trainers Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Build community awareness and youth action on climate change	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC037	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Profile creole women's medicinal knowledge in African SIDS (English version of successful French book)	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$15,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC038	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	To reinforce classroom teaching of indigenous knowledge and language	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$25,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC039	Educators, teachers, trainers Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To reinforce classroom teaching of indigenous knowledge and language	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC040	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Build awareness of key role of communities in climate adaptation and reinforce unique UNESCO niche	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$15,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC041	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To present recent evidence of the biodiversity loss problem and possible solutions to it	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$0	Regular programme
SC042	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from UNESCO partner	To present a novel approach to oceans-related issues at Rio+20	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SC043	HQ	SC/UBI	MLA 6	UNESCO Biodiversity Kit		01/10/2012	Teaching material	French	English, Spanish	200	1,500	1,000	Online PDF
SC044	FO	ADI	MLA 5	Groundwater in Ethiopia; features,vital numbers and opportunitues	Groundwater resources series	01/06/2013	Monograph	English		360	1,000	0	CD, ePub
SC045	FO	Beijing	MLA 6	East Asian Bisphere Reserve Network (EABRN) Report		01/06/2012	Proceedings	English		276	500	0	
SC046	FO	Beijing	MLA 5	International Sediment Initiative (ISI) Case Study Synthesis report for large river basin		01/12/2012	Technical report	English		275	500	0	
SC047	FO	Beijing	MLA 5	Asian Transboundary Aquifer Mapping Publication		01/06/2013	Мар	English		1	500	0	
SC048	FO	Cairo	MLA 5	Toward a climate change adaptation strategy for the water sector in Egypt		01/06/2012	Monograph	English		120	200	0	ePub
SC049	FO	Jakarta	MLA 5	Asian Pacific FRIEND: Flood Design Hydrograph information supplied for the Asia Pacific Region		01/03/2012	Technical report	English		46	30	0	Online PDF
SC050	FO	Jakarta	MLA 5	Catalogue of Rivers for the Southeast Asia and The Pacific Volume VI		01/03/2012	Technical report	English		100	30	0	Online PDF
SC051	FO	Jakarta	MLA 5	Final Report on the 20th Regional Steering Committee Meeting for SEAP		01/11/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		30	30	0	Online PDF and CD
SC052	FO	Jakarta	MLA 5	Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Water Resources (ICWR2012): Sharing Knowledge of Issues ir Water Resources Management to Face the Future	1	01/11/2012	Proceedings	English		200	200	0	Online PDF
SC053	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Global Water Futures 2050: Five Stylized Scenarios		01/03/2012	Monograph	English		16	0	0	CD, online
SC054	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Groundwater and Global Change	WWDR4 side publications	01/03/2012	Monograph	English		56	1,000	0	CD, online

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC043	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To provide to all concerned actors with an effective tool for education in relation to the various dimensiosn of the biodiversity problem	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$20,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC044	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Improve grounwater resources management in the country	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$23,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC045	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from funding partner	To share the knowledge and result of EABRN activities during 2010-2011 and EABRN Meeting held in 2011	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC046	Scientists, researchers, academia UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	Request from UNESCO partner	A follow-up to update audience for latest ISI research results	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Regular programme
SC047	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	An update to annouce the result of the related programme continued from its Phase I in 2011	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
SC048	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Disseminate, publish and the documention of the outputs of the MDG- Spanish Fund on "Climate Change Risk Management Programme in Egypt"/ Forecasting and Integrated Water Resources Management component.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC049	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Integrated data source with improved accessibility	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$320	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC050	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Promote mutual understanding, information exchange of hydrology and water resources in the region and of the neighbouring countries	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$780	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC051	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Interoperability, maintenance and enhancement of regional intergovermental programme	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$100	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SC052	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To share and disseminate knowledge, information, technology in hydrological, meteorological and flood disaster sciences under situations of climate change and devastating water-related disasters,. To foster cooperative and collaborative activities in IHP Seventh Phase	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$4,500	Other
SC053	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	To explore long-range global water scenarios through qualitative summaries of possible futures and to open the discussion on the possible trajectories of the world water system, as input to deliberations of decision-makers, modellers, and scenario and sectoral experts	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,600	Extrabudgetary funds
SC054	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To offer an updated and better documented overview of the world's groundwater today and in the near future. To enhance awareness and knowledge on how to better protect and use groundwater and mitigate problems resulting from extreme climate variability and pressures	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$14,510	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SC055	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	The Dynamics of Global Water Futures: Driving Forces 2011-2050		01/03/2012	Monograph	English		96	1,000	0	CD, online
SC056	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	The United Nations World Water Development Report 4	World Water Development Report	01/03/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		750	2,000	0	CD, online, ePub
SC057	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Green Accounting	WWDR4 side publications	01/06/2012	Monograph	English	Spanish and Portuguese	56	1,000	0	CD, online, ePub
SC058	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	WWDR4 Executive Summary	World Water Development Report	01/06/2012	Monograph	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Arabic, Chinese, Portuguese and Italian	32	1,000	0	CD, online
SC059	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Water and Health	WWDR4 side publications	01/08/2012	Monograph	English		56	0	0	CD, online
SC060	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	WWDR3 Executive Summary	World Water Development Report	01/08/2012	Monograph	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Arabic, Chinese	32	0	0	CD, online
SC061	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Africa Regional Report	WWDR4 side publications	01/10/2012	Monograph	English		56	1,000	0	CD, online
SC062	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Water Security and Law in a Changing Environment		01/11/2012	Monograph	English		300	1,000	0	CD, online, ePub
SC063	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Food and Agriculture	WWDR4 side publications	01/02/2013	Monograph	English		56	0	0	CD, online

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC055	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from funding partner	To present an analysis of the evolution of 10 major external forces and possible future developments with regards to scenarios on water use and availability to 2050 which have direct and indirect consequences on human well-being, equity and poverty	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$29,500	Extrabudgetary funds
SC056	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To describe the major changes taking place in the world and their links to water resources, use and management, and show that current management approaches can work only when changes are incremental and predictable.	decision-making	For sale	\$1,145,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC057	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	·	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$35,685	Extrabudgetary funds
SC058	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Mass media	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	audience and prepare readers who intend to read the full report	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$50,080	Extrabudgetary funds
SC059	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	This publication will expand (from the special report chapter presented in WWDR4) and update on the challenges in water resources and management the health area is facing, doing so through the lens of uncertainty and risk as for WWDR4 but including additional topics	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,955	Extrabudgetary funds
SC060	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Mass media	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC061	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$14,985	Extrabudgetary funds
SC062	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	intends to help and support decision-makers in the management of	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$44,505	Extrabudgetary funds
SC063	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	management the food and agriculture area is facing, doing so through	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,955	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SC064	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Water Footprints		01/02/2013	Monograph	English		56	1,000	0	CD, online
SC065	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Arab Countries Regional Report	WWDR4 side publications	01/04/2013	Monograph	English	Arabic	56	1,000	0	CD, online
SC066	FO	SC/HYD/WWAP	MLA 5	Global Governance for the Realization of the Right to Water and Sanitation	WWDR4 side publications	01/04/2013	Monograph	English		16	1,000	0	CD, online
SC067	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	GEOHAB Core Research Plan: HABs in Benthic Systems	GEOHAB	01/03/2012	Technical report	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC068	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Guidelines for Development of Standard Operating Procedures for Tsunami Warning and Emergency Response	IOC Manuals and Guides	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		100	500	0	PDF
SC069	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Proceedings of the first ODINAFRICA Scientific Symposium, 30 Nov - 01 Dec 2011, Saly-Mbour, Senegal.	IOC Workshop Reports	01/06/2012	Proceedings	English	French	300	200	0	online PDF
SC070	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Proceedings of the first ODINAFRICA Scientific Symposium, May 2013, Maputo, Mozambique.	IOC Workshop Reports	01/06/2012	Proceedings	English	French	300	200	0	online PDF
SC071	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	The Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem - Transboundary Diagnostic Analysis	IOC Technical Series	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish	150	150	100	online pdf
SC072	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	The Valuation of Marine Ecosystem Goods and Services in the Caribbean	IOC Technical Series	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish	65	150	100	Online pdf
SC073	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	WINDOW	newsletter	01/06/2012	Informational newsletter	English	French	8	0	0	Online PDF
SC074	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	Desalination of Seawater and HABs	IOC Technical Series	01/10/2012	Technical report	English		60	0	0	Online PDF
SC075	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	GEOHAB M&G on Sampling of Benthic HABS	GEOHAB	01/10/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC076	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	The Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem - Strategic Action Programme	IOC Technical Series	01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish	150	150	100	online pdf
SC077	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	The IOCARIBE GOOS Implementation Plan	IOC Technical Series	01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Spanish	60	0	0	online pdf

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC064	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The water footprint is an indicator of water use that looks at both direct and indirect water use of a consumer or producer. This publication will look at the water footprint (the total volume of freshwater used) to produce the goods and services.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$14,985	Extrabudgetary funds
SC065	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	 Reporting an updated overview on the most important external drivers that cause impacts on water in the Arab countries region and ii) analyzing the resulting pressures and effects these drivers have on water resources, their uses and management 	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$19,985	Extrabudgetary funds
SC066	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	To provide an analysis of the global water governance framework through the lens of the objective laid down in international law of progressive realization of the human right to water and sanitation.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$8,600	Extrabudgetary funds
SC067	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve international cooperation in reserach on harmful algal events	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,000	Other
SC068	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	National Tsunami Warning Centres and Disaster Management Organisations	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC069	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide information on the status of marine research in Africa	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
SC070	Scientists, researchers, academia Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide information on the status of marine research in Africa	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
SC071	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve governance, policy and management of transboundary living marine resources	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Extrabudgetary funds
SC072	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve Governance, policy and management of transboundary living marine resources	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC073	UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Provide information on ODINAFRICA project activities	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$6,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SC074	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve international cooperation in reserach on harmful algal events	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$0	
SC075	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve international cooperation in reserach on harmful algal events	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,000	Other
SC076	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve governance, policy and management of transboundary living marine resources	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Extrabudgetary funds
SC077	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve IOCARIBE GOOS Implementation	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		/ Tirage	/ Tirage.	Other media / Autres supports
SC078	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	The African Marine Atlas		01/06/2013	Atlas	English		200	500	0	Online PDF, DVD
SC079	FO	SC/IOC	MLA 4	GEOHAB Synthesis Report	GEOHAB	01/10/2013	Technical report	English		60	1,000	0	Online PDF
SC080	FO	THE	MLA 5	Traditional Hydraulic Systems to meet today's global needs		01/12/2012	Policy Brief	English		200	500	0	Online PDF

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SC078	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide access to marine and coastal information in an easy to understand format.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Extrabudgetary funds
SC079	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Improve international cooperation in reserach on harmful algal events	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$5,000	Other
SC080	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from UNESCO partner	Innovative measures for water management to met emerging global changes	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SHS001	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	Report of the International Bioethics Committee of UNESCO on the principle of respect for human vulnerability and personal integrity		01/07/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	35	1,000	1,000	online
SHS002	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	Guide N 4 for National Bioethics Committees	Guides for National Bioethics Committees	01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	60	1,000	500	online
SHS003	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	Guide N 5 for National Bioethics Committees	Guides for National Bioethics Committees	01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	60	1,000	500	online
SHS004	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	Training Manual on Bioethics for Judges	Training manuals on bioethics	01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	60	1,000	500	online
SHS005	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	Training Manual on Bioethics for Parliamentarians	Training manuals on bioethics	01/10/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	60	1,000	500	online
SHS006	HQ	BIO	MLA 1	UNESCO Bioethics Core Curriculum, Section 1: Syllabus (version 2)		01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	75	1,000	0	online
SHS007	HQ	Dakar	MLA 3	Vision africaine de l'éthique environnementale		01/10/2013	Monograph	French		100	500	0	online, pdf
SHS008	HQ	Djakarta	MLA 3	Climate change vulnerability-livelihood interactions		01/09/2013	Monograph	English		300	200	0	online, pdf
SHS009	HQ	SHS	MLA 3	Biopolitics/Happiness/What is Technology. (No. 206)	International Social Science Journal	01/04/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		192	1,700	0	online, pdf
SHS010	HQ	SHS	MLA 3	States of theory (No. 207)	International Social Science Journal	01/04/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		192	1,700	0	online, pdf
SHS011	HQ	SHS	MLA 3	The political ecology of religion/ Geography, globalization and religion (No. 205)	International Social Science Journal	01/04/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		192	1,700	0	online, pdf
SHS012	HQ	SHS/ETD	MLA 3	Ethics and Climate change		01/10/2013	Monograph	English		300	500	0	online, pdf
SHS013	HQ	SHS/ETD	MLA 3	World Social Science Report		01/11/2013	Monograph	English	French, Spanish	400	1,000	0	online, pdf
SHS014	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	International Coalition of Cities - A Report on Good Practices		01/01/2012	Technical report	English	French, Spanish	68	0	0	online

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SHS001	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Dissemination of IBC's work inthe field of bioethics	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS002	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Tool for capacity-building for Bioethics stakeholders	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS003	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Tool for capacity-building for Bioethics stakeholders	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Tool for capacity-building for Bioethics stakeholders	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Tool for capacity-building for Bioethics stakeholders	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS006	Educators, teachers, trainers Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Revised version of the UNESCO Bioethics Core Curriculum Section 1 after pilot testing phase in several universities around the world	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS007	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Clarify ethical issues in relation to climate change	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS008	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Facilitate development of the appropriate policies in relation to climate change impacts on livelihoods. Reach out to policy makers and international climate change governance bodies with tools on how to face the Impact of climate change on livelihoods	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$3,260	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS009	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Bridge diverse communities of social scientists, working in different problems and disciplines and in different parts of the world	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS010	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Bridge diverse communities of social scientists, working in different problems and disciplines and in different parts of the world	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS011	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Success of comparable publications	Bridge diverse communities of social scientists, working in different problems and disciplines and in different parts of the world	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS012	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Clarify ethical issues in relation to climate change	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS013	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	Strengthening social sciences knowledge base on global environmental change	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$250,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
SHS014	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
SHS015	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	Empowering the Poor Through Human rights Litigation		01/05/2012	Teaching material	French		150	0	0	online
SHS016	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	Free movement of persons in the EU and ECOWAS		01/05/2012	Monograph	English		110	0	0	online
SHS017	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	Skilled migration and brain drain (Diversities: Vol. 14, No. 1)	Diversities	01/05/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English		100	0	0	online, pdf
SHS018	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	The right to enjoy the benefits of scientific progress and its applications		01/05/2012	Monograph	English		80	1,000	0	online
SHS019	HQ	SHS/Social Inclusion	MLA 2	Human Rights Major International Instruments status as at 31 May 2012 (Bilingual EN/FR)		01/06/2012	Technical report	Multilingual		40	0	0	online
SHS020	FO	Bangkok / RUSHSAP	MLA 3	Educational frameworks for environmental ethics	Ethics and Climate Change in Asia and the Pacific	01/07/2012	Monograph	English		130	700	0	online, epub
SHS021	FO	Bangkok / RUSHSAP	MLA 3	Ethical frameworks for research agendas and policy	Ethics and Climate Change in Asia and the Pacific	01/09/2012	Monograph	English		80	700	0	online, epub
SHS022	FO	BIO	MLA 2	Problemas sociales de mujeres jóvenes frente a la migración, la violencia y el cambio climático global		01/07/2012	Monograph	Spanish		130	400	0	epub
SHS023	FO	Rabat	MLA 2	La démocratie pour les jeunes en Tunisie, Guide d'utilisateur pour les formateurs et adultes-relais		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French	Arabic	130	500	0	
SHS024	FO	Rabat	MLA 2	Manuel d'apprentissage de la démocratie pour les jeunes en Tunisie, Égypte et Libye		01/02/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French	Arabic	170	0	1,000	
SHS025	FO	San José	MLA 2	La relación investigación-políticas públicas para la lucha contra la pobreza	MOST Research and Policy Collection, no. 3	01/07/2012	Monograph	Spanish		240	1,000	0	epub

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
SHS015	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Pedagogical purpose and aware raising	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$60	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS016	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	
SHS017	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Success of comparable publications	Improve understanding of challenges linked to brain drain	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS018	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$18,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS019	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	
SHS020	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS021	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$0	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS022	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,000	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS023	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Renforcer les capacités d'intervention et d'influence des formateurs et adultes-relais au cours des sessions d'éducation citoyenne des jeunes enTunisie	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS024	Youth, students Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Développer les connaissances des jeunes tunisiens de 18 à 24 ans de la démocratie afin de les habiliter à participer à la vie démocratique	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$6,500	Extrabudgetary funds
SHS025	Scientists, researchers, academia Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
CLT001	HQ	CLT/CEH/DCE	MLA 4	Guidelines for project design in the creative industries - a multidisciplinary approach for developing countries		01/01/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		120	500	0	Online PDF, Epub
CLT002	HQ	CLT/CEH/DCE	MLA 4	Politiques pour la créativité: guide pour le développement des industries culturelles et créatives		01/01/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French		130	1,100	0	Online PDF, ePub
CLT003	HQ	CLT/CEH/DCE	MLA 4	First reporting cycle on the 2005 Convention for the protection and promotion of the diversity of cultural expressions		01/10/2012	Information kit	English	French	150	0	0	Online PDF, ePub
CLT004	HQ	CLT/CEH/DCE	MLA 4	UNESCO Culture for Development Indicator Suite _ Methodology Manual		01/11/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	150	600	1,200	Online PDF, ePub
CLT005	HQ	CLT/CEH/DCE	MLA 4	Best practices - Results of the UNESCO-EU project, Strengthening the System of Governance for Culture in Developing Countries		01/12/2012	Technical report	French	English	40	1,000	1,000	Online PDF, ePub
CLT006	HQ	CLT/CEH/ITH	MLA 3	2010-2011 List of Intangible Cultural Heritage in Need of Urgent Safeguarding		01/03/2012	Brochure	English	French	90	1,500	3,000	Online PDF
CLT007	HQ	CLT/CEH/ITH	MLA 3	2010-2011 Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity		01/03/2012	Brochure	English	French, Spanish	132	1,500	3,000	Online PDF
CLT008	HQ	CLT/CEH/ITH	MLA 3	2011 Register of Best Safeguarding Practices		01/03/2012	Brochure	English	French	39	1,500	3,000	Online PDF
CLT009	HQ	CLT/EO	MLA 5	The power of culture for development 2		01/06/2012	Brochure	English	French	16	0	0	Online PDF, ePub, USB Drive
CLT010	HQ	CLT/EO	MLA 5	The cultural road to development		01/06/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	250	0	0	Online PDF, ePub, USB Drive
CLT011	HQ	CLT/EO	MLA 5	UNESCO Report on Gender Equality, Culture and Development		01/09/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	250	0	0	Online PDF, ePub, USB Drive
CLT012	HQ	CLT/WHC/AFR	MLA 1	World Heritage sites of Africa		01/07/2012	Monograph	Multilingual		180	2,000	2,000	None
CLT013	HQ	CLT/WHC/AFR	MLA 1	Africa Periodic report	WH Papers Series	01/04/2013	Technical report	English	French	120	0	0	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
CLT001	Cultural professionals Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Improve the design of medium sized cultural and creative industry projects	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT002	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Strengthen capacities of policy makers in the field of cultural and creative industries in Francophone Africa	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$61,000	2010-2011 biennium
CLT003	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Respond to the instruction of the 2005 Governing Bodies to produce and make accessible an analytical summary of the first cycle of reporting on the 2005 Convention	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Regular programme
CLT004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Strenghen capacities to measure the contribution of culture to development in order to better positionate culture in national and international development strategies	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Communicate results of the UNESCO-EU project, Strengthening the System of Governance for Culture in Developing Countries	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$9,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT006	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	raise awareness of communities	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$22,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT007	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	raise awareness of communities	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$22,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT008	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	raise awareness of communities	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT009	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Rio + 20 advocacy document	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution		Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CLT010	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote the role of culture in achieving sustainable development	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$22,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT011	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Linking gender equality and culture for sustainable development	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$22,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT012	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Mass media	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Make audience discover what are the specifities of African World Heritage sites and how their preservation depends on the communities that live in and around these sites	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$60,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT013	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Cultural professionals	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Disseminate the Report on the implementation of the World Heritage Convention and the results of the second cycle of World Heritage periodic report for Africa	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
CLT014	HQ	CLT/WHC/APA	MLA 1	WH Report: The State of World Heritage in Asia-Pacific Region	WH Papers Series	01/07/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	English	Russian	140	2,000	500	Online PDF
CLT015	HQ	CLT/WHC/ARB	MLA 1	World Heritage Periodic Report and Regional Programme in the Arab States	World Heritage Paper Series	01/05/2012	Technical report	English	French, Arabic	100	0	0	Online PDF
CLT016	HQ	CLT/WHC/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 63	World Heritage Review	01/04/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT017	HQ	CLT/WHC/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 64	World Heritage Review	01/06/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT018	HQ	CLT/WHC/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 65	World Heritage Review	01/10/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT019	HQ	CLT/WHC/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 66	World Heritage Review	01/01/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT020	HQ	CLT/WHC/LAC	MLA 1	Human Evolution in Eurasia	World Heritage Papers Series	01/02/2013	Monograph	English	French, Spanish	350	1,500	0	Online PDF
CLT021	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage in Young Hands interactive DVD		01/06/2012	Multimedia - Interactive guide or educational tool	English	French		1,000	0	Online PDF, DVD
CLT022	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Wall Map 2012-2013		01/10/2012	Мар	English	French, Spanish	1	70,000	30,000	Online PDF
CLT023	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	Atlas of the UNESCO World Heritage		01/11/2012	Atlas	English	Italian, French, Spanish	368	2,000	8,000	
CLT024	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage and Sustainable Development - 40th anniversary of the WH Convention		01/11/2012	General and historical work	English	French	250	2,000	1,500	online interactive PDF
CLT025	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 67	World Heritage Review	01/04/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT026	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 68	World Heritage Review	01/06/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	12,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT027	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 69	World Heritage Review	01/10/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT028	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World HeritageWAll Map 2013-2014		01/10/2013	Мар	English	French, Spanish	1	70,000	30,000	Online PDF

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
CLT014	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Strengthen capacity of State Parties and site managers for OUV and conservation	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$60,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT015	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Cultural professionals	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Disseminate the Report on the implementation of the World Heritage Convention and the results of the second cycle of World Heritage periodic report in the Arab region	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$20,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT016	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale		Extrabudgetary funds
CLT017	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale		Extrabudgetary funds
CLT018	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale		Extrabudgetary funds
CLT019	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale		Extrabudgetary funds
CLT020	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Cultural professionals	Request from UNESCO partner	Strengthen capacities of site managers, awareness-raising and reference tool; scientific dissemination	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$45,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT021	Educators, teachers, trainers Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$50,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT022	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$98,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT023	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Youth, students	Request from co-publisher	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation; knowledge sharing	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$56,875	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CLT024	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of links between WH and sustainable development, in particular the role of communities	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$150,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT025	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$120,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT026	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$120,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT027	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$120,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT028	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Educators, teachers, trainers	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$98,000	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
CLT029	HQ	CLT/WHC/M/CEP	MLA 1	World Heritage Review 70	World Heritage Review	01/12/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish	100	9,500	2,000	online interactive PDF
CLT030	FO	Amman	MLA 1	Risk Management at Heritage Sites - the Case Study of Petra World Heritage Site		01/04/2012	Technical report	English		170	500	0	Online PDF
CLT031	FO	Apia	MLA 1	Pacific 2009 Programme - Learning from a Decade of Experience	World Heritage Papers series	01/06/2012	Technical report	English		100	200	0	Online PDF
CLT032	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Asia Conserved: Lessons Learned from the UNESCO Asia-Pacific Heritage Award for Culture Heritage Conservation 2005-2009, Volume II		01/03/2012	General and historical work	English		446	1,000	0	
CLT033	FO	Bangkok	MLA 1	Training Manual for the UNESCO Foundation Course on the Protection and Management of Underwater Cultural Heritage		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		300	1,000	0	
CLT034	FO	Bangkok	MLA 5	Reaching the Unreached: A Practical Guide to Producing HIV and Aids Prevention Audio Visual Materials in Ethnic Minority Languages		01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		90	0	0	e-publication
CLT035	FO	Bangkok	MLA 4	2005 Convention toolkit (translation of the existing toolkit produced by the Convention Secretariat)		01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Thai, Lao	30	0	0	e-oublication
CLT036	FO	Islamabad	MLA 1	Conservation and Documentation Study on the World Heritage Site of Makli - Thatta		01/08/2012	Technical report	English		100	1,000	0	online PDF
CLT037	FO	Islamabad	MLA 3	Brochure on the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Pakistan		01/11/2013	Brochure	English		35	1,000	0	online PDF
CLT038	FO	Kathmandu	MLA 1	Perception of the Sacred Garden of Lumbini		01/07/2012	Monograph	English		175	1,000	0	online
CLT039	FO	Kathmandu	MLA 1	Lumbini, the birthplace of Buddha, a photography book		01/12/2012	Monograph	Multilingual		300	2,000	0	online
CLT040	FO	Tashkent	MLA 3	Catalogue of Collection of Scientific- Research Institute of Oriental Studies named after Al-Beruni (Tashkent, Uzbekistan)		01/04/2012	General and historical work	Russian	Uzbek, English	150	300	600	online

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
CLT029	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness of importance of World Heritage preservation	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$120,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT030	Cultural professionals Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Built up capacities of site managers and support protection, conservation and management of WH properties; Raise awareness and planning for local authorities and policy makers.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT031	Scientists, researchers, academia Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	Present process and results of 1st Pacific World Heritage Action Plan (Pacific 2009 Programme)	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$43,544	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT032	Cultural professionals Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications	Disseminate best practices about built heritage conservation in Asia-Pacific region	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$8,000	Regular programme
CLT033	Educators, teachers, trainers Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Interest from government concerned and regional stakeholders	To publish the training manual for the future trainings of the foundation course on underwater cultural heritage and for the use by UNESCO Programme in and outside the Asia-Pacific Region	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CLT034	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Educators, teachers, trainers	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide practical method to develop audio-vidual materials for HIV/AIDS prevention in minority languages	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	2010-2011 biennium
CLT035	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Disseminate information about the 2005 Convention	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$1,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT036	Cultural professionals Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from UNESCO partner	Guidelines for Conservation of Makli Monument	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Regular programme
CLT037	Mass media Youth, students	Request from UNESCO partner	Informative material for general public	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$3,500	Regular programme
CLT038	Cultural professionals Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	The explanations of the various perceptions on Lumbini will allow for better dialogue between the various stakeholders.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,500	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CLT039	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Cultural professionals	Request from co-publisher	The main idea is to create a book of photographs about Lumbini, the birthplace of Buddha.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$33,500	Other
CLT040	Scientists, researchers, academia Cultural professionals	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages	/ Tirage	/ Tirage.	Other media / Autres supports
CLT041	FO	Tashkent	MLA 3	Handbook on Policies and Procedures "Principal Recommendations and Guidance for: Acquisition, Storage, Conservation and Communication of Manuscripts"		01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian	English	80	500	500	online
CLT042	FO	Tashkent	MLA 4	Secrets of Uzbek Block printing		01/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian	Uzbek	40	500	500	online
CLT043	FO	Tashkent	MLA 4	Authenticity and Innovation: Cataloguing the experience of the Folk Crafts Masters of Uzbekistan		01/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian	English	200	500	500	online
CLT044	FO	Tashkent	MLA 3	Handling of collections in storage	Cultural Heritage Protection Handbook N°5.	01/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	Russian	Uzbek	48	500	500	online

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
CLT041	Scientists, researchers, academia Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT042	Cultural professionals Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT043	Cultural professionals Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences		•	Free distribution	\$10,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CLT044	Cultural professionals Youth, students	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences			Free distribution	\$3,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other medi / Autres supports
Cl001	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 1	Freedom of expression toolkit: A guide on the concepts and issues for high school and pre-university students		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Arabic	100	1,000	0	online, e- publication
C1002	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 1	Resullts of Surveys of media and information literacy among teachers, inservice and in-training in three regions: Caribbean, South African and South Asian		30/03/2012	Statistical report	English		370	0	0	PDF
C1003	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 2	Gender-Sensitive Indicators for Media (GSIM)		15/04/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Arabic	30	100	500	PDF
C1004	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 1	A training manual on "Disaster Reporting"		01/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		60	0	0	PDF
C1005	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 1	Global Survey on Internet Privacy		01/07/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		100	0	0	online
C1006	HQ	FEM (HQ)	MLA 2	Guidelines on Articulating Media and Information literacy (MIL) Policies and Strategies		30/07/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Arabic	60	200	1,000	PDF
C1007	HQ	KSD (HQ)	MLA 3	Study on the relationship between local content, internet development and access prices		20/04/2012	Monograph	English		90	0	0	Online PDF
C1008	HQ	KSD (HQ)	MLA 3	State of the Art - Report on use of ICTs in education for persons with disabilities		31/05/2012	Monograph	English	French	50	1,000	0	online, e- publication
C1009	HQ	KSD (HQ)	MLA 3	Memory of the World		21/09/2012	Monograph	English		660	800	0	
CI010	HQ	KSD (HQ)	MLA 3	The future of inclusive Knowledge Societies		01/07/2013	Technical report	English	French	60	600	0	online, USB drive
CI011	HQ	KSD (HQ)	MLA 3	Executive Summary: The future of inclusive Knowledge Societies		02/07/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	English	French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Arabic	12	500	0	online, ePub, USB drive

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
Cl001	1. Youth, students	Request from governing bodies/Member States	To function as a guide to the concepts and issues concerning FOE, especially from UN/UNESCO perspective; to complement, as a pedagogical aid, pre-existing school syllabus, to encourage students from different countries to produce FOE case studies.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$35,000	Extrabudgetary funds
C1002	Permanent Delegations / National Commissions Scientists, researchers, academia		To assess the scenario of MIL diffusion among in-training and in-service teachers. To inform the adaptation of the Model MIL Curriculum for Teachers that has been recently published by UNESCO.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$0	Regular programme
C1003	Mass media Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)		To facilitate the efforts of UNESCO and its partners to enable media organisations to make gender equality issues transparent to the public while looking inwardly to review and update their own policies and practicies.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$4,500	Regular programme
CI004	Educators, teachers, trainers Mass media		To provide model methodologies and training resources for facilitators delivering training on disaster reporting, including modules focused on the core values of professional reporting, on sensitizing journalists to the psychological implications of their work.		Free distribution	\$35,000	Extrabudgetary funds
C1005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		To provide readers worldwide with up-to-date and accurate information on emerging issues needing immediate attention in developed and developing countries. To provide information that policymakers can use to further investigate the issues.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
C1006	Mass media Educators, teachers, trainers		The publication will inform decision making of UNESCO and other stakeholders, including media and information professionals, educators, citizens media group, policy and decision makers, about the need for national MIL policies and strategies and how these may be formulated.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,500	Extrabudgetary funds
CI007	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia		To show a correlation between the development of network infrastructure and the growth of local content, and how policy decisions can help foster the development of content and Internet connectivity.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	2010-2011 biennium
C1008	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		The report will provide a summary of findings from five regional reports on the state-of-the-art ICTs in education for persons wirh disabilities.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$70,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
C1009	1. Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)		Widely advertise the Memory of the World Programme and raise awareness of the importance and challenges of documentary heritage to the general public.	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	For sale	\$35	Extrabudgetary funds
CI010	Permanent Delegations / National Commissions Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Shape post-2015 ICT agenda, with a particular emphesis on UNESCO topics;	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$30,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
Cl011	1. Permanent Delegations / National Commissions		Background information to WSIS General Conference item	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$8,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
CI012	FO	Abuja	MLA 3	A critical assessment of the impact of ICT on the professional practice of teachers in the Federal Capital Territory (FCT)		01/06/2012	Statistical report	English		150	200	0	PDF
CI013	FO	Abuja	MLA 2	Community media: Policy, practice and prospects in Nigeria		01/08/2012	Monograph	English		250	1,000	0	
CI014	FO	Abuja	MLA 1	Journalism, gender and democratic governance in Nigeria		01/09/2013	Monograph	English		250	1,000	0	
CI015	FO	Accra	MLA 2	The state of media development in Liberia	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	31/05/2012	Monograph	English		80	200	0	Online
CI016	FO	Accra	MLA 2	The State of Media Development in Sierra Leone	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	30/11/2012	Monograph	English		80	200	0	Online
CI017	FO	Accra	MLA 2	The State of Media Development in Cote d I'voire	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	30/11/2013	Monograph	French	English	80	200	0	Online
CI018	FO	Beijing	MLA 2	Media landscape assessment in Mongolia - Second edition	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	01/03/2013	Monograph	English	Mongolian	100	500	0	ePub
CI019	FO	Beijing	MLA 3	Web accessibility curricula for students with disabilities		01/05/2013	Teaching material	Chinese		200	1,000	0	ePub
CI020	FO	Kathmandu	MLA 2	Assessment of Nepal's media development	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	01/03/2012	Monograph	English		150	1,000	0	online
CI021	F0	Libreville	MLA 1	Rapport pays sur le développement des médias - Gabon		15/02/2012	Monograph	French		60	90	0	online
CI022	FO	New Delhi	MLA 1	Ethical Issues for Broadcasters: A Handbook (working title)	C .	30/09/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	English		170	1,500	0	
CI023	FO	Quito	MLA 2	From analogue to digital media: Is Latin America democratizing the media landscape?		15/12/2012	Statistical report	Spanish		100	1,000	0	
CI024	FO	Quito	MLA 2	Assessment of media development in Bolivia, 2013	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	15/10/2013	Monograph	Spanish	English	160	1,500	0	

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No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
CI012	Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		To determine if FCT teachers who had received ICT training (especially from UNESCO) in the past are actually using the acquired knowledge in their day-to-day professional practice.		Free distribution	\$12,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CI013	Educators, teachers, trainers Mass media		To strengthern references on Community Media/Development Communication in journalism training institutions and create awareness among development agencies and civil societies about the effectiveness of community media for rural development.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CI014	Educators, teachers, trainers Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		To further create awareness and deepen the knowledge of public office holders and practicing journalists about the Freedom of Information Act and the sanctity of Freedom of Expression.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$8,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CI015	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)		Provide a baseline for media development in this post-conflict country.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
CI016	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)		Provide a baseline for media development in this post-conflict country.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
CI017	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)		Provide a baseline for media development in this post-conflict country.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
ZI018	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Update and revise the previous 2006 initiative, taking into account UNESCO's IPDC Media Development Indicators.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Regular programme
CI019	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers		Provide comprehensive training materials on web accessibility and ICTs to students with disabilities.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CI020	1. Mass media		The report will provide a first comprehensive overview of Nepal's media landscape, based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
CI021	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Mass media		Document de référence pour accompagner le processus de révision du code de la communication au Gabon	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$2,450	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CI022	Mass media Scientists, researchers, academia		To provide good practices in media ethics in the Asia-Pacific region and advice and guidance - for broadcasters and other media practitioners.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CI023	Mass media Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		This report aims to analyse if digitalization is contributing to diversifying Latin American media landscapes. It will also provide some recommendations for policy-making in this field.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Regular programme
C1024	Mass media Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		To promote a pluralistic, indipendent environment that encourages the free flow of ideas and the exercise of the right to freedom of expression and information. To allow citizens to make informed decisions based on the widest possible choice of information sources.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,700	Regular programme

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
CI025	FO	Quito	MLA 2	Assessment of media development in Venezuela, 2013	National sessments based on UNESCO's Media Development Indicators (MDIs)	15/10/2013	Monograph	Spanish	English	160	1,500	0	
CI026	FO	Rabat	MLA 2	Adaptation au Maghreb des modèles de cursus pour la formation au journalisme - Intégration de l'approche genre		01/03/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	French	Arabic	80	100	0	Online
CI027	FO	Rabat	MLA 1	Vers un droit d'accès à l'information publique au Maroc	Etude comparative avec les normes et les meilleures pratiques dans le monde	01/03/2012	Monograph	French	Arabic	150	50	0	E-Publication
CI028	FO	Santiago de Chile	MLA 2	Chile en otros ojos		31/08/2012	General and historical work	Spanish		100	200	0	Online
CI029	FO	Santiago de Chile	MLA 1	Día Mundial de la Libertad de Expresión 2012		31/08/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	Spanish		150	300	0	Online
CI030	FO	Santiago de Chile	MLA 2	TV Digital: retos y oportunidades		31/10/2012	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	Spanish		100	200	0	Online
CI031	FO	Santiago de Chile	MLA 1	Día Mundial de la Libertad de Expresión 2013		31/08/2013	Annual report, activity report, yearbook	Spanish		150	300	0	Online
CI032	FO	Windhoek	MLA 1	Freedom of Expression		31/05/2012	Monograph	Spanish	English	32	500	0	Online

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
C1025	Mass media Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Free distribution	\$10,700	Regular programme
CI026	1. Educators, teachers, trainers		To mainstrem gender in journalism education of the Maghreb countries and to adapt UNESCO's model curricula for journalism education to the local needs		Free distribution	\$4,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
CI027	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) No secondary target audience		To establish the state of the art of the development of FOI in Morocco, to compare it with international standards and best practices, and to propose axes of reforms to avance FOI in Morocco.		Free distribution	\$2,000	Regular programme
CI028	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Mass media	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Promote the develoment of quality media and reporting.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular programme
CI029	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications			Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CI030	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	, 3	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$7,000	Regular programme
CI031	Scientists, researchers, academia Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	Success of comparable publications			Free distribution	\$7,000	Extrabudgetary funds
CI032	1. Youth, students	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Sensitize young people on the importance of freedom of expression and press freedom.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$15,000	Extrabudgetary funds

UNESCO Publications Plan 2012–2013 External Relations and Public Information / Relations extérieures et de l'information du public

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013	Pages (est.)	Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
ERI001	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, April-June 2012	The UNESCO Courier	01/04/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI002	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, July-September 2012	The UNESCO Courier	01/07/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI003	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, October-December 2012	The UNESCO Courier	01/10/2012	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI004	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, January-March 2013	The UNESCO Courier	01/01/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI005	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, April-June 2013	The UNESCO Courier	01/04/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI006	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, July-September 2013	The UNESCO Courier	01/07/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI007	HQ	ERI/DPI		The UNESCO Courier, October-December 2013	The UNESCO Courier	01/10/2013	Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	French	Arabic, Chinese, English, Russian, Spanish	56	1,000	4,000	DVD, online PDF
ERI008	HQ	ERI/DPI/PUB	MLA 3	Title on Climate Change TBD	New children's books series (name TBD)	02/04/2013	General and historical work	French	English, Spanish	32	3,000	6,000	None
ERI009	HQ	ERI/DPI/PUB	MLA 3	Title on Sustainable Development TBD	New children's books series (name TBD)	03/04/2013	General and historical work	French	English, Spanish	32	3,000	6,000	None
ERI010	HQ	ERI/DPI/PUB	MLA 3	Title on Water scarcity TBD	New children's books series (name TBD)	04/04/2013	General and historical work	French	English, Spanish	32	3,000	6,000	None
ERI011	HQ	ERI/DPI/PUB	MLA 3	Title on Disaster Preparedness TBD	New children's books series (name TBD)	05/04/2013	General and historical work	French	English, Spanish	32	3,000	6,000	None

External Relations and Public Information / Relations extérieures et de l'information du public

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
ERI001	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERIOO2	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERIOO3	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERI004	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERIO05	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERIOO6	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERIOO7	Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies) Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Contribute to making the UNESCO's ideals known to all audiences	Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO	Free distribution	\$65,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
ERI008	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Raise awareness of children around the world on the major issues affecting the planet in as many languages as possible (through copublishing agreements).	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$44,070	Extrabudgetary funds
ERI009	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Raise awareness of children around the world on the major issues affecting the planet in as many languages as possible (through copublishing agreements).	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$44,070	Extrabudgetary funds
ERI010	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Raise awareness of children around the world on the major issues affecting the planet in as many languages as possible (through copublishing agreements).	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$44,070	Extrabudgetary funds
ERI011	Youth, students Educators, teachers, trainers	Success of comparable publications	Raise awareness of children around the world on the major issues affecting the planet in as many languages as possible (through copublishing agreements).	Increased awareness of issue	For sale	\$44,070	Extrabudgetary funds

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Bureau of Strategic Planning / Bureau de planification stratégique

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No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	/ Tirage.	Other media / Autres supports
BSP001	HQ	BSP		Power of Education, the Sciences, Culture and Communication: Second Meeting of	Second Meeting of the High Panel on Peace and Dialogue among Cultures	01/02/2012	Global report or flagship publication	Multilingual		100	2,000	0	Online PDF
BSP002	HQ	BSP		Contemporary Art and Reconciliation in South Eastern Europe	Dialogue Series	01/02/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English		64	1,000	0	NA
BSP003	HQ	BSP		UNESCO Leaders Forum: How does UNESCO contribute to building a culture of peace and to sustainable development?		01/02/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	50	2,000	1,500	Online PDF
BSP004	HQ	BSP		Building a Culture of Peace and Non- Violence in the 21st Century		01/03/2013	Global report or flagship publication	English	French	80	800	200	Online PDF

Bureau of Strategic Planning / Bureau de planification stratégique

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
BSP001	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Foster reflection on the new dimensions of peace in the 21st century featuring the contributions of the High Panel on Peace and Dialogue Among Cultures	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
BSP002	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Highlight the role of South Eastern European governments and international organizations in supporting programmes and initiatives on cultural diversity and intercultural dialogue for sustainable development, security and peace.	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Regular programme
BSP003	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Provide vision and strategic direction to UNESCO and its Member States in regard to UNESCO's role in building a culture of peace and in promoting sustainable development	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular programme
BSP004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Raise awareness among policy makers of UNESCO's work to build a culture of peace and non-violence in the 21st century, notably by providing concrete examples from the field, and qualitative and quantitative information.	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$25,000	Regular Programme

UNESCO Institute for Statistics / Institut de statistique de l'UNESCO

No.	HQ, FO, Inst	Office	MLA	Title / Titre	Series title / Titre de séries	Publication date / Date de publication	Туре	Language / Langue	Translatio ns / Traductio ns 2012- 2013		Print run original / Tirage originale	Print run, translations / Tirage, traductions	Other media / Autres supports
UIS001	Inst	UIS	MLA 2	A Place to Learn: Theoretical Roots and Les	UIS Technical Papers	01/02/2012	Technical report	English		66	0	0	Online PDF
UIS002	Inst	UIS	MLA 2	Cross-National Commonalities and Difference	UIS Technical Papers	01/02/2012	Technical report	English		125	0	0	Online PDF
UIS003	Inst	UIS	MLA 3	Global Education Digest 2012	UNESCO Framework fo	01/05/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	100	2,000	2,000	Online PDF
UIS004	Inst	UIS	MLA 1		To be part of ISCED Handbook materials	01/06/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	Arabic, Chinese, French, Russian, Spanish	90	800	700	Online PDF
UIS005	Inst	UIS	MLA 2	Research and development: global indicators pocketbook - 2012		04/06/2012	Statistical report	English	French, Spanish, Arabic	250	500	750	Online PDF
UIS006	Inst	UIS	MLA 3	International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) 2011		01/09/2012	Statistical report	English	French	50	1,000	500	Online PDF
UIS007	Inst	UIS	MLA 1	Technical report on results of the Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme (LAMP)		01/09/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French, Spanish	120	800	475	Online PDF
UIS008	Inst	UIS	MLA 1	A Global Handbook for Measuring Cultural Participation		01/10/2012	Global report or flagship publication	English	Arabic, French, Spanish	275	1,500	1,500	Online PDF, CD- ROM or USB drive
UIS009	Inst	UIS	MLA 3	Literacy skills in a diverse world: Results from the Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme (LAMP)	UIS Technical Papers	01/12/2012	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English	French	80	1,000	500	Online PDF
UIS010	Inst	UIS	MLA 2	Technical Guide on the Conduct of Innovation Surveys in Developing Countries		01/12/2012	Statistical report	English		300	0	0	Online PDF
UIS011	Inst	UIS	MLA 3		UIS Technical Papers Definite 2013/14	01/12/2013	Guidelines, manual or toolkit	English		80	1,000	0	Online PDF

UNESCO Institute for Statistics / Institut de statistique de l'UNESCO

No.	Target Audience / Audience cible	Demand /Demande	Intended Purpose / Objectifs	Expected Impact / Effets prévus	Distribution	Estimated Budget / Estimation du budget	Budget source / Source budgetaire
UIS001	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Improve understanding and use of international assessments of learning outcomes	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UISO02	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Improve understanding and use of international assessments of learning outcomes	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$6,200	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS003	Cultural professionals Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Facilitate implementation of UNESCO Framework for Cultural Statistics	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$40,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS004	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Help education statisticians, policy makers and data users to understand the ISCED 2011 classification	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$30,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS005	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Inform policy and implementation on adult literacy by providing evidence on skills	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$60,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS006	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Help policy makers and other stakeholders view global efforts devoted to R&D $$	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$20,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS007	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Request from governing bodies/Member States	Help education statisticians, policy makers and data users to apply the ISCED 2011 classification	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$40,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS008	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Success of comparable publications	Strengthen use of UIS data	Informed decision-making regarding issue	For sale	\$75,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS009	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Help statisticians in developing countries carrying out an R&D survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS010	Scientists, researchers, academia Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Provide full technical documentation on the procedures, scope and limitations of the data included in the LAMP first report	Increased awareness of issue	Free distribution	\$5,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds
UIS011	Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities) Scientists, researchers, academia	Evident/substantial interest from target audiences	Help statisticians in developing countries carrying out an innovation survey	Informed decision-making regarding issue	Free distribution	\$10,000	Regular and extrabudgetary funds

Major Programme	
MPI-ED	245
MPII-SC	80
MPIII-SHS	25
MPIV-CLT	44
MPV-CI	32
ERI	11
BSP	4
UIS	11
Total	452
Туре	
Annual report, activity report, yearbook	7
Atlas	4
Brochure	5
Dictionary/ Glossary/ Thesaurus/ Index/ Encyclopaedia	6
General and historical work	8
Global report or flagship publication	27
Guidelines, manual or toolkit	112
Information kit	1
Informational newsletter	1
Мар	3
Monograph	109
Multimedia - Interactive guide or educational tool	3
Periodical - Journal, review, newsletter	35
Policy Brief	15
Proceedings	13
Statistical report	9
Teaching material	16
Technical report	78
Total	452
Distribution	
For sale	64
Free distribution	388
Total	452

Target Audience: 1st / Audience cible: 1e	
Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	37
Cultural professionals	9
Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	15
Educators, teachers, trainers	69
Mass media	8
Permanent Delegations / National Commissions	4
Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)	234
Scientists, researchers, academia	59
UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees	6
Youth, students	11
Total	452
Target Audience: 2nd / Audience cible: 2 ^e	
Civil Society (e.g. private persons, NGOs, companies)	66
Cultural professionals	5
Development agents (e.g. Intergovernmental Organizations, UN system)	73
Educators, teachers, trainers	95
Mass media	7
No secondary target audience	7
Permanent Delegations / National Commissions	1

99

69

8

11

11

49

178

225

452

452

Policy makers (e.g. ministries, parliamentarians, local authorities)

UNESCO Networks e.g. chairs, associated schools, clubs, national committees

Scientists, researchers, academia

Expected impact / Effets prévus

Increased awareness of issue

Enhanced recognition of programme / UNESCO

Informed decision making regarding issue

Youth, students

Total

Total

No secondary audience



Executive Board Hundred and ninetieth session

190 EX/4 Part I (B) Add.

PARIS, 4 October 2012 Original: English

Item 4 of the provisional agenda

REPORT BY THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL ON THE EXECUTION OF THE PROGRAMME ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL CONFERENCE

PART I (B)

ADDENDUM

SUMMARY

This Addendum reports on progress achieved by the five Major Programmes and the UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) for the Global Priority Gender Equality during the first six months of the 2012-2013 biennium.

GLOBAL PRIORITY GENDER EQUALITY

Progress achieved by Major Programmes and the UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS)

Education Sector

In addition to the activities undertaken within the "Global Partnership for Girls' and Women's Education" presented in paragraph 8 in document 190 EX/4, Part I Add. under the Global Priority Gender Equality, the Education Sector has achieved results as summarized below:

UNESCO has been working to strengthen national capacities in designing and managing literacy policies and programmes targeting women and girls. For example, policy-makers in Bolivia, Columbia, Ecuador, Lebanon and Venezuela were trained to incorporate gender equality perspectives in policy frameworks.

Teachers are trained in gender-sensitive teaching and learning approaches through capacity-building activities and/or material, such as the guide on "Gender Mainstreaming in Teacher Training Institutions", soon to be pilot tested; an e-course to strengthen the capacity of teachers and policy-makers to promote gender-responsive education practices at country level in Asia-Pacific.

Quality of secondary education has been enhanced to expand equal access and retention for girls and boys. For example, in Bangladesh, gender-responsive curricula and training material were developed and some 450 curriculum and textbook developers, teacher trainers and teachers were trained in their use.

Technical and vocational education and training (TVET) policies are reviewed to ensure skills acquisition for employment for girls and boys: for example, the TVET policies in Zanzibar, United Republic of Tanzania were made gender-responsive; a situation analysis on girls, TVET and employment opportunities are under way in order to inform TVET policies and strategies; at the global level, the Third International Conference on TVET (Shanghai, May 2012) highlighted gender equality concerns in a special session that explored modalities and strategies to promote gender equality and inclusion of girls and women in TVET.

National capacities are strengthened to prepare and implement education sector plans and policies that are gender-sensitive in order to ensure equitable access to education. Examples include gender mainstreaming in the review of policies on ICTs in education in Malaysia and building national capacities in Africa to develop sector-wide EMIS with sex-disaggregated data.

In the area of education system responses to HIV and AIDS, more than 20 Member States have received support for gender-sensitive HIV and AIDS education. A booklet on "Good Policy and Practice in HIV and Education and Gender" was also finalized.

The Education Sector organized several global awareness raising and advocacy events on the importance of girls' and women's education such as the launch of the first UNESCO World Atlas of Gender Equality in Education on International Women's Day 2012 (Paris, March 2012) and the organization of a special session during the 3rd International Congress on TVET (Shanghai, May 2012).

Natural Sciences Sector

Several regional and global advocacy events have been organized by the sector to highlight the importance of including gender equality perspectives in science policies and to promote women scientists. The annual L'Oréal-UNESCO Women in Science annual award ceremony (March 2012) was held at UNESCO Headquarters with the World Federation of Engineering Organizations. Five women scientists received the award for their research in the life sciences and more than

180 fellows from 46 countries were awarded fellowships, including 10 African women scientists from six countries – Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Nigeria, South Africa and United Republic of Tanzania.

During the Rio+20 Conference in June 2012, a side event on Women in Science for Sustainable Development encouraged discussions on the role of STI in facilitating viable solutions for human wellbeing, social inclusion and environmental sustainability. It also served to inspire young women to choose scientific careers which contribute to sustainable development.

Strong networks of women in science and engineering have been built. For example, the sixth Conference of the Association of African Women in Geosciences was held in April in Yaoundé (Cameroon) to encourage the participation of women in Earth Sciences.

Awareness of the key role of women as holders and transmitters of indigenous and local knowledge has been raised. For example, a workshop in Nicaragua trained 25 teachers and education experts in mother language teaching of Mayangna indigenous knowledge, including women's knowledge. Fifty per cent of the participants of the workshop were women.

World Water Assessment Programme (WWAP) has been a role model in the Sector as well as being a leader in the United Nations system for gender mainstreaming through mainstreaming gender equality considerations into the 4th edition of the World Water Development Report (WWDR4) which also contains a chapter dedicated to gender equality. WWAP, in collaboration with the Division for Gender Equality, organized a side event at the 6th World Water Forum in Marseille in March 2012 and participated in the World Water Week activities in Stockholm related to gender equality.

Regarding renewable energy and biodiversity conservation, a side event on "Women in Science for Sustainable Development" was held at the Forum on Science, Technology and Innovation for Sustainable Development in June 2012. Women scientists were identified to take part in teacher training for the implementation of a graduate industrial diploma in nanotechnology in the Arab region. UNESCO is supporting the NGO Tanzania Women in Science, Technology and Innovation in training on simple scientific methods for hygienic milk handling, to draw attention to the contributions that women can make towards economic development.

UNESCO continued to engage in advocacy for the integration of gender equality approaches in disaster risk reduction. Approximately 20 senior women scientists from the extended Mediterranean region participated in the international workshop on seismicity and earthquake engineering in the framework of the programme for Reducing Earthquake Losses in the Extended Mediterranean Region (RELEMR).

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)

The IOC efforts in the mainstreaming of gender equality have focused on gender equality in working groups and expert teams of scientists involved in the programme, and gender quality in the workplace. A target of a minimum of 25% representation of women scientists in group activities where the secretariat has a role of selecting participants has been set by IOC governing bodies.

The number of women oceanographers is growing, but women are still underrepresented in this field and this is reflected in an IOC programme to promote women scientists. In order to promote the promotion of female role models for young women scientists, IOC organized a round of interviews with eminent women marine scientists from the United States of America, Italy, Mauritius, Canada and France, placed on the IOC website.

The activities of the climate change intersectoral platform, which has just recently received funding under document 36 C/5, take gender equality into account in regional work to identify information requirements for climate adaptation.

Social and Human Sciences Sector

The sector has continued its efforts to strengthen capacity for gender mainstreaming and gender specific programming. In January 2012, all professional staff of the sector participated in UNESCO's Programme for Capacity-Building and Training in Gender Mainstreaming, provided by the Division for Gender Equality (ODG/GE). A one-hour adapted version of this training was also provided to the International Bioethics Committee during their meeting in 2012.

Priority Gender Equality is better reflected in the design of the bioethics work programme due to both of these trainings and the close collaboration between the staff of this programme and ODG/GE. Programming documents were revised in February to introduce specific gender equality components in the expected results and implementation plan. In addition, a specific effort was made to encourage the experts of the International Bioethics Committee (IBC) who are researching, drafting and reviewing drafts of a draft report on non-discrimination and non-stigmatization in biobanks, access to drugs, transplant and organ trafficking, as well as tissue and cell trafficking, neuroscience, HIV and AIDS and nanotechnologies, to use the gender equality (GE) lens and other GE analysis tools so as to *fully and thoroughly* present gender-specific discrimination and stigmatization aspects in these areas as and when they examine them.

SHS has secured funding for an initiative to promote the participation of vulnerable young women in decision-making in Tunisia with a qualitative survey on young women's perceptions on political participation. Findings from the results of this survey will be integrated into the citizenship training planned for several regions of Tunisia.

In Beijing, a baseline study has been conducted on men and women's awareness of and attitudes to domestic violence. This survey documents existing services, programmes and interventions being provided at pilot counties, and assesses the extent to which women and men are aware of these practices. UNESCO is providing technical input as part of a United Nations Taskforce established to contribute to the new Chinese family violence law. This law once adopted will have important policy implications for gender equality, respect for the rights of women, children, aged and disabled throughout China.

Within the framework of MDG-F Joint Programme on "Improving Nutrition, Food Safety and Food Security for China's Most Vulnerable Women and Children", a training manual on new food safety law and rights protection has been developed. This manual has been adopted by local women's federation for future trainings; under facilitation of local women's federation, action plans on food safety were drafted by relevant government entities in pilot sites, and advocacy activities were also adopted into their daily work.

UNESCO is also working with the Mongolia UNCT Theme Group on Gender to develop a joint project to end violence against women in Mongolia.

Culture Sector

To increase women's active and visible participation in cultural and creative industries, CLT has pursued action in this area within the framework of the 2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions. Proactive measures have been taken to encourage Parties to the 2005 Convention to involve more women in the development of cultural policies and cultural industries. The revised Application Form for programmes/projects submitted to the International Fund for Cultural Diversity during the second call for applications (2011) included the following provision in Section 8 (Objectives): "Please indicate how these objectives contribute to the promotion of gender equality in the fields of activity of the IFCD." It also contains an invitation to include among the expected results "those that pursue the promotion of gender equality". This is the first time that an application form under a UNESCO convention in the field of culture makes specific and direct references to gender equality. As a result of this initiative, the number of gender-

sensitive and gender-responsive applications increased from 16% in 2010 to 35% in 2011 and 43% in 2012.

Concerning cultural policies and cultural industries, the 2005 Convention specifically calls on Parties to introduce measures that encourage women to create, produce, disseminate, enjoy and have access to diverse cultural expressions. According to the first quadrennial periodic reports on the implementation of the Convention, two-thirds of the 45 Parties to the 2005 Convention that have submitted reports have developed policies and measures benefitting women. Less than a third, however, have reported on targeted policies and/or measures that aim to encourage women's participation in the creative economy and have access to diverse cultural expressions. This indicates that there is an urgent need for advocacy for gender-responsive and gender-transformative measures in the cultural area.

As part of the project for the Pedagogical Use of the *General History of Africa*, an e-learning module on the role of women in African history is being implemented in close cooperation with CI. Using illustrations and cartoons, this will highlight achievements and contribution of well-known female African heroes who have played a decisive leadership in the development and emancipation of Africans throughout the history of the continent.

Communication and Information Sector

The international debate on gender and media during the twenty-eighth session of the IPDC Council meeting on 23 March 2012 mobilized key stakeholders, and the Gender-Sensitive Indicators for Media Initiative (GSIM) was officially endorsed by the IPDC Council. The meeting brought together speakers from organizations including the International Women's Media Federation, the International Federation of Journalists, the African Media Initiative, and the Asia Pacific Broadcasting Union.

National assessments that include gender equality in media operations based on the UNESCO Media Development Indicators (MDIs) were launched in Bolivia, Brazil, the Ivory Coast, Egypt, Liberia, Mali, Nepal, Uganda, Togo, Tunisia, Croatia, Serbia, and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and steps were taken to systematically integrate at the implementation level the MDIs with the recent Gender-Sensitive Indicators resource.

The annual Women Make the News online policy advocacy initiative was organized under the theme "Rural Women's Access to Media and Information" to stimulate knowledge exchange on the importance of policies in favour of access to media and information in rural communities, particularly for women. This initiative also highlighted good practices in this regard undertaken by public service broadcasters, commercial and community media, and NGOs. Organizations from over 40 countries promoted the theme and debated the topic, leading to greater awareness and action on gender equality in media, including use of the UNESCO global online policy debate as leverage to promote their own local activities. This included nine of the 13 major broadcasting unions and associations and a number of international partners who also mobilized their members. At least 20 local community radio stations particularly from Africa and Asia contributed stories to the online Women Make the News policy advocacy platform.

In the first six months of the biennium, UNESCO worked to ensure that national information policies were formulated in a gender-inclusive manner both in policy process and content. The Organization of the World Open Educational Resources (OER) Congress and all related consultations, workshops, and meetings included a gender equality component. More than a third of the participants of the OER Congress were women. The OER Declaration, the major outcome of the 2012 World OER Congress (Paris, 20-22 June), provided recommendations to Member States on gender equal perspectives in promoting and using OER to widen access to knowledge. Adoption of Open Access (OA) enabling policies through the gender mainstreamed policy guidelines, which is the flagship publication for the Sector's capacity-building activities in the area of Open Access, was encouraged.

UNESCO has continued to support and carry out capacity-building for women and girls in accessing, using, and developing technologies in order to foster and preserve information and knowledge. In the Asia and Pacific region, FOSS instruments and ICT platforms were developed/are being developed in order to popularize their use and motivate girls and boys to interact and share ideas for sustainable development through knowledge (Central Asia and Pakistan).

UNESCO continues to be engaged in gender mainstreaming in national and institutional policy frameworks and curricular standards. Gender Links (GL), in partnership with UNESCO, ran a four-day inception workshop with journalism and media educators from eight southern African institutions on mainstreaming gender in journalism and media education and training curricula. In Dar-Es-Salaam, UNESCO assumed a lead role in the application of community media as a vehicle for empowering rural women and enhancing gender equality on local levels for sustainable community development. In collaboration with UN Women, UNESCO pioneered the use of solar and dynamo radio set technology to bridge information access gaps for women in rural areas. UNESCO has also been engaged in a voter education programme for rural women through community media and capacity-building and upscaling of community media in Tanzania. UNESCO launched the development and dissemination of a gender code of practice for community media, while spearheading programmes to train and empower female media practitioners at all levels. The production of the manual for Namibian multipurpose community centres contributes to promoting community participation in sustainable development through community media. The manual contains a chapter on "Setting things right towards gender equality and equity".

World Press Freedom Day (WPFD), a UNESCO flagship activity celebrated on 3 May of each year since 1993, has always striven for a balanced gender representation. During the most recent WPFD celebration in Tunis, Tunisia, a total of 750 participants took part in the event including more than 350 Tunisians. There were 118 speakers during the two-day event with three plenaries and 13 parallel sessions. Out of that number, a total of 45 female speakers and presenters spoke and nearly half the sessions were chaired by women. The opening keynote speaker was Ms Tawakkol Karman, the 2011 Nobel Peace Prize laureate who was also the youngest and first Arab woman to be conferred the Prize.

UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS)

UIS statistics are sex-disaggregated, to the extent possible, and gender-based indicators are systematically integrated into UIS data collections in order to better monitor trends in the fields of education, science and technology, culture and communication. Specific examples of this focus on gender equality include:

- UIS database on education statistics is the leading source of information used to monitor trends in women's and girls' education and literacy;
- All UIS statistical publications and papers include gender analysis and specific reports are also produced, such as the World Atlas on Gender Equality in Education and the related eAtlas, which will be updated on an annual basis;
- Expanded use of household survey data in order to examine the correlations in education and literacy between gender, household wealth and location;
- Household survey data are also used to better identify girls out of school through the global initiative launched by the UIS and UNICEF;
- Development of new regional indicators that examine classroom conditions facing girls in sub-Saharan Africa;

- Development of new regional indicators that identify women's participation in adult education and literacy programmes in Latin America and the Caribbean;
- UIS database on science and technology data includes specific indicators on the role of women in research and development and new indicators are being developed to their role in the innovation process in countries at all stages development.

In addition, the UIS works closely with national statisticians to improve the quality of these data at the national and international levels through training workshops. Issues related to gender equality are specifically integrated into the development of new classifications and frameworks, such as the Framework for Cultural Statistics, as well as related handbooks.

The main challenge for UIS efforts in this area arises from the limitations of national statistical offices. Many countries, especially with limited resources, do not provide the sex-disaggregated statistics required to calculate cross-nationally comparable indicators. It is important to recognize the substantial increase in resources required to introduce new data collections and standards at that national and international levels.

190 EX/4 Part II

المجلس التنفيذي

الدورة التسعون بعد المائة



١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الثاني

باریس، ۲۰۱۲/۹/۷ الأصل: إنجليزي/فرنسي

البند ٤ من جدول الأعمال المؤقت

تقرير المديرة العامة عن تنفيذ البرنامج الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام الجزء الثاني

التسويات المالية المرخص بها في إطار قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية لعامي ٢٠١٢-٣٠١٣ و

جدول متابعة تنفيذ البرنامج في عامي ٢٠١٢-٢٠١٣ (٣٦م/٥ المعتمدة) الوضع في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢ (غير مراجع)

(رقم ٤٩)

الملخص

يتضمن الجزء الثاني من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/٤ ما يلى:

ألف - تقرير المديرة العامة عن التسويات المالية المرخص بها في إطار قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية لعامي ٢٠١٢-٢٠١٣.

ووفقاً للفقرتين (ب) و(هـ) من القرار ٣٦م/١١١، تقدم المديرة العامة إلى المجلس التنفيذي ما يلى:

- (۱) تقرير عن التسويات التي أدخلت على الاعتمادات المالية الموافق عليها لعامي ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣ نتيجة للهبات والمساهمات الخاصة التي وردت منذ بداية فترة العامين؛
- (٢) تقرير عن التحويلات التي أجريت بين بنود الاعتمادات الخاصة بعمليات الأمم المتحدة للبرمجة القطرية المشتركة؛
- (٣) تقرير عن التحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات، الناجمة عن التعديلات التي أجريت في تصميم الهيكل التنظيمي للمنظمة (حركة الموظفين).

الإجراءات المتوقع من المجلس التنفيذي اتخاذها: القرار المقترح في الفقرة ٨.

باء – حدول متابعة تنفيذ البرنامج في عامى ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣، الحالة في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢.

الجزء ألف

تقرير المديرة العامة عن التسويات المالية المرخص بها في إطار قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية لعامي ٢٠١٣-٢٠١٣

۱ – سعياً إلى تبسيط الوثيقة وتقليص حجمها وتكاليف إنتاجها، وإلى زيادة وضوح المعلومات المقدمة فيها، ترد الآن قائمة مفصلة بالهبات والمساهمات الخاصة في الملحقين ۱ و۲ من الوثيقة ۱۹۰م ت/إعلام ١٩٠. ويعرض الجزء ألف ملخصاً للتحليل الذي أجري كي يستفيد منه المجلس التنفيذي لاتخاذ القرار.

أولاً – التسويات التي أجريت على الاعتمادات المالية الموافق عليها لعامي ٢٠١٣–٢٠١٣ نتيجة للهبات والمساهمات الخاصة التي وردت منذ بداية فترة العامين

٢ – وفقاً للفقرة (ب) من القرار ٣٦م/١١١ التي يجوز للمديرة العامة بمقتضاها أن تقبل وتضيف إلى الاعتمادات الموافق عليها لعامي ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣ المساهمات الطوعية والهبات والمنح والوصايا والإعانات، وكذلك المساهمات التي تقدمها الحكومات، وذلك مع مراعاة أحكام المادة ٣,٧ من النظام المالي، وعليها أن تحيط أعضاء المجلس التنفيذي علماً بذلك في الدورة التي تعقب اتخاذ مثل هذا الإجراء، يسر المديرة العامة أن تقدم فيما يلي معلومات عن الهبات والمساهمات الخاصة التي وردت منذ بداية فترة العامين. ويعرض الجدول الوارد أدناه ملخصاً لهذه الإجراءات حسب القطاعات/ المكاتب، كما ترد تفاصيل في الملحق ١:

النسبة	دولار	القطاع/المكتب
% \ \ , \	711 1.4	التربية
% ٢٩ ,٧	1 .17 770	العلوم الطبيعية
% .٤,٩	174 714	العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية
%,۲۷,٦	95.77.	الثقافة
% 7,A	97 00.	الاتصال والمعلومات
%9 ,1	4.9 07.	تنفيذ البرامج اللامركزية في المكاتب الميدانية (مكتب التنسيق الميداني)
%.V,A	777 2 77	مرافق خدمة البرنامج (المساواة بين الجنسين – ومكتب التخطيط الاَستراتيجي – وقطاع العلاقات الخارجية وإعلام الجمهور)
7.1 • •	W E • E A7W	مجموع الهبات والمساهمات الخاصة

 7 وبالإضافة إلى ما تقدم، قدمت الحكومات مساهمات عينية إلى المكاتب الميدانية/المعاهد وذلك بإتاحة المكاتب مجاناً في فترة العامين ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣ بما يعادل ٢٠١٩ دولاراً. وترد في الملحق ٢ معلومات مفصلة عن هذه المساهمات. واليونسكو بصدد إنشاء عملية لتسجيل مساهمات عينية أخرى مقدمة لتنفيذ خطط عمل الوثيقة 7 م، وفي الوقت الذي تسجل فيه القطاعات مثل هذا الدعم في إطار وصفها للأنشطة، تُلاقى صعوبة أكبر في التوصل إلى اتفاق بشأن أساس لإجراء التقييم النقدى.

ثانياً – الزيادات النظامية في تكاليف الموظفين

على أثر ما أعلنته لجنة الخدمة المدنية الدولية، وافقت المديرة العامة على زيادة علاوة تسوية مقر العمل لموظفي الفئة المهنية وما فوقها في باريس بنسبة ٤,٥٪ ابتداءً من ١ أيار/مايو ٢٠١٢. وتقدَّر الاحتياجات الإضافية بالدولار المترتبة على هذه التسوية لفترة العامين بمبلغ ١,٥ مليون دولار.

ه – وتقضي الزيادات النظامية في تكاليف الموظفين المذكورة أعلاه، في الأحوال الاعتيادية، تحويلاً من بند الاعتماد المخصص للزيادات المتوقعة في التكاليف (الباب الخامس). بيد أنه تم تخفيض اعتمادات الميزانية المخصصة للباب الخامس من الميزانية في إطار خطة العمل الجارية بسبب النقص في التدفقات النقدية، وتزمع المديرة العامة في الوقت الحاضر تغطية هذه التكلفة من ميزانية الموظفين القائمة، والعمل على جعل التكاليف لا تتجاوز الميزانية المتوقعة، إلى أقصى حد ممكن، من خلال مواصلة بذل الجهود لتحقيق وفورات في إطار تكاليف وإدارة الموظفين.

ثالثاً – التحويلات بين بنود الاعتماد لتغطية تكاليف البرنامج

7 - تنص الفقرة (هـ) من قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية لعامي ٢٠١٢-٢٠١٣ على أنه "يجوز للمديرة العامة أن تجري تحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات بمبلغ لا يتجاوز نسبة ١٪ من الاعتمادات الأصلية، على أن تبلغ أعضاء المجلس التنفيذي كتابة في الدورة التي تلي اتخاذ هذا الإجراء بتفاصيل التحويلات وأسبابها". وبناء على ذلك، تحيط المديرة العامة أعضاء المجلس التنفيذي علما بالتحويل التالي الذي أجري بين بنود الاعتمادات:

إعادة توزيع موارد البرنامج العادي لصالح مشاركة اليونسكو في عمليات البرمجة القطرية:

عملاً بالقرار ٣٦م/٧٤,٢ (٦)، قررت المديرة العامة اقتطاع ٢٪ من موارد البرنامج العادي المرصودة للبرامج الرئيسية وتخصيصها لدعم اليونسكو في الإعداد لعمليات الأمم المتحدة للبرمجة القطرية المشتركة (بما في ذلك المشروعات الرائدة "لتوحيد الأداء"، وإطار عمل الأمم المتحدة للمساعدة الإنمائية، والبرمجة المشتركة).

وستستخدم القطاعات نصف هذا المبلغ، ونسبته ٢٪، لتمويل الأنشطة القطاعية الخاصة بها، في حين سيتولى مكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي تنسيق استخدام المبلغ الآخر البالغة نسبته ١٪ من الموارد المذكورة وذلك لتمويل الجهود المبذولة على مستوى المنظمة ككل للمشاركة في هذه العمليات. وبلغت الأموال التي تم تحويلها إلى مكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي ٣٢٣ ٣٢٣ دولاراً. وفي ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، تم تحويل مبلغ إجمالي قدره ٨١٨ دولاراً من بندي الاعتمادين الخاصين بالبرنامجين الأول والثالث إلى بند الاعتماد الخاص بمكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي، على النحو التالي:

دولار	الأموال المحولة من
78 1	البرنامج الرئيسي الأول – التربية
14 .44	البرنامج الرئيسي – الثالث العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية
۸۱ ۸۹۷	مجموع الأموال المحولة إلى مكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي

رابعاً – تحويل تكاليف الموظفين بين بنود الاعتمادات:

٧ - وتنص الفقرة ٢ (هـ) من قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية لعامي ٢٠١٣-٢٠١٣ على أنه "في الحالات التي يتجاوز فيها مبلغ التحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات نسبة ١٪، يتعين على المديرة العامة الحصول على موافقة مسبقة من المجلس التنفيذي". وفي هذا الصدد، تعرض المديرة العامة على المجلس التنفيذي التحويلات المقترحة التالية بين بنود الاعتمادات نتيجة لإعادة تنظيم بنية المنظمة لتحسين تصميمها التنظيمي ولتعزيز فعاليتها الوظيفية. وتجدر ملاحظة أن بعض هذه التحويلات تبلغ أقل من ١٪ من الاعتمادات الأصلية. وتبين تفاصيل هذه التحويلات لتكاليف الموظفين بحسب بنود الاعتمادات (الأثر الصافي البالغ صفر دولار) في جدول الاعتمادات المنقح الذي يتضمنه الملحق ٣ من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام الصافي البالغ صفر دولار) في جدول الاعتمادات المنقح الذي يتضمنه الملحق ٣ من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام

التحويلات لأغراض المقارنة	
فيما يخص الموظفين	بنود الاعتمادات
دولار	
1 1 4	الباب الأول — السياسة العامة والإدارة
	الباب الثاني — البرامج والخدمات المتعلقة بالبرامج
(141 4)	ألف – البرامج
ATA 9 · ·	باء – الخدمات المتعلقة بالبرامج
79V £	جيم – برنامج المساهمة وبرنامج المنح الدراسية
978 8	مجموع الباب الثاني
	الباب الثالث – الخدمات الداخلية
(074 7)	ألف — إدارة الموارد البشرية
(141 1)	باء – الإدارة المالية
(جيم – إدارة خدمات الدعم
(1 187 800)	مجموع الباب الثالث
_	مجموع الاعتمادات

خامساً – الإجراءات المتوقع من المجلس التنفيذي اتخاذها

٨ – قد يرغب المجلس التنفيذي في اعتماد القرار التالي:

إن المجلس التنفيذي،

١ - وقد درس تقرير المديرة العامة عن الهبات والمساهمات الخاصة التي وردت منذ بداية فترة العامين وأضيفت إلى الميزانية العادية وعن التحويلات التي أُجريت بين بنود الاعتمادات وفقا لأحكام الفقرتين (ب) و (هـ) من القرار ٣٦م/١١١، والوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/٤ الجزء الثانى والملحق ١،

أولاً

٢ - يحيط علماً بأن المديرة العامة قد أضافت إلى اعتمادات الميزانية العادية، نتيجة لورود هذه الهبات والمساهمات الخاصة، مبلغاً إجمالياً قدره ٨٦٣ ٤٠٤ ٣ دولاراً موزعاً على النحو التالى:

دولار	
711 1.9	الباب الثاني – ألف – البرنامج الرئيسي الأول
1 . 17 770	الباب الثاني – ألف – البرنامج الرئيسي الثاني
177 717	الباب الثاني – ألف – البرنامج الرئيسي الثالث
95.77.	الباب الثاني – ألف – البرنامج الرئيسي الرابع
97 00.	الباب الثاني – ألف – البرنامج الرئيسي الخامس
4.9 07.	الباب الثاني – ألف – الميدان – تنفيذ البرامج اللامركزية (مكتب التنسيق الميداني)
17 77	الباب الثاني — باء – الخدمات المتعلقة بالبرامج (قضايا الجنسين)
٤٠ ٠٠٠	الباب الثاني — باء – الخدمات المتعلقة بالبرامج (مكتب التخطيط الاستراتيجي)
7.9 799	الباب الثاني — باء – الخدمات المتعلقة بالبرامج (قطاع العلاقات الخارجية وإعلام الجمهور)
4 £ • £ 744	المجموع

٣ - ويعرب عن تقديره للجهات المانحة المذكورة في الملحقين ١ و٢ من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام ١٩٠ ثانياً

- خويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات المالية التي يجوز للمديرة العامة بمقتضاها أن تجري تحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات بمبلغ لا يتجاوز نسبة ١٪ من الاعتمادات الأصلية، على أن أن تبلّغ أعضاء المجلس التنفيذي كتابة في الدورة التي تلي اتخاذ هذا الإجراء بتفاصيل هذه التحويلات وأسبابها،
- ه يحيط علماً بأن المديرة العامة قد أجرت تحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات بهدف دعم مشاركة اليونسكو في عمليات البرمجة القطرية المشتركة التي تضطلع بها الأمم المتحدة، كما ورد في الفقرة ٦ من الوثيقة؛
- ٦ وإذ يذكر بأحكام قرار فتح الاعتمادات المالية التي يجوز للمديرة العامة بمقتضاها أن تجري تحويلات بين بنود الاعتمادات (بما يتجاوز نسبة ١٪)، وذلك بموافقة مسبقة من المجلس التنفيذي،
- ٧ يوافق على التحويلات المقترحة بين بنود الاعتمادات نتيجة لتغيير الهيكل التنظيمي (حركات الموظفين)، والوارد بيانها في الفقرة ٧ من الوثيقة؛
- Λ ويحيط علماً بجدول الاعتمادات المالية المنقح كما ورد في الملحق ٣ من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام ١٩٠.

الجزء باء

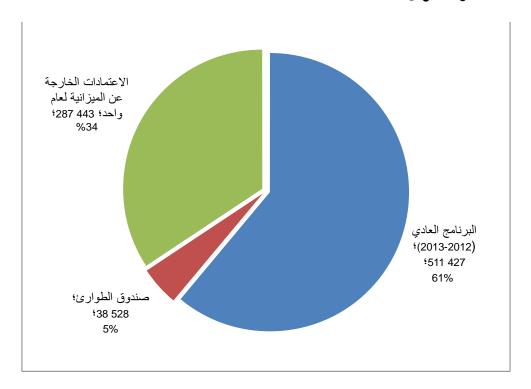
تقرير المديرة العامة عن تنفيذ البرنامج الذي اعتمده المؤتمر العام جدول متابعة تنفيذ البرنامج – حالة تنفيذ البرنامج في ٢٠١٢/٦/٣٠

يبين جدول متابعة تنفيذ البرنامج الميزانية الإجمالية ووضع نفقات الميزانية العادية والنفقات الخارجة عن

الميزانية في ظل القيود المالية الحالية.

أبرز أحداث الوضع المالي للمنظمة (ترد جميع الرسوم البيانية بآلاف الدولارات الأمريكية)

الموارد بحسب مصدر التمويل



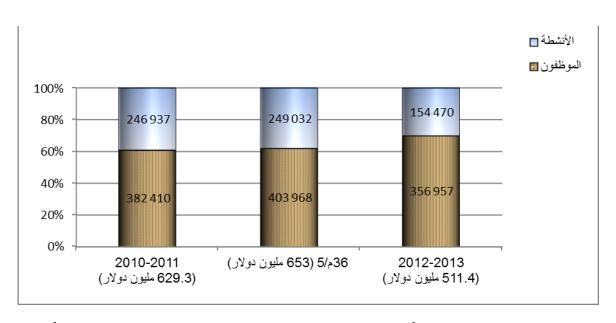
البرنامج العادي:

المخصصات: نظراً إلى إطار الميزانية المقلصة، وافقت المديرة العامة على مبلغ إجمالي مؤقت للميزانية قدره 57 مليون دولار (تزداد عليه اعتمادات إضافية قدرها 7,5 مليون دولار). وإبان عمليات الاستعراض الفصلية لخطط العمل، بلغت متطلبات الميزانية المتوقعة حالياً لفترة العامين 11,5 مليون دولار، وذلك استناداً إلى افتراض تجميد الوظائف بنسبة 110٪. ونجم عن هذا التقدير عجز حالي يقارب 20 مليون دولار (11,5 مليون دولار – 570.5 مليون دولار) وهو مبلغ لا يمكن تحمله لفترة طويلة من حيث التدفق

النقدي، وبخاصة بحلول الفصل الأخير من عام ٢٠١٣، وستخفف وطأة هذا العجز من خلال توفير التمويل وتحقيق المزيد من خفض التكاليف. وتجدر الإشارة إلى أن التقديرات تحدث بصورة فصلية وتتأثر بالقرارات مثل الاستعانة بموظفين إضافيين من أجل الوظائف الضرورية لأداء المهام الجوهرية فضلاً عن تجسيد المخاطر غير المدرجة حالياً في الميزانية مثل المخاطر الناشئة عن زيادة المساهمات في صندوق التأمين الصحي عن المشتركين المنتسبين (تقدر فيما بين مليون ومليوني دولار) وتأجيل مستحقات الأجهزة المشتركة لمنظومة الأمم المتحدة (التي تقدر بأكثر من أربعة ملايين دولار).

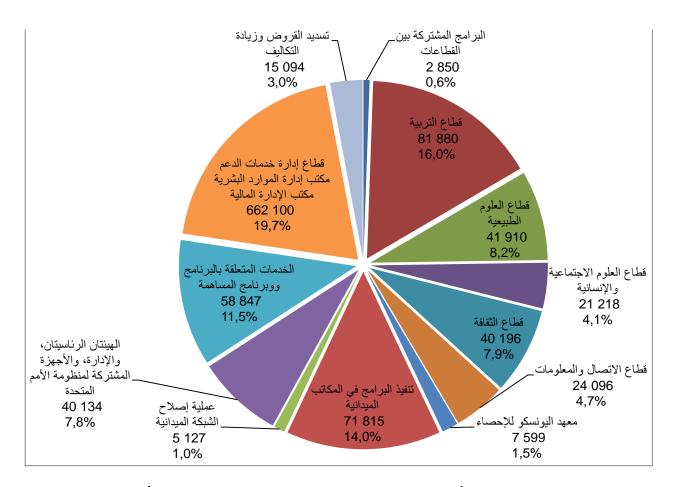
وإن التقدير الحالي للميزانية البالغ ١١,٤ مليون دولار يمثل خفضاً في الميزانية ٣٦م/ه المعتمدة (٢٥٣ مليون دولار) ويراعي التدابير المتخذة لزيادة الكفاءة وخفض الإنفاق، التى حددت في التقرير الخاص بتحقيق أهداف خارطة الطريق.

ويرد في الجدول أدناه التكلفة الإجمالية للموظفين والأنشطة الفعلية لعامي ٢٠١١-٢٠١١، والتوقعات الخاصة بالوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ المعتمدة وبعامي ٢٠١٢-٢٠١٣:



ومع ثبات تكاليف الموظفين بصورة أساسية، ارتفعت نسبة تكاليف الموظفين إلى تكاليف الأنشطة من 7.٪، وهي النسبة المخطط لها، إلى ٧٠٪ حسب التوقعات، إلا أن قيمتها النقدية قد انخفضت بمقدار ٤٧ مليون دولار أي ٧٠,٢٪ مقارنة بميزانية الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ المعتمدة. وتقوم تقديرات الميزانية الحالية البالغة ١١٥ مليون دولار على افتراض تجميد قرابة ١٠٠٪ من التعيينات في الوظائف الشاغرة باستثناء عدد محدود تتم الموافقة على اعتباره ضرورياً لأداء المهام الجوهرية. وعلى الرغم من أنه سيكون لهذا الإجراء تداعيات على عملية تنفيذ البرنامج، فلا مفر من تجميد الوظائف نظراً إلى ضرورة استيعاب عامل الفارق الزمني البالغ ٥٪ فيما يتعلق بالميزانية المخصصة لتكاليف الموظفين في الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ ومن أجل تحقيق أهداف تقليص الميزانية.

وتجدر الإشارة إلى أن ٧٣٪ (+٣٪ عن فترة العامين السابقة) من إجمالي تكاليف الموظفين وأن ٦٢٪ من ميزانية الأنشطة (-٦٪ عن فترة العامين السابقة) تخص الباب الثاني – البرامج ومرافق خدمة البرنامج. ويبين الرسم البياني التالي الوزن النسبي لميزانية كل قطاع/مكتب (تكاليف الموظفين والأنشطة):



نفقات البرنامج: خصص لها في أول عام مبلغ قدره ٢٢٩,٧ مليون دولار (٥٤٪) من أصل توقعات قدرها ١١,٤ مليون دولار، وصرف مبلغ قدره ١٢٦,٤ مليون دولار في نهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وتمثل تكاليف الموظفين البالغة ٧,٧٨ مليون دولار ٢٩٪ من إجمالي النفقات وتتوافق مع الهدف المتمثل في معدل الإنفاق النظري لفترة العامين المنصرمة البالغ ٢٥٪. كما أن تكاليف الأنشطة البالغة ٧,٨٣ مليون دولار والتي تمثل ٢٥٪ من التقديرات لفترة العامين تتماشى مع المعدل المستهدف. أما نسب قطاعي التربية والعوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية (٢١٪) وقطاع الثقافة (٢٢٪) والباب الثاني – جيم (٣,٤٪)، فهي أدنى، وتعوض عنها مرافق الخدمات الداخلية التي تبلغ فيها نسبة تكاليف الأنشطة ٤٤٪ بسبب الالتزامات المرتبطة بالتكاليف السنوية الثابتة مثل صيانة المباني والمرافق.

صندوق الطوارئ:

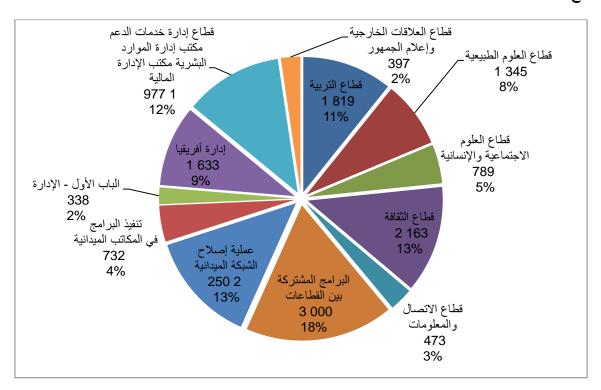
يؤدي صندوق الطوارئ دور آلية لموازنة مستوى التمويل للأولويات ولسد الفجوات في تنفيذ البرنامج وبخاصة على الصعيد القطري، ومن ثم فإنه يعزز اللامركزية في البرامج الرئيسية. وخصصت أموال في إطار صندوق الطوارئ، وتم القيام في الوقت ذاته بعمليات تقييم لثغرات التمويل في مختلف البرامج ذات الأولوية والمبادرات الإصلاحية، وذلك بغية تعزيز الفعالية، مع مراعاة المخصصات المندرجة في إطار البرنامج العادي فضلاً عن فرص جمع التبرعات العينية أو النقدية من مصادر أخرى.

وتم تلقي مبلغ قدره ٣٨,٥ مليون دولار، خصص منه ١٢,٥ مليون دولار بمعدل تنفيذ يبلغ ٢٠٪. وخصصت كذلك ثلاثة ملايين دولار للبرامج المشتركة بين القطاعات، و ١,٤ مليون دولار لتعزيز معاهد التربية من الفئة ١، ومن ثم تم تخصيص مبلغ إجمالي قدره ١٧ مليون دولار لصندوق الطوارئ. ووزع المبلغ المخصص المذكور أعلاه وهو ١٢,٥ مليون دولار على الجهات المستفيدة الرئيسية والأنشطة الرئيسية على النحو التالى:

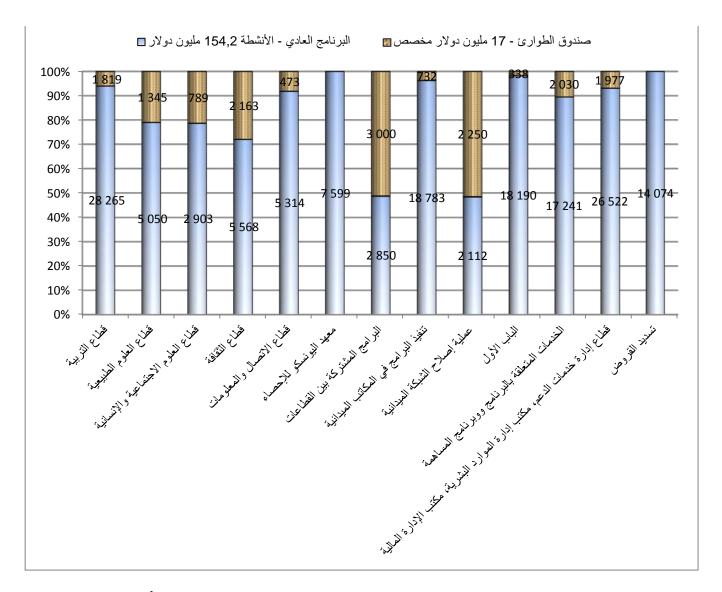
- إصلاح الشبكة الميدانية بخاصة في أفريقيا: يضاف ٢,٣ مليون دولار إلى المبلغ المقرر لخطط العمل المندرجة في إطار البرنامج العادي وهو ٤,٩ مليون دولار، كما يخصص مبلغ ٧٠٠ ٠٠٠ دولار إضافي لتنفيذ البرامج اللامركزية في المكاتب الميدانية؛
- قطاع الثقافة: مليونا دولار لدعم جملة أنشطة منها: الاجتماعات النظامية المتعلقة بالاتفاقيات، وبناء القدرات في أفريقيا وأمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي من أجل تنفيذ الاتفاقيات المختلفة و"مشروع تاريخ أفريقيا العام"؛
- إدارة أفريقيا: ١,٧ مليون دولار منها ١,٤ مليون دولار لتنفيذ المساريع التي أعدتها المكاتب الميدانية والتي تتعلق بصياغة سياسات في المجالين العلمي والتكنولوجي في أفريقيا الوسطى؛ والتعليم من أجل المواطنة والسلام؛ والشباب والانتفاع بتكنولوجيات المعلومات والاتصالات؛
- قطاع العلوم الطبيعية بما فيه لجنة اليونسكو الدولية الحكومية لعلوم المحيطات: ١,٤ مليون دولار للاجتماعات النظامية؛ وتعزيز السياسات المتعلقة بالعلوم والتكنولوجيا والابتكار في أفريقيا وفي الدول الجزرية الصغيرة النامية؛ وتقييم مخاطر التسونامي وخطر حدوثه؛ وتغير المناخ؛ وحماية البيئة،
- قطاع العلوم الاجتماعية والإنسانية: ٨٠٠ ٠٠٠ دولار من أجل تعزيز قيادة الشباب في أفريقيا والدول العربية وبلدان أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي،
- قطاع الاتصال والمعلومات: ٥٠٠ ٠٠٠ دولار من أجل الاحتفال باليوم العالمي لحرية الصحافة، ولبرنامج ذاكرة العالم، ولحدث استعراض مؤتمر القمة العالمي لمجتمع المعلومات،
 - قطاع التربية: ٤٠٠ ٠٠٠ دولار من أجل الاتصالات وترويج برنامج التعليم للجميع.
- مكتب إدارة المعارف ونظم المعلومات: مليون دولار أمريكي لحفظ البيانات، وأتمتة العمليات الخاصة بالموارد البشرية، وإقامة وسائل الربط بين المكاتب الميدانية،
- مكتب إدارة الموارد البشرية: نصف مليون دولار للتخطيط وتطوير المسار الوظيفي، وتقييم الكفاءات، وما إلى ذلك من الأنشطة،
- مكتب الإدارة المالية: ٤٠٠،٠٠٠ دولار لتحسين عمليات استرداد التكاليف والميزنة وتنظيم سير العمل في إطار نظام SAP، ولإعداد أداة إدارة تكاليف الموظفين وأداة إدارة الأسفار.

ومن المفروض أن يفضي الاستثمار في دفعة واحدة هذه المشروعات الرامية إلى ترشيد العمليات وتطبيق استخدام أدوات تكنولوجيا المعلومات إلى تقليص ما ينفق من وقت وتكلفة في الإدارات، ويدعم تطبيق نظم إدارية أصغر حجماً.

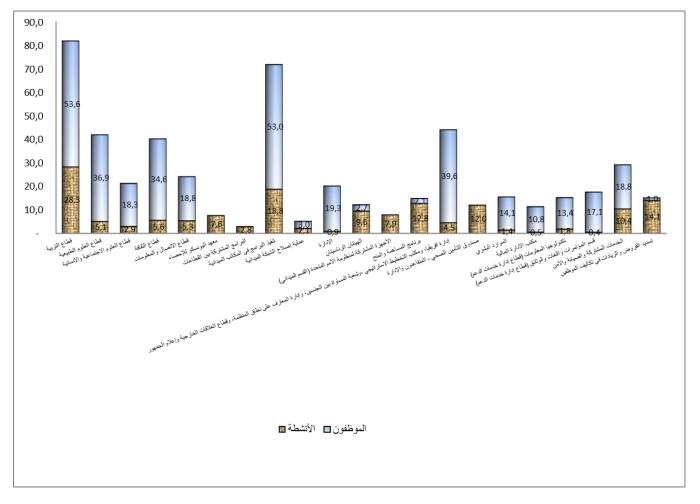
ويبين الرسم البياني التالي توزيع المبلغ الإجمالي المخصص من صندوق الطوارئ (١٧ مليون دولار) على كل قطاع/مكتب:



يبين الرسم البياني التالي ميزانية البرنامج العادي للأنشطة (باستثناء تكاليف الموظفين) لكل قطاع/مكتب وحصته المناظرة المخصصة من صندوق الطوارئ (١٧ مليون دولار):



ويرد المزيد من التحليل للتكاليف الإجمالية في الرسم البياني التالي (بملايين الدولارات الأمريكية):



ويبلغ معدل اللامركزية في ميزانيات الأنشطة المتعلقة بالباب الثاني – ألف (البرامج الرئيسية وتنفيذ برامج المكاتب الميدانية) حالياً ٤٧٪ مقابل ٥٤٪ في فترة العامين السابقة. ويتوقع حدوث تحسن في هذا الوضع بعد أن تُنقل إلى الميدان الأموال المخصصة لإصلاح الشبكة الميدانية وللبرامج المشتركة بين القطاعات.

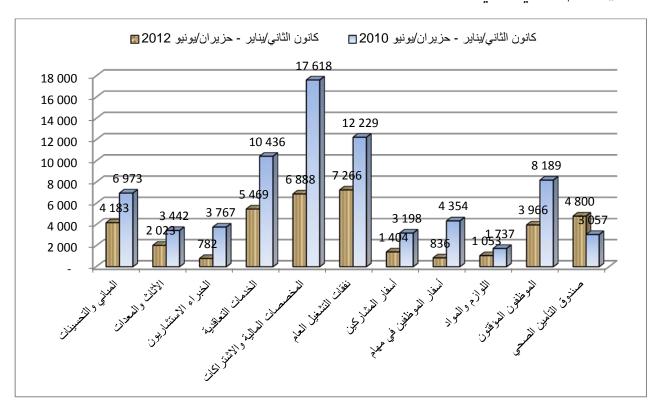
النفقات الخارجة عن الميزانية:

بلغ إجمالي الاعتمادات المخصصة لعام ٢٠١٢ ما يساوي ٢٨٧,٤ مليون دولار أنفق منه ١٠٣ ملايين دولار أي إجمالي الاعتمادات ويليه قطاع الثقافة (٢٣٪) ثم قطاع العلوم الطبيعية (٢١٪). وفيما يتعلق بمصادر التمويل، تمثل أموال الودائع ٤١٪ وتليها الصناديق الذاتية النفع بنسبة ٢٣٪ (تمول أغلبيتها البرازيل التي تمثل ٢١٪ من الإجمالي)، والحسابات الخاصة (٢١٪) ومصادر الأمم المتحدة (١٢٪). وتمثل معدلات الإنفاق قيماً إرشادية، نظراً إلى أن المشاريع تُصمم وتُدار على أساس فترة تستغرق عدة سنوات وأن الاعتمادات تقدم في فترات مختلفة على مدار السنة. وترد التفاصيل في الجداول من ٦ إلى ١٠ من الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام ١٩.

نتيجة العمليات حتى تاريخ ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢

البرنامج العادي

مقارنة بالهدف المتمثل في خفض التكاليف بنسبة ٢٩٪، يقدر الخفض المحقق حتى حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢ بمبلغ ١٠١٤ مليون دولار أمريكي، وهو يمثل خفضاً بنسبة ٢١,٧٪ لميزانية الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ المعتمدة، وعجزاً بمقدار ٤٣ مليون دولار أمريكي نسبة إلى الهدف الذي حددته المديرة العامة. وتصدياً لهذا التحدي، شرعت المنظمة في عملية احتواء للتكاليف، تستند إلى مقارنة الاتجاهات في التكاليف أثناء الأشهر الستة الأولى من فترة العامين الحالية بما كانت عليه في الفترة نفسها من العامين السابقين، كما هو مبين في الرسم البياني التالى:



بلغت كلفة إجمالي الأنشطة في أول ستة أشهر من عام ٢٠١٢ ما قيمته ٣٨,٧ مليون دولار أمريكي، وهذا ما يمثل خفضاً بنسبة ٤٨٪ مقارنة بعام ٢٠١٠ (٧٥ مليون دولار أمريكي). وفيما يتعلق بالموظفين، فإن الخفض المحقق يقارب أربعة ملايين دولار أمريكي أي ٣,٤٪ (إذ بلغت هذه التكاليف ٧٠,٧ مليون دولار أمريكي في عام ٢٠١٠)، وبالرغم من أن الأرقام الحالية تتضمن زيادة نظامية بنسبة ٤,٥٪ مرتبطة بتسوية مقر العمل لموظفي الفئة المهنية، كما أقرتها لجنة الخدمة المدنية الدولية.

ويبين الخفض في تكاليف الأنشطة تحقيق مكاسب من حيث الفعالية واتخاذ تدابير لخفض التكاليف، لذا يصعب عزل تأثير كل نوع من التدابير على حدة. ويبين أحد الأمثلة في مجال إدارة الأسفار كيف أدى الجمع بين التدابير التالية إلى تحقيق خفض يقارب ٨١٪ في تكاليف أسفار الموظفين في مهام، و٥٦٪ في تكاليف أسفار المشاركين: التغييرات في إجراءات السفر للهيئتين الرئاسيتين، وإلغاء السفر في درجة رجال

الأعمال (باستثناء السفر في مهام لمدة قصيرة)، وتعديلات في سياسة السفر في مهام (السفر من أجل إجراء المقابلات أو السفر قبل مباشرة العمل)، وتخفيض بدل الإقامة اليومي للمشاركين، وتدعيم إجراءات وأدوات التخطيط للأسفار، والتفاوض مجدداً على عقود إدارة الأسفار بغية تخفيض تكاليف المعاملات.

وهناك تدبير آخر من تدابير احتواء التكاليف وهو تطبيق ضوابط صارمة على الاستعانة بخدمات خبراء استشاريين وخدمات الموظفين المؤقتين، وقد أدى هذا التدبير إلى تحقيق خفض بنسبة ٧٩٪ في الحالة الأولى و٢٥٪ في الحالة الثانية. ويرد فيما يلي المزيد من التحليل للاتجاهات بحسب ترتيب الإنفاق بين فترة العامين السابقة (ملاحظات على الجدول ٤).

ملاحظات على جداول تنفيذ البرنامج

سعياً إلى تبسيط هذه الوثيقة، وإلى تقليص حجمها وتكاليفها، ترد الجداول من ١ إلى ٩ من جدول متابعة تنفيذ البرنامج في الوثيقة ١٩٠م ت/إعلام ١٩، وذلك للتركيز في القسم باء على الملخص وعلى تحليل الوضع المالي للمنظمة. وترد شروح بشأن الأنشطة المولة من الميزانية العادية والتي تزيد معدلات الإنفاق الخاصة بها على ٤٠٪ أو تقل عن ١٠٪، وذلك عملاً بقراري المجلس التنفيذي ١٦٠م ت/١٠٨م و١٦٠ و١٦٠م ت/١٠٨م المروفات اللذين دُعي المدير العام فيهما إلى "تحديد الأنشطة التي يختلف الإنفاق عليها عن المصروفات المتوقعة بنسبة تزيد على ١٥٪ مع شرح أسباب ذلك".

الجدول ١ – التنفيذ الإجمالي بحسب بنود الاعتمادات الرئيسية (الميزانية العادية، وصندوق الطوارئ، والموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية)

يشمل هذا الجدول التحويلات التي أجريت على الميزانية بين بنود الاعتمادات ويشمل كذلك الهبات والمساهمات الخاصة التي تم تلقيها منذ بداية فترة العامين، على النحو المبين في القسم ألف (الفقرة ٢) من هذه الوثيقة. وتقدم التحليلات على أساس أرقام ميزانية الوثيقة ٣٦م/ه المعتمدة البالغة ٣٥٦ مليون دولار، والمبلغ الإجمالي الذي خصصته المديرة العامة لخطط العمل المؤقتة والبالغ قدره ٤٦٥ مليون دولار، والميزانية التقديرية لخطط العمل البالغة ١١٠٤ مليون دولار، كما يتضمن ذلك الهبات التي تم تلقيها. وأخيراً، يقدم هذا الجدول النفقات المندرجة في إطار كل بند والمقسمة إلى فئتين هما تكاليف الموظفين وتكاليف المؤلفة الأنشطة.

وفيما يتعلق بالميزانية العادية، بلغ معدل الإنفاق الإجمالي ٢٤,٧٪ في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢، وهو يتوافق مع معدل التنفيذ النظري المستهدف تحقيقه خلال فترة العامين المنصرمة. وبلغ إجمالي النفقات في نهاية النصف الأول من العام ١٢٦,٤ مليون دولار. ويتعلق ٨٧,٧ مليون دولار من هذا المبلغ (أي ٦٩٪ منه) بتكاليف الموظفين و٨,٧٠ مليون دولار (٣١٪) بتكاليف الأنشطة.

وفيما يتعلق بصندوق الطوارئ والموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية، فإن المبالغ تمثل المخصصات والنفقات عن عام واحد، أي عام ٢٠١٢ فقط. ويظهر هذان المصدران للتمويل معدلات إنفاق تبلغ ٢٠١٣ و٩٥,٩٪ على التوالي. وينجم معدل الإنفاق المنخفض لصندوق الطوارئ عن الصرف التدريجي للمخصصات (البالغة ١٢٥٥ مليون دولار) على مدار الفترة المعنية، لأن هناك عمليات تقييم لثغرات التمويل في مختلف البرامج ذات الأولوية، ومبادرات إصلاح قد أجريت.

الجدول ٢ – تنفيذ البرنامج بحسب محاور العمل (أنشطة البرنامج العادي)

يقدم هذا الجدول عرضاً لحالة تنفيذ أنشطة البرنامج العادي بحسب محاور العمل الرئيسية. واستناداً إلى المنهجية المعتمدة في الجدول ١، يشمل العمود المتعلق بالمتطلبات المتوقعة لخطط العمل تحويلات المخصصات بين بنود الاعتمادات والتحويلات المتعلقة بالهبات والمساهمات الخاصة المعروضة في الجزء ألف من هذه الوثيقة.

وتجدر الإشارة إلى أنه خصص مبلغ قدره ١٧ مليون دولار من صندوق الطوارئ، ومن المزمع تخصيص نحو ١٥ مليون دولار الله مليون دولار الله مليون دولار إلى ١٠٠٧ مليون دولار.

- برنامج المساهمة (٥,٣٪): يمكن تفسير معدل الإنفاق المنخفض نسبياً لبند الاعتماد هذا بالعمليات الداخلية، وتحديداً الموعد النهائي لتقديم الطلبات (٢٩ شباط/فبراير) ولطلب التقارير المالية وتقارير التقييم (٣٠ نيسان/أبريل) مما لم يتح للجنة المشتركة بين القطاعات الاجتماع وتوصية المديرة العامة بالموافقة على طلبات برنامج المساهمة إلا في حزيران/يونيو (نحو ٢٫٨ مليون دولار من إجمالي المخصصات البالغ ١٢٫٠ مليون دولار) وعلى ١,٣ مليون دولار آخر في شهر تموز/يوليو. ومن ثم، فعلى الرغم من أن معدل الإنفاق للجزء الأول من فترة العامين منخفض، فمن المتوقع أن يرتفع بصورة ملحوظة خلال الأشهر القادمة (فقد بلغ هذا المعدل بالفعل ١١٠٤٪ في نهاية شهر حزيران/يونيو فيما يتعلق بالطلبات الموافق عليها).
- إدارة الموارد البشرية (٤٢,٥): يعزى معدل الإنفاق المرتفع نسبياً الوراد في هذا البند إلى أن إجمالي الأموال التي خصصت لعام ٢٠١٢ لمساهمة اليونسكو في صندوق التأمين الصحي عن المشاركين المنتسبين كانت مستحقة الدفع في مرحلة مبكرة من هذا العام. ومن المتوقع أن يصل معدل الإنفاق، في نهاية عام ٢٠١٢، إلى نحو ٥٠٪ من خطط العمل لفترة العامين.
- قسم المؤتمرات واللغات والوثائق (٣٣,٢) وإدارة الخدمات المشتركة بما في ذلك المشتريات، وأمن المقر والمنافع العامة (قسم الخدمات المشتركة) (٤٢,٩٪): يتعلق معدل الإنفاق المرتفع بصورة أساسية بالالتزام بعقود الصيانة السنوية والترتيبات التعاقدية الملزمة الأخرى لكل من قسم المؤتمرات واللغات والوثائق، وقسم الخدمات المشتركة.

الجدول ٣ – استخدام الاعتمادات اللامركزية (أنشطة البرنامج العادي)

تبلغ الاعتمادات اللامركزية المخصصة للباب الثاني — ألف 70 مليون دولار وتمثل 50 من إجمالي الميزانية العادية للأنشطة المندرجة في هذا الباب من الميزانية (50 مليون دولار)، بمعدل إنفاق يبلغ الميزانية العادية للأنشطة المندرجة في هذا الباب من الميزانية المعنية البالغ 50. وسيتحسن معدل تحقيق اللامركزية في هذا الباب من الميزانية، ومن المفروض أن يقترب من معدل 50، ليعادل في نهاية المطاف معدل فترة العامين السابقة حالما تنقل إلى الميدان الأموال الخاصة بعملية إصلاح الشبكة الميدانية وبالبرامج المشتركة بين القطاعات. بيد أن هذا المعدل لا يزال أدنى من المعدل المتوقع في الوثيقة 70 المعتمدة

البالغ ٥٧,٦٪ بسبب افتقار البرامج الرئيسية إلى هامش للتحرك لكي تهيئ قدراً ملائماً من التمويل لكل من الأنشطة النظامية والأنشطة التنفيذية على الصعيد القطري في إطار السياق الحالى للميزانية المنخفضة.

وتستخدم المنطقة الأفريقية حالياً ١٦,٩٪ من ميزانية الباب الثاني – ألف وتليها آسيا والمحيط الهادي (١٢,٤٪) ثم أمريكا اللاتينية الكاريبي (٩,٩٪) ثم الدول العربية (٦,٣٪) ثم أوروبا وأمريكا الشمالية (١,٧٪) ليصبح بذلك معدل الإنفاق الإجمالي ٤٧٫٢٪.

وعلى الرغم من القيود الحالية المفروضة على الميزانية، فلقد بذلت جهود من أجل الحفاظ على الاعتمادات اللامركزية بوصفها جزءاً هاماً من تمويل صندوق الطوارئ (يبلغ إجمالي الاعتمادات الحالية ١٢,٥ مليون دولار ويتجاوز فيها معدل اللامركزية نسبة ٥٠٪)، وأدت هذه الجهود فعلاً إلى تخفيف حدة انخفاض عدد الأنشطة التنفيذية على الصعيد القطري.

وأخيراً تجدر الإشارة إلى أن المعدل الإجمالي للامركزية مقدر دون قيمته الحقيقية إذ تستثنى منه المخصصات المالية لجميع المعاهد ذات النطاق العالمي، والأموال المندرجة في إطار برنامج المساهمة، وبرنامج المنح الدراسية اللذين يديرهما المقر. ولو أدرجت هذه الأموال، لبلغ معدل اللامركزية للباب الثاني ٧٦٪.

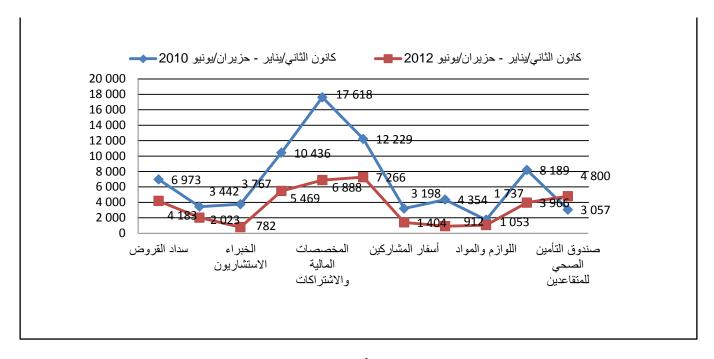
الجدول ٤ – النفقات حسب بنود الإنفاق (أنشطة البرنامج العادي)

عملاً بقرار المجلس التنفيذي ٢٦٦م ت/٣,١,١٦، يقدم الجدول ٤ أرقام الميزانية (الوثيقة ٣٦م/٥ المعتمدة) والنفقات المتعلقة بتكاليف الموظفين المؤقتين، والأسفار في مهام، والخدمات التعاقدية. ونظراً إلى انخفاض الميزانية بنسبة ٢١,٧٪ والطبيعة الإرشادية للمبالغ الإجمالية الأصلية المخصصة، يقدم هذا الجدول على سبيل الإعلام فقط.

تحليل تكلفة البرنامج العادي

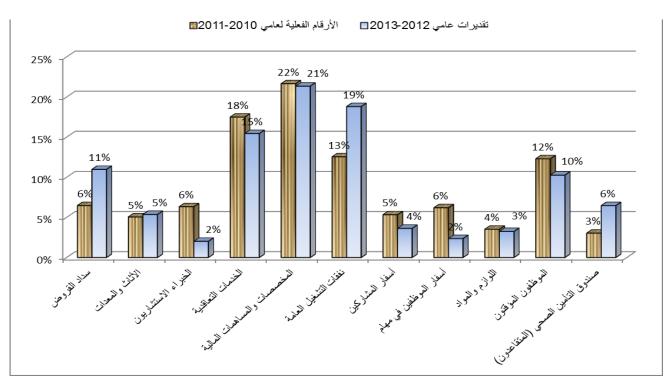
سعياً إلى تكييف فئات النفقات الواردة في جدول متابعة التنفيذ مع البيانات المالية الملتزمة بالمعايير المحاسبية الدولية للقطاع العام، واستعداداً لتغيير تقاريرنا وفقاً للميزنة القائمة على النتائج، نقدم أدناه عرضاً لتوجهات الإنفاق العامة بغية توفير معلومات عن كيفية تصنيف المنظمة لهذه التكاليف في الوقت الحالي. وسيكون هذا التحليل أساساً لإعداد ميزانية فترة العامين المقبلة بحيث تنتقل من نهج تصنيف فئات النفقات بحسب المدخلات إلى نهج تصنيفها بحسب المخرجات.

وتمثل نفقات الأنشطة للأشهر الستة الأولى من عام ٢٠١٢ البالغة ٣٨,٧ مليون دولار ٣١٪ من إجمالي النفقات. وتبين مقارنة نفقات الأشهر الستة الأولى لفترة العامين بالنفقات المناظرة لها في عام ٢٠١٠ انخفاضاً بنسبة ٤٨٪ (من ٧٥ مليون دولار إلى ٣٨,٧ مليون دولار) على النحو المبين في الجدول أدناه:



وتجدر الإشارة إلى ما يظهر في الرسم البياني الوارد أعلاه من خفض بالغ في النفقات المتعلقة بالخبراء الاستشاريين (٧٩٪) وأسفار المشاركين في مهام (٨١٪)، والمخصصات المالية (٦١٪)، وأسفار المشاركين (٥٦٪)، والمؤقنين (٥٢٪)، والخدمات التعاقدية (٤٨٪).

ويعرض الرسم البياني التالي النسب المئوية لوزن فئات النفقات بالنسبة إلى إجمالي النفقات الفعلية لعامي ٢٠١٠–٢٠١٠ وتقديرات عامي ٢٠١٢–٢٠١٣. وتظهر التقديرات لفترة العامين انخفاضاً بنسبة ٣٧٪ في تكاليف الأنشطة مقارنة بفترة العامين السابقة.



ولا يتوقع تغير النسبة المئوية لوزن بعض الفئات لفترة العامين هذه تغيراً كبيراً مقارنة بالنسب الفعلية لفترة العامين السابقة (مثل الأثاث والمعدات، واللوازم، والمخصصات المالية للمعاهد، والمساهمات في الأنشطة المشتركة لمنظومة الأمم المتحدة وفي برنامج المساهمة)، إلا أنه يمكن التنبؤ بحدوث انخفاض في أعداد الخبراء الاستشاريين، وفي أسفار المشاركين والموظفين في مهام، وفي أعداد الموظفين المؤقتين، وفي الخدمات التعاقدية. وعلى الرغم من أن هذا الرسم البياني يظهر ارتفاعاً في النسبة المئوية لوزن سداد القروض من 7٪ إلى ١١٪، فمن المتوقع أن تبقى هذه الفئة ثابتة من حيث القيمة النقدية. ويتعلق جزء كبير من الخدمات التعاقدية بالأمن الميداني، وتنظيم حلقات التدارس والاجتماعات، والتأمين، وكذلك البحث، والتقييم، وإنتاج الوثائق. وتشير الزيادة في نفقات التشغيل العامة إلى الطبيعة الثابتة لهذه التكاليف. إلا أنه تجدر الإشارة إلى أن أكثر من ٥٠٪ من هذه النفقات تتعلق بالبنى الأساسية للمكاتب الميدانية والتكاليف التشغيلية مثل المرافق والاتصالات والعقود والإصلاحات والصيانة.

وسيتم بذل المزيد من الجهود من أجل تحسين عملية تحليل المكونات الفرعية المندرجة في مختلف فئات التكاليف المستخدمة في جداول متابعة التنفيذ المقبلة، مثل إجراء المزيد من التقسيم في الخدمات التعاقدية، ودمج جميع فئات البنى الأساسية للمكاتب الميدانية، وما إلى ذلك.

الجدول ٥ – وضع الوظائف وتكاليف الموظفين (أنشطة البرنامج العادي)

يبين الجدول و التطور الشهري للوظائف المشغولة والشاغرة في الفترة الممتدة من كانون الثاني/يناير ٢٠١٢ إلى حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وتمثل الوظائف الشاغرة المبينة في هذا الجدول الوظائف الشاغرة ذات الاعتمادات المخصصة في الميزانية، أي الوظائف التي يحقق شغورها، في ظل الظروف العادية، وفورات حقيقية، بعد خصم الوظائف الشاغرة التي تستخدم اعتماداتها لتمويل عقود الموظفين المؤقتين. ولكن نظراً إلى النقص الحالي في التدفق النقدي، فإن الميزانية المتوقعة الحالية البالغة ١١,٤ مليون دولار تعتمد على تجميد قرابة ١٠٠٪ من الوظائف الشاغرة باستثناء عدد محدود من الوظائف الضرورية لأداء المهام الجوهرية. ولا يمكن إجراء مقارنة مباشرة بين المعلومات الواردة في هذا الجدول والبيانات الصادرة عن مكتب إدارة الموارد البشرية فيما يتعلق بالوظائف الشاغرة المفتوحة للتعيين.

وبسبب النقص في التدفق النقدي لفترة العامين هذه، وجب الإبقاء على عدد متوسط من الوظائف الشاغرة قدره ٢٧٧ وظيفة (١٤٠٦٪ من إجمالي عدد الوظائف القائمة).

وبلغت تكاليف الموظفين الفعلية ٨٧,٧ مليون دولار أي ما يمثل ٢٤,٦٪ من إجمالي المخصصات لتكاليف الموظفين البالغة ٣٥٧ مليون دولار. ويشمل هذا المبلغ ما يقارب مليون دولار من النفقات المتعلقة بالموظفين المؤقتين، أي ما يمثل ١٪ من تكاليف الموظفين.

وبلغت نسبة تطبيق اللامركزية في ميزانية تكاليف الموظفين ٣٥٪، علماً بأن معدل الإنفاق بلغ ٢٢٫٩٪.

تحليل الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية

على الرغم من أن الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية تمول عادة مشاريع يمتد تنفيذها على عدة سنوات، فإن هذا التحليل يقدم الاعتمادات والنفقات على أساس سنوي مما يتفق مع دورة إدارة اليونسكو.

وبعد أن صدرت الوثيقة م/٤ السابقة، عُدلت المنهجية المستخدمة ليتسنى تقديم معلومات أكثر اتساقاً وشفافية بشأن استخدام الموارد المالية الخارجة عن الميزانية. وذلك بالاستعاضة عن كلمة "المخصصات" (التي تتضمن التزامات غير مصفاة من السنوات السابقة) بعبارة "اعتمادات السنة الجارية" (وهي أموال متاحة من أجل التنفيذ). ويتيح ذلك الفرصة لمزيد من التركيز على الأداء باستخدام الأموال المتاحة للعام الجاري وتجنب تبيان الالتزامات غير المصفاة مرتين. ولذلك، فإن "الإنفاق في العام الحالي" يضم المصروفات والالتزامات غير المصفاة التي طرأت خلال الفترة الممتدة من ١ كانون الثاني/يناير إلى ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. وبسبب التكيّف مع هذه المنهجية الجديدة، فإن المقارنات بأرقام السنة السابقة ليست متاحة في هذا الجدول ولكن سيجري توفيرها في التقارير المقبلة.

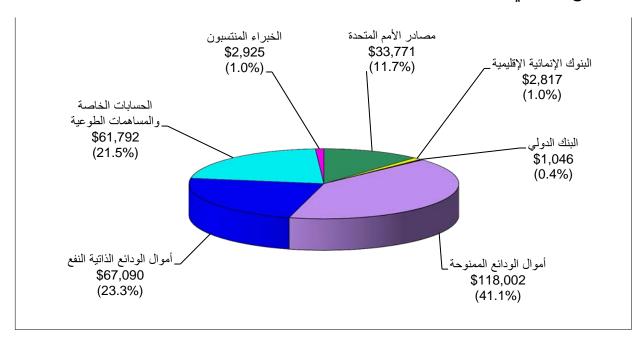
(ترد جميع الرسوم البيانية بآلاف الدولارات الأمريكية)

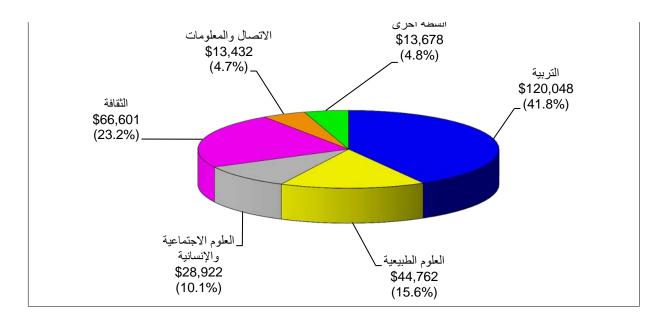
الشكل ١

البرامج الميدانية المولة من خارج الميزانية موزعة حسب مصادر التمويل وحسب البرامج الرئيسية

الاعتمادات في ٣٠ حزيران يونيو ٢٠١٢

المبلغ الإجمالي: ٢٨٧,٤ مليون دولار



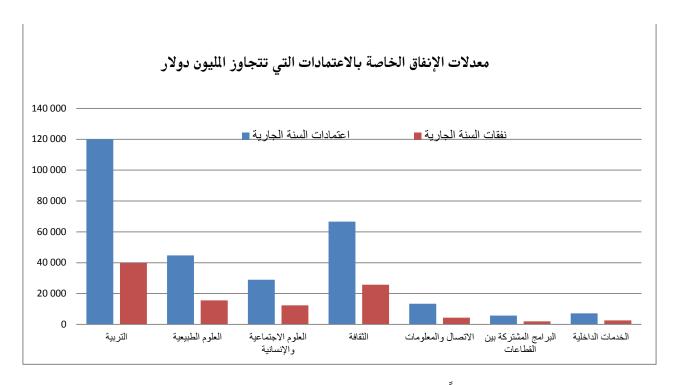


يبين الشكل ١ مبلغ الاعتمادات في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو حسب كل مصدر تمويل وكل برنامج رئيسي. ومنذ عدة سنوات وحتى الآن، لوحظت التوجهات التالية:

- فيما يتعلق بمصدر التمويل، تمثل أموال الودائع الجزء الأكبر من الأموال الخارجة عن الميزانية إذ تبلغ نسبتها ٤١٪ من إجمالي الاعتمادات السنوية (أي ١١٨ مليون دولار من أصل ٢٨٧,٤ مليون دولار)، وتليها الصناديق الذاتية النفع بنسبة ٢٣٪ (٦٧ مليون دولار)، ثم الحسابات الخاصة بنسبة ٢١٪ (٦١,٨ مليون دولار).
- وفيما يتعلق بالتوزيع حسب القطاعات، يظل قطاع التربية المستفيد الأساسي من الأنشطة الخارجة عن الميزانية إذ يستفيد بما يقارب ٤٢٪ من إجمالي الاعتمادات (أي ١٢٠ مليون دولار)، ويليه قطاع الثقافة بنسبة ٢٣٪ (٦٦,٦ مليون دولار). ويمثل هذان القطاعان معاً ويديران نحو ثلثي المساهمات الخارجة عن الميزانية.

الشكل ٢ البرنامج التنفيذي الخارج عن الميزانية في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢





ويقدم الشكل ٢ الوارد أعلاه عرضاً لاعتمادات السنة الجارية والنفقات المرتبطة بها في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢.

ويبلغ معدل استخدام الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية ٣٥,٩٪ (بلغت النفقات ١٠٣,١ مليون دولار من أصل الاعتمادات المالية البالغة ٢٨٧,٤ مليون دولار). وكما ذكر آنفاً، سترد في التقارير المقبلة مقارنات بأرقام العام السابق.

ويقدّم الجدول ٦ معلومات عن الوضع فيما يتعلق بالموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية حسب مصادر التمويل، مع التركيز بوجه خاص على نفقات السنة الجارية حتى ٣١ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٦. ويبين هذا الجدول أن أموال الودائع ومصادر الأمم المتحدة (بما فيها الصندوق الاستئماني المتعدد الشركاء المندرج في البرمجة المشتركة مع الأمم المتحدة) تمثل أكثر من نصف الاعتمادات والنفقات الخارجة عن الميزانية في ٣١ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢.

ويبين الجدول ٧ النفقات الممولة من خارج الميزانية في العام الجاري حسب مصادر التمويل والمناطق المستفيدة. ومثلما كان الحال في الماضي، لا تزال منطقة أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي المنطقة المستفيدة الرئيسية من الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية نتيجة لاتساع نطاق تعاون اليونسكو مع البرازيل. ولو استثنيت الأنشطة التي تمولها البرازيل (وهي مصروفات قدرها ١٢ مليون دولار)، لبلغت النفقات الخاصة بمنطقة أمريكا اللاتينية والكاريبي ١٥ مليون دولار في ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢. و حتى الآن، تحتل منطقة آسيا والمحيط الهادي المرتبة الثانية من حيث نفقات السنة الجارية لعام ٢٠١٢.

ويعرض الجدول ٨ الوضع فيما يتعلق بالاعتمادات والنفقات للعام الجاري حسب قطاعات/وحدات البرنامج والخدمات الداخلية. ويتفق الوزن النسبي لكل قطاع في إجمالي اعتمادات العام الجاري مع ما ورد في الشكل ١. إذ لا يزال قطاع التربية المستفيد الرئيسي من الموارد الخارجة عن الميزانية على صعيدى الاعتمادات والنفقات.

ويبين الجدول ٩ المبالغ التي تديرها معاهد اليونسكو من الفئة ١. وترد في جدول موحد خاص بكل معهد، معلومات مفصلة عن المساهمات موزعة حسب الجهات المانحة، بما في ذلك المساهمات المالية التي قدمتها اليونسكو. وتلقت المعاهد من الفئة ١ حتى ٣٠ حزيران/يونيو ٢٠١٢ مساهمات مالية قدرها ٦٦,٦ مليون دولار. ومثلما كان الحال في السنوات الماضية، تُعتبر إيطاليا الجهة المساهمة الأولى إذ بلغت مساهمتها المالية ٢٧,٣ مليون دولار (نتيجة لأنشطة المركز الدولي للفيزياء النظرية)، وتليها هولندا التي بلغت مساهمتها المالية ٨,٧ مليون دولار (وتعلقت هذه المساهمة بمعهد اليونسكو للتعليم في مجال المياه).