ANNEX: TABLES AND LOGFRAMES

Table I: Export Trends (2009-2010)

Major Exports	2009	2010*		
Goats/Sheep (in heads)	1,160,254	932,534		
Cattle in (in heads)	67,966	88,518		
Camels (in heads)	15,331	19,144		
Hides and skins (in bundles)	9,355	15,531		
Other general Cargo	342	305		

Source: Statistical Section MOPIC [*2010 figures include 10 months actual and 2 months estimated]

Table II: Import Trends (in metric tons)

Major import in tons	2009	2010*
Sugar	98,134	63,106
Rice	57,406	51,786
Flour	71,265	53,746
Pasta	22,207	23,239
Cooking oil	12,981	20,070
Construction materials	15,850	17,641
Petroleum	78,077	67,618
Cement	97,727	86,894
General Cargo(including bagged cargo)	102,368	107,305

Source: Statistical Section MOPIC [*2010 figures are based on 10 months actual and two months estimated]

Table III: Composition of Projected Revenue for 2011

Composition of	Actual Budget	% of Total	Proposed Budget	% of Total
Revenue Source	2010	Budget	2011*	Budget
Customs Duty	562,503,480,000	67.9%	596,097,600,000	66.8%

Other Indirect Taxes	98,385,000,000	11.9%	122,346,000,000	13.7%
Production tax	360,000,000	360,000,000 0.0% 360,000,000		0.0%
Income tax	24,276,000,000	2.9%	26,166,000,000	2.9%
Gov`t Property Fee	72,792,000,000	8.8%	73,392,000,000	8.2%
Govt Services Charges	61,389,000,000	7.4%	60,450,000,000	6.8%
Others	8,894,520,000	1.1%	13,934,400,000	1.6%
Total	828,600,000,000	100.0%	892,746,000,000	100.0%

*2011 Projected Revenue

Table IV: Composition of Expenditures: Puntland, 2010 & 2011

Composition of Annual				
Expenditures	2010	%	2011*	%
Salaries and Allowances	348, 871, 680,000	42.1%	369,746,376,000	41.4%
General Services of Government	152,606,016,000	18.4%	180,181,548,000	20.2%
General Expenditure A	169,500,000,000	20.5%	117,120,000,000	13.1%
General Expenditure B	153,302,670,000	18.5%	185,524,506,000	20.8%
Other Services	4,319,634,000	0.5%	40,173,570,000	4.5%
Total	828,600,000,000	100%	892,746,000,000	100%

Source: 2011 Puntland Annual Budget, Ministry of Finance

Table V: Ministry of Education Budgetary Allocation for 2011 and 2012

DETAILS	2011	2012	Total USD
Government Budget			
Personnel Costs	369,746,376,000	469,390,422,000	15,646,347
Services	522,999,624,000	689,293,578,000	22,976,453
Total Government Budget	892,746,000,000	1,158,684,000,000	38,622,800

MoE Budget			
Personnel Costs	15,662,154,000	264,333,18,000	881,111
Services	4,423,620,000	5,503,620,000	183,454
Education Development Budget	12,000,000,000	9,600,000,000	320,000
Total MoE Budget	32,085,774,000	41,536,938,000	1,384,565
MoE Percentage of Total Budget	2%	3.5%	3.5%
MoE personnel Costs as a percentage of MoE Budget	49%	64%	64%
Services Budget Breakdown			
Material Supplies		660,000,000	22,000
Repairs and Maintenance		312,000,000	10,400
Internal Travel Expenses		360,000,000	12,000
Public Utilities		4,171,620,000	139,054
Total MoE Services Budget		5,503,620,000	183,454

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Table VI: To implement registration system of the ECE centres.

Specific Objectives

Strategies

To develop a comprehensive national policy for ECE		Develop ECE policy in partnership with ministries of Justice, Health and implementing partners Disseminate ECE policy to the stakeholders
Access and community Education Partnership		Make pre-school programs affordable
		• Provide ECE services that take into account the needs of the community
Quality		Develop a curriculum that combines Quran, health, nutrition, and education that build on mother tongue instruction.
	•	ECE teachers to be quality staff
	•	Establish minimum operating standards
		Monitoring and evaluation of ECE programs and practices

Table VII: LogFrame for prioritized activities for Early childhood education

Objectives	Strategies	Required Actions	Verifiable indicators
To develop a comprehensive national policy for ECE	 Develop ECE policy in partnership with ministries of Justice, Health and implementing partners Disseminate ECE policy to the stakeholders. 	 Organize meetings with representatives of line ministries and education partners interested in ECE to develop a national policy on ECE 	 Line ministries meetings held and comprehensive national policy on ECE developed Policy of the ECE owned and in forced.
Access and community Education Partnership	 Make pre-school programs affordable Provide ECE services that take into account the needs of the community 	 Establish ECE facilities with adequate WASH and playground in very village Allow parents more unrestricted access to ECE centres and pre- schools to be assistants at centres and pre-schools 	 More centres and pre-school in all villages More parents involve in the operations and running of the centres.

Quality	 Develop a curriculum that combines Quran, health, nutrition, and education that build on mother tongue instruction. ECE teachers to be quality staff Establish minimum operating standards Monitoring and evaluation of ECE programs and practices 	 Employ trained and qualified specialist ECE teachers Establish a team of technical experts to produce a balanced curriculum for use by all pre-schools ECE to have minimum operating standards with adequate materials and equipment Establish one model pre-schools in each region ensuring that the special needs category are covered 	 Better educated and trained staff and teachers manning pre-schools Pre-school curriculum produced and in use Minimum operating standards in place and publicized. Model schools are operational in all regions.
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 Table X: Lower and Upper primary Enrollments by Gender, Region and School Types

Lov	wer and Upper Primary	Enrolments by Gender,	Region and School 1	уре
LO	ver and Upper Primary	Enrolments by Gender,	Region and School I	ype

2011		P	S			AE	۶E			IQ.	S		Tota	I All Sc	hool Ty	pes
Lower Primary	F	M	T	% F	F	H	Τ	%F	F	H	Τ	% F	F		T	% F
Ayn	998	1609	2607	38%					178	240	418	43%	1176	1849	3025	39%
Bari	7581	10082	17663	43%	351	462	813	43%	1639	2274	3913	42%	9571	12818	22389	43%
Karkar	2632	3330	5962	44%	73	112	185	39%	943	1106	2049	46%	3648	4548	8196	45%
Mudug	4811	5572	10383	46%					195	253	448	44%	5006	5825	10831	46%
Nugal	5980	6829	12809	47%					216	283	499	43%	6196	7112	13308	47%
Sanag	2322	2867	5189	45%					129	166	295	44%	2451	3033	5484	45%
Sool	2637	3339	5976	44%					10	18	28	36%	2647	3357	6004	44%
Sub Total LP	26961	33628	60589	44%	424	574	998	42%	3310	4340	7650	43%	30695	38542	69237	44%
Upper Primary	F	L	T	% F	F	М	T	%F	F	L	T	% F	F	M	T	% F
Ayn	360	563	923	39%					- 36	69	105	34%	396	632	1028	39%
Bari	2774	3984	6758	41%	76	171	247	31%	316	370	686	46%	3166	4525	7691	41%
Karkar	1088	1650	2738	40%	37	71	108	34%	15	36	51	29%	1140	1757	2897	39%
Mudug	2833	4068	6901	41%					72	72	144	50%	2905	4140	7045	41%
Nugal	2653	3552	6205	43%							0		2653	3552	6205	43%
Sanag	1013	1523	2536	40%					15	22	37	41%	1028	1545	2573	40%
Sool	481	692	1173	41%							0		481	692	1173	41%
Sub Total UP	11202	16032	27234	41%	113	242	355	32%	454	569	1023	44%	11769	16843	28612	41%
Grand Total	38163	49660	87823	43%	537	816	1353	40%	3764	4909	8673	43%	42464	55385	97849	43%

NumTeachers	Gender 🔽		
Regions 🛛 🔽	Female	Male Gra	nd Total
Aym	22	124	146
Bani	109	846	955
Kankar	92	425	517
Mudug	61	504	565
Mugal	1114	481	595
Samag	48	376	424
Sool	15	215	230
Grand Total	461	2971	3432

	Total Teachers					alified	Teach	ers	C	ertified	Teach	ers
PS	F	M	Т	XE	F	M	Т	XE	F	4	Т	XE
Ayn	21	109	130	16%	4	31	35	11%	0	6	6	0%
Bari	91	673	764	12%	22	267	289	8%	2	46	48	4%
Karkar	73	370	443	16%	36	184	220	16%	2	6	8	25%
Mudug	61	492	553	11%	31	333	364	9%	8	74	82	10%
Nugal	113	463	576	20%	47	232	279	17%	6	41	47	13%
Sanag	48	356	404	12%	24	201	225	11%	4	36	40	10%
Sool	15	214	229	7%	3	81	84	4%	1	24	25	4%
PL Tot	422	2677	3099	14%	167	1329	1496	11%	23	233	256	9%

Number of Teachers, Number Qualified and Number Certilied

	Total Teachers					alified	Teach	ers	Certified Teachers			
ABE	F		T	XF	F		Т	XF	F		T	XF
Ayn												
Bari	6	33	39	15%	6	19	25	24%	0	0	0	
Karkar	2	9	11	18%	0	2	2	0%	0	0	0	
Mudug												
Nugal												
Sanag												
Sool												
PL Tot	8	42	50	16%	6	21	27	22%	0	0	0	

Total Teachers				Q	alified	Teach	ers	Certilied Teachers				
IQS	F		Т	XF	F		Т	XF	F		Т	XF
Аул	1	15	16	6%	0	4	4	0%	0	4	4	0%
Bari	12	140	152	8%	2	70	72	3%	2	70	72	3%
Karkar	9	71	80	11%	7	12	19	37%	7	12	19	37%
Mudug												
Nugal												
Sanag	0	13	13	0%	0	2	2		0	2	2	
Sool	0	1	1	0%	0	0	0		0	0	0	
PL Tot	22	240	262	8%	9	88	97	9%	9	88	97	9%

[No.	Sent			No. Re	ceived			% Rec	eived	
2011	PS	ABE	IQS	Tot	PS	ABE	IQS	Tot	PS	ABE	IQS	Tot
Ayn	20		4	24	20		4	24	100%		100%	100%
Bari	117	5	22	144	116	5	22	143	99%	100%	100%	99%
Karkar	67	2	40	109	67	2	34	103	100%	100%	85%	94%
Mudug	61			61	52			52	85%			85%
Nugal	82			82	74			74	90%			90%
Sanag	51		4	- 55	43		3	46	84%		75%	84%
Sool	39		1	40	39		1	40	100%		100%	100%
PL Tot	437	7	71	515	411	7	64	482	94%	100%	90%	94%

No. of Surveys Sent, Received and % Received

School Census 2011/2012

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for Achieving Universal Primary Education and Completion

Specific objectives Access and equity : ensure that children of age of 6 years are enrolled in primary schools	 School feeding provision Universal Primary education sensitization Establish child friendly space facilities for the special needs even at the early age of 6 years Enrolment of primary school aged raised from current 44% to 60%
Teachers To improve the quality of primary education Nationwide.	 Gender parity addressed and all primary schools gender responsive. Ensure that Puntland government identifies Funding to cover salaries of all primary teachers in public schools.

	• Improve teachers qualification status by certifying at least20% of the teachers annually.
	• Ensure improvement in the quality of teaching nationwide
Harmonization of primary curriculum and educational materials	• Ensure a uniform curriculum is in force in all primary schools nationwide
	 Ensure curriculum support materials are available nationwide
Supervision	• Effective monitoring and supervision of schools to ensure quality

TABLE XI: prioritized activities for primary education

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required Action	Verifiable indicators
Access and equity : ensure that children of age of 6 years are enrolled in primary schools	 School feeding provision Universal Primary education sensitization Establish child friendly space facilities for the special needs even at the early age of 6 years Enrolment of primary school aged raised from current 44% to 60% Gender parity addressed and all primary schools gender responsive. 	 Construct 600 classroom or 120 schools constructed and 1200 teachers employed to cater for 24,000 enrolment projected in five years Community mobilization and education to increase access Strengthening Accelerated Basic schools for the disadvantaged and marginalized group of the community. Undertake needs assessment (mapping) and develop a plan for school expansion and construction, to be negotiated with development partners and private sector. 	 20% of school age children are enrolled. School feeding programme in operation in selected schools in rural and hardship district Provision of special needs facilities to the primary schools All districts nationwide sensitized on access including gender. Improved access and completion of girls in primary education with the aim of attaining gender parity and equality Separate Physical and Health Education facilities for females and males

Teachers To improve the quality of primary education Nationwide.	 Ensure that Puntland government identifies Funding to cover salaries of all primary teachers in public schools. Improve teachers qualification status by certifying at least 20% of the teachers annually. Ensure improvement in the quality of teaching nationwide 	 procedures and remunerations for teachers placement Identify funding sources to supplement MOE budge through, development partners, to cover all teachers' monitored. Increase in percentage of teachers in remote/rural areas Good quality furniture in all schools All qualified teachers graded basing the system on their academic qualification. existing pre-service and in-service
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Harmonization of primary curriculum and educational materials	 Ensure a uniform curriculum is in force in all primary schools nationwide Ensure curriculum support materials are available nationwide. 	 School heads to monitor work plans and weekly records of teachers Develop a relevant and harmonized curriculum and syllabus Attain Textbook-pupil ratio of 1:2 in all primary schools mid 2015. Develop supplementary readers for all languages by 2015. Develop teacher manuals at all levels School heads to monitor work plans and weekly records of teachers Relevant curriculum and syllabus developed are in use Approved textbooks for all subjects available in all primary schools Core languages supplementary readers available in all schools Support materials inform of manuals for teachers are in use
Supervision	Effective monitoring and supervision of schools to ensure quality	 Annual Plan of quality assurance and control of schools to be developed by Quality Assurance and Standards Appoint more QA staff Develop annual budget for supervision activities to be conducted Biennial short term in-service training for all QAS staff Provision of communication equipment and transportation facilities Annual plan of inspection available and being implemented Increased number of staff Annual budget developed and MoF scaling finances provided to inspectorate All inspectorate staff participating in short term in-service training Motor bikes and four wheel drive vehicles provided

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for Achieving secondary education

Specific objectives	Strategies
Expand enrolments in the Secondary School sector including girls and the disadvantaged groups	 Make available access to secondary school sector from current 36% to 50% and reduce drop out rate by 5% by 2016 Accessibility to schools in rural areas. Make secondary schools 'special needs' friendly Girl-child education sensitizations to be continuous
Better preparation of pupils for the world of work (those not continuing with tertiary education	 Examine the relevance of the curriculum to meet the economic needs of society. Provide required knowledge, skills and resources for world of work
To improve the quality of Secondary Education nationwide	• Ensure that there are good quality teachers in schools in all regions with a special focus on rural areas
Ensure that there is improvement in the quality of teaching/learning environment	 Improve the teacher training curriculum and syllabuses Textbook-student ratio of 1:4 in all secondary schools Curriculum is more relevant to economic development and labour market needs Effective monitoring and supervision of schools to ensure quality Improve financial management process in schools
To provide a rounded education for maximum student development	 Make improved provisions for the physical well-being of the pupil Encourage the development of more positive attitudes

Equity	•	Scholarship fund for high-performing girls
		and children from marginalized groups

Table XII: prioritized activities for secondary education

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required Action	Verifiable indicators	Estimated
Access Expand enrolments in the Secondary School sector including girls and the disadvantaged groups	 Make available access to secondary school sector from current 36% to 50% and reduce drop out rate by 5% by 2016 Accessibility to schools in rural areas. Make secondary schools 'special needs' friendly Girl-child education sensitizations to be continuous 	conducted per region, districts by REOs and DEOs.	 Quick assessment report New and rehabilitated schools All towns and villages with schools accessible by road/rivers Special needs children able to move around school buildings easily More teaching learning materials available for the blind Increase in number of girls accessing primary schooling 	cost
QUALITY Pottor proportion of	• Evamina the relevance of	•	•	
Better preparation of	• Examine the relevance of	• Ensure that revised curriculum	Secondary school graduates better	

pupils for the world of work (those not continuing with tertiary education	 the curriculum to meet the economic needs of society. Provide required knowledge, skills and resources for world of work 	 makes provision for preparing students for work Train Guidance Counselors to give careers guidance and jobs counseling. Organize visits to industries and offices 	 prepared for world of work Guidance Counselors providing careers guidance and advice for students
To improve the quality of Secondary Education nationwide.	good quality teachers in schools in all regions with a special focus on rural areas	 Employ trained and qualified teachers Provide more planned and better quality inservice training and annual development workshops Revisit and review working conditions of service for teachers Establish 'remote' area and subject allowances 	 Trained and qualified teachers in secondary schools More teachers with in-service training and Annual school based workshops going on Revised conditions of service for teachers Remote area and subject allowances paid
Ensure that there is improvement in the quality of teaching/learning environment	training curriculum and syllabusesTextbook-student ratio of	 Reduce class sizes Provide more teaching/learning aids, including teacher guides to schools and training on their use Review curriculum in terms of medium of instruction, harmonization, DRR, ICT, climate change, HIV/AIDS, hygiene and sanitation, integration of maturity and relevance to economic development and national labour market needs and make constant reviews. The curriculum emphasis math, science, business and home economics. Reduce textbook student ratio 	 Revised Teacher training curriculum and syllabuses Smaller class sizes Schools with more aids and teacher guides that are in use Textbook ratio in secondary school is 1:4 Reviewed curriculum in use

	• Effective monitoring and supervision of schools to ensure quality	from the present 1:7 to 1:4Constructteaching/learning resource centres in all regionsAnnual Plan of supervision of schools to be developed by Quality AssuranceAnnual plan of supervision available and being implementedAppoint more Quality Assurance OfficersIncreased number of staffAppoint more Quality Assurance OfficersAnnual budget for supervision activities to be conductedBiennial short term in-service training for all Quality Assurance staffAll inspectorate staff participating in short term in-service trainingProvision of communication equipment and transportation facilitiesProvision of communication equipment and transportation	
	Improve financial management process in schools	 Financial management training for all principals/vice-principals and senior teachers of schools in all regions during the holidays Employ qualified and trained bursars/Accountants Judicious use of resources by schools administration Qualified and trained Bursars /Accountants in all secondary schools 	
To provide a rounded education for maximum student development	 Make improved provisions for the physical well-being of the pupil Encourage the development of more positive attitudes 	 Rehabilitate and improve on sports facilities for schools at the district level Establish and organize / better structure PE/sport programmes at the Secondary school level Provide schools with sports equipment Organization of Established sports grounds/ facilities in use in districts Properly planned sports programmes in operation at secondary school level A higher standard of sports at school level 	

		 inter-school sports competitions 		
Equity	 Scholarship fund for high- performing girls and children from marginalized groups. 	 Identify funding sources using MOE budget and , development partners, to enable high- performing girls with emphasis from the poor families to attend secondary school. 	performing girls and marginalized groups	

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving higher education

Specific objectives	Strategies
Higher Education Policy	 Commission for Higher Education (CHE) responsible for policy formulation and implementation established Medium-term financing plan in place
Improve Access and Equity	 Implement affirmative action policies for disadvantaged students, including girls Scholarship fund for high-performing girls from poor and disadvantaged groups

Improve quality of Higher Education	 Curriculum is more relevant to economic development and labour market needs Professional development of academic and non-academic staff Develop systems of quality assurance and accreditation Update and modernize libraries and other facilities Update and Modernize Curriculum
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Table XIII: prioritized activities for Higher education

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required actions	Verifiable indicators
Access			
Higher Education Policy	 Commission for Higher Education (CHE) responsible for policy formulation and implementation established Medium-term financing plan in 	 Establish a quasi-autonomous Commission for Higher Education under MOE and HEI representation and with a secretariat. Develop financing plans clarifying co- financing partners 	 CHE Established and Functional Financing of secretariat for CHE operational
Improve Access and Equity	place		. Condor parity in university envolvent and
Improve Access and Equity	 Implement affirmative action policies for disadvantaged students, including girls 	 Research equity issues in access to higher education to identify excluded groups and reasons for exclusion 	 Gender parity in university enrolment and graduation rates. 50% increase in enrolments of students
	 Scholarship fund for high- performing girls from poor and disadvantaged groups 	 Identify funding sources using MOE budget and development partners to enable high- performing girls to attend institutions of higher education 	 from disadvantaged regions/households Procedure for means-testing developed Grant funding for bursaries available Funding identified and awarded

Quality	 Curriculum is more relevant to economic development and labour market needs 	• Review curriculum in terms of relevance to economic development and national labour market needs.	 Harmonized and reviewed Curriculum in use
Improve quality of Higher Education	 Professional development of academic and non-academic staff 	 Aggressively recruit qualified persons Develop opportunities for staff to upgrade their qualifications Introduce incentive grants to cover some of the costs of having staff upgrade their qualification Rewards or incentives in terms of promotion for staff with training Provide opportunities for peer to peer teaching and learning Encourage relevant research into local problems 	 100% of all staff have minimum qualifications required by law 50% of staff upgraded their Qualification Improvements shown in annual performance review of staff Research paper published
	 Develop systems of quality assurance and accreditation 	 Develop set of standards to be used for assessment and accreditation Accreditation becomes a core function of the CHE Train independent evaluators Establish links with other institutions at home and aboard 	 Standards for assessment and accreditation developed by CHE Evaluators trained Baseline assessment of all higher education institutions carried out Active links established
	Update and modernize libraries and other facilities	 Determine critical infrastructure needs Develop an ICT strategy Set up a capital improvement fund and implement fund-raising strategy 	 Study of critical infrastructure needs done ICT strategy developed Fund-raising strategy developed and implemented 80% of funds needed to address critical infrastructure raised by 2015
	Update and Modernize Curriculum	• Review of curriculum in all institutions and Faculties	New curriculum agreed and in use

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving teacher education

Specific Objectives	Strategies
Quality	•
To produce a higher proportion of female teacher	 Make teacher training and the teaching short and medium terms profession more attractive to females An increase in the percentage of senior school personnel that are females. •
To recruit more qualified and trained teachers	 National policies putting a ceiling on recruitments of teachers should at various levels be established
To curb the high attrition rates of qualified teachers	Bond the teachers
	Make teaching an attractive and financially secured life-long profession
To upgrade the quality of existing teachers in schools, especially in the rural area	 Provide in-service training workshops to introduce new teaching skills and updates in the subject- knowledge of teachers
	• Establishment of materials and resource centres / libraries
	 Effective monitoring mechanisms of quality upgrading
To produce more highly trained and qualified teachers for	• To produce more highly trained and qualified teachers for all levels of the expanding school
all levels of the expanding school system nationwide	system nationwide
	 Revise and improve the teacher education curriculum and syllabus and ensure that issues such as HIV/AIDS education are well covered.
	Introduce innovative teaching strategies in the colleges and prepare teachers to use innovative

child-friendly, girl-friendly approaches in the classroom
 Harmonize the content and approaches of the many in-service training programmes offered by various agencies

Table XIV: prioritized activities for teacher education

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required actions	Verifiable indicators
Quality		•	•
To produce a higher proportion of female teacher	 Make teacher training and the teaching short and medium terms profession more attractive to females An increase in the percentage of senior school personnel that are females. 	 Make teacher training and the teaching profession more attractive to females. Give preference to qualified female applicants for places when warranted and possible 	school personnel that are femalesMore qualified and trained female Teachers
To recruit more qualified and trained teachers	National policies putting a ceiling on recruitments of teachers should at various levels be established	 Establish Teacher recruitment and remuneration procedures Promotion of teachers based on performance and merit 	 Recruit more qualified teachers on the basis of demand Teachers promoted on merit
To curb the high attrition rates of qualified teachers	Bond the teachersMake teaching an attractive and	• Get a commitment for teachers who have been educated through public	

	financially secured life-long profession	 funds to stay in the profession for a specified number of years. Establish and Capacitate Teacher's Unit (TU) in the Education Division of all regions Train teachers in management skills for career development Provide incentives to teachers who work in rural areas staffed and equipped Reduction in teacher problems Teachers trained and Incentives given 	
To upgrade the quality of existing teachers in schools, especially in the rural area	 Provide in-service training workshops to introduce new teaching skills and updates in the subject-knowledge of teachers Establishment of materials and resource centres / libraries Effective monitoring mechanisms of quality upgrading 	 Organize in-service training workshops for teachers on new skills and updates in knowledge of the subjects Expand and equip existing teacher colleges, and selected secondary schools to also function as a Resource Centre and Library for teachers In service training organized. Existing teachers' colleges and selected secondary schools to also function as a Resource Centre and Library for teachers 	≥d
To produce more highly trained and qualified teachers for all levels of the expanding school system nationwide	 To produce more highly trained and qualified teachers for all levels of the expanding school system nationwide Revise and improve the teacher education curriculum and syllabus and ensure that issues such as HIV/AIDS education are well covered. 	 Establish more teacher training institutions especially in the regions Organize training of trainers to be selected from the best teachers Give directives to teacher training institutions to ensure that the curriculum and syllabus are revised incorporating HIV/AIDS, Peace Education and other issues Establish more teacher training institution to ensure that the curriculum and syllabus are revised incorporating HIV/AIDS, Peace Education and other issues Establish more teacher training institution to ensure that the curriculum and syllabus are revised incorporating HIV/AIDS, Peace Education and other issues 	be nd se
	 Introduce innovative teaching strategies in the colleges and prepare teachers to use innovative child-friendly, girl-friendly approaches in the classroom 	 Sensitize and organize in-service training for teacher trainers on innovative teaching strategies by Consultants on innovative teaching techniques Harmonized training manual in contents ar approaches developed 	ıd

 Harmonize the content and approaches of the many in-service training programmes offered by various agencies 	innovative teaching strategies	
	 Develop a harmonized tra manual on content and approa for in-service training programs. 	ning ches

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving TVET

	Specific objectives	Strategies
Ac	cess	
•	35% of post-primary and primary dropouts enrolled in technical, vocational or professional programmes [NOTE: while this is a useful Indicator, all possible actions must be taken to ensure that TVET is not perceived as for those who have 'failed' academically.] Enrolment rates of girls, and of children from pastoral communities increase by 10% in TVET programmes At least one vocational training centre offering flexible multi-trade programmes based on local needs	 Sensitize the public on the importance of the linkages between TVET training and poverty alleviation Improve access and enrolment to all with focus on females by establishing more TVET training centres nationwide. Better coordination and administration of skills training by improving on existing structures
Qu	ality	

 Develop competency based curriculum for eight occupational standards. 	•	Development of improved and new standardized courses, curricula and syllabi focusing on competencies for training at all levels below the
 To provide Nationally recognized accreditations for TVET offerings 	•	tertiary to meet the needs of the country. Conduct standardized examinations for certificate granting TVET institutions
To ensure that all in TVET institutions become self-sustainable	•	Ensure improvement in the quality of teaching

Table XV: prioritized activities for TVET

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required actions	Verifiable indicators
 Access 35% of post-primary and primary dropouts enrolled in technical, vocational or professional programmes 	 Sensitize the public on the importance of the linkages between TVET training and 	 Produce and adopt TVET Sub sector Policy 	TVET Sub Sector Policy adopted
 Enrolment rates of girls, and of children from pastoral communities increase by 10% in TVET programs At least one vocational training centre offering flexible multi- 	 poverty alleviation Improve access and enrolment to all with focus on females by establishing more TVET training centres nationwide. 	 Visit existing structures, review and identify shortcomings 	 Shortcomings identified, reviewed and addressed
trade programmes based on local needs	 Better coordination and administration of skills training by improving on existing structures 4 new Polytechnics 	 Construction and rehabilitation of more TVET training centres which are special needs and female friendly Construct 4 polytechnics 	Rehabilitated and constructed more TVET centres in all regions Four new polytechnics constructed and in use.

 Quality Develop competency based curriculum for eight occupational standards. To provide Nationally recognized accreditations for TVET offerings Number of TVET teachers increased from current 95 to 320 Capacity building of teachers 	 Development of improved and new standardized courses, curricula and syllabi focusing on competencies for training at all levels below the tertiary to meet the needs of the country. Conduct standardized examinations for certificate granting TVET institutions 225 teachers hired 100 teachers in- 	 Involve representatives of businesses in TVET curriculum and syllabuses planning and development under the leadership of MOE. PNEB takes examination on board All centres to have adequate TVET instructors Adequate training for teachers in all competency areas. Standardized nationally endorsed TVET training curricula and syllabi produced and in operation Examinations for all skills and competencies providing institutions standardized 320 teachers placed on the payroll. All teachers capacity improved.
To ensure that all in TVET institutions become self-sustainable	 exercised yearly Ensure improvement in the quality of teaching 	 Compel facilitators and trainers to participate in short training programs More and better trained facilitators/trainers in TVET competency based training centres

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving NFE

Specific objectives	Strategies
	National literacy and Numeracy NFE policy developed
Raise the literacy rate in the	
Country	Awareness of NFE increased at all levels
	Establish NFE offices in all regions
	NFE learning centres to be established in all regions
To provide equitable access to literacy and quality	Improve access and enrolment to all with focus on

skills training for individuals with no schooling and those with education below the primary level	females and the physically and mentally challenged by establishing more literacy and skills training centres nationwide Sensitise the public on the importance of the linkages between literacy eradication, skills training and poverty reduction
To ensure that the appropriate quality teaching and skills training meet the training needs of the country.	NFE Harmonized Curriculum developed Pre-service and in-service teacher training programmes for NFE teachers available Production of NFE appropriate learning and teaching materials available to all levels in all NFE centres Effective monitoring and supervision of NFE Centres to ensure quality

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required actions	Verifiable indicators
Access			
Raise the literacy rate in the Country	National literacy and Numeracy NFE policy developed Awareness of NFE increased at all levels Establish NFE offices in all regions NFE learning centres to be established in all regions	formal and non formal and strategy for transition.	 NFE policy developed Advocacy and awareness campaign conducted All regions have NFE learning cernters.

To provide equitable access to literacy and quality skills training for individuals with no schooling and those with education below the primary level	 Improve access and enrolment to all with focus on females and the physically and mentally challenged by establishing more literacy and skills training centres nationwide Sensitise the public on the importance of the linkages between literacy eradication, skills training and poverty reduction 	 with special needs focusing on livelihood skills Construction and rehabilitation of more literacy and skills training centres which are special needs and female friendly. MoE in collaboration with NGOs working in the area, to sensitise the public on the importance and value of being literate and possessing a saleable skills 	are special needs and female-friendly.
Quality	•	•	•
To ensure that the appropriate quality teaching and skills training meet the training needs of the country.	 NFE Harmonized Curriculum developed Pre-service and in-service teacher training programmes for NFE teachers available Production of NFE appropriate learning and teaching materials available to all levels in all NFE centres 	 Design, and develop curriculum for NFE. Design TT programmes and train trainers for NFE, literacy and numeracy teacher education. Distribute developed materials to all centres Improve supervision, monitoring and evaluation capacity at all levels and develop a supervision system. Provide training to selected curriculum development centre staff in NFE education materials production. 	developed.Teacher training programs enhanced

 Effective monitoring and supervision of NFE Centres to ensure quality 		Annual Plan of supervision of NFE Centres to be developed by Quality Assurance Appoint more Quality Assurance Officers Develop annual budget for Supervision activities to be conducted.	•	Annual plan of supervision available and being implemented Increased number of staff Annual budget developed and MoE scaling finances provided to QAS Motor bikes and four drive vehicles provided
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Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving cross cutting issues including SEN

Specific objectives	Strategies
Gender mainstreaming	 50% of primary school enrolment is female. 35% of secondary school is female. 30% of teachers in all sectors of are female. 30% of employment opportunities in MOE are female.
Disadvantaged groups, pastoral & coastal, IDPs, OVCs	 All teachers demonstrate gender awareness Expansion of the education system takes account of children in need of special care and protection. Pastoralists and coastal families get access and equal opportunity in education. Emergency preparedness mechanisms put in place through contingency planning.
Life skills, health, HIV /AIDS, environment, peace and	 Retention and completion, especially of girls, enhanced. Sustainability of teaching of life skills, health HIV/AIDS,
conflict resolution	 environment, peace and conflict resolution. Peaceful o-existence of communities
Ensure that all children with SEN of different categories are catered for through inclusive education and placement	Establish SNEARC at the MOE HQ Develop National Special Needs Education policy
	Special education needs (SEN) assessments and

	requirement carried out and identified. Placements of SEN pupils in SEN schools and integration of Physically disabled, Hearing impaired, and Visually Handicapped in regular schools with these disabilities friendly space.
Professional delivery of services to learners with SEN for the best of their interests	 Feasibility of training teachers (for each type of disability) conducted Curricula for each disability and teaching materials are developed Development partners support SEN in a coordinated way

Table XVII: prioritized activities for cross cutting issues and SNE

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required action	Verifiable indicator
Gender mainstreaming	 50% of primary school enrolment is female. 35% of secondary school is female. 30% of teachers in all sectors of are female. 30% of employment opportunities in MOE are female. All teachers demonstrate gender 	 Strengthen existing Gender Unit within MOE. Develop and implement an awareness campaign, including religious leaders, media, community elders, and use of existing role models in various government 	 Gender unit established Advocacy campaign conducted in all regions and through media Gender equality achieved in all learning institutions. Adequate female teachers in schools Affirmative action on employment of

	awareness	 departments. Integrate gender awareness training into all teacher training programmes Reduce gender prejudices and stereotypes in schools 	female in use.
Disadvantaged groups, pastoral & coastal, IDPs, OVCs	 Expansion of the education system takes account of children in need of special care and protection. Pastoralists and coastal families get access and equal opportunity in education. Emergency preparedness mechanisms put in place through contingency planning. Retention and completion, especially of girls, enhanced. 	 Establish special orphanage homes for rehabilitation and schooling Introduce Nomadic mobile schools near water points to cater for the education of the nomadic children in all the regions. Teachers in Nomadic mobile schools to be given additional incentives to keep them in such schools. Nomadic mobile schools should have both gender wings, a matron and a nurse with medical facilities 	 System caters for the children who require special care and protection. Schools established in the pastoral and coastal families. Early warning system put in place Retention and completion, especially of girls enhanced. Life skills and peace education incorporated in school syllabi

		 Introduce school feeding programmes. Quranic teachers in nomadic communities to be trained to teach basic subjects 	
Life skills, health, HIV /AIDS, environment, peace and conflict resolution	 Sustainability of teaching of life skills, health HIV/AIDS, environment, peace and conflict resolution. Peaceful o-existence of communities 	 Incorporate life skills, health, HIV/AIDS, environment, peace and conflict resolution into Primary, sec. colleges, University curricula Create Peace awareness through media 	
Ensure that all children with SEN of different categories are catered for through inclusive education and placement	 Establish SNEARC at the MOE HQ Develop National Special Needs Education policy Special education needs (SEN) assessments and requirement carried out and identified. 	 Develop SEN national policy and guidelines and inclusive education where applicable. SEN assessments centres to coordinate and identify SEN pupils in all regions established for possible placement. 	 Inclusive national policy and guidelines for SNE developed. Assessment conducted in all regions Primary schools responsive to SEN and disability friendly space

	 Placements of SEN pupils in SEN schools and integration of Physically disabled, Hearing impaired, and Visually Handicapped in regular schools with these disabilities friendly space. 	 Integrate SEN of manageable disabilities into ordinary primary schools which is responsive and with disability friendly space. 	
Professional delivery of services to learners with SEN for the best of their interests	 Feasibility of training teachers (for each type of disability) conducted Curricula for each disability and teaching materials are developed Development partners support 	 Train few already qualified primary teachers to acquire knowledge and assessment skills in SEN. Develop curricula for all category of disabilities Acquire and develop teaching- learning materials Identify, establish 	 Assessment teachers have qualified status Curriculum developed in use Teaching and learning materials adequately provided. Development partners supported the program

SEN	in	а	and	regularise	
coordin	ated way		coordin	ating	
			mechar	ism with	
			develop	oment	
			partner	s for SNE	

Specific Objectives and Key Strategies for achieving capacity for MoE HQ

Specific Objectives	Strategies		
Capacity of the central MOE improved to sustainably manage the education sector	Improve access to quality education nationwide Partnerships: community, aid agencies, private sector		
To develop a cadre of managers and leaders at all levels Conduct initial needs	 assessment of the technical capacity gaps at school, 		
	Develop long-term, on-going capacity building		
Decentralization	 strategy for staff at all levels in collaboration with IP or other tertiary institutions Effective management of MoE Regional, District and institutional organizations enhanced 		
	• Further develop the capacities of CECs		

Table XVIII: prioritized activities for MoE HQ

Specific objectives	Strategies	Required actions	Verifiable indicators
Capacity of the central MOE improved to sustainably manage the education sector	Partnerships: community, aid agencies, private	 Strengthen the implementation of EMIS Code of regulations, code of conduct and Ethics developed. Draft the Education Act and code of regulations based on Constitution, Conventions, and PEPP and, in consultation with all stakeholders. Initiate implementing of regulations based on the Education Act. Integrate development partner 	 MoE restructured into seven Directorates with functions and operations of each clearly spelt out From 2012

	sector	 implementing projects into MOE from 2012 Education sector budget captures funding from all stakeholders and mechanisms put in place by 2014 Establish a teacher management division in the HR department charged with the registration, remuneration, and discipline of teachers. Implement registration system for all institutions leading to full recognition 	 system for proper accountability. MOE staffs acquired knowledge and experience directly from projects and planned their integration MoE staff and teachers' recruitment, remuneration, transfers, deployment and promotions put in place by 2013
To develop a cadre of managers and leaders at all levels Conduct initial needs	 assessment of the technical capacity gaps at school, Develop long- term, on-going capacity 	 Build survey instrument Develop library (learning centre) Develop HR policies and guidelines Develop courses on 	 Needs assessment survey instrument developed and in operation HR policies and guidelines already developed and in

	building strategy for staff at all levels in collaboration with IP or other tertiary institutions	education finance, logistics, procurement, monitoring, administration, school management and other common functions	 operation Long-term on going capacity building strategy in place
Decentralization	 Effective management of MoE Regional, District and institutional organizations enhanced Further develop the capacities of CECs 	 Build capacity of the regional and district staff Provision of adequate facilities and equipment in all regional and district offices. Produce a programme for further developing capacities of CECs Require DEOs to work with REOs to implement CECs training programme 	 REOs and DEOs trained to facilitate the capacity building of the CECs.