

Intangible Cultural Heritage

1.EXT. GA

Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura

Организация Объединенных Наций по вопросам образования, науки и культуры

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UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND **CULTURAL ORGANIZATION**

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATES PARTIES TO THE CONVENTION FOR THE SAFEGUARDING OF THE INTANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE

> First Extraordinary Session Paris, UNESCO Headquarters, Room XI 9 November 2006

Item 3 of the Provisional Agenda: Distribution of seats among electoral groups in the Intergovernmental Committee for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage

Decision required: paragraph 7

- 1. At its first session (27-29 June 2006), the General Assembly of the States Parties to the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage (hereinafter "the General Assembly") adopted its Rules of Procedure. While doing so, it left open the possibility that a subparagraph might be added to Rule 13.2 establishing an upper limit for the number of seats to be attributed to each of the electoral groups on the Intergovernmental Committee for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage (hereinafter "the Committee"). The General Assembly decided to consider this issue anew at its next session, with the understanding that such a subparagraph would be adopted by simple majority (Resolution 1.GA 3). In case the General Assembly does not wish to establish such an upper limit, it may consider adopting option 1 of the draft resolution presented in paragraph 7 below. If, on the other hand, the General Assembly wishes to establish an upper limit, option 2 might be adopted. Paragraphs 4 and 5 below summarize the effects of the two options for the election of the six additional States Members of the Committee to be held on 9 November 2006.
- 2. On 29 June 2006, when the General Assembly elected 18 States Members of the Committee, the Convention was in force among 45 States Parties. Following Rule 13.2 (i) of the Rules of Procedure, the seats were distributed over the electoral groups as follows:

| Group | I | II | III | IV | V(a) | V(b) | TOTAL |
|----------------|---|----|-----|----|------|------|-------|
| States Parties | 5 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 45 |
| States Members | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 18 |

3. As at 9 November 2006, the Convention will be in force among the following 60 States Parties:

| 1 | Algeria | 15/03/2004 | 31 | Estonia | 27/01/2006 |
|----|--------------------------|------------|----|---|------------|
| 2 | Mauritius | 04/06/2004 | 32 | Luxembourg | 31/01/2006 |
| 3 | Japan | 15/06/2004 | 33 | Nicaragua | 14/02/2006 |
| 4 | Gabon | 18/06/2004 | 34 | Cyprus | 24/02/2006 |
| 5 | Panama | 20/08/2004 | 35 | Ethiopia | 24/02/2006 |
| 6 | China | 02/12/2004 | 36 | Bolivia | 28/02/2006 |
| 7 | Central African Republic | 07/12/2004 | 37 | Brazil | 01/03/2006 |
| 8 | Latvia | 14/01/2005 | 38 | Bulgaria | 10/03/2006 |
| 9 | Lithuania | 21/01/2005 | 39 | Hungary | 17/03/2006 |
| 10 | Belarus | 03/02/2005 | 40 | Iran (Islamic Republic of) | 23/03/2006 |
| 11 | Republic of Korea | 09/02/2005 | 41 | Republic of Moldova | 24/03/2006 |
| 12 | Seychelles | 15/02/2005 | 42 | Jordan | 24/03/2006 |
| 13 | Syrian Arab Republic | 11/03/2005 | 43 | Slovakia | 24/03/2006 |
| 14 | United Arab Emirates | 02/05/2005 | 44 | Belgium | 24/03/2006 |
| 15 | Mali | 03/06/2005 | 45 | Turkey | 27/03/2006 |
| 16 | Mongolia | 29/06/2005 | 46 | Madagascar | 31/03/2006 |
| 17 | Croatia | 28/07/2005 | 47 | Albania | 04/04/2006 |
| 18 | Egypt | 03/08/2005 | 48 | Zambia | 10/05/2006 |
| 19 | Oman | 04/08/2005 | 49 | Armenia | 18/05/2006 |
| 20 | Dominica | 05/09/2005 | 50 | Zimbabwe | 30/05/2006 |
| 21 | India | 09/09/2005 | 51 | Cambodia | 13/06/2006 |
| 22 | Viet Nam | 20/09/2005 | 52 | The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | 13/06/2006 |
| 23 | Peru | 23/09/2005 | 53 | Morocco | 06/07/2006 |
| 24 | Pakistan | 07/10/2005 | 54 | France | 11/07/2006 |
| 25 | Bhutan | 12/10/2005 | 55 | Côte d'Ivoire | 13/07/2006 |
| 26 | Nigeria | 21/10/2005 | 56 | Burkina Faso | 21/07/2006 |
| 27 | Iceland | 23/11/2005 | 57 | Tunisia | 24/07/2006 |
| 28 | Mexico | 14/12/2005 | 58 | Honduras | 24/07/2006 |
| 29 | Senegal | 05/01/2006 | 59 | Sao Tome and Principe | 25/07/2006 |
| 30 | Romania | 20/01/2006 | 60 | Argentina | 09/08/2006 |
| | | | | | |

4. In accordance with Rule 13.2 (ii) of the Rules of Procedure, the 24 seats on the Committee shall be distributed among the electoral groups in proportion to the number of States Parties from each

electoral group, provided that, after such distribution, at least three seats will be attributed to each electoral group. Given the regional grouping of the 60 States Parties, an initial calculation would yield from 2 to 6 seats per electoral group in the Committee (see step 2 in the table below). The principle of a minimum of 3 seats per electoral group requires that 1 additional seat be attributed to Group I.

| Proportional distribution of 24 seats among electoral groups as at 9 November 2006 (60/24 = 2.5 States per seat) | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|----|------|------|-------|
| Electoral Group | I | П | III | IV | V(a) | V(b) | TOTAL |
| States Parties* | 6 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 14 | 8 | 60 |
| Step 1** | 2.4 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 4 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 24 |
| Step 2*** | 2 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 24 |
| Step 3 **** | +1 | | | | | | |

- * Distribution of States Parties to the Convention over UNESCO's electoral groups;
- ** Dividing the numbers of States Parties per electoral group by 2.5 (60 States Parties / 24 Committee members) for calculating the distribution of seats;
- *** Rounding up/down the results of step 2 to integers;
- **** Applying the 3-seat minimum principle.
- 5. In case the General Assembly decides not to establish an upper limit for the numbers of seats to be attributed to each of the electoral groups, it will have to take a decision on the attribution of one additional seat to Group I (in application of the 3-seat minimum principle). Following the practice of the United Nations system, the Assembly could first seek a solution by consultation, formally and/or informally, among the States Parties, thereby exploring possibilities that one of the electoral groups voluntarily proposes to give up a seat or that the Assembly comes to a consensus on a group, from which a seat will be transferred to Group I. Should such consultations fail in resolving the issue, the Assembly may decide to resort to the drawing of lots among regional groups with more than three seats.
- 6. If a maximum of 5 seats per electoral group were decided, the third seat for Group I would necessarily come from Group V(a).
- 7. The General Assembly may wish to adopt:

DRAFT RESOLUTION 1.EXT.GA 3

Option 1:

The General Assembly,

- 1. Having examined document ITH/06/1.EXT.GA/CONF.203/3,
- 2. Recalling Resolution 1.GA 3 adopted at its first session in June 2006,
- 3. <u>Decides</u> not to establish an upper limit to the number of States Members per electoral group for the purpose of the election of States Members of the Committee and, hence, to leave Rule 13.2 of its Rules of Procedure unamended:
- 4. <u>Decides</u> that, for the purpose of the election at its first extraordinary session, the six seats are distributed among the electoral groups in the following manner: Group I (...); Group II (...); Group IV (...); Group V (a) (...) and Group V (b) (...).

Option 2:

The General Assembly,

- 1. Having examined document ITH/06/1.EXT.GA/CONF.203/3,
- 2. Recalling Resolution 1.GA 3 adopted at its first session in June 2006,
- 3. <u>Decides</u> to establish an upper limit of [...] to the number of States Members per electoral group for the purpose of the election of States Members of the Committee and to add the following subparagraph to <u>Rule 13.2</u> of its Rules of Procedure: "13.2 (iii): No more than [...] seats shall be attributed to any of the electoral groups";
- 4. <u>Decides</u> that, for the purpose of the election at its first extraordinary session, the six seats are distributed among the electoral groups in the following manner: Group I (...); Group II (...); Group IV (...); Group V (a) (...) and Group V (b) (...).