Records of the General Conference

Twenty-second Session Paris, 25 October to 26 November 1983

Volume 1

Resolutions

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Note on the Records of the General Conference

The Records of the twenty-second session of the General Conference are printed in three volumes:

The present volume, containing the resolutions adopted by the General Conference and the list of officers of the General Conference and of the Commissions and Committees (Volume 1);

The volume **Reports**, which contains the reports of Commissions I to V, the Administrative Commission and the Legal Committee (Volume 2);

The volume of *Proceedings*, which contains the verbatim records of plenary meetings, the list of participants and the list of documents (Volume 3).

Note on the numbering of resolutions

The resolutions have been numbered serially. It is recommended that references to resolutions be made in one of the following forms:

'Resolution 15.1 adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-second session'; or

'22C/Resolution 15.1'.

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Records of the General Conference

Volume 1 - Resolutions

Corrigendum

Page 129, resolution 46: Definition of regions with a view to the execution of regional activities 1

Replace the text of the resolution by the following:

"The General Conference, at its twenty-eighth and thirty-first plenary meetings, on 22 and 24 November 1983, decided that the following states would participate in the regional activities of the Organization as follows:

Regions Member States

Latin America and the Caribbean Antigua and Barbuda

Bahamas Belize

Saint Christopher and Nevis Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Asia and the Pacific Bhutan

Fiji Samoa

Associate Members

Latin America and the Caribbean British Virgin Islands

Netherlands Antilles

 $^{1. \ \,} Resolution \ \, adopted \ \, on \ \, the \ \, treport \ \, of \ \, Commission \ \, I \ \, at \ \, the \ \, twenty-eighth \ \, plenary \ \, meeting, \ \, on \ \, 24 \ \, November \ \, 1983."$

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8	Principles, methods and strategies of action for development
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11	Culture and the future 11.1 Major Programme XI: 'Culture and the future' 11.2 Preservation of the non-physical heritage 11.3 Desirability of adopting an international instrument on the protection of the cultural heritage against natural disasters and their consequences 11.4 Implementation of the Convention on the means of prohibiting and preventing the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property 11.5 International Campaign for the Safeguarding of Borobudur (Indonesia). 11.6 Election of members of the Executive Committee of the International Campaign for the Establishment of the Nubia Museum in Aswan and the National Museum of Egyptian Civilization in Cairo 11.7 Safeguarding of the archaeological site of Tyre and its surrounding area 11.8 Jerusalem and the application of 21C/Resolution 4/14 11.9 Return of cultural property to its countries of origin 11.10 International Monuments and Sites Day 11.11 Fourth Pacific Arts Festival 11.12 Commemoration of the 800th anniversary of The Song of Igor's Campaign 11.13 Commemoration of the 800th anniversary of the birth of Saadi, Iranian thinker, poet and writer 11.14 Commemoration of the centenary of the death of Victor Hugo 11.15 Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the Palestinian people. 11.16 The cultural dimension of development 11.17 The cultural dimension of development 11.18 International cultural exchanges 11.19 Auroville. 11.20 World Decade for Cultural Development 11.21 International Fund for the Promotion of Culture 11.22 Committee for International Copyright Funds
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I Organization of the session, admission of Associate Members, election of members of the Executive Board and tribute to its Chairman

Credentials

0.1

- 0.11 The General Conference, at its first plenary meeting, on 25 October 1983, set up a Credentials Committee consisting of representatives of the following Member States: Algeria, China, Colombia, Gabon, Jamaica, Sri Lanka, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United States of America, Zambia.
- On the report of the Credentials Committee or on the reports of the Chairman specially authorized by the Committee, the General Conference recognized as valid the credentials of:
 - (a) The delegations of the following Member States:

Central African Republic

Chad

Chile

Afghanistan Greece China Albania Colombia Grenada Algeria Congo Guatemala Costa Rica Angola Guinea Antigua and Barbuda Cuba Guinea-Bissau Argentina Cyprus Guyana Australia Czechoslovakia Haiti Austria Democratic Kampuchea Honduras Bahamas Democratic People's Hungary Bahrain Republic of Korea Iceland Bangladesh Democratic Yemen India Barbados Denmark Indonesia Belgium Dominica Iran, Islamic Republic of Belize Dominican Republic Benin Ecuador Ireland Bhutan Israel Egypt Bolivia El Salvador Italy Botswana Equatorial Guinea Ivory Coast Brazil Ethiopia Jamaica Bulgaria Fiji Japan Burma Finland Jordan Burundi France Kenya Byelorussian Soviet Gabon Kuwait Socialist Republic Gambia Lao People's German Democratic Canada Democratic Republic Cape Verde Lebanon Republic

Germany, Federal

Republic of

Ghana

Lesotho

Liberia

Luxembourg

Organization of the session

MadagascarQatarThailandMalawiRepublic of KoreaTogoMalaysiaRomaniaTonga

Maldives Rwanda Trinidad and Tobago

Mali Saint Christopher and Nevis Tunisia
Mauritania Saint Lucia Turkey
Mauritius Saint Vincent and the Uganda

Ukrainian Soviet Grenadines Mexico Socialist Republic Monaco Samoa San Marino Union of Soviet Mongolia Socialist Republics Morocco Sao Tome and Principe Mozambique Saudi Arabia United Arab Emirates United Kingdom of Great Namibia Senegal Seychelles Britain and Northern Nepal

Netherlands Sierra Leone Ireland

New ZealandSocialist People's LibyanUnited Republic ofNicaraguaArab JamahiriyaCameroonNigerSocialist Republic ofUnited Republic of

Nigeria Viet Nam Tanzania

Norway S o m a l i a United States of America

Upper Volta Oman Spain Pakistan Sri Lanka Uruguay Venezuela Sudan Panama Papua New Guinea Suriname Yemen Yugoslavia Paraguay Swaziland Peru Sweden Zaire **Philippines** Switzerland Zambia Poland Zimbabwe Syrian Arab Republic

Portugal

(b) The delegation of the following Associate Member:

The Netherlands Antilles

(c) The observer from the following non-Member State:

Holy See

Communications received from Member States invoking the provisions of Article IV.C, paragraph 8(c), of the Constitution

At its second and third plenary meetings on 25 and 26 October 1983, the General Conference, after considering the recommendation of the Executive Board at its 117th session on communications received from Chad, the Dominican Republic and Paraguay invoking the provisions of Article IV.C, paragraph 8(c) of the Constitution (22C/37, Annexes I, II and III) as well as the communications received from Guinea-Bissau (22C/37, Annex IV) and El Salvador invoking the provisions of Article IV.C, paragraph 8(c) of the Constitution, decided by virtue of the powers vested in it by Article IV.C, paragraph 8(c) of the Constitution to permit Chad, the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guinea-Bissau and Paraguay to take part in the voting at the twenty-second session.

Adoption of the agenda

At its second plenary meeting, on 25 October 1983, the General Conference, having considered the provisional agenda prepared by the Executive Board (22C/l), adopted that document, with the exception of item 69 which it adopted at its thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

I. Organization of the session

- 1. Opening of the session by the head of the delegation of Yugoslavia.
- Establishment of the Credentials Committee and Report of the Committee to the General Conference.
- 3. Report by the Executive Board on communications received from Member States invoking the provisions of Article IV.C, paragraph 8(c), of the Constitution.
- 4. Adoption of the agenda.
- Election of the President and Vice-Presidents of the Conference, and the Chairmen, Vice-Chairmen and Rapporteurs of the Commissions.
- 6. Organization of the work of the twenty-second session of the General Conference.
- Admission of observers from international nongovernmental organizations to the twenty-second session of the General Conference, on the recommendation of the Executive Board.

II. Reports on the activities of the Organization; Programme and Budget

- 8. Reports on the activities of the Organization.8.1. Report of the Director-General on the
 - 8.2. Report of the Executive Board on its own activities in 1981-1983.

activities of the Organization in 1979-1980.

- 9. General consideration of the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985.
- Adoption of the provisional budget ceiling for 1984-1985.
- Consideration of the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985.
 - 11.1. Part I. General Policy and Direction.
 - Part II. Programme Operations and Services.
 - 11.3. Part III. Programme Support.
 - 11.4. Part IV. General Administrative Services.
 - 11.5. Part V. Common Services.
 - 11.6. Part VI. Capital Expenditure.
 - 11.7. Part VII. Appropriation Reserve.
 - 11.8. Part VIII. Currency Fluctuations.
- 12. Adoption of the Appropriation Resolution for 1984-1985.

III. General policy questions

- Unesco's contribution to the attainment of the objectives of a new international economic order.
- 14. Unesco's contribution to peace and its tasks with respect to the promotion of human rights and the elimination of colonialism and racism.

- 15. Role of Unesco in generating a climate of public opinion conducive to the halting of the arms race and the transition to disarmament.
- 16. Cultural and scientific co-operation on the basis of equality and mutual interest as an important factor in strengthening peace, friendship and reciprocal understanding among peoples.
- 17. Unesco's contribution towards improving the status of women.
- 18. Implementation of 21C/Resolution 14.1, concerning educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories.
- 19. Impact of the development of informatics on Unesco's programmes.
- 20. Problems arising from migratory movements.

IV. Constitutional and legal questions

21.

21.1. Draft amendment to Article V, paragraph 1, of the Constitution (item proposed by Australia and New Zealand).

V. Conventions, recommendations and other international instruments

22. Study of the procedures currently used by Unesco to monitor the application of the standard-setting instruments adopted within the framework of the Organization.

A. Application of existing instruments

- 23. Initial special reports submitted by Member States on the action taken by them on:
 - The Recommendation concerning the status of the artist.
 - The Recommendation for the safeguarding and preservation of moving images.
 - The Recommendation concerning the international standardization of statistics on the public financing of cultural activities.
- Third report of the Joint ILO/Unesco Committee of Experts on the Application of the Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers.

B. Proposals for the preparation of new instruments

- Report on the technical and legal aspects of a possible convention on technical and vocational education.
- 26. Desirability of adopting an international instrument on the protection of the cultural heritage against natural disasters and their consequences.

Organizatiorr of the session

- 27. Protection of works in the public domain: report of the Director-General.
- Safeguarding of folklore: report of the Director-General.
- Desirability of revising the Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics relating to Book Production and Periodicals.

Vi. Relations with international organizations

- 30. Septennial report by the Executive Board on the contribution made to Unesco's activities by international non-governmental organizations in categories A and B.
- 31. Report of the Director-General on changes in the classification of international non-governmental organizations.

VII. Methods of work of the Organization

- 32. Definition of regions with a view to the execution of regional activities.
- 33. Study on the operating conditions of the Executive Board and on the prospects of its possible enlargement in the future.
- 34. Review of budgeting techniques.
- 35. Working languages of the Organization. 35.1. Wider use of the Russian language. 35.2. Wider use of the Arabic language.
- 36. Reduction of the volume of documentation for the General Conference.

VIII Financial questions

- 37. Financial reports.
 - 37.1. Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco for the financial period ended 31 December 1980, and report by the External Auditor.
 - 37.2. Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1980, and report by the External Auditor.
 - 37.3. Financial report and audited interim financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1981 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983, and report by the External Auditor.
 - 37.4. Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1981, and report by the External Auditor.
 - 37.5. Financial report and audited interim financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1982 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983, and report by the External Auditor.
 - 37.6. Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United

Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1982, and report by the External Auditor.

- 38. Contributions of Member States.
 - 38.1. Currency of contributions.
 - 38.2. Collection of contributions.
 - 38.3. Scale of contributions of Member States.
- 39. Working Capital Fund: level and administration.
- 40. Proposals of the Director-General concerning the appointment of the External Auditor or the renewal of his tenure of office.
- 41. Amendment of the Financial Regulations-abolition of audited interim accounts.
- 42. Unesco Staff Compensation Fund (item proposed by the Director-General).

IX. Staff questions

- 43. Staff Regulations and Rules.
- 44. Administrative Tribunal: action to be taken for the extension of its period of jurisdiction.
- 45. Salaries, allowances and other benefits of staff. 45.1. Staff in the Professional category and above.
 - 45.2. Staff in the General Service category.
- 46. International Civil Service Commission: report of the Director-General.
- 47. Personnel policy.
 - 47.1. Recruitment and renewal of the staff: long-term overall plan for the recruitment and renewal of the staff and geographical distribution of the staff.
- 48. United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund: report of the Director-General.
- 49. Unesco Staff Pension Committee: election of representatives of Member States for 1984-1985.
- 50. Medical Benefits Fund: report of the Director-General on the state of the Fund.
- 51. Not allocated.

X. Headquarters questions

- 52. Report of the Headquarters Committee.
- 53. Headquarters premises: extended medium-term solution.
 - 53.1. Headquarters premises: extended mediumterm solution-sixth building: report of the Director-General.
 - 53.2. Headquarters premises: extended mediumterm solution-improvement and extension of conference facilities and extension of office accommodation at Headquarters: report of the Director-General.
- 54. Headquarters premises-long-term solution: report of the Director-General.
- 55. Terms of reference of the Headquarters Committee.

XI. Elections

- 56. Election of members of the Executive Board.
- 57. Election of members of committees for the twenty-third session of the General Conference.

- 57.1. Legal Committee.
- 57.2. Headquarters Committee.
- 58. Election of members of other bodies.
 - 58.1. Election of members of the Intergovernmental Committee for the Development of Physical Education and Sport.
 - 58.2. Election of members of the Council of the International Bureau of Education.
 - 58.3. Election of members of the International Co-ordinating Council of the Programme on Man and the Biosphere.
 - 58.4. Election of members of the Intergovernmental Council for the International Hydrological Programme.
 - 58.5. Election of members of the Intergovernmental Committee for Promoting the Return of Cultural Property to its Countries of Origin or its Restitution in Case of Illicit Appropriation.
 - 58.6. Election of members of the Executive Committee of the International Campaign for the Establishment of the Nubia Museum in Aswan and the National Museum of Egyptian Civilization in Cairo.
 - 58.7. Election of members of the Intergovernmental Council of the International Programme for the Development of Communication.
 - 58.8. Election of members of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme.
 - 58.9. Election of four members of the Conciliation and Good Offices Commission responsible for seeking the settlement of any disputes which may arise between States Parties to the Convention against Discrimination in Education.
 - 58.10. Election of members of the Interim Intergovernmental Committee on Informatics.

XII. Twenty-third session of the General Conference

59. Place and date of the twenty-third session of the General Conference.

XIII. Other business

Jerusalem and the implementation of 21C/Resolution 4.14.

- 61. Study of communication problems-implementation of resolutions 4.19 and 4.20 adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session
- 62. Proposals for the implementation of the Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property.
- 63. Proclamation by the United Nations General Assembly of a World Decade for Cultural Development.
- 64. Additions to the second Medium-Term Plan (1984-1989).
- 65. Adoption of the draft Statutes of the Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- 66. Admission of the Netherlands Antilles to Associate Membership of the Organization (item proposed by the Netherlands).
- 67. The role of Unesco in improving the situation of young people, in ensuring the exercise of their rights and fundamental freedoms and in encouraging their aspirations towards participation and co-responsibility in the solution of the most pressing problems of mankind within a national, regional and international framework (item proposed by the German Democratic Republic).
- 68. Report by the Director-General on the application and measures to ensure the implementation of the Declaration on fundamental principles concerning the contribution of the mass media to strengthening peace and international understanding, to the promotion of human rights and to countering racialism, apartheid and incitement to war (item proposed by the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics).

XIV. Supplementary items¹

69. Admission of the British Virgin Islands to Associate Membership of the Organization (item proposed by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

0.4 Composition of the General Committee

On the report of the Nominations Committee, which had before it the proposals made by the Executive Board, and after suspending Rule 25, paragraph 1, and Rule 38, paragraph 1, of its Rules of Procedure for the duration of the twenty-second session, in accordance with Rule 108 of

1. Rule 11, paragraph 1, of the Rules of Procedure of the General Conference.

Organization of the session

the aforesaid Rules, the General Conference at its third plenary meeting, on 26 October 1983, elected its General Committee 1 as follows:

President of the General Conference: Mr Said M. Tell (Jordan).

Vice-Presidents of the General Conference: the heads of the delegations of the following Member States:

Australia Guinea Portugal Benin India Saint Lucia

Brazil Iran, Islamic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe
Burundi Iraq Socialist People's Libyan
China Japan Arab Jamahiriya

Czechoslovakia Lesotho Thailand

Dominican Republic Netherlands Union of Soviet Socialist

Ecuador Nicaragua Republics

Ethiopia Nigeria United Republic of Tanzania France Norway United States of America

Germany, Federal Pakistan Uruguay

Republic of Poland Yemen Arab Republic

Ghana

Chairman of Commission I: Mr Alberto Wagner de Reyna (Peru).

Chairman of Commission II: Mr Chavdar Kiuranov (Bulgaria).

Chairman of Commission III: Mr Erdal Inonu (Turkey).

Chairman of Commission IV: Mrs Hanne Sondergaard (Denmark).

Chairman of Commission V: Mr Iba Der Thiam (Senegal).

Chairman of the Administrative Commission: Mr Azzedine Guellouz (Tunisia). Chairman of the Nominations Committee: Mr Antoine Ndinga Oba (Congo).

Chairman of the Legal Committee: Mr Carlos Maria Santillan (Argentina).

Chairman of the Credentials Committee: Mr Nadarajan Balasubramaniam (Sri Lanka).

Chairman of the Headquarters Committee: Mr Rachid Touri (Algeria).

Organization of the work of the session

- O.51 At its fourth plenary meeting, on 26 October 1983, on the recommendation of the General Committee, the General Conference approved the amended plan for the organization of the work of the session submitted by the Executive Board (22C/2 and Add. and Rev.).
- At its seventh plenary meeting, on 28 October 1983, the General Conference appointed the following Member States to form the Drafting and Negotiation Group:

Brazil Germany, Federal Socialist People's Libyan
Bulgaria Republic of Arab Jamahiriya
Chile India Sudan
China Japan Switzerland

China Japan Switzerland
Cuba Lesotho Syrian Arab Republic

Finland Mexico Tunisia

France Mozambique Union of Soviet Socialist

Gabon Philippines Republics

German Democratic Senegal United States of America

Republic Zaire

^{1.} The complete list of elected officers of the twenty-second session of the General Conference is shown in the Annex to this volume

Admission to the twenty-second session of observers from international non-governmental organizations

At its third plenary meeting, on 26 October 1983, the General Conference decided to admit as observers the representatives of three international non-governmental organizations in Category C: International Association of Lions Clubs (Major Programme X), World Press Freedom Committee (Major Programme III), International Radio and Television University (Major Programmes III and VII).

Admission of Associate Members

At its third and thirty-first plenary meetings, on 26 October and 24 November 1983, the General Conference decided to admit the Netherlands Antilles and the British Virgin Islands as Associate Members of Unesco.

Election of members of the Executive Board

0.81 The General Conference, 1

Considering that, since the adoption, at its twenty-first session, of resolution 0.91 concerning the grouping of Member States for elections to the Executive Board, the states listed below have become members of Unesco:

Antigua and Barbuda Fiji Saint Vincent and the Bahamas Saint Christopher Grenadines

Bahamas Saint Christopher Grenadine
Belize and Nevis Samoa

Bhutan

Considering that these Member States should therefore be distributed among the electoral groups established by the General Conference at its fifteenth session and modified at its seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first sessions,

Decides:

0.82

- (a) to include Antigua and Barbuda in Group III;
- (b) to include the Bahamas in Group III;
- (c) to include Belize in Group III;
- (d) to include Bhutan in Group IV:
- (e) to include Fiji in Group IV;
- (f) to include Saint Christopher and Nevis in Group III;
- (g) to include Saint Vincent and the Grenadines in Group III;
- (h) to include Samoa in Group IV.

The General Conference, at its eighteenth plenary meeting, on 5 November 1983, proceeded to the election, on the report of the Nominations Committee, of twenty-six members of the Executive Board.

The following candidates (listed in alphabetical order), having obtained the required majority of the votes cast, were declared elected:

Mr Eid Abdo (Syrian Arab Republic)

Mr Camille Aboussouan (Lebanon)

Mr Alphonse Blagué (Central African Republic)

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the eighteenth plenary meeting, on 5 November 1983.

Organisation of the session

Mr Ian Christie Clark (Canada)
Mr Dimitri Cosmadopoulos (Greece)
Mr Jean-Pierre Cot (France)
Mr Buyantyn Dashtseren (Mongolia)

Mr William A. Dodd (United Kingdom of Great Britain

and Northern Ireland)

Mr Dmitri V. Ermolenko (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)

Mr Pierre Foulani (Nig

Mrs Jean Broward Shevlin Gerard (United States of America)

Mrs Carmen Guerrero-Nakpil (Philippines)
Mr Abdul Aziz Hussein (Kuwait)
Mrs Attiya Inayatullah (Pakistan)
Mr Andri Isaksson (Iceland)
Mr Osman Sid Ahmed Ismail (Sudan)
Mr Ben Kufakunesu Jambga (Zimbabwe)

Mr Ben Kufakunesu Jambga (Zimbabwe)
Mr Takaaki Kagawa (Japan)
Mr A. Majeed Khan (Bangladesh)
Mr Edward Victor Luckhoo (Guyana)
Mr Ivo Margan (Yugoslavia)

Mr Musa Justice Nsibande (Swaziland)
Mr Jean Ping (Gabon)
Mr Guy Rajaonson (Madagascar)
Mr Jesus Reyes Heroles (Mexico)
Mr Alfredo Tarre Murzi (Venezuela)

Tribute to Mr Victor Massuh, Chairman of the Executive Board¹

The General Conference,

Noting that Mr Victor Massuh will conclude his term of office as Chairman of the Executive Board at the end of the twenty-second session of the General Conference,

Recalling that he has for many years been closely associated with Unesco's activities, in particular as a member and then as Chairman of the Executive Board,

Considering that his wisdom and moderation, his sense of dialogue and his authority have permeated the spirit in which the Executive Board has adopted decisions which have greatly facilitated the work of the present session of the General Conference,

Aware of the invaluable contribution which he has made to the attainment of Unesco's objectives, Expresses its deep gratitude to Mr Victor Massuh for the outstanding services which he has rendered to the Organization.

^{1.} Resolution adopted at the thirty-fourth plenary meeting, on 26 November 1983.

II Programme for 1984-1985

A. Major Programmes

Reflection on world problems and future-oriented studies

1.1 Major Programme: I 'Reflection on world problems and future-oriented studies

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/01 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session relating to Major Programme I, 'Reflection on world problems and future-oriented studies',

Reaffirming the importance it attaches to Unesco's role as a laboratory of ideas and to the implementation of a programme making it possible to follow the evolution of world problems with close and continuous attention and to engage in a broad effort of future-oriented thinking,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to undertake activities aimed at giving effect to Major Programme I, 'Reflection on world problems and future-oriented studies', and to the programmes and subprogrammes mentioned in resolution 2/01 of the fourth extraordinary session,
- 2. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) under Programme 1.1, 'Studies and research on world problems':
 - (i) to collect continuously, in every region, a wide range of information on world problems and to foster research on those problems; to establish, to that end, an international analytical and research network comprising research institutions and centres and also individuals; and to disseminate, by means of the publication of a yearly comprehensive report, the findings of the research work carried out;
 - (ii) to draw up syntheses and thematic studies highlighting the role of factors relating to education, science, culture, information and communication in world problems;
 - (iii) to conduct research on the integration of social and cultural factors into quantitative work:
 - (b) under Programme 1.2, 'International future-oriented study', to undertake, with a view to developing the conceptual framework of the study, preliminary work comprising an analysis and an evaluation of the main future-oriented studies available, an inventory of current or foreseeable problems calling for forward-looking thinking and the identification of the various factors causing change that could be taken into account;
- 3. Further invites the Director-General, in the implementation of this major programme, to take steps to ensure that:
 - (a) contributions sought in this connection reflect the diversity of cultures, sensitivities and trends of thought;
 - (b) both the methods and approaches of the social and human sciences and philosophical reflection are used in this work;

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

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(c) the findings of the studies and research projects conducted are widely disseminated and made available for use in the development of the lines of emphasis of the Organization's future action.

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2.1 Major Programme II: 'Education for all'

The General Conference

Recalling resolution 2/02 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session relating to Major Programme II, 'Education for all', of the second Medium-Term Plan,

Recognizing that the right to education is one of the basic human rights and that education is one of the prerequisites for the exercise of the other human rights,

Recognizing that full exercise of the right to education is still far from having been achieved throughout the world, and that illiteracy remains one of the main social problems of our time and a major challenge to the international community,

Considering that exercise of the right to education presupposes a political determination to democratize, reflected in sustained national efforts to place the principles of equity and justice at the very heart of educational action, so as to eliminate all the forms of inequality and discrimination that affect certain social strata, groups or population elements, particularly women and members of rural communities,

Considering that the right to education for all should constitute a source of inspiration and action for the development of education in Member States and that it should be placed within the context of lifelong education, combining the various types and forms of education, both formal and non-formal, including both initial and further training,

Emphasizing the importance for the attainment of the objectives of Major Programme II of the implementation of the Convention and Recommendation against Discrimination in Education and the Recommendation on the Development of Adult Education,

Recalling that the Organization's programme should generally help to stimulate and support the efforts made by Member States to give practical expression to the right to education,

- I. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes for which provision is made in Major Programme II, 'Education for all';
- 2. In particular, *invites* the Director-General:
 - (a) under Programme 11.1, 'Promotion of general access to education: development and renewal of primary education and intensification of the struggle against illiteracy':
 - (i) to promote research and studies aimed at clearer identification of illiterate adults (individuals and groups) and children not provided with schooling, and a better knowledge of the causes and consequences of illiteracy in various settings, in particular as a means for designing more effective programmes and actions for extension of primary schooling and the promotion of literacy among youth and adults;
 - (ii) to assist Member States in formulating integrated plans to eradicate illiteracy based on a comprehensive approach designed to stem illiteracy at its source by extending the provision of schooling and intensifying the literacy training of young people and adults, and in developing innovative and more effective approaches for combating illiteracy;
 - (iii) to co-operate in the implementation of such plans, especially through activities for the training of educational personnel;
 - (iv) to stimulate and support activities relating to the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean, and to that end to hold in 1984 a meeting of the intergovernmental regional committee (category II) of that major project;
 - (v) to support implementation of the regional programme to eliminate illiteracy in Africa,

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission II at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

- recommended by the Conference of Ministers of Education and Those Responsible for Economic Planning in African Member States held in Harare in 1982;
- (vi) to strengthen efforts to mobilize world opinion, particularly to secure extensive moral, material and financial support for the implementation of plans and programmes for the general provision of primary education and the literacy training of young people and adults;
- (b) under Programme 11.2, 'Democratization of education':
 - (i) to continue to promote application of the Convention and Recommendation against Discrimination in Education, as well as a study of the various aspects of the democratization of education and the application of legislative, administrative, financial, social and educational measures needed to ensure equality of educational opportunity and treatment, especially in the case of the most disadvantaged strata of society;
 - (ii) to co-operate with Member States, with a view to promoting educational reforms, measures and projects aimed at giving full effect to the principles of lifelong education and achieving greater continuity between the various parts of the formal education system and better co-ordination between formal and non-formal education, and with a view to ensuring full community participation in such undertakings;
 - (iii) to contribute to the development of early childhood education, in particular by promoting the involvement of adults and communities in such education;
- (c) under Programme 11.3, 'Adult education':
 - (i) to convene a fourth International Conference on Adult Education (category II);
 - (ii) to provide support for the preparation and execution of educational activities designed to facilitate the entry of adults into the world of work;
 - (iii) to promote the development of adult education, particularly with a view to making adults more familiar with their civic rights and responsibilities, enabling them to understand the implications of major world problems for the lives of societies and individuals, and promoting their effective and conscious participation in the balanced development and progress of society, including the formulation and execution of the educational activities, and also with a view to developing the general education of adults, making full use of their abilities and enriching their personalities;
 - (iv) to foster educational actions which will help to improve the condition of the elderly, and measures aimed at associating them with the educational, social and cultural activities which are vital to a community;
- (d) under Programme 11.4, 'Equality of educational opportunity for girls and women', to strengthen co-operation with Member States and international governmental and non-governmental organizations with a view to:
 - (i) identifying obstacles, of economic, social or cultural origin, to educational equality between men and women and undertaking appropriate studies to this end;
 - (ii) bringing about greater understanding of the consequences for society of inequalities affecting women;
 - (iii) encouraging participation by women, on the same footing as men, in education of all kinds at all levels, and their access to studies and careers in higher education and research, especially in fields of crucial significance for the advancement of science and technology;
 - (iv) bringing about greater understanding of, and upgrading, their educational role in society;
- (e) under Programme 11.5, 'Extension and improvement of education in rural areas':
 - (i) to co-operate with Member States with a view to promoting administrative, financial and educational measures designed to reduce the disparities between the inhabitants of rural and urban areas and to ensure equality of educational opportunity and treatment for all;
 - (ii) to improve the quality and relevance of education in rural areas and to strengthen the linkage between education and productive work, particularly in the areas of agriculture and handicrafts, and to study the importance of providing suitable motivation to the educational personnel engaged in rural services;

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- (iii) to promote the participation of rural inhabitants in the preparation and implementation of measures for the development and improvement of education;
- (iv) to increase the contribution of general and specialized education (technical or agricultural education) to socio-economic development, scientific and technological progress and the modernization of rural areas, and to the improvement of the living and working conditions of rural populations;
- (f) under Programme 11.6, 'Promotion of the right to education of particular groups':
 - to develop education and training activities for handicapped persons, especially activities that can help to foster the integration of the handicapped into regular educational systems;
 - (ii) to continue co-operation with the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA), and also with the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the other institutions providing educational assistance to refugees and national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity (OAU) and to the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), recognized by the League of Arab States, and to strengthen activities aimed at training the professional personnel of these movements;
 - (iii) to promote educational activities for migrant workers and their families, particularly second-generation migrants, to facilitate their integration in the host country and their subsequent reintegration in their home countries, special attention being given to the teaching of their mother tongue and a knowledge of their own cultural values;
- 3. *Invites* the Director-General, in the execution of Major Programme II, 'Education for all', to continue to assign high priority to requests for co-operation from the least developed countries.
- 2.2 Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/103 submitted by the Director-General and the Draft Statutes of the Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean prepared by the Interim Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean.

- 1. Thanks the Interim Committee for the work it has accomplished;
- 2. Endorses the Director-General's comments set out in document 22C/103, paragraphs 5, 6 and 7, and approves the amendments which he proposes to Article V, paragraph 1, and Article VIII, paragraph 1, of the Draft Statutes;
- 3. Adopts the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean, as amended, the text of which is reproduced in the Annex to this resolution;
- 4. Authorizes the Director-General to convene the first session of the Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean in 1984-1985.

Annex Statutes of the Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean

Article Z

An Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean (hereinafter referred Cultural Organization.

Article II

The Committee shall be responsible, within the framework of the decisions of the General Conference about the Major Project, for:

- making recommendations to members of the Committee for the implementation of the Major Project;
- drawing up the 'regional plan of action' of the Major Project, and within it defining the regional and subregional activities needed to support the national activities designed and carried out to meet the objectives of the said Project;
- following up the execution of the 'regional plan of action', and making suggestions calculated to help in achieving the objectives of the Major Project at national, subregional and regional levels;
- taking note of 'national plans of action' and of other documents forming part of the Project, and promoting the publication of the results obtained at each stage of their implementation;
- 5. within the context of the Major Project, facilitating horizontal technical co-operation between countries and between groups of countries in the region;
- 6. eliciting technical and financial help from Member States of Unesco and from subregional, regional and international institutions, bodies and sources of finance, both public and private, for regional, subregional and national activities corresponding to the objectives of the Major Project;
- 7. advising the Director-General of Unesco about steps the Organization could take to help in the achievement of the Proiect:
- 8. submitting reports on its activities to the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization at each of its ordinary sessions;
- 9. promoting or carrying out other activities that would further the objectives of the 3 Major Project.

Article III

- 1. The Committee shall consist of all the Member States of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization that make up the Latin American and Caribbean region, as defined in accordance with General Conference resolutions 13C/5.91, 18C/46.1, 19C/37.1, 2OC/37.1 and 21C/39.2 and such other relevant resolutions as may be adopted from time to time by the General Conference, and the Associate Member of Unesco and the territory which participated with the right to vote in the meeting of the Interim Intergovernmental Regional Committee for the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean (12-17 July 1982).
- 2. The members of the Committee shall choose their representatives taking due account of the terms of reference of the Committee as defined by the present Statutes.

Article IV

- 1. The Committee shall meet in ordinary session once every two years. Extraordinary sessions may be convened in accordance with the Committee's Rules of Procedure.
- 2. At such sessions, each member of the Committee shall have the right to one vote, but may send to the sessions such experts or advisers as it considers necessary.
- 3. The Committee shall adopt its Rules of Procedure at its first meeting.
- 4. Within the framework of its Rules of Procedure, the Committee may set up any subsidiary organ that may seem appropriate, subject to the availability of the necessary financial provision.

Article V

- At each of its ordinary sessions, the Committee shall elect a Chairman, five Vice-Chairmen and a Rapporteur, who shall constitute the Bureau of the Committee.
- 2. The Bureau shall carry out the functions assigned to it by the Committee.
 - The Bureau may be convened between sessions of the Committee by the Director-General of Unesco either on its own initiative or at the request of the Chairman of the Committee or of a majority of the members of the Bureau.

Article VI.

- 1. Representatives of Member States and Associate Members of Unesco not members of the Committee may participate without the right to vote in all meetings of the Committee, except meetings of the Bureau, as observers.
- 2. Representatives of the United Nations and other organizations in the United Nations system with which Unesco has concluded mutual representation agreements may participate, without the right to vote, in all meetings of the Committee except meetings of the Bureau.
- The Committee may lay down the conditions under which may be invited as observers representatives of states which are not members of Unesco but are members of one or more organizations in the United Nations system, and also representatives of United Nations organizations with which Unesco has not concluded mutual representation agreements and representatives of other international governmental or non-governmental organizations and institutions and foundations. The Committee shall also lay down the conditions under which certain particularly well-qualified persons might be invited and consulted on matters within their competence.

Article VII

- 1. The Secretariat of the Committee shall be provided by the Director-General of Unesco, who shall make available to the Committee the staff and resources needed for its operation.
- 2. The Secretariat shall collect and submit to the Committee any suggestions and comments from members of the Committee, Member

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States of Unesco or international organizations interested in the Major Project. Whenever necessary it shall, on the basis of such suggestions, also draw up concrete projects and submit them for consideration by the Committee.

Article VIII

- 1. Member States shall be responsible for the expenses occasioned by their representatives' participation in sessions of the Committee and of its subsidiary bodies. The current expenditure of the Committee and of its subsidiary bodies shall be financed from funds made available for that pur-
- pose by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.
- 2. Voluntary contributions may be accepted to constitute trust funds in accordance with the Financial Regulations of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. Such trust funds shall be administered by the Director-General of the Organization. The Committee shall make recommendations to the Director-General about the allocation of these contributions to projects coming under the Major Project.

2.3 Regional Programme for the Eradication of Illiteracy in Africa

The General Conference,

Having regard to the Harare Declaration solemnly adopted by the Conference of Ministers of Education and Those Responsible for Economic Planning in African Member States, organized by Unesco in collaboration with the Economic Commission for Africa and the Organization of African Unity (Harare, 28 June to 3 July 1982), whereby that conference reaffirmed the commitment entered into by the African Member States 'to achieve the democratization and renovation of education in order to enable all African children and adults of both sexes to exercise fully their right to education, a prerequisite for the fulfilment of individual potential and for the progress of society',

Considering that, in this Declaration, the Harare Conference called upon Unesco 'to examine the possibility of implementing, in co-operation with Member States, a regional programme for the eradication of illiteracy', and that it recommended to the Director-General of Unesco that he 'study the possibility of proposing, in connection with the next draft programme and budget, the launching of a regional programme designed to promote the elimination of illiteracy in Africa before the end of the century, by a co-ordinated effort directed towards the universal provision and renovation of primary education, coupled with literacy work among adults' (Recommendation No. 2),

Considering that the Harare Conference, more specifically, recommended to the General Conference of Unesco that it 'appeal for international co-operation and solidarity to support the efforts made by African Member States to eliminate illiteracy and ensure that all Africans, of both sexes, can fully exercise the right to education',

Having examined document 22C/106 'Regional Programme for the Eradication of Illiteracy in Africa: Proposals by the Director-General',

- I. Approves the proposals of the Director-General submitted in document 22C/106;
- 2. Authorizes the Director-General:
 - (a) to take any steps he may deem necessary, within the framework of the Organization's Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 (more particularly in connection with Major Programmes II, IV and V), to facilitate the launching and successful execution of the Regional Programme for the Eradication of Illiteracy in Africa as submitted in document 22C/ 106;
 - (b) to take, in consultation with the governments concerned, any appropriate measures that would mobilize the resources, particularly extra-budgetary resources, needed to implement the regional programme;
- 3. Appeals to all Member States, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, public and private foundations and institutions to lend, within the framework of the regional programme, their material, financial and technical support to African Member States in their efforts to eradicate illiteracy, through co-ordinated action for the universal provision and renovation of primary education and adult literacy.

2.4 Development and renewal of primary education

The General Conference,

Recalling resolutions 2/02, 2/04, and 2/05 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programmes II, IV and V,

Recalling also resolution 37/178 on 'The right to education' adopted by the United Nations General Assembly at its 37th session,

Further recalling the recommendations of the Executive Board on the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 (22C/5) contained in decision 4.1 adopted by the Executive Board at its 116th session,

Recognizing that primary education remains the only type of formal education undertaken by a significant number of children throughout the world,

Convinced that, as is stated in Unesco's second Medium-Term Plan (4XC/4), 'the development of primary education is the prerequisite for any permanent eradication of illiteracy',

Stressing also the vital contribution that good primary education should make to the full development of the competence and personality of the individual and hence to society as a whole,

Noting with interest that the special theme for the 39th session of the International Conference on Education to be held in Geneva in 1984, will be 'The universalization and renewal of primary education in the perspective of an appropriate introduction to science and technology', and expressing the hope that this Conference will provide an opportunity inter alia for discussions about the practical problems of maintaining quality in primary education at a time of considerable expansion, and of ensuring that science subjects are taught effectively and appropriately,

- 1. Reaffirms that one of Unesco's main priorities for action throughout its education programmes must be to foster the development and renewal of primary education for all;
- 2. Considers that it is important that primary education should be seen as a vital component in the overall education process as well as a key factor in the eradication of illiteracy;
- 3. *Invites* Member States to adopt and strengthen measures aimed at ensuring the universal provision of primary education, while continuing to strive to maintain and improve its quality and relevance to the needs of the individual, *inter alia* by renewing its subject-matter and methods, and by improving teacher education;
- 4. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to give particular attention in executing the activities set out in the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 (22C/5) under Major Programmes II, IV and V to programmes of direct relevance to the development and renewal of primary education and which will assist Member States, especially the developing countries, in achieving the aim of universal primary education of good quality and relevance;
 - (b) to consider ways and means of affording greater priority to such programmes in subsequent budgetary periods.

2.5 National Literacy Plan in Honduras

The General Conference,

Considering that the Government of the Republic of Honduras has initiated a National Literacy Plan within the framework of a policy which aims to secure the overall development of the Honduran population, and in view of the fact that literacy teaching is the prime method of attaining that development,

Taking into account that one of the fundamental objectives of the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean is the eradication of illiteracy by the year 2000,

Recognizing that the Republic of Honduras has one of the highest illiteracy rates, with 42.5 per cent of its population unable to read or write,

Reaffirming that the activities undertaken by the Government of the Republic of Honduras are in keeping with the lines of emphasis of the Medium-Term Plan,

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Authorizes the Director-General to call on the international community to offer the material and technical collaboration needed by Honduras for the implementation of its National Literacy Plan.

2.6 National Literacy Programme in Suriname

The General Conference,

Considering that education is a fundamental right for everyone so as to guarantee the full participation of all individuals in the economic, political, social and cultural development of Suriname.

Considering that the eradication of illiteracy is not only a fundamental right but an essential condition to the development of a country and the progress of its people,

Noting that Suriname is determined to eradicate illiteracy and that it is a priority programme of its Government which dedicates 25 per cent of its national budget to education,

Noting that all available human and possible material resources of the country should be mobilized and that the National Literacy Programme will be followed by an extensive adult education programme,

Taking into account that one of the fundamental objectives of the Major Project in the Field of Education in Latin America and the Caribbean is the eradication of illiteracy by the year 2000,

Reaffirming that the activities undertaken by the Government of the Republic of Suriname are in keeping with the lines of emphasis of the Medium-Term Plan (1984-1989),

Authorizes the Director-General to call on the international community to offer the material and technical collaboration needed by Suriname for the implementation of its National Literacy Programme.

2.7 Convention against Discrimination in Education¹

The General Conference,

Elects, in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 2, of the Protocol instituting a Conciliation and Good Offices Commission to be responsible for seeking the settlement of any disputes which may arise between States Parties to the Convention against Discrimination in Education, the following persons to be members of the said Commission: Mr Ismael Antonio Vargas Bonilla (Costa Rica), Mr Fawzi Abdel Zahir Khamis (Egypt), Mr Vincent Depasquale (Malta), Miss Margaret Joan Marshall (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

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3.1 Major Programme III 'Communication in the service of man'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/03 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session relating to Major Programme III, 'Communication in the service of man',

Recalling all the relevant provisions of the Constitution, the various international instruments and the General Conference resolutions referred to in that resolution,

Recalling the Declaration on Fundamental Principles concerning the Contribution of the Mass Media to Strengthening Peace and International Understanding, to the Promotion of

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission IV at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- Human Rights and to Countering Racialism, Apartheid and Incitement to War, adopted by the General Conference at its twentieth session (1978),
- Recalling paragraphs 36 to 40 of the Mexico City Declaration on Cultural Policies adopted by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982) and the recommendations of that conference concerning communication,
- Recalling the declarations and recommendations adopted by the intergovernmental conferences on communication policies in San José (1976), Kuala Lumpur (1979) and Yaoundé (1980).
- Recalling resolutions 34/181, 34/182, 35/201, 36/149 and 37/94 adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations at its thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth and thirty-seventh sessions, which deal with questions of information and communication and co-operation with Unesco, and in which the General Assembly recognizes, inter alia, 'the central role of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in the field of communications and information, within its mandate', and expresses its support for Unesco's activities relating to the establishment of a new world information and communication order and for its efforts in the context of the International Programme for the Development of Communication,
- Considering that it is essential, in order gradually to eliminate existing imbalances, to reinforce and intensify the development of communication infrastructures, networks and resources at local, national, regional and world levels, thus encouraging a free flow and a wider and better balanced dissemination of information,
- 1. Renews its appeal to Member States, international governmental and non-governmental organizations, professional circles and other sources of financing to increase their contribution to the International Programme for the Development of Communication (IPDC) by making a greater volume of funds available to it, as well as more personnel, equipment, technology and training facilities;
- 2. Endorses the six objectives of the programme of action 'Towards a reading society' adopted by the World Congress on Books (London, 1982);
- 3. Considers that Major Programme III provides a framework for strengthening the foundation on which a new world information and communication order conducive to a free flow and a wider and better balanced dissemination of information might be established;
- 4. Welcomes the way in which the International Programme for the Development of Communication and its Intergovernmental Council have commenced their activities;
- 5. Authorizes the Director-General to undertake activities to implement Major Programme III, 'Communication in the service of man', and the programmes and subprogrammes mentioned in resolution 2/03;
- 6. Invites the Director-General, in particular:
 - (a) under Programme 111.1, 'Studies on communication':
 - (i) to stimulate the development of research, especially concerning the socio-cultural impact of new communication technologies, the democratization of communication with special reference to minorities and disadvantaged groups and the future of books and reading;
 - (ii) to further elaborate the concepts of the 'right to communicate' and access to and participation in communication, and to continue to study in various societies the rights and responsibilities of communicators, taking into account all human rights recognized in international instruments adopted by organizations of the United Nations family;
 - (iii) to continue the study of methods for the planning, programming and financing of communication, with special reference to the communication industries;
 - (b) under Programme 111.2, 'Free flow and wider and better balanced dissemination of information; increased exchanges of news and programmes':
 - to help to eliminate the obstacles to the free flow and wider and better balanced exchanges
 of books, news and programmes, to examine the situation of cultural paper in the
 world and to study ways and means of improving the working conditions and
 professional practices of communicators;

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 - (ii) to continue strengthening mechanisms for international co-operation and to stimulate international interchange of news and programmes among public and private bodies responsible for communication;
 - (iii) to seek the media's assistance in improving international understanding and respect for human rights, furthering the elucidation of major world problems and the strengthening of peace and contributing to the promotion of equality between men and women;
 - (iv) to continue publicizing the 1978 Declaration together with action taken to implement it and the results of research work undertaken in this connection;
 - (c) under Programme 111.3, 'The development of communication':
 - (i) to continue activities relating to the formulation of communication policies and, in particular, to convene an intergovernmental conference on communication policies in the Arab States (ARABCOM) during the biennium;
 - (ii) to provide secretariat services for the Intergovernmental Council of the International Programme for the Development of Communication (IPDC) and to implement the projects approved by that Council;
 - (iii) to co-operate with Member States, at their request, in identifying their needs, making inventories of available resources and formulating policies for the development of communication; in establishing appropriate infrastructures and facilities; in providing training and further training for communication personnel; in stimulating the production of endogenous printed material, programmes and messages;
 - (iv) to pay particular attention to the promotion of books and reading and to the development of the cinema, photography and the audio-visual media;
 - (v) to study methods of educating communication users, and to disseminate the findings of such studies:

7. Further invites the Director-General:

- (a) to continue co-operating closely, especially within the framework of the IPDC, with the other organizations of the United Nations system, which have responsibilities in fields relating to communication or which are engaged in activities in that field, in particular, through the Secretary-General of ITU, with the International Commission for Worldwide Telecommunication Development;
- (b) to co-operate with extra-budgetary funding agencies and programmes in order to increase the scope and effectiveness of the Organization's activities relating to communication;
- (c) in implementing these activities, to obtain the assistance of the international non-governmental organizations concerned, in particular the International Film and Television Council, and of professional associations concerned with communication;
- 8. Requests the Director-General, in executing these activities, to give special attention to those:
 - (a) which help to redress the situation of the countries most disadvantaged as regards communication:
 - (b) which will encourage a plurality of information sources and media;
 - (c) which take account of the need for differing solutions to information and communication problems according to the country, socio-economic system and cultural environment concerned;
 - (d) which will facilitate an in-depth analysis of the concept of a new world information and communication order, seen as an evolving and continuous process, so as to strengthen the bases upon which such an order conducive to a free flow and a wider and better balanced dissemination of information might be established;
 - (e) which help to reduce certain internal imbalances in various countries especially by furthering the development of rural communication, particularly in the poorest regions, and facilitating the access of young people and disadvantaged social groups to communication;
 - (f) which stimulate co-operation between the different professional circles working for the cause of communication;
 - (g) which can stimulate the contribution of communication to development processes in the Organization's fields of competence and in those falling within the competence of other bodies in the United Nations system;

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- (h) which involve collaboration between the organizations of the United Nations system and co-operation with other international governmental and non-governmental organizations at world or regional level;
- (i) which lead to the mustering of extra-budgetary resources;
- (j) which can be carried out, in the matter of book development, in co-operation with the competent institutions at the national and regional level, in order to promote a spirit of solidarity and co-operation in favour of book development in the regions concerned.

3.2 The right to communicate

The General Conference.

Considering that the notion of the 'right to communicate' has been a subject of study in Unesco programmes since 1974,

Taking into account, in particular, the progress made in this field through the work of the International Commission for the Study of Communication Problems and by subsequent meetings to discuss this subject,

Recalling that the aim is not to substitute the notion of the right to communicate for any rights already recognized by the international community, but to increase their scope with regard to individuals and the groups they form, particularly in view of the new possibilities of active communication and dialogue between cultures that are opened up by advances in the media,

Invites the Director-General to implement in this spirit the activities provided for in paragraphs 03128 to 03131 of document 22C/5, and to report to the General Conference at its twenty-third session on the results obtained.

3.3 International Programme for the Development of Communication

The General Conference,

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Referring to resolution 4/9.1/3 adopted at its twentieth session, in which it advocated the establishment of 'a new, more just and more effective world information and communication order',

Emphasizing that, in accordance with resolution 4/21 adopted at is twenty-first session, the International Programme for the Development of Communication (IPDC), aiming to increase co-operation and assistance for the development of communication infrastructures and to reduce the gap between various countries in the communication field, must form part of the efforts for the establishment of a new world information and communication order,

Recalling the Declaration on Fundamental Principles concerning the Contribution of the Mass Media to Strengthening Peace and International Understanding, to the Promotion of Human Rights and to Countering Racialism, Apartheid and Incitement to War,

Referring also to the declarations and decisions concerning information adopted at the Conferences of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, in particular the Seventh Conference which was held in New Delhi from 5 to 12 March 1983 and which requested 'all Member States of Unesco to generate the additional resources required by the United Nations system to fully bring into being the new information and communication order, in particular by making their full contribution, commensurate with their resources, to Unesco's International Programme for the Development of Communication',

Taking account of resolution 37/94 of the United Nations General Assembly, according to which 'the International Programme for the Development of Communication represents a significant step towards the establishment of a new world information and communication order',

Noting that, in pursuance of the resolutions of the Unesco General Conference, the Intergovernmental Council of the IPDC has developed basic criteria for selecting, approving and financing projects,

- Noting further that in order to ensure flexible financing and a wide variety of funding sources, the Intergovernmental Council has defined three ways in which contributions to the financing and resources of the Programme can be made, namely, contributions to the Special Account, contributions in services and in kind, and funds-in-trust,
- Noting also that twenty-six states have paid contributions into the IPDC account and that two others have pledged to do so, with the result that the IPDC already has a sum of \$3,887,141 at its disposal, which it is using to finance its interregional and regional projects,
- Considering that, since its establishment, the IPDC has begun to play a significant role in the field of communication development and the international authority of its programme has become firmly established,
- Highly appreciating the practical steps taken by the Director-General of Unesco and the assistance he has provided in respect of the IPDC and the activities of the Intergovernmental Council,
- 1. Approves the text of the first report of the Intergovernmental Council of the IPDC to the twenty-second session of the General Conference of Unesco;
- 2. Expresses its gratitude to all Member States that have paid or pledged contributions to ensure the programme's implementation;
- 3. Invites the other Member States of Unesco, particularly the industrialized countries, to make a substantial financial contribution to the development of the IPDC;
- 4. Invites the Director-General to continue to study and make known the most effective means of remedying the imbalance affecting regional and interregional exchanges of information with a view to strengthening the bases upon which a new world information and communication order-seen as an evolving and continuous process-conducive to a free flow and a wider and better balanced dissemination of information might be established;

II'

5. Elects, in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 2 of the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Council of the International Programme for the Development of Communication, the following Member States to be members of the Council 2

France Norway Algeria Germany, Federal Senegal Antigua and Barbuda Republic of Uganda Argentina United Republic Mozambique Benin Bulgaria Netherlands of Cameroon Yemen Canada Nigeria Ethiopia

The formulation and application of education policies'

4.1 Major Programme IV 'The formulation and application of education policies'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/04 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programme IV, 'The formulation and application of education policies',

3. Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission II at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

^{1.} This part of the resolution was adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} The other members of the Council, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office will expire at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Austria, Bangladesh, China, Democratic Yemen, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Japan, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, Sri Lanka, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United States of America, Venezuela, Zaire.

- Considering that this major programme, which is designed to facilitate the planning and implementation of action on a broad front to ensure general access to education in the Member States and to improve the quality of education everywhere within the context of lifelong education, should provide a framework for the co-ordination of all the Organization's activities in this field.
- Considering that the strengthening of regional and international co-operation with a view to the development of education is an important means of expanding and improving the education systems adapted to the needs of Member States,
- *Convinced* that greater priority should be given in these areas to the consolidation and diversification of training activities at regional, subregional and national levels,
- Considering that wider access to education and greater opportunities for successful completion of educational studies together with a constant improvement in the quality of education require a considerable increase in financial resources, the development of the material and technical infrastructures of educational establishments and the expansion of teacher training, as well as a rational use of resources,
- Stressing the need for the Organization to adopt an interdisciplinary approach to these questions,
- Recalling the Recommendation concerning Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, the recommendations of the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament, the Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers and the Convention and Recommendation against Discrimination in Education,
- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes set out under Major Programme IV 'The formulation and application of education policies';
- 2. Invites the Director-General in particular:
 - (a) under Programme IV. 1, 'Contribution to the formulation and application of education policies and strengthening of national capacities with regard to educational planning, management, administration and economics':
 - (i) to pursue and develop reflection, consultation and co-ordination and exchanges of innovatory ideas and experience concerning education policies, and, to this end, to convene in 1984 the 39th session of the International Conference on Education (category II) and the fifth Regional Conference (category II) of Ministers of Education and Those Responsible for Economic Planning in the Member States of Asia and the Pacific (MINEDAP V);
 - (ii) to increase, particularly through training, the capacities of Member States to analyse, design, plan, manage and evaluate their education systems, having due regard for the vital requirements of the democratization of education, the eradication of illiteracy and the universalization and renewal of primary education;
 - (iii) to strengthen co-operation with Member States, with a view to linking up their development plans for formal education with those for non-formal education and integrating them more effectively with national plans for economic and social development, especially with regard to human resources, and identifying practical means of mustering and making optimum use of internal and external resources for the development of education;
 - (iv) to continue, with a view to mustering external financial resources for education, co-operation in this regard with the World Bank, the regional development banks, the bilateral and multilateral funds, UNICEF and the World Food Programme;
 - (b) under Programme IV.2, 'The educational sciences and their application to the renewal of the educational process':
 - (i) to intensify activities relating to research on priority themes for educational development and to the application of the results for the improvement and development of the education system and process;
 - (ii) to continue to encourage innovations in educational content, methods and techniques,

- 4 The formulation and application of education policies
 - with a view to furthering the democratization of education and strengthening the role of education in relation to economic and cultural development;
 - (iii) to continue publication of the quarterly *Prospects* and to increase its circulation;
 - (iv) to promote reflection on the relevance and coherence of the content of education and to contribute during this biennium to a more accurate assessment of the advantages and limitations of the interdisciplinary approach, in particular by assisting in the formulation of a common core of basic knowledge necessary for all members of a given society and in the development of educational content which would be relevant to rural zones and areas undergoing rapid urbanization;
 - (v) to help to ensure, during the biennium, that Member States take into consideration, when preparing educational content and teaching materials, the principles embodied in the standard-setting instruments adopted by Unesco and by other organizations in the United Nations system;
 - (vi) to continue to provide Member States, at their request, with assistance in integrating in formal and non-formal education curricula such interdisciplinary subjects as education for international understanding, co-operation and peace, and education relating to human rights and fundamental freedoms, environmental education, nutrition education, population education and education with a view to the prevention of drug abuse;
 - (vii) to further the examination at the international level of the possibilities of using new communication and data-processing technologies for the purposes of education;
 - (c) under Programme IV.3, 'Policies and methods for the training of educational personnel':
 - to continue to promote and encourage the implementation of integrated training policies and plans and, to this end, to help ensure the co-ordination of all training activities concerning personnel at different levels and in different domains of formal and non-formal education;
 - (ii) to co-operate with Member States in order to identify more clearly their training requirements in the light of the democratization and renewal of education and to contribute to the improvement of the level of qualification of educational personnel, taking into account the introduction of appropriate innovations and giving special attention to the in-service training of educational personnel whose work will have a multiplier effect, and of personnel associated with pluridisciplinary development programmes and projects;
 - (iii) to contribute to the improvement of the status of educational personnel in society by means of the broader dissemination, implementation and updating of the 1966 Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers;
 - (d) under Programme IV.4, 'Means and infrastructures-information systems, educational facilities and educational industries':
 - (i) to encourage, at regional, subregional and international levels, the exchange of information on education and to continue, in accordance with the recommendations of the 36th International Conference on Education, the development of information and documentation services, with a view to establishing an international network for the exchange of information on education;
 - (ii) to help to ensure the improved cost-effectiveness of educational infrastructures and facilities through the preparation of guidance instruments, through increased use of technologies which make use of local labour and materials, and through closer consultation and co-ordination between the architects and the various educational staff, with a view to designing and establishing multi-purpose educational buildings;
 - (iii) to assist Member States in seeking ways of increasing the production and improving the management of teaching materials and equipment, in relation to the expansion of their education systems, by helping to bring about both the improvement of present conditions for the production and distribution of teaching materials and the establishment of new infrastructures for industrial production and the large-scale distribution of low-cost teaching materials and equipment and, particularly, by encouraging efforts of developing countries to produce low-cost indigenous teaching material and equipment

- which would have greater relevance to their national needs of educational programmes and by disseminating information regarding such efforts for the benefit of all developing countries;
- (iv) to encourage exchanges of teaching materials among Member States.

4.2 International Bureau of Education

The General Conference.

Noting that the programme of the International Bureau of Education (IBE) comes within the framework of the Medium-Term Plan for 1984-1989 and, in particular, Major Programmes II, IV and V of that Plan,

Referring to the resolutions authorizing the Director-General to carry out in 1984-1985 activities designed to ensure the implementation of the programmes and subprogrammes of these major programmes,

Ι

- I. Authorizes the Director-General to maintain the International Bureau of Education and, to that end, to incur expenditure of US \$5,387,000 which will be used to finance activities undertaken by the IBE within the framework of these major programmes, and also to seek extra-budgetary resources, for the purpose of contributing to the development of education in Member States:
 - (a) by organizing the International Conference on Education, whose 39th session will be held in Geneva in 1984, on major trends in education and on a special theme entitled 'The universalization and renewal of primary education in the perspective of an appropriate introduction to science and technology', and by preparing for the 40th session, which will be held in 1986, on the special theme 'Improvement of secondary education: objectives, content, structures and methods', taking into account the optimum contribution that such education should make both to the full development of the individual and to his or her preparation for social, cultural and economic life;
 - (b) by publishing the *International Yearbook of Education*, in which account will be taken of the conclusions of these conferences and of comparative studies of a theoretical or historical nature relating to the various educational sciences and associated disciplines, or on subjects corresponding to certain of the programmes and subprogrammes of the Medium-Term Plan;
 - (c) by providing support for the development of an international network for educational information exchange, based on the national and regional educational documentation and information centres already existing or being established, by supplying thesauri, directories, bibliographies, information files and other updated documentation tools, and by operating the International Educational Reporting Service which, through the information network, will circulate an awareness list and a newsletter on educational innovations;
 - (d) by continuing to improve the facilities of the Educational Documentation and Information Centre through the increased use of modern computer technologies;
 - (e) by maintaining and developing the International Exhibition on Education, which makes use of audio-visual materials and techniques;
 - (f) by developing an active policy in respect of promotion, translation, co-publication and distribution;

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- 2. *Elects*, in accordance with Article III, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Statutes of the International Bureau of Education, the Member States that will form part of the Council of the Bureau?
- 1. This part of the resolution was adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.
- 2. The other members of the Council of the Bureau, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office expires at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Bangladesh, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, France, Guinea, Kenya, Panama, Peru, Poland, Qatar, Rwanda, Spain, United States of America.

Brazil, China, India, Japan, Nigeria, Oman, Senegal, Switzerland, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Republic of Tanzania.

4.3 International Institute for Educational Planning

The General Conference,

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Noting that the programme of the International Institute for Educational Planning (IIEP) falls mainly within the framework of Major Programmes II, IV and V,

Recalling the resolutions authorizing the Director-General to carry out in 1984-1985 activities designed to ensure the implementation of the programmes and subprogrammes of these major programmes,

Noting a relative decrease in the voluntary contributions of some Member States to the IIEP,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to take the necessary measures to provide for the operation of the IIEP, including the granting of US \$3,745,400 within the framework of Major Programmes II, IV and V to enable the IIEP to carry out the following programme:
 - (a) long- and short-term training activities, taking into account recent changes in the needs of Member States regarding educational planning and administration, and with a view to contributing first and foremost to the strengthening of their training potential;
 - (b) research to help increase the relevance and efficiency of educational planning and administration in Member States, and to expand their research capacity in these fields;
 - (c) wider dissemination of the results of the work carried out by the IIEP and Member States on educational planning and administration;

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- Considering that the programme of the International Institute for Educational Planning (IIEP) is also likely to contribute to the implementation of Major Programmes I, III, VIII and XI of the Medium-Term Plan within the context of the Institute's specific function in respect of training and research,
- 2. Authorizes the Director-General to allocate an additional sum of US \$603,000 to the Institute to enable it to carry out activities in support of these major programmes;

III

- 3. Appeals to Member States to grant, renew or increase voluntary contributions to the IIEP in accordance with Article VIII of its Statutes, so that with additional resources, and its headquarters premises provided by the French Government, it can do more to satisfy the growing needs of Member States with regard to training and research in educational planning and administration.
- 4.4 Unesco Institute for Education, Hamburg

The General Conference,

Noting that the activities of the Unesco Institute for Education, Hamburg, concern lifelong education and, in particular, its implications for educational content and methods,

Noting also that these questions are linked to several activities proposed under Major Programme IV in particular,

Having taken note of the report of the Director-General entitled 'Report on the possible amendment of the status of the Unesco Institute for Education in Hamburg' (22C/73),

- Endorsing the opinion expressed by the Director-General in that report to the effect that the Institute's present status permits it to make a greater contribution to the execution of some of Unesco's education programmes, and *noting with satisfaction* the measures contemplated to that end by the Director-General in the above-mentioned report,
- I. Invites Member States to make voluntary contributions to the Unesco Institute for Education in Hamburg to supplement the contribution of the Federal Republic of Germany;
- 2. Authorizes the Director-General to support the Institute, in particular by providing it with the services of a director, and to associate the Institute more closely with the execution of certain of the Organization's activities, particularly those aimed at promoting research in education and the development of educational content in a context of lifelong education.
- 4.5 Application of the Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 1.311 which it adopted at its fourteenth session (1966) on the implementation of the Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers,

Having noted the third report of the Joint ILO/Unesco Committee of Experts on the application of the Recommendation and the observations of the Executive Board thereon (22C/77),

Recognizing the importance and value of the efforts made by those Member States which have submitted reports on the application of the Recommendation,

Noting with satisfaction the progress made in the application of certain provisions of the Recommendation.

Noting, however, that many Member States did not reply to the last questionnaire sent to them, and expressing its concern at the downward trend in the number of replies in the course of the three consultations already held,

Convinced that the evaluation by the International Labour Organisation and Unesco of the extent to which the Member States give effect to the Recommendation constitutes an essential part of international standard-setting action concerning the status of teachers,

- 1. Notes with satisfaction the work carried out by the Joint ILO/Unesco Committee of Experts and endorses the observations made by the Executive Board;
- 2. Invites the Director-General to bring the report of the Joint Committee, together with the observations of the Executive Board, to the attention of Member States and their National Commissions, international teachers' organizations having relations with Unesco, and the United Nations;
- 3. Expresses its satisfaction at the Director-General's having taken the conclusions of the report into account in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, as regards improvement of the quality of training and working conditions for educational personnel, particularly with a view to:
 - (a) encouraging the introduction of a common core into the training of the various categories of educational personnel;
 - (b) encouraging the elaboration of integrated training policies aimed at establishing links between the pre-service and in-service training of teachers and at harmonizing the training of the various categories of teachers;
 - (c) encouraging the developing countries to undertake or pursue research to assist them in finding appropriate solutions to the problems facing them in the sphere of education;
 - (d) promoting, in the training of teachers, their remuneration and their social benefits, the application of the principle of non-discrimination, with due regard to the sense in which the term 'discrimination' is understood in Article I of the Convention against Discrimination in Education adopted by the General Conference at its eleventh session;
 - (e) encouraging the participation of teachers in activities aimed at renewing education syllabuses and methods;
- 4. Again invites Member States to apply all the provisions of the Recommendation with a view to improving teachers' motivation and ensuring more effective implementation of national education policies;

- 5 Education, training and society
 - 5. Also invites Member States to:
 - (a) respond fully to the next questionnaire on the application of the Recommendation;
 - (b) submit futher reports in 1987 on the application of the Recommendation, on the basis of the questionnaire that will be prepared by the ILO and Unesco Secretariats in close co-operation with the Joint Committee and taking into account the methodological suggestions of the latter;
 - 6. Invites the Director-General, in consultation with the Director-General of ILO, to continue to examine the question of a possible revision of the Recommendation concerning the Status of Teachers and to submit the results of this examination to the Board in due course;
 - 7. Notes that the Joint Committee may hold a meeting in 1985 to finalize the fourth questionnaire, to continue its work on the possible updating of the Recommendation and to make suggestions regarding the content of a possible convention, without prejudging a decision as to the advisability of adopting such a convention;
 - 8. Invites the Director-General, in consultation with the Director-General of ILO, to study the implications of the Joint Committee's proposal regarding a possible convention on the status of teachers;
 - 9. Invites the Executive Board and the Director-General, after consulting the International Labour Organisation, to take the necessary steps so that the Joint ILO/Unesco Committee may pursue its work and so that a further report by the Committee may be submitted to the General Conference at its twenty-fifth session in 1989.

Education, training and society¹

5.1 Major Programme V: 'Education, training and society'

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 2/05 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programme V 'Education, training and society' in the second Medium-Term Plan,

Reaffirming that education does much to determine the development towards peace and fundamental freedoms and the future of society and mankind and can, to varying degrees, assist in solving its problems,

Considering that education is a prerequisite for individual fulfilment, and enables all abilities and all talents fully to contribute to the progress and the harmonious development of society,

Noting that in rapidly developing societies, education, if it is to be relevant, must prepare people to experience and participate in change,

Recalling the Recommendation concerning Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, adopted by the General Conference at its eighteenth session, and the recommendations of the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament,

Recalling the Declaration on fundamental principles concerning the contribution of the mass media to strengthening peace and international understanding, to the promotion of human rights and to countering racialism, apartheid and incitement to war (Paris, 1978),

Recalling the Revised Recommendation concerning Technical and Vocational Education, adopted by the General Conference at its eighteenth session, and the need to strengthen the links between technical and vocational education and the teaching of science and technology and recognizing that technical and vocational education is an important prerequisite for economic and social development,

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission II at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

- Reaffirming the need to improve the links between education and the world of work, recalling Recommendation No. 73 on the interaction between education and productive work, adopted by the International Conference on Education at its 38th session and regarding this interaction as an important means of democratizing education and society as a whole,
- Recalling the International Charter of Physical Education and Sport adopted by the General Conference at its twentieth session, together with the importance for everyone, children and adults alike, of the practice of physical education and sport for the harmonious development of the personality, and of physical abilities and moral qualities in particular,
- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes provided for in Major Programme V 'Education, training and society';
- 2. Invites, in particular, the Director-General:
 - (a) under Programme V.l, 'Education, culture and communication':
 - (i) to help education to draw more substantially on traditions and values of relevance to the future, to make more extensive use of the cultural heritage and to take greater account of cultural realities and goals, and to promote to that end the use of mother tongues and national languages in all types of education, including technical and vocational education, and also the development of aesthetic and ethical education;
 - (ii) to further activities designed to:
 ensure that education gives everyone the necessary means of objectively examining,
 sifting and making wise use of the information and messages put out by the communication media, and that these messages are taken into consideration in the education
 - make the public aware of the cultural value of communication;
 - use the resources offered by the communication media for the development of education:
 - (b) under Programme V.2, 'Teaching of science and technology':
 - (i) to promote the improvement and modernization of the teaching of science and technology, with due regard to national development needs, by means of pilot projects and through experiment, innovation and research;
 - (ii) to stimulate the application of the results of these activities to the updating of the subjectmatter and methods of science and technology teaching, and to teacher-training programmes;
 - (iii) to bring scientific and technological knowledge within reach of the public at large, particularly in the developing countries;
 - (iv) to promote and develop out-of-school scientific activities for young people;
 - (c) under Programme V.3, 'Education and the world of work':
 - (i) to promote interaction between education and productive work, particularly by introducing productive work into the education process;
 - (ii) to foster the harmonization of education and employment by studying the policies, legislation and regulations currently being applied in these two fields and by contributing to a better knowledge of the measures to be taken regarding educational and vocational guidance;
 - (iii) to continue the efforts undertaken to expand and improve technical and vocational education through, *inter alia*, standard-setting action, and to encourage innovations concerning the content of such education and the training of personnel, together with development of the requisite national infrastructures;
 - (d) under Programme V.4, 'Promotion of physical education and sport':
 - (i) to contribute to the development of physical education and sport, in pursuance of the International Charter of Physical Education and Sport, through support for the efforts made by Member States to train the necessary personnel, through the promotion of international co-operation in this field and through assistance, in Member States so desiring, for the organization in 1985 of a World Week of Physical Fitness and Sport for All:
 - (ii) in co-operation with sports organizations, to encourage the participation of youth movements in national efforts to develop physical education and sport and to contribute

5 Education, training and society

to spreading the practice of sport for all at every age and to the promotion of traditional games of a cultural nature;

- (e) under Programme V.5, 'Higher education, training and research':
 - to continue with efforts to further the development of higher education and to increase
 its contribution to the training of key national personnel, having regard to the demands
 made by the progress of society, especially through the promotion of regional and
 international co-operation in this field;
 - (ii) to continue encouraging increased participation by women at all levels and in all areas of higher education;
 - (iii) to promote the development, in institutions of higher education, of research activities in the educational sciences and training activities for the various categories of educational personnel, including those in higher education;
- (f) under Programme V.6, 'Action with a view to better integration of training and research activities':
 - (i) to contribute to better knowledge of existing training and research needs and resources, and to improvement of the national methods and capabilities necessary for this purpose;
 - (ii) to give support for experiences in the integration of training and research relating to specific development problems within Unesco's fields of competence;
 - (iii) to continue with action to promote the mobility of students, teachers and researchers in higher education and to facilitate the return to employment in their own countries of specialists trained abroad, thus contributing to the expansion of national training and research capacities and to prevention of the brain drain.

5.2 Possible preparation of a convention on technical and vocational education

The General Conference.

Stressing the importance of technical and vocational education for the socio-economic development and the further democratization of education,

Considering the report on the technical and legal aspects of a possible convention on technical and vocational education (22C/25),

Appreciating especially the preliminary study on this topic submitted by the Director-General to the General Conference,

Recalling resolution 1/02, IV of the twenty-first session of the General Conference,

Noting the recommendations of the Executive Board at its 116th session,

Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to conduct in 1984-1985 a further in-depth study to provide guidelines and principles which may be included in a possible convention;
- (b) to submit a report on this in-depth study to it at its twenty-third session.

5.3 Election of members of the Intergovernmental Committee for Physical Education and Sport 1

The General Conference

Elects, in accordance with the provisions of Article 2, paragraph 3, of the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Committee for Physical Education and Sport, the following Member States as members of that Committee?

^{1.} This resolution was adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} The other members of the Committee, who were elected at the twenty-first session, and whose term of office expires at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Cuba, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Honduras, Japan, Jordan, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mexico, Nepal, Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Uganda, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Republic of Cameroon, Uruguay.

6 The sciences and their application to development

Angola Malawi Switzerland

Belgium Nicaragua United Kingdom of China Republic of Korea Great Britain

Congo Saudi Arabia and Northern Ireland Germany, Federal Spain United States of America

Republic of Sweden Zambia

5.4 United Nations University

The General Conference,

Endorsing fully decision 5.2.2 concerning the United Nations University adopted by the Executive Board at its 117th session, contained in document 22C/71,

Taking note with satisfaction of the development of mutual co-operation between Unesco and the University in activities of common interest,

Considering that further development of the University is conducive to reflection and action on global problems in accordance with its Charter,

Appeals most earnestly to Member States to contribute generously to the University Endowment Fund, the Operating Fund, and to the University's activities and projects.

5.5 Social and educational problems of delinquents

The General Conference,

Considering the fact that there is an ever increasing number of delinquents throughout the world posing serious social and educational problems,

Noting that these delinquents require specific educational and social programmes in Member States, Requests the Director-General to study the dimensions of the problem and the activities that could be undertaken in order to help Member States to find solutions to this problem.

The sciences and their application to development

6.1 Major Programme VI: 'The sciences and their application to development' *The General Conference*,

Recalling resolution 2/06 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session relating to Major Programme VI "The sciences and their application to development",

Reaffirming the need to support national efforts to improve and strengthen infrastructures and research and training programmes in the natural sciences, the social and human sciences, technology and the engineering sciences, and the interface between them,

Considering that the broadening and development of international co-operation, with the assistance of the competent international non-governmental organizations, contribute to the advancement of knowledge in the natural sciences, the social and human sciences, the engineering sciences and the interface between them, and help to support national research and training programmes,

Considering furthermore that the development of the social and human sciences is essential for understanding social problems and seeking appropriate solutions to them,

Recognizing that the development process requires the proper interaction of the natural sciences, technology and the social and human sciences for seeking appropriate solutions to meet people's needs and aspirations,

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission III at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- 6 The sciences and their application to development
 - 1. Authorizes the Director-General to carry out the programmes and subprogrammes provided for in Major Programme VI 'The sciences and their application to development',
 - 2. Invites the Director-General in particular:
 - (a) under Programme VI.1, 'Research, training and international co-operation in the natural sciences':
 - to contribute, in co-operation with the competent international non-governmental organizations, to the strengthening and development of national programmes of fundamental and applied research and to the advanced training of research workers in the fields of mathematics, physics, chemistry and biology, particularly in the developing countries;
 - (ii) to continue activities designed to increase the relevance of university programmes, ensure the adaptation of training courses, renew practical education at university level and provide preparation for research in mathematics, physics, chemistry and biology, and to lay emphasis on the university and postgraduate training of women specialists;
 - (iii) to contribute to the strengthening of regional and international co-operation among research and training institutions, particularly through specialized networks, with the assistance of non-governmental organizations and regional scientific associations;
 - (b) under Programme VI.2, 'Research, training and international co-operation in technology and the engineering sciences':
 - (i) to contribute to the strengthening of technological infrastructures, to the adaptation and rehabilitation of technologies and to the establishment of closer links between technological research and training institutions and the production sectors;
 - (ii) to continue university and postgraduate training activities for engineers and technicians, laying special emphasis on the adaptation of programmes and courses of training to take account of recent technological advances;
 - (iii) to develop the regional networks of technological training and research institutions and to promote co-operation with international non-governmental organizations active in the technological sphere with a view to ensuring the more effective co-ordination of their activities with those of the Organization;
 - (c) under Programme VI.3, 'Research, training and international co-operation in key areas in science and technology':
 - (i) to contribute to the dissemination of technologies in informatics, applied microbiology including biotechnology, and the use of renewable sources of energy, to the formulation of national strategies for research, training and application in these three areas, to the strengthening of training programmes for specialists and technicians and to the development of exchanges of specialized information;
 - (d) under Programme VI.4, 'Research, training and international co-operation in the social and human sciences':
 - (i) to encourage national programmes of fundamental and problem-focused research in the social and human sciences and to develop university and postgraduate education in these areas, together with specialized information and documentation systems;
 - (ii) to strengthen subregional, regional and international co-operation, particularly through the extension of information networks;
 - (iii) to prepare regional intergovernmental conferences on the social sciences and development;
 - (e) under Programme VI.5, 'Research, training and regional and international co-operation in some key areas in the social and human sciences':
 - (i) to promote postgraduate training programmes and regional and international research projects in history, anthropology, geography, linguistics and the administrative and management sciences;
 - (ii) to encourage co-operation with a view to the interdisciplinary study of man in the light of advances in psychology, psychophysiology and the neurosciences, from a comparative and cross-cultural standpoint;
 - (iii) to encourage studies on the status of women and to strengthen programmes of education and multidisciplinary research on the status of women.

6.2 Co-operation with the International Centre for Pure and Applied Mathematics

The General Conference,

Aware that mathematics constitutes an exceptional field for the exercise of creativity and is a part of mankind's common heritage, of which none should be deprived,

Convinced that mathematics in its broadest sense, including both pure mathematics and the applied disciplines, offers a language and tools capable of making an essential contribution to development,

Mindful of the need for fuller international co-operation in the sphere of mathematics, in accordance with the recommendations of the General Conference at its sessions held in Paris in 1974 and in Nairobi in 1976,

Considering that such co-operation must be reflected in the organization of rigorous training for mathematicians in developing countries to work in both research and practical mathematics,

Considering also that the access of mathematicians from developing countries to scientific information must be facilitated and developed,

Noting that the International Centre for Pure and Applied Mathematics (ICPAM), established in Nice in 1978 with the assistance of the French Government, itself aims to provide training and information for teachers and researchers engaged in pure research, and also for engineering mathematicians faced with practical problems in developing countries,

Welcoming the results already achieved by ICPAM, which since 1979 has trained over 400 trainees and researchers from 73 countries and published a great many textbooks and works widely circulated to the main specialized libraries in developing countries,

Regretting that this high-level institute, which answers a real need, is not, at present, in a position to meet the growing demands for action made on it from all over the world,

Considering therefore, that the international character of ICPAM should be strengthened so as to associate all the Member States of Unesco in defining its objectives and activities and mobilizing resources to enable it to operate for the benefit of the international community as a whole,

- 1. Recommends therefore that, under the auspices of Unesco, ICPAM be called upon to support the various regional and international initiatives in teaching and research which help to harness mathematics to the cause of development;
- 2. Invites Member States, the international governmental and non-governmental organizations concerned, and the international scientific community as a whole, to take a greater part, in whatever form, in extending activities conducted by ICPAM or with its assistance, in order that the Centre may be fully equal to its allotted international task in the field of training and information, and that its role in mathematics may be analogous to that of the Trieste International Centre in the field of theoretical physics;
- 3. *Invites* the Director-General to give ICPAM the increased support of the Organization and to grant it, in future programmes, the prominence that it warrants in view of the scale and growth of its assignments.

6.3 Co-operation among developing countries in key areas in science and technology

The General Conference,

Recalling that resolution 2/06 on Major Programme VI, 'The sciences and their application to development', adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, recommends in its paragraphs 3(e) and (f) that the Director-General place special emphasis on 'development of international co-operation in all areas of the natural sciences' and on 'the role of the Organization in key areas of science and technology, in particular with a view to helping Member States to choose the technologies best suited to their needs and to develop activities relating to training, the exchange of information and the spread of technological innovations',

Recalling also that resolution 2/08 on Major Programme VIII, 'Principles, methods and strategies of action for development', adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, in its paragraph 5(g), invites the Director-General, during the preparation of the biennial Programme and Budget

6 The sciences and their application to development

- for 1984-1985, to lay particular stress on the 'continuation of efforts for technical co-operation among developing countries',
- Mindful that resolution 7/02, adopted at its twenty-first session, considered that technical co-operation among developing countries represents a complementary link essential to the solution of their problems, and invited Member States and the Director-General to promote and strengthen activities in this context,
- Convinced that, among all forms of co-operation, that which occurs amongst developing countries, since it places particular stress on their endogenous capabilities, is a most valuable contribution to the strengthening of their self-reliance,
- Stressing that the promotion of co-operation among developing countries should address itself primarily to the elucidation and solution of problems common to their respective societies and economies and take into particular account relevant biogeographical affinities, and that, for this reason, it should not be circumscribed to the regional or to the subregional level only,
- *Recognizing* that primary responsibility for technical co-operation among developing countries rests with the developing countries themselves, and that there is increasing commitment by those states towards implementation of programmes in technical co-operation,
- Noting that many technological innovations suited to the needs of the developing world are now also being generated by the developing countries themselves,
- Considering the potential effect of biotechnology and of genetic engineering in the present and future development of fields of great importance for the developing world, such as agricultural production, health and nutrition; the all-pervasive importance of energy for economic development and the necessity for countries to utilize fully, in energy production, their own natural resources, of which biomass and solar radiation constitute a main asset for the majority of developing countries; and the anticipated impact that the rapid expansion of the applications of informatics will have in all aspects of everyday life, which prompted the setting up of Subprogramme VI.3.1 and of an Interim Intergovernmental Committee responsible for preparing an intergovernmental informatics programme,
- I. *Urges* Member States, and in particular developing countries, to establish joint co-operative efforts, with the assistance of the Secretariat whenever necessary, to implement concrete projects in the above fields;
- 2. Invites the Director-General, in implementing the 1984-1985 Programme VI.3, 'Research, training and international co-operation in key areas in science and technology', to place special emphasis on the development of effective mechanisms to stimulate and assist South-South co-operation in these key areas; to set up small and dynamic advisory groups within the framework provided by the Approved Programme and Budget for the biennium 1984-1985, with the participation of representatives of countries interested in sharing their own innovations and results of their research with countries presenting affinities in these fields as well as of countries interested in testing and adopting the applications concerned; to give, in this connection, due consideration to the importance of activities involving demonstration projects or the development of prototypes;
- 3. Suggests that such advisory groups be assisted by the Director-General in the mobilization of extra-budgetary resources for these activities from the appropriate international funding agencies, and, in particular, from the regional and national development banks;
- 4. *Urges* the industrialized countries to participate, through co-operation programmes, joint ventures, as well as other technical or financial means, in the implementation of these activities and projects elaborated by the developing countries, which could permit an accelerated and effective transfer of technology.
- 6.4 Setting up of an Interim Intergovernmental Committee for the Intergovernmental Informatics Programme

The General Conference

1. Decides to set up an Interim Intergovernmental Committee responsible for preparing an Intergovernmental Informatics Programme, determining its content and possible main lines of emphasis and defining the nature and statutes of its co-ordinating body, so as to enable

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the Director-General to submit final proposals thereon to the General Conference at its twenty-third session;

2. *Elects*¹ the following Member States to be members of the Interim Intergovernmental Committee for the Intergovernmental Informatics Programme:

Algeria Germany, Federal Sudan
Argentina Republic of Sri Lanka
Austria Haiti Thailand
Bangladesh India Tunisia

Brazil Iran, Islamic Republic of Union of Soviet
Chile Italy Socialist Republics
Czechoslovakia Kenya United Kingdom of Great
Colombia Morocco Britain and Northern

Congo Mozambique Ireland

Cuba Nigeria United Republic of Tanzania
Denmark Pakistan United States of America

France Poland Zaire

Gabon

7

Information systems and access to knowledge¹

7.1 Major Programme VII: 'Information systems and access to knowledge'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/07 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Having taken note of the recommendation of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme formulated at its fourth session (Paris, January 1983),

Reaffirming the essential role played by specialized information in the growth of knowledge and in the acquisition and mastery of knowledge and know-how,

Emphasizing the importance of new technologies in strengthening existing information services and in establishing new services,

Recalling that in many instances there is still no alternative to the use of conventional information processing procedures,

Emphasizing the need to preserve, within the General Information Programme, a satisfactory balance between activities relating to libraries, archives, and specialized scientific and technological information services,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes for which provision is made in Major Programme VII, 'Information systems and access to knowledge';
- 2. In particular, *invites* the Director-General:
 - (a) under Programme VII. 1, 'Improvement of access to information: modern technologies, standardization and interconnection of information systems', to continue to develop the conceptual framework of UNISIST; to place at the disposal of Member States documentary software packages for microcomputers with a view to establishing national data bases; to facilitate the establishment of such data bases; to execute integrated projects; to participate actively in the establishment of regional and international networks, particularly the scientific and technological information system for South-East Asia and the Pacific and a world scientific and technological information network;
 - (b) under Programme VII.2 'Infrastructures, policies and training required for the processing and dissemination of specialized information', to pursue activities relating to infrastructures, policies

^{1.} This part of the resolution was adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983

^{2.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission IV at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

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- and training and, in particular, to strengthen national information systems and their institutions, including library and archive services of all kinds; to continue to assist Member States in the formulation of their information policies and to facilitate the training of information specialists and users;
- (c) under Programme VII.3, 'Unesco information and documentation systems and services', to develop Unesco's documentation, library and archive services, to continue to develop and supply the CDS/ISIS-CAN/SD1 documentary software packages for information processing, and to enhance their utilization potential in terms of equipment and functions; and to ensure the co-ordination of General Information Programme activities with those of other Unesco information systems and services.
- 7.2 Election of members of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme'

The General Conference.

- 1. Recalling Article 2 of the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme approved by resolution 5.1 adopted at its nineteenth session, as amended by resolution 36.1 at its twentieth session,
- 2. *Elects* the following Member States as members of the Intergovernmental Council for the General Information Programme:²

Afghanistan Japan Belgium Kenya Chile Madagascar China Qatar

Colombia United Kingdom of Great Congo Britain and Northern

Egypt Ireland

United Republic of

Tanzania

United States of America

Uruguay

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8.1 Major Programme VIII: 'Principles, methods and strategies of action for development'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/08 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Recalling likewise the Declaration adopted by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982), which affirms that 'culture constitutes a fundamental dimension of the development process',

Emphasizing the key role of education, science, culture and communication in the consolidation of the independence of each country, in particular the developing countries, and of independent foundations enabling each country to pursue its own development in a harmonious and balanced fashion,

Emphasizing in particular the fundamental role that the social and human sciences are called upon to play in furthering understanding of development problems in all their complexity and in working out solutions to those problems within each country,

3. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} The other members of the Council, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office will expire at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Argentina, Austria, Bulgaria, Finland, France, Federal Republic of Germany, Indonesia, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Philippines, Poland, Togo, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Venezuela

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- 2. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes planned under Major Programme VIII, 'Principles, methods and strategies of action for development', and in so doing to give special importance to meeting the needs of the least developed countries:
- 2. Invites the Director-General in particular:
 - (a) under Programme VIII.1, 'Study and planning of development':
 - (i) to help clarify the links between development and international relations by undertaking an examination of economic theories in the light of the functioning of the world economy and having regard, more particularly, to the needs of the developing countries, the necessity for establishing a new international economic order and the positive effects of practical measures of disarmament, in conjunction with the study of the relationship between peace, disarmament and development undertaken under Major Programme XIII, to encourage training and research on the subject of the effects of the activities of transnational corporations in Unesco's fields of competence, to promote co-operation among the developing countries in Unesco's fields of competence and to evaluate the implementation of the International Development Strategy for the United Nations Third Development Decade;
 - (ii) to continue, in co-operation with the organizations of the United Nations system, to study the relationship between development, population, environment and technological progress, by further exploring the relationship between technological progress, modes of production and consumption and the design of human settlements, on the one hand, and the relationship between development, population flows and migratory movements (including the brain drain), on the other, and to pay special attention to rural development with a view to the achievement of self-sufficiency in food production;
 - (iii) to look at development processes in a comprehensive light that takes account of the whole range of economic, social and cultural factors, giving thought to the ultimate aims of development, fostering awareness of the various theories of endogenous development and practical experiences in this field and highlighting the processes and mechanisms likely to lead to the isolation and exclusion of specific social groups;
 - (iv) to co-operate with Member States with a view to facilitating the implementation of integrated development policies, by promoting the development of appropriate planning and evaluation methods, particularly through the training of planning personnel at the national level, and by encouraging the formulation of the problems relating to the status of women in terms that can be incorporated into development planning;
 - (b) under Programme VIII.2, 'Co-operation with Member States with a view to identifying priority projects for development':
 - (i) to assemble, on the basis of information supplied by Member States, data making it possible to assess the situation in each country and to help define priorities and identify forms of action, so as to mobilize and channel in an appropriate fashion the financial, manpower and intellectual resources required for development;
 - (ii) to provide Member States, particularly the developing countries, with the necessary assistance in identifying and preparing priority projects in Unesco's fields of competence and in training the national personnel required for this purpose;
 - (c) under Programme VIII.3, 'Implementation of action for development':
 - (i) to continue the systematic effort to find and mobilize resources, particularly financial, that could contribute to development, by extending and developing co-operation with the various sources of aid-multilateral and bilateral, public and private, international and regional-and urging them to broaden the compass of their funding criteria and increase their contribution to the activities undertaken within Unesco's fields of competence;
 - (ii) to assist Member States to achieve greater mobilization of human resources and, to this end, to evaluate in systematic fashion the training needs of the various countries, to take steps, on the basis of a critical study of past action, to renovate the programmes of fellowships awarded or managed by Unesco and raise their quality and quantity, to support the efforts of Member States by helping them to acquire the

9 Science, technology and society

- capacity to make training a genuine means of developing talents and abilities and to encourage young people, particularly in the context of International Youth Year (1985) and through voluntary work, to make an active contribution to development;
- (iii) to implement, in Unesco's fields of competence and on the basis of a critical examination of past experience, a number of pilot projects that as a result of Unesco's contribution could subsequently attract more substantial extrabudgetary resources and should reflect the priority and urgent needs of Member States, should be innovatory in conception, in the methods used for their implementation or in the mode of co-operation they involve, and should be interdisciplinary in character and embody multiplier effects.

⁹ Science, technology and society¹

9.1 Major Programme IX: 'Science, technology and society'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/09 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session relating to Major Programme IX, 'Science, technology and society',

Reaffirming the need to study and achieve a better understanding of the relationship between scientific and technological progress and the evolution of societies and to formulate national science and technology policies that reflect the needs and aspirations of the populations concerned,

- Recalling the recommendations of the Regional Conferences of Ministers Responsible for the Application of Science and Technology to Development held by Unesco since 1965, particularly those of CASTASIA II (Manila, 1982), and the relevant recommendations of the Programme of Action adopted by the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development (Vienna, 1979),
- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes planned in Major Programme IX, 'Science, technology and society', and in particular to convene two Regional Conferences of Ministers Responsible for the Application of Science and Technology to Development, one in the Arab States in 1984 (CASTARAB II) and the other in Latin America and the Caribbean in 1985 (CASTALAC II);
- 2. Invites the Director-General in particular:
 - (a) under Programme IX.1, 'Study and improvement of the relationship between science, technology and society':
 - (i) to continue to study recent developments in the relationship between science, technology and society in various economic, social and cultural contexts;
 - (ii) to arrange for studies on the social and cultural implications of the introduction and dissemination of technologies;
 - (iii) to promote the participation of and interaction amongst scientists in all disciplines, engineers, technicians and the general public in setting priorities for and evaluating the impact and use of scientific and technological progress, with a view to improving the quality of life of all people while preserving and promoting their cultural heritage;
 - (iv) to help to strengthen national programmes for both science and technology dissemination and extension work and the training of personnel responsible for making people aware of what science and technology have to offer, and to promote the development of regional and interregional co-operation in this field;
 - (v) to promote efforts in understanding the scientific heritage(s) of the developing countries and their impact on the evolution of their national science and technology policies;
 - (b) under Programme IX.2, 'Science and technology policies':
 - (i) to continue the situation analyses and the exchange of information on national science and technology policies, in particular with a view to the organization of the Regional

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission III at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- Conferences of Ministers Responsible for the Application of Science and Technology to Development (CASTARAB II and CASTALAC II) and meetings of government experts responsible for the preparatory work for them and the implementation of their recommendations;
- (ii) to co-operate with Member States in the formulation and implementation of science and technology policies at the national, regional and world levels with particular emphasis on the self-reliant development of the developing countries:
- (iii) to help to refine the methods, know-how and techniques needed to manage national scientific and technological development;
- (iv) to establish a decentralized international scheme to promote teaching and research in the field of science and technology development policies;
- 3. Further invites the Director-General, in implementing this major programme, to ensure that:
 - (a) the activities undertaken help to adjust the application of science and technology more suitably to the development of each society;
 - (b) a special effort is made to provide specialists in the social and human sciences and the natural and engineering sciences with additional training in the study of the relationship between science, technology and society, and to highlight the importance of the role of women in the assimilation and spread of technologies;
 - (c) activities relating to the development of national extension work programmes supplement and continue the action undertaken in this field in the context of education systems, so as to contribute to the assimilation of scientific and technological knowledge;
 - (d) adequate importance is given to the training of planning specialists and specialists in the management of scientific and technological development and also to procedures for preparing technological choices in connection with science and technology policies.
- 9.2 Possible preparation of a general standard-setting instrument on science and technology

The General Conference

Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to prepare a preliminary study on the possibility, timeliness and desirability of adopting a general recommendation, declaration or convention on science and technology;
- (b) to submit this study to the Member States for their comments in 1984; and,
- (c) to submit the said study and the Member States' comments thereon to the Executive Board at least ninety days before the opening session of the twenty-third session of the General Conference.

The human environment and terrestrial and marine resources¹

10.1 Major Programme X: The human environment and terrestrial and marine resources'

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 2/10 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programme X, 'The human environment and terrestrial and marine resources',

Also recalling the recommendations of the co-ordinating bodies of the intergovernmental scientific programmes, in particular those of the Board of the International Geological Correlation Programme (IGCP) at its tenth session, the Intergovernmental Council of the International

1. Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission III at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- Hydrological Programme (IHP) at its fifth session, the International Conference on Hydrology and the Scientific Bases for the Rational Management of Water Resources (Paris, 1981) and the International Co-ordinating Council of the Programme on Man and the Biosphere (MAB) at its seventh session, as well as the resolutions of the twelfth session of the Assembly of the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) and the recommendations of the Intergovernmental Conference on Environmental Education (Tbilisi, 1977)
- Stressing the importance of the signing of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea and the resulting new responsibilities for Member States and the institutions of the United Nations system, particularly Unesco and its Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, as regards the implementation and strengthening of national infrastructures and oceanographic services.
- Considering that the International Drinking-Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (1981-1990), proclaimed by the General Assembly of the United Nations at its thirty-fifth session, was designed to improve the current situation in this field, mainly through the rational management of water resources,
- Noting the implementation throughout the United Nations system of the medium-term environment programme, drawn up on the initiative of the United Nations Environment Programme UNEP).
- Reaffirming the need to expand knowledge about the structure and functioning of terrestrial and marine ecosystems and the surveying and management of their resources, as well as to continue efforts to protect the environment,
- Noting that the United Nations General Assembly at its thirty-seventh session declared 1987 as the International Year of Shelter for the Homeless,
- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes planned in Major Programme X, 'The human environment and terrestrial and marine resources';
- 2. Invites the Director-General, in particular:
 - (a) under Programme X.1, 'The earth's crust and its mineral and energy resources':
 - (i) to continue implementation of the International Geological Correlation Programme and arrange for the greatest possible participation in it by developing countries;
 - (ii) to strengthen the links between geological activities and development, especially within the framework of the major regional project on the Precambrian in Africa;
 - (iii) to promote the application of geology to land-use planning, interdisciplinary research on the earth's crust and the processing and dissemination of data concerning the earth sciences, particularly in the form of maps;
 - (iv) to facilitate the training of the personnel needed by Member States in the earth sciences, mainly through support for a co-ordinated series of postgraduate courses;
 - (b) under Programme X.2, 'Natural hazards':
 - (i) to develop scientific and technical knowledge with a view to improving the assessment and prediction of natural hazards, particularly those of geophysical origin;
 - (ii) to promote multidisciplinary studies designed to reduce the human and material losses resulting from natural hazards;
 - (c) under Programme X.3, 'Water resources':
 - (i) to implement the third phase (1984-1989) of the International Hydrological Programme (IHP), designed to improve understanding of hydrological processes, to apply it to water resources development projects and to devise methods and procedures to conserve water resources and protect them against pollution;
 - (ii) to contribute to the updating and utilization of scientific and technical knowledge for the purpose of evaluation, planning and rational management of water resources;
 - (iii) to promote the rational use and conservation of water resources in rural environments, particularly within the framework of the major regional projects in Africa, Latin America and the Arab States;
 - (iv) to facilitate the training of the scientific and technical personnel needed by Member States for the assessment and management of water resources, mainly through the development of teaching methods and support for a co-ordinated series of postgraduate courses;

- (v) to contribute to the development of public information programmes and to the dissemination and utilization of scientific and technical information on water resources;
- (d) under Programme X.4, 'The ocean and its resources':
 - (i) to continue and step up the development of the activities of the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) at the global and regional levels relating to scientific research on the ocean and its resources, services for oceanography, training, teaching and mutual assistance;
 - (ii) to develop and disseminate the scientific knowledge and methods necessary for the rational management of marine systems;
 - (iii) to expand research and training capacities in ocean sciences at the national and regional levels, mainly through the implementation of an overall aid plan designed to promote research and training institutions and to strengthen infrastructures in developing countries;
- (e) under Programme X.5, 'Management of coastal and island regions':
 - (i) to contribute to the surveying and advancement of knowledge of the interactions between terrestrial and marine environments in coastal and island systems, particularly within the framework of the major interregional project on research and training leading to the integrated management of coastal systems;
 - (ii) to contribute to the compilation of basic scientific data and the training of the personnel needed for integrated management of coastal and island zones, mainly through the institution of pilot projects within the framework of the MAB programme;
- (f) under Programme X.6, 'Land-use planning and terrestrial resources':
 - (i) to pursue development of 'the programme on Man and the Biosphere (MAB), taking care to maintain its global scope, since the research activities are of relevance to all the ecosystems in the world;
 - (ii) to augment the pilot projects on research, training and demonstration set up within the framework of the two major regional projects on integrated management, one for humid tropical zones and the other for arid and semi-arid zones;
 - (iii) to promote integrated research and studies based on the functioning of ecological and economic systems and on the resources to be managed;
 - (iv) to promote the training of the scientists and technicians needed by Member States for land-use planning and rational use of the resources of terrestrial ecosystems, and to strengthen national infrastructures in this field;
- (g) under Programme X.7, 'Urban systems and urbanization':
 - (i) to strengthen the network of pilot projects on the functioning of urban systems, developed within the framework of the MAB programme, which concentrate on energy flows, energy and matter conservation and recycling processes and mechanisms, the psychological, social and cultural conditions of the populations and the matter of perception of the urban environment, with a view to improving management of those systems;
 - (ii) to promote training of the personnel needed by the Member States for urban management, town planning and architecture, and to encourage the participation of the population in solving the problems raised by urbanization;
 - (iii) to study ways and means by which Unesco could help in the attainment of the objectives of the International Year of Shelter for the Homeless;
- (h) under Programme X.8, 'The natural heritage':
 - to strengthen co-operation with the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN), within the framework of the World Conservation Strategy, for the protection of animal and plant species and the conservation of representative ecological areas;
 - (ii) to put into effect those parts of the Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage that concern nature, together with other activities of international scope for the preservation of the natural heritage;
 - (iii) to continue to develop the international network of representative ecological areas (biosphere reserves) instituted within the framework of the MAB programme by

using the reserves for the conservation of ecosystems, for continuous monitoring of the environment and for training activities for specialists and for environmental education;

- (i) under Programme X.9, 'Environmental education and information':
 - to continue disseminating the scientific information on the environment obtained within the framework of the MAB programme and other Unesco intergovernmental scientific programmes, producing material for decision-makers, teachers, the media and the general public;
 - (ii) to develop and improve the general environmental education programme, in close co-operation with the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), by supporting, at the national and regional levels, the improvement, adaptation and testing of teaching syllabuses and out-of-school education programmes at all levels;
 - (iii) to promote awareness of environmental problems among various professional groups, particularly development planners, decision-makers, engineers and agents;
- 3. Further invites the Director-General, in implementing this major programme, to ensure that:
 - (a) the interdisciplinary approach is strengthened in the conception and execution of all activities, especially through the contribution of the social and human sciences, and that the research and pilot projects are directed towards solving the problems of resource utilization and management in the different regions, especially in developing countries;
 - (b) the general and practical training of specialists, especially women, is given special attention;
 - (c) participation by developing countries in the intergovernmental scientific programmes (IGCP, IHP and MAB) and the IOC programmes is increased, taking into account national needs resulting from the new ocean regime;
 - (d) co-operation with the other interested institutions of the United Nations system and with the competent regional and international non-governmental scientific organizations is developed;
 - (e) the overall conception and unified management of the MAB programme, as embodied in Programmes X.5, X.6, X.7, X.8 and X.9, are maintained;
 - (f) the activities planned under Programme X.8 are co-ordinated with those belonging to Programme XI. 1 (Cultural heritage) for the application of the Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage;
 - (g) the activities planned under the nine programmes of Major Programme X are co-ordinated effectively in order to make the best possible use of their conceptual and operational complementarity.

10.2 Interdisciplinary research on the earth's crust

The General Conference,

Noting that Unesco has established an important Major Programme X, 'The human environment and terrestrial and marine resources', which includes programmes on 'The earth's crust and its mineral and energy resources' (X.1), 'Natural hazards' (X.2) and 'The ocean and its resources' (X.4),

Recalling the immense contribution to our understanding of the earth's crust, natural hazards and the ocean basins that flowed during the decade from 1970 to 1980 from the International Geodynamics Project (established by the ICSU, IUGG and IUGS),

Noting that the International Lithosphere Programme, established in 1981 by ICSU, IUGG and IUGS, to succeed the International Geodynamics Project, is an even larger and more comprehensive international interdisciplinary enterprise concerned with an improved understanding of the nature, origin, and evolution of the lithosphere, with special attention to the continents and the margins of the ocean basins,

Considering that one special goal of the International Lithosphere Programme is to strengthen interactions between basic research and the applications of geology, geophysics, geochemistry and geodesy to mineral and energy resource exploration and development, to the mitigation of geological hazards, and to environmental maintenance, and that another special goal

is the strengthening of the earth sciences and their effective application in developing countries.

Noting that the International Lithosphere Programme, managed by the Inter-Union Commission on the Lithosphere, is established as an international interdisciplinary organization of more than 370 scientists in addition to national committees or representatives in thirty-six countries, and that it provides Unesco with a unique opportunity for pursuing many of the objectives its Major Programme X,

Recommends that the Director-General be authorized, if funds become available, over those necessary to satisfy the other draft resolutions submitted in connection with Major Programme X, to make a budget allocation of \$100,000 to assist scientific meetings and symposia of the Inter-Union Commission on the Lithosphere and thus help Unesco meet the targets of its Major Programme X, especially by promoting the participation in these activities of scientists of developing countries.

10.3 Establishment of an International Research and Training Centre on Erosion and Sedimentation

The General Conference,

Recalling that at its twenty-first session it had decided that a feasibility study on the establishment in China of an International Research and Training Centre on Erosion and Sedimentation should be undertaken and that subsequently this study, which was carried out by the Secretariat of Unesco in 1981, revealed the usefulness of establishing the Centre,

Acknowledging that the interest in and support for the establishment of such a Centre was confirmed by the recommendations adopted by the International Conference on Hydrology and the Scientific Bases for the Rational Management of Water Resources jointly convened by Unesco and WMO in August 1981 and by other international scientific conferences,

Bearing in mind paragraphs 14 and 23 of the Director-General's report on the results of the International Conference on Hydrology and the Scientific Bases for the Rational Management of Water Resources (document 22C/84),

Considering the fact that the proposed Centre is closely linked with the implementation of relevant projects of the IHP and that it could contribute to the strengthening of research and training activities and to technical co-operation among the Member States in the field of erosion and sedimentation,

Noting with satisfaction that the Chinese Government has already taken a large number of effective measures and steps for ensuring the necessary infrastructure and facilities for the Centre and that two international symposia on river sedimentation were held in China with Unesco support,

Decides that:

- (a) the proposed Centre will be established under Unesco auspices, under category B(ii), in accordance with the definitions set out in document 2lC/36. To this end, an agreement will be concluded between Unesco and the Chinese Government, defining the responsibilities, activities and structure of the Centre;
- (b) Unesco will provide, under its regular budget, financial assistance towards the establishment and functioning of the Centre and will endeavour to mobilize other financial resources required for the development of the Centre's activities.

10.4 Study of the hydrological regimes of flatlands

The General Conference,

Considering that flatlands are very important at the present time and will become increasingly so in future, inasmuch as they can accommodate human settlements and meet their food requirements,

Noting that they are, in addition, sensitive areas because of their exposure to recurrent drought and flooding, whose control requires greater knowledge which could be acquired through studies and research.

Noting, furthermore, that support is given, on account of their illustrative value, to national research projects relating to the study of particular hydrological regimes such as arid and semi-arid regions, humid tropical zones, coastal areas, estuaries and deltas, karstic areas, small islands, etc.,

Decides to include flatlands among the zones with particular hydrological regimes, study of which will be supported during the 1984-1985 biennium in accordance with the priority assigned by the Intergovernmental Council of the International Hydrological Programme to Project 4.1.7 during the third phase of that Programme (IHP-III).1

10.5 Training of specialists in water resources

The General Conference,

Acknowledging the importance of the education and training of specialists in the field of water resources to the increase, dissemination and utilization of scientific and technical knowledge on water resources and their development and conservation,

Recalling that Unesco has organized or sponsored many international and regional training courses covering the fields of hydrology, water engineering and the management of water resources to help Member States train specialists,

Considering that there is need to increase the number of Unesco-sponsored international training courses in Asia for the sake of more harmonious geographical distribution of these courses,

Noting that the East China Technical University of Water Resources (Nanjing, China) successfully organized an international training course on hydrology with the support of Unesco in 1980 and wishes to continue its co-operation with Unesco in organizing such training courses,

Decides to include the international training course on hydrology in Nanjing, China, among the Unesco-sponsored courses listed in paragraph 10356 of document 22C/5 and requests the Director-General to extend financial assistance to this course.

10.6 Election of members of the Intergovernmental Council of the International Hydrological Programme²

The General Conference,

Recalling Article II of the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Council of the International Hydrological Programme, approved by resolution 2.232 at its eighteenth session and amended by resolution 36.1 at its twentieth session,

Elects the following fifteen Member States to be members of the Intergovernmental Council until the end of the twenty-fourth session of the General Conference:³

Australia Sao Tome and Principe Uganda

Brazil Spain Union of Soviet Socialist

Cuba Syrian Arab Republic Republics
Egypt Thailand Venezuela
Norway Tunisia Zambia

Poland

10.7 Protection of the marine environment"

The General Conference,

Mindful of the 1972 Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage, *Mindful also* of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea adopted in 1982,

^{1.} An amount of \$14,700 has been included for this purpose in the budgetary provision for Major Programme X (22C/5 Approved, para. 10322).

^{2.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{3.} The other members of the Council, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office expires at the ciose of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Argentina, Austria, Chile, China, Federal Republic of Germany, Hungary, Ivory Coast, Jordan, Nepal, Netherlands, Niger, Pakistan, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam, Sudan, United States of America.

^{4.} Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

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Prompted by the international conventions and agreements that provide for the banning of pollution of the marine environment,

Recalling the objectives of Unesco's Programme X.8 concerning the protection of the world natural heritage,

Aware of the need to preserve the marine environment,

- 1. Appeals to Member States to endeavour to respect the marine environment;
- 2. *Invites* the Director-General to continue to associate Unesco with studies undertaken by competent organizations of the United Nations system with a view to the protection of the marine environment in co-operation with Member States.
- 10.8 Election of members of the International Co-ordinating Council of the Programme on Man and the Biosphere¹

The General Conference.

Recalling Article II of the Statutes of the International Co-ordinating Council of the Programme on Man and the Biosphere, approved by resolution 2.313 at its sixteenth session and amended by resolution 2.152 at its nineteenth session and by resolution 36.1 at its twentieth session,

Elects the following fifteen Member States to be members of the International Co-ordinating Council until the end of the twenty-fourth session:²

Canada Union of Soviet Socialist Kenya Colombia Malaysia Republics Cuba Mexico United Republic of France Cameroon Nepal India Nigeria United States of America Italy Zambia

10.9 Congratulations on the preparation and presentation of Major Programmes VI, IX and X

The General Conference,

Having been informed of the discussion within Commission III on Major Programmes VI, IX and X,

Congratulates the Director-General on the excellent way in which these Major Programmes, and particularly Major Programme X, have been prepared and presented, as well as on the past achievements of the Organization in these fields.

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11.1 Major Programme XI: Culture and the future'

The General Conference,

11

Recalling resolution 2/11 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programme XI, 'Culture and the future',

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} The other members of the Council, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office expires at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Benin, Bulgaria, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Chile, China, Federal Republic of Germany, Guyana, Ivory Coast, Japan, Lebanon, Morocco, Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic.

^{3.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission V at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

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- Recalling all the relevant provisions of the various international instruments and of the resolutions of the General Conference to which reference is made in the aforementioned resolution,
- Recalling the Mexico City Declaration on Cultural Policies together with the recommendations adopted by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982),
- *Reaffirming* that Unesco has a leading role to play in the renewal of cultural life, so as to ensure that culture is an essential component in the lives and development of both individuals and societies, as well as the basis for new forms of international co-operation,
- I. Authorizes the Director-General to undertake activities appropriate to the implementation of Major Programme XI, together with the programmes and subprogrammes mentioned in resolution 2/l 1;
- 2. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) under Programme X1.1, 'Cultural heritage':
 - (i) to encourage the drawing up of inventories of the immovable and movable cultural heritage and to stimulate research with a view to improving conservation techniques;
 - (ii) to establish a typology of the non-physical heritage and to devise a methodology for ensuring its study and conservation;
 - (iii) to promote and to extend the field of application of conventions and recommendations concerning the protection of the heritage, by deciding whether it is opportune to revise recommendations on the safeguarding of movable cultural property, and by making a survey of national legislation dealing with the protection of historical monuments, groups of buildings and sites;
 - (iv) to continue operational action for the safeguarding of the immovable cultural heritage, particularly in the context of international campaigns for the preservation and enhancement of historical monuments, groups of buildings and sites that are considered to be essential components of the common heritage of mankind, and to help mobilize international solidarity, especially among young people, in favour of conservation projects;
 - (v) to encourage strengthening of the infrastructures for the preservation and presentation of the movable cultural heritage and to stimulate initiatives aimed at making museums a part of the life of the community;
 - (vi) to contribute to the training of specialized personnel and to the improvement of training methods;
 - (vii) to encourage international exchanges of specialized information and to promote greater public awareness, especially among young people, of the importance of preserving the heritage:
 - (b) under Programme X1.2, 'Cultural identity and intercultural relations':
 - to promote knowledge of cultures and to encourage greater awareness and expression of cultural identities, by embarking on a revision of the History of the Scientific and Cultural Development of Mankind, with the assistance of the International Commission appointed for that purpose, and by stimulating historical studies and research on cultures, the preparation and implementation of policies for the promotion of local, national or regional languages and the development of regional artistic and cultural exchanges;
 - (ii) to conduct studies on the impact of technological and industrial development on cultural identities and on the enrichment that may result from the appropriation of new technologies;
 - (iii) to encourage activities of analysis and concerted study of the mechanisms of intercultural communication and the conditions to be fulfilled in order to improve international understanding:
 - (iv) to prepare programmes for the dissemination of representative works of various cultures, particularly by making use of audio-visual media and by encouraging translation, and to promote the collection and preservation of both old and contemporary manuscripts;
 - (v) to undertake a range of activities aimed at highlighting the specificity and the universality of the values of various cultures;

- (c) under Programme X1.3, 'Creation and creativity':
 - (i) to draw up an inventory of the various categories of artists and to take steps towards a better appreciation of their contribution to community life and towards more effective protection of their rights;
 - (ii) to help devise innovative methods of educating and sensitizing the public in the sphere of the arts, and to that end to encourage the work of amateurs;
 - (iii) to contribute to the development of training courses for artists, particularly traditional artists and craftsmen, and to foster improvements in training methods, taking into account the contribution made by the new technologies to the regeneration of artistic disciplines;
 - (iv) to undertake specific action to assist and promote various fields of traditional and contemporary artistic expression;
 - (v) to encourage exchanges among creative and performing artists from various geocultural areas and to examine the conditions most likely to facilitate the dissemination of creative works by the media;
- (d) under Programme X1.4, 'Cultural development and cultural policies':
 - (i) to continue to analyse the interrelations linking culture with economics, science, technology and communication, with a view to facilitating better co-ordination of the various sectoral policies and the incorporation of cultural factors in development strategies;
 - (ii) to encourage the search for measures aimed at promoting the effective exercise of cultural rights, especially by minorities and marginal or underprivileged groups, and to stimulate and strengthen general participation in cultural life, particularly by the poorest sectors of the population, women, young people and the elderly;
 - (iii) to continue the action undertaken to help Member States frame and implement cultural policies and select, prepare, execute and evaluate national cultural development projects; to continue research work concerning the structures of cultural industries, to encourage the establishment or strengthening of cultural institutions, structures and facilities, with particular attention to the potential of national and regional cultural industries, both public and private, for the implementation of cultural action strategies;
 - (iv) to help strengthen national and regional capacities for training cultural development personnel, as well as non-professional cultural development personnel, inter alia by helping to draw up inventories of Member States' needs in this field and to prepare educational curricula, methods and facilities in a context of multidisciplinary activities, lectures, courses and seminars;
 - (v) to encourage joint action, either in research and experiment, or in the framework of interregional, regional or subregional operational projects, with a view to promoting balanced cultural exchanges and to strengthening cultural co-operation among developing countries;
- 3. Recommends that the Director-General, in the execution of these activities, pay particular attention to:
 - (a) the adoption of the interdisciplinary approaches required by the many interlinking aspects of the programmes and subprogrammes of Major Programme XI, on the one hand, and of this major programme and the other programmes of the Medium-Term Plan, on the other;
 - (b) activities likely, through a multiplier effect, to be taken further by other action in the field of international co-operation, implemented by Member States in accordance with their specific needs;
 - (c) the necessity of strengthening and expanding operational action;
 - (d) the intensification of co-ordination and co-operation with National Commissions, intergovernmental and non-governmental institutions or organizations for cultural co-operation, cultural foundations and international or regional organizations providing funds and aid to development;
 - (e) the activities of the International Fund for the Promotion of Culture, the growth of its resources and the broadening of its scope, with a view to encouraging innovative and experimental projects for the preservation, promotion and propagation of cultural values.

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11.2 Preservation of the non-physical heritage

The General Conference.

Noting that the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 makes provision for the first time for a series of activities under Subprogramme X1.1.2 in support of the non-physical heritage,

Aware of the need to achieve a balance between the conservation and enhancement of the physical and non-physical heritage,

- *Recognizing* the need to maintain and reinforce cultural values so that the skills of artists and craftsmen and the knowledge of languages and oral traditions are not lost as resources on which future generations can build and to which they can relate,
- 1. Expresses appreciation to the Director-General for this timely recognition;
- 2. *Invites* the Director-General to continue to implement this programme and to broaden activities to preserve the non-physical heritage in future programmes.
- Desirability of adopting an international instrument on the protection of the cultural heritage against natural disasters and their consequences

The General Conference,

Having noted with satisfaction the report of the Director-General on the desirability of adopting an international instrument on the protection of the cultural heritage against natural disasters and their consequences (22C/26),

Conscious of the ravages caused by natural disasters to the movable and immovable cultural heritage,

Convinced of the urgent necessity to take all the measures required to protect this heritage against the potential risks of natural disasters,

Observing nevertheless that the debate on the question of the desirability of adopting and international instrument has revealed new elements,

- 2. Decides that these new elements should be taken into consideration so as to contribute to further reflection on this problem, particularly with respect to the question whether a new instrument is necessary or whether it would be possible to achieve the same results through existing instruments;
- 2. Requests the Director-General to take all the necessary steps in this regard and to prepare a report to the Executive Board so that the question may be examined by the General Conference at its twenty-third session.
- Implementation of the Convention on the means of prohibiting and preventing the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/93 which contains, in particular, the report of the Committee on Conventions and Recommendations of the Executive Board on proposals for the implementation of the Convention on the means of prohibiting and preventing the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property,

Having noted the Executive Board's decision concerning the said report (116EX/Decision 5.4.3) by which it invited the Director-General to submit to the General Conference, at its twenty-second session, a draft resolution based on the said proposals and taking into account the observations and suggestions made in the course of the Executive Board's debate,

Having noted with satisfaction the progress made since 15 September 1978 in implementing the Convention, which as at 30 June 1983 had been ratified or accepted by fifty-two states,

Considering however that action against illicit traffic in cultural property urgently needs to be strengthened at the international and national levels,

Considering that the action proposed by the Committee on Conventions and Recommendations in pursuance of resolution 4/7.6/4 adopted by the General Conference at its twentieth session could improve the implementation of the Convention,

- I. Invites all states which have not yet done so to become Parties to the Convention on the means of prohibiting and preventing the illicit import, export and transfer of ownership of cultural property and, in particular, calls upon those states which have so far considered that they could not become party to the Convention, because they felt that certain of its provisions raised problems, to review the question in the light of the experiences acquired by some countries which have surmounted similar problems;
- 2. Invites states to enter into regional agreements which would protect the cultural heritage of the region by, for instance, specifying that the illicit export of cultural property originating from any state in the region would be prohibited and any action designed to bring about such illicit traffic would be punished by any state in that region;
- 3. Invites states and intergovernmental organizations to draw the attention of all persons benefiting from diplomatic immunities to the importance of preserving the cultural heritage of all countries and in particular to the need to respect the laws of their host country governing the export of cultural property, reminding such persons of the provisions of Article 41(l) of the Vienna Convention on diplomatic relations which stipulates in regard to diplomatic agents that 'without prejudice to their privileges and immunities, it is the duty of all persons enjoying such privileges and immunities to respect the laws and regulations of the receiving state':
- 4. Invites those states to which illegally exported cultural property is often conveyed to offer assistance to those states which suffer from illicit export of cultural property, in the drawing up of national inventories of cultural property and in the training of specialized personnel to this end:
- 5. Invites states to take measures to ensure that cultural property which has been the subject of illicit traffic is not provided with services of authentification, evaluation and conservation which may in any way serve to legitimize such traffic, drawing in particular the attention of those states where these services are concentrated to these provisions, and *calls on* the International Council of Museums (ICOM) to pursue its efforts towards a wider application of ethical standards to this effect:
- 6. Invites states to adopt the measures advocated in the Recommendation concerning the international exchange of cultural property (1976) to develop the circulation of cultural property among cultural institutions in different countries as a means of discouraging the spread of illicit traffic.

11.5 International Campaign for the Safeguarding of Borobudur (Indonesia)

The General Conference,

- Having noted that the International Campaign for the Safeguarding of Borobudur, launched by the Director-General of Unesco in 1972, has been brought to a highly successful conclusion and that the restoration of this celebrated monument was marked by an inaugural ceremony in February 1983,
- 1. Commends for this exemplary work of solidarity and co-operation the Member States, governmental and non-governmental organizations, private bodies and all individuals throughout the world who made financial and technical contributions to the Campaign;
- 2. Congratulates the Government and people of the Republic of Indonesia, the experts, technicians, administrators, craftsmen and workers for the deep devotion and strong commitment they displayed in restoring this splendid shrine of history;
- 3. Expresses its great satisfaction at the completion of the work of the International Campaign for the Safeguarding of Borobudur.

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Election of members of the Executive Committee of the International Campaign for the Establishment of the Nubia Museum in Aswan and the National Museum of Egyptian Civilization in Cairo¹

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 4/11 adopted at its twenty-first session, whereby it approved the setting up of the Executive Committee of the International Campaign for the Establishment of the Nubia Museum in Aswan and the National Museum of Egyptian Civilization in Cairo,

Elects the following fifteen Member States to be members of the Committee:

Belgium Germany, Federal Panama Central African Republic Republic of Sudan Ecuador Italy Sweden

Egypt Ivory Coast United Republic of France Netherlands Cameroon

Nepal United States of America

11.7 Safeguarding of the archaeological site of Tyre and its surrounding area

The General Conference,

Having taken note of the information document submitted by the Director-General (22C/INF.8) concerning the need to safeguard the archaeological site of Tyre and its surrounding area,

Considering the importance, for the history and civilization of mankind, of the cultural heritage represented by this site,

Conscious of the need to launch a project that would provide for the protection, conservation, restoration and development of this heritage,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to undertake, within the limits of available funds, the technical studies needed in order to draw up a detailed plan of action for this project and to define procedures for its promotion in the form of an international campaign;
- 2. Invites the Director-General to submit a progress report on the matter to the Executive Board during the forthcoming biennium.
- 11.8 Jerusalem and the application of 21C/Resolution 4/14

The General Conference,

Recalling the Constitution of Unesco and its objectives relating to the preservation and protection of the world heritage of monuments of historical and scientific value,

Considering the exceptional importance of the cultural property in the City of Jerusalem, not only to the countries directly concerned but to all humanity,

Recalling all the relevant resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Conference and the Executive Board of Unesco, in particular 21C/Resolution 4/14,

Recalling that the General Conference, by that resolution, invited the Executive Board to review developments in the situation regarding Jerusalem and to take any measures that it might consider appropriate, and invited the Director-General to keep a constant watch on the execution of the resolutions and decisions concerning Jerusalem,

Having noted the report contained in document 22C/90, and in particular the report (116EX/18) submitted by the Director-General to the Executive Board at its 116th session,

Considering with consternation and concern that the Israeli occupying authorities are persisting in their refusal to apply the above-mentioned resolutions and decisions,

1. Resolution adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

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Noting specifically:

- (a) that those authorities are continuing to carry out excavations and are undertaking civil engineering and building operations detrimental to the historical and cultural character of the Holy City,
- (b) that the archaeological excavations and constructions begun and continued since 1967 are causing irreparable damage and harm to the Holy City of Jerusalem,
- (c) that the Al-Aqsa Mosque is more and more seriously and gravely endangered as a result of excavations and of the acts of armed aggression that have been perpetrated against it by fanatical groups,
- (d) that the objective of the establishment of Jewish colonies around the City of Jerusalem and of small Jewish religious communities inside the city is the judaization of the City of Jerusalem.
- Considering further that, in persisting in their policy of annexation of Jerusalem, the Israeli authorities are deliberately refusing to abide by the decisions of the United Nations and Unesco in the matter.
- Considering that the above-mentioned policy and practices, which have repeatedly been denounced and condemned by the international community, constitute a constant violation of the Charter of the United Nations, the Constitution of Unesco and the international conventions and recommendations relating to the protection of cultural property in the occupied territories,
- I. Reaffirms the previous resolutions and decisions of the General Conference and the Executive Board concerning cultural property in Jerusalem;
- 2. Endorses decision 5.4.1 adopted by the Executive Board at its 116th session;
- 3. Strongly condemns Israel's persistent refusal to abide by those resolutions and decisions, and its policy of judaization and annexation of the City of Jerusalem;
- 4. *Invites* the Member States of Unesco to undertake all necessary action, by such means as they may deem appropriate, to put an end to this situation;
- 5. Thanks the World Heritage Committee for its decision to include the Old City of Jerusalem and its walls on the List of World Heritage in Danger and *invites* it to continue its activities for the protection and safeguarding of cultural property in the city;
- 6. Thanks the Director-General for the continued efforts he has made to ensure implementation of the relevant resolutions and decisions, while maintaining Unesco's presence in the city;
- 7. Requests the Director-General to keep the Executive Board informed of developments in the
- 8. Decides to include this question in the agenda of its twenty-third session.
- 11.9 Return of cultural property to its countries of origin

The General Conference,

I

Having noted the report of the Intergovernmental Committee for Promoting the Return of Cultural Property to its Countries of Origin or its Restitution in Case of Illicit Appropriation (22C/88),

- I. Welcomes the interest which the work of the Committee has aroused among Member States, many of which participated in the second and third sessions either as members of the Committee or as observers;
- 2. Also welcomes the progress made by the Committee towards achieving the objectives it set itself since its establishment by the General Conference at its twentieth session, and particularly the responsiveness and clear resolve shown by Member States to pursue discussions and negotiations within the framework of the Statutes of the Committee;
- 3. Expresses the hope that the dialogue which has already begun between all parties concerned, particularly museum specialists, will continue and develop in the same climate of confidence and respect for the cultural heritage of each people;
- 4. Endorses the recommendations made by the Committee at its second and third sessions;
- 5. Notes with satisfaction the measures taken by the Director-General to implement these recommendations within the framework of the activities for the development of museums and improvement of infrastructures for the preservation of movable cultural property;

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6. Invites the Member States concerned to co-operate among themselves and with the Committee so as to ensure that bilateral negotiations for the return or restitution of cultural property to its countries of origin may take place under the best possible conditions;

II 1

Recalling resolution 4/7.6/5, adopted at its twentieth session, by which it approved the Statutes of the Intergovernmental Committee for Promoting the Return of Cultural Property to its Countries of Origin or its Restitution in Case of Illicit Appropriation,

7. *Elects*, in accordance with Article 2 of the Statutes, the following ten Member States to be members of the Committee?

CanadaIran, Islamic Republic ofNigeriaDenmarkItalyRomaniaDominican RepublicMalawiZaire

Iraq

11.10 International Monuments and Sites Day

The General Conference,

Taking note with satisfaction of what Unesco has done to promote public awareness of the need to protect the cultural heritage,

Considering the need to make greater efforts to promote a deeper understanding of the cultural heritage by the public,

Recalling that, on 18 April 1983, the International Council of Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) celebrated Monuments and Sites Day,

Referring to Section XII, paragraph 32, of the report of the Bureau of the World Heritage Committee at its seventh session (Paris, 27-30 June 1983),

Recommends that Member States examine the possibility of declaring 18 April each year 'International Monuments and Sites Day'.

11.11 Fourth Pacific Arts Festival

The General Conference,

Considering the significance which the Fourth Pacific Arts Festival, to be held in Nouméa in 1984, will have for the promotion and dissemination of the cultural identity of the peoples of Oceania.

Recalling resolution 4/1.2/4 adopted at its twentieth session, which invited Unesco to provide moral support and technical and financial assistance to the Festival,

Noting with satisfaction the recommendation by which the Pacific Arts Council, in the course of the meeting it held in Nouméa in 1982, decided to participate in the Fourth Pacific Arts Festival,

- I. Thanks the Director-General for providing, in paragraph 11253 of the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, that Unesco will make assistance available for the organization of this important event;
- 2. Requests the Director-General to strengthen to the greatest possible extent the Organization's technical and financial support for this major interregional cultural undertaking, with a view to ensuring that it is fully successful.

^{1.} This part of the resolution was adopted on the report of the Nominations Committee at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

^{2.} The other members of the Committee, who were elected at the twenty-first session and whose term of office will expire at the close of the twenty-third session of the General Conference, are: Angola, Ecuador, Ghana, Greece, Honduras, Mexico, Pakistan, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Yemen.

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11.12 Commemoration of the 800th anniversary of 'The Song of Igor's Campaign'

The General Conference.

Convinced that the international commemoration of the anniversaries of great events in the history and culture of different peoples is an important contribution to fulfilling the objectives and tasks assigned to Unesco in its Constitution in the field of cultural development and the advancement of international understanding,

Recalling resolution 4.351 adopted at its eighteenth session concerning the commemoration of the anniversaries of great personalities and events which have left an imprint on the development of humanity,

Considering that the year 1985 marks the 800th anniversary of *The Song of Igor's Campaign*, one of ancient Russia's greatest poetical works,

Recognizing that this work has had a lasting influence on the development of Russian literature and Slav literatures and is also one of the jewels of world literature,

Noting the important part that the ideas of peace and humanism to which it gives expression have played in the shaping of the spiritual culture of the world,

Considering the international renown of this great literary text and the influence that, along with other masterpieces of ancient literature, it continues to exert on world literature,

- 1. Invites the scientific and cultural community of the Member States of Unesco to undertake the extensive commemoration of this anniversary which represents a landmark in the history of world culture;
- 2. Invites the Director-General to take a series of specific measures within the limits of the budget in document 22C/5 with regard to Unesco's participation in commemorating the 800th anniversary of the writing of this masterpiece of world literature.

11.13 Commemoration of the 800th anniversary of the birth of Saadi, Iranian thinker, poet and writer

The General Conference,

Considering that the international commemoration of the anniversaries of great intellectual and cultural personalities contributes to the achievement of Unesco's aims and to international understanding,

Recalling resolution 4.351 adopted at its eighteenth session concerning the commemoration of the anniversaries of great personalities and events which have left an imprint on the development of humanity,

Considering that the year 1984 marks the 800th anniversary of the birth of Sheikh Muslih al-Din Saadi Shirazi, renowned Iranian writer, thinker and poet,

Recognizing that the works of the poet have exercised considerable influence on the development of Persian literature and the Persian language, both in Iran and in other countries familiar with that literature, such as Afghanistan, India, Pakistan, Turkey and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,

Convinced that the humanitarian ideas and mode of expression of the celebrated thinker have permanently altered the course of the tide of literature,

Mindful of the influence exercised by the works of this great poet on world literature,

Invites Unesco and the Member States of the Organization to participate to the greatest possible extent in the commemoration of the 800th anniversary of the birth of Sheikh Muslih al-Din Saadi Shirazi.

11.14 Commemoration of the centenary of the death of Victor Hugo

The General Conference,

Recalling that 1985 will mark the centenary of the death of Victor Hugo,

Considering the contributions of the writer Victor Hugo to world culture,

Recalling the campaign waged by Victor Hugo against injustice and poverty and his action to promote peace, human rights and solidarity among peoples,

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 - *I. Invites* Member States to participate in all ways they deem suitable in commemorating this centenary;
 - 2. Requests the Director-General to consider how Unesco may closely associate itself with this commemoration.
- 11.15 Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Augusto César Sandino

The General Conference,

- Considering that the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Augusto César Sandino, the leader and liberator of Nicaragua, is being commemorated on 21 February 1984,
- Considering that Augusto César Sandino is an outstanding symbol in the history of Latin America, both in the affirmation of nationhood and in the defence of the Nicaraguan people against hegemonic claims, and that the unequal struggle he waged in the decade 1920 to 1930 places him on a level with the great figures of the American continent,
- Considering that Augusto César Sandino personifies the shared aspirations of peoples to win their freedom and to attain higher levels of living through the application of science and technology and of cultural values in general,
- Considering that it is Unesco's concern to draw attention to the universal validity of these scientific and cultural values and to promote education as a decisive instrument in raising the peoples' level of living,
- Considering that, consequently, the ideals fostered by Unesco coincide with the aspirations for which Augusto César Sandino gave his life and with the similar aspirations of all the peoples of the world who are striving to surmount the limitations of underdevelopment bound up with political and economic oppression,
- 1. Recommends to Member States that they join in commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Augusto César Sandino by paying tribute to his memory through cultural events and publicizing his great deeds on behalf of the freedom and education of his people through the publication of books, periodicals and posters, in order to make known to the peoples, and chiefly to young people, the great significance of his liberating ideals and acts;
- 2. Invites the Director-General of Unesco to associate the Organization so far as possible with the events held in connection with this anniversary, especially those taking place in Nicaragua.
- 11.16 The cultural heritage and the cultural identity of the Palestinian people

The General Conference,

- *Recalling* the significance attached by Unesco's Constitution to the respect, conservation and preservation of all cultures,
- Recalling in this connection Article I of the Declaration of the Principles of International Cultural Co-operation, adopted by the General Conference of Unesco at its fourteenth session, which reads: 'Each culture has a dignity and value. . . Every people has the right and the duty to develop its culture. . . all cultures form part of the common heritage belonging to all mankind',
- Recalling Resolution No. 3 of the Intergovernmental Conference on Institutional, Administrative and Financial Aspects of Cultural Policies (Venice, 1970), recommending that 'any state occupying the territory of another people should fully respect, protect and preserve the cultural property and heritage of that people, and that such occupation should end as soon as possible',
- Considering that cultural identity is the very essence of a people's destiny and the living core of its culture.
- Referring to Recommendation No. 11 on the cultural identity and heritage of the Palestinian people, adopted by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982),
- Noting that the monumental, artistic and traditional heritage of the Palestinian people has been and still is being plundered and that the cultural property of this people is in danger,

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Taking note with satisfaction of the efforts made by Unesco for the safeguarding of the Palestinian heritage, in particular by way of the application of the following conventions:

Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict (1954) Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property (1970)

Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (1972),

Invites the Director-General to take action within the limits of the budget in document 22C/5 to ensure that Unesco:

- (a) strengthens its efforts to preserve the cultural identity of the Palestinian people and safeguard its heritage;
- (b) strengthens its efforts to preserve the Palestinian cultural heritage in the occupied territories;
- (c) takes action to protect and promote Palestinian cultural institutions;
- (d) lends its intellectual and technical co-operation for the preparation by ALECSO of a book on the cultural history of the Palestinian people.

11.17 The cultural dimension of development

The General Conference,

Considering that culture is one of the fundamental dimensions of overall development and that the integration of cultural factors into development strategies is indispensable for balanced development,

Recalling the key idea which has been formulated and developed by international thinking since 1970, particularly through the intergovernmental conferences on cultural policies convened by Unesco, and whose general scope has been made plain, more clearly than before, by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982),

Recalling in particular Recommendation No. 22 adopted by that Conference, stressing the need to make development agencies and financing bodies more aware of the cultural dimension of the development projects to which they contribute,

- 1. Welcomes the way in which the principle of the cultural dimension of development is reflected in the second Medium-Term Plan (4XC/4) and in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984 1985 (22C/5);
- 2. Requests the Director-General to intensify his efforts, in relation to development institutions, to draw their attention to the necessity of taking cultural components into account in their economic and industrial development projects.

11.18 International cultural exchanges

The General Conference,

Recalling the Constitution of Unesco which states that 'the purpose of the Organization is to contribute to peace and security by promoting collaboration among the nations through education, science and culture' and that wars are '... made possible by the denial of the democratic principles of the dignity, equality and mutual respect of men',

Noting with satisfaction the role of Unesco in the elaboration and implementation of democratic principles which aim at ensuring equal access to education and culture as well as equal chances for academic and cultural success for every people and social group,

Recalling the following points enshrined in the Declaration of the Principles of International Cultural Co-operation, adopted by the General Conference of Unesco at its fourteenth session (1966):

Each culture has a dignity and value

Every people has the right and the duty to develop its culture

All cultures form part of the common heritage belonging to all mankind

International co-operation shall respect the distinctive character and authenticity of each culture

Exchanges shall be arranged in a spirit of broad reciprocity,

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Emphasizing the importance of the Mexico City Declaration and of Recommendations 138 to 142 adopted at the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982), which are aimed at the democratization of international cultural relations as well as at improving the balance of exchanges for the benefit of developing countries, countries of less well-known cultures and disadvantaged social groups,

Appreciating the scope and magnitude of the main tasks of Unesco defined in its second Medium-Term Plan and *underlining* the importance of the second task, aimed at helping 'to pave the way for the widest participation by individuals and groups in the life of the societies to which they belong and in that of the world community' and devoting particular attention to 'the social groups which for a number of reasons are less able to assert their rights, aspirations and needs: women, young people, rural populations, ethnic, racial or national minorities and immigrant or refugee communities',

Concerned about the imbalance of international cultural exchanges and convinced that it hampers the implementation at the international level of democratic principles in culture and education and hinders the pace of cultural development as well as the establishment of a new international economic order,

1. Calls upon Member States:

- (a) to encourage and support the participation of disadvantaged social groups in the cultural life of their nations with the aim of ensuring the democratic principle of equal access and equal chances for success;
- (b) to encourage radio and television networks to increase the presentation of the cultural and artistic values of developing countries and those of less well-known cultures and initiate co-produced programmes with them;
- (c) to promote and stimulate the widening of possibilities for teaching and studying less widely spoken languages by staging summer universities and courses, granting scholarships for translators and teachers and ensuring the translation and publishing of literary works, which constitutes the best way of presenting a nation and a society;
- (d) to initiate and encourage the implementation of recommendations adopted by the World Conference on Cultural Policies aimed at improving the balance of international cultural relations and exchanges as well as at achieving equality of access to, and chances for success in, culture and education for all peoples and social groups;

2. Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to initiate a study of the educational opportunities available in different Member States for becoming acquainted with the cultural values-and in particular with literary works-of developing countries and of countries where less well-known languages are spoken, with the aim of convening in future programmes an expert meeting of educators, writers, publishers and translators to make recommendations for the expansion and improvement of such opportunities at the different levels of formal and non-formal education;
- (b) to accord particular attention in his Report on the Activities of the Organization in 1984-1985 to the endeavours of Unesco aimed at the implementation of democratic principles in international cultural exchanges, with special emphasis on ensuring equal access and chances for success for the developing countries, countries of less well-known cultures and disadvantaged social groups.

11.19 Auroville

The General Conference,

Recalling the foundation of an international township, Auroville, in south India in February 1968, when the youth of 124 Member States participated in the ceremony by depositing the soil of their countries in the foundation urn to symbolize the coming together of the nations of the world.

Noting that the Charter of Auroville, announced at the Foundation Ceremony, declared that Auroville belongs to nobody in particular but to humanity as a whole and enunciated the aims of unending education and youth that never ages, as also material and spiritual research for the living embodiment of an actual human unity,

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- Recognizing that Auroville seeks to ensure international understanding, peace, innovative education, a learning society and all-round material and spiritual development for harmonious individual and collective growth and that such aims contribute to the advancement of the objectives of Unesco,
- Recognizing that during the last fourteen years Auroville has been growing steadily and that the resident members of Auroville, including 125 children, represent twenty-four countries,
- *Noting* that Auroville International Centres have been established in different parts of the world to work for the growth, development and promotion of the aims and objectives of Auroville,
- Noting that the Government of India has taken an active interest in Auroville and has fully supported its ideals of international understanding and the unity of mankind,
- Welcoming the fact that an International Advisory Council has been set up to advise the Government of India on ensuring the promotion of the ideals for which Auroville was established,
- Noting that the work at Auroville aims at restoring the ecological balance of a severely deforested and eroded land by an extensive programme of afforestation, erosion control and soil conservation and also by initiating a new approach to integrated rural and educational development,
- Appreciating the experimentation in Auroville in alternative sources of energy and in new methods of economic development permitting the free pooling of resources and co-operative activities,
- Recalling that in 1970 the General Conference adopted a resolution inviting Member States and international non-governmental organizations to participate in the development of Auroville as an International Cultural Township, and inviting the Director-General to take such steps as might be feasible, within the budgetary provisions, to promote the development of Auroville as an important international cultural programme,
- *Invites* the Director-General to extend all possible support for the development of Auroville and to participate in its activities within the framework of the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985.

11.20 World Decade for Cultural Development

The General Conference.

Observing that each nation and each people has the right to affirm its own cultural identity while fostering the expression of its internal diversities and its contacts with other cultures,

Emphasizing that development, whose ultimate aim should be focused on the human being, possesses an essential cultural dimension for individuals and communities,

Emphasizing also that the participation of the greatest possible number of people in the creation of culture and in the future of societies is a prerequisite for genuine cultural development,

- Considering that broader subregional, regional, interregional and international co-operation and understanding in cultural matters are essential to the creation of a climate of respect, confidence, dialogue and peace among nations,
- Recalling the adoption by the World Conference on Cultural Policies (Mexico City, 1982) of Recommendation No. 27, in which it proposed the proclamation by the United Nations of a World Decade for Cultural Development,
- Noting with satisfaction the arrangements proposed by the Director-General in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 (22C/5) concerning the preparatory work on the formulation of a plan of action for the World Decade for Cultural Development and the means of implementing it,
- 1. Approves the principle of such a Decade, which would be observed under the auspices of the United Nations and Unesco:
- 2. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to inform the Economic and Social Council of this proposal and to contact other institutions in the United Nations system as necessary;
 - (b) to report to the Executive Board on the results of this notification and of this consultation;
 - (c) to submit to it at its twenty-third session a draft plan of action for the World Decade for Cultural Development.

II Culture and the future

11.21 International Fund for the Promotion of Culture

The General Conference.

Having taken note of the report of the Director-General on the activities of the International Fund for the Promotion of Culture covering the period from April 1980 to May 1983,

Believing that, in these critical times, international cultural co-operation should be given even greater priority as a means of building peace, and that the Fund constitutes for Member States an appropriate financing mechanism to assist them in preserving and promoting their cultural identities and strengthening intercultural relations throughout the world,

Noting with satisfaction that several governments have renewed their contributions and that the income from bank investments has made it possible to cover all the administrative costs and the major part of the operational costs,

Noting that the Fund has been able to expand its activities and, since its establishment, has granted assistance which is helping in the execution of 152 projects in 59 countries, but that only 24 Member States have so far contributed to the resources of the Fund,

Aware of the need to increase the volume of its resources to enable the Fund to meet the constantly increasing number of requests for assistance from all regions of the world,

- I. Congratulates the Director-General on the progress which has been made;
- 2. Commends the members of the Administrative Council and its Chairman for the efforts they have made to ensure the carrying out of the Fund's activities and to obtain voluntary contributions;
- 3. Expresses the hope that all the Member States will participate in developing the resources of the Fund, according to their possibilities, even through modest contributions which could be renewed periodically;
- 4. Addresses an appeal to public and private institutions and to individuals to continue to give the Fund their financial, intellectual and technical support, so as to ensure by their combined efforts the execution of many cultural projects of common interest.

11.22 Committee for International Copyright Funds

The General Conference,

Considering that a large number of developing countries with balance-of-payment problems have to pay the copyright royalties for foreign works in foreign currency,

Having taken note of the establishment within the International Fund for the Promotion of Culture of a subsidiary body called the Committee for International Copyright Funds (COFIDA), the purpose of which is to finance all or part of such royalties,

Convinced that this body will effectively meet the urgent needs of developing countries which have to face up to restrictions on printed, audio-visual and other materials that are essential for the carrying out of their programmes of education and cultural promotion,

Having noted that the establishment of COFIDA arouses the hopes and meets with the approval of the countries concerned, that three Member States have sent contributions and that one author has donated his royalties,

Considering that the success of this body depends on the availability of adequate funds to meet the requests of the developing countries,

- 2. Expresses its satisfaction at the establishment of COFIDA;
- 2. Invites Member States, public and private institutions, writers' associations, publishers and all groups and persons concerned to offer their financial support to COFIDA so that it may be able to achieve its objectives.

The elimination of prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid¹

12.1 Major Programme XII 'The elimination of prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2/12 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Recalling the relevant provisions of the Constitution and of the international instruments and resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly to which reference is made in the aforesaid resolution,

Also recalling resolution 12.1 adopted at its nineteenth session and in particular paragraph 15 thereof, resolution 10.1 adopted at its twentieth session, in particular paragraph 2(a)(ii), as well as resolution 10.1 adopted at its twenty-first session, in particular paragraph 8(a),

Stressing, as the United Nations General Assembly did in its resolution 36/162, the importance of the struggle against Nazi, Fascist and neo-Fascist activities and all other forms of totalitarian ideologies and practices based on racial intolerance, hatred and terror,

Stressing the importance of the contribution already made by Unesco to the reflection on prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid, as well as to the action carried out within its fields of competence with a view to their elimination,

Considering that it is important that Unesco pursue and intensify the activities it conducts to this end,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes provided for under Major Programme XII, 'Elimination of prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid';
- 2. Invites the Director-General in particular:
 - (a) under Programme X11.1, 'Studies and research on prejudice, intolerance and racism':
 - (i) to encourage the study of the ideological and pseudo-scientific bases of prejudice, intolerance and racism, in particular through a critical analysis of attempts to 'classify' different social groups;
 - (ii) to promote the formulation of concepts and research models for the socio-political study of intolerance and racism, specifically by means of an examination of the adequacy of current theoretical systems for the socio-political study of relations between social and ethnic groups, with a view to affirming progress in regard to the idea of tolerance and expanding this idea by viewing it from the broader standpoint of the idea of mutual respect;
 - (iii) to promote research on policies, institutions and practices which have an effect on intolerance and racism, according special attention to employment policies, housing programmes and, more generally, to social protection programmes;
 - (b) under Programme X11.2, 'Action against prejudice, intolerance and racism in the fields of education, science, culture and communication':
 - (i) to strengthen standard-setting action in support of the struggle against prejudice, intolerance and racism, in particular through improved dissemination of information on the means of redress foreseen by international instruments;
 - (ii) to contribute to action in the field of education, in support of the struggle against prejudice, intolerance and racism, by stimulating measures to combat their persistence in the content of textbooks and by encouraging the training of teachers with this matter in mind:
 - (iii) to encourage action in the field of communication and information in support of the struggle against prejudice, intolerance and racism, in particular through improved awareness of the contribution of the media to this struggle, and the mobilization of public opinion to this end;

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission V at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- 12 The elimination of prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid
 - (c) under Programme X11.3, 'The struggle against apartheid':
 - (i) to encourage historical, sociological and economic studies on apartheid, and in particular studies on the interactions between colonialism, racism and apartheid in South Africa and Namibia;
 - (ii) to promote studies on the ideological foundations of apartheid, particularly through a critical examination of this system and its institutional means of action;
 - (iii) to contribute to the struggle against apartheid in education, science, culture, communication and information through improved dissemination of data and information pertaining to apartheid and increased mobilization of public opinion in support of this struggle;
 - (iv) to strengthen co-operation, in regard to training and information, with the national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity.

12.2 Implementation of the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice

The General Conference,

- Recalling the statement in the Constitution of Unesco that 'the great and terrible war which has now ended was a war made possible by the denial of the democratic principles of the dignity, equality and mutual respect of men, and by the propagation, in their place, through ignorance and prejudice, of the doctrine of the inequality of men and races',
- Recalling further the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice adopted unanimously at its twentieth session, on 27 November 1978, and the resolution for the implementation of that Declaration, together with the Convention and Recommendation against Discrimination in Education adopted at its eleventh session on 14 December 1960,
- *Mindful* of the Declaration on Fundamental Principles concerning the Contribution of the Mass Media to Strengthening Peace and International Understanding, to the Promotion of Human Rights and to Countering Racialism, Apartheid and Incitement to War (Paris, 1978),
- Mindful also of resolution 2/12 adopted by the General Conference at its fourth extraordinary session on 3 December 1982, relating to Major Programme XII, 'The elimination of prejudice, intolerance, racism and apartheid',
- Deploring that racism and racial discrimination continue to be rife in the world in ever-renewed and sometimes insidious forms,
- Noting that Member States could make a better evaluation of progress accomplished and the results of the action conducted by them in education, science, culture and communication in the fields covered by the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice if they made that evaluation every four years,
- Taking account of the first comprehensive report of the Director-General on the world situation in the fields covered by the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice (21C/78), which shows the extent of the coverage of the report in question,
- Having examined the second comprehensive report of the Director-General on the world situation in the fields covered by the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice (22C/86),
- 1. Takes note with satisfaction of the second comprehensive report of the Director-General contained in document 22C/86;
- 2. Invites the Director-General, when preparing his next comprehensive report, to give special attention to the implementation of the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice in the Organization's fields of competence, in particular by sending out a specific questionnaire for this purpose to Member States, to agencies within the United Nations system, to world and regional intergovernmental institutions and to international non-governmental organizations;
- 3. Further invites the Director-General to increase to four years the periodicity of his comprehensive reports on the world situation in the fields covered by the Declaration on Race and Racial Prejudice.

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12.3 Tricentenary of the promulgation of the 'Code Noir'

The General Conference,

Recalling the persistence of racism, the lasting character of racial discrimination and prejudice, the scandal of apartheid and all present forms of slavery and traffic in human beings,

Taking into consideration the principles upon which Unesco's Constitution is based and all the texts approved by Unesco since 1945 which are referred to in resolution 2/12 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Considering that one of Unesco's essential tasks in the struggle against these scourges is to analyse their origins and study their historical development,

Emphasizing that 1985 will mark the tricentenary of the promulgation of the 'Code Noir', which regulated the treatment of slaves, and *considering* that this anniversary should provide an opportunity for studies and for consciousness-raising and information activities concerning the various socio-cultural aspects of the phenomenon of slavery and the slave trade,

- 1. *Invites* Member States, in particular those which have suffered from or practised the slave trade, to take initiatives along these lines and thereby help by means of a fuller awareness of history, to bring peoples closer together;
- Authorizes the Director-General to take corresponding action within the framework of Major Programme XII.

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13.1 Major Programme XIII: 'Peace, international understanding, human rights and the rights of peoples'

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 2113 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Recalling the relevant provisions of the Constitution of Unesco and the Charter of the United Nations, as well as those of the various international instruments referred to in the aforesaid resolution,

Recalling also the recommendations adopted by the 1983 Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a view to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and to Disarmament,

Emphasizing the need for co-ordination and collaboration with the agencies of the United Nations system and for co-operation with the appropriate international governmental and non-governmental organizations and with regional, subregional and national research and training institutions.

Noting with satisfaction that the United Nations General Assembly has proclaimed 1986 International Year of Peace and *considering* that it is important for the Organization to take the necessary measures, in 1984-1985, to assist in the preparation of that International Year,

- Authorizes the Director-General to implement the programmes and subprogrammes provided for in Major Programme XIII, 'Peace, international understanding, human rights and the rights of peoples';
- 2. Invites the Director-General, in particular:
 - (a) under Programme XIII. 1, 'Maintenance of peace and international understanding':
 - to encourage reflection on the factors contributing to peace, particularly through interdisciplinary research into the causes and consequences of conflicts and their different interpretations, through studies on the factors conducive to peace-particularly in Unesco's fields of competence-and through analysis of international relations in their

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the Report of Commission V at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

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- political, social and cultural dimensions, and to develop the study and teaching of public international law;
- (ii) to promote research into the causes and consequences of the arms race and the creation of conditions conducive to disarmament, by encouraging study of the problems of armaments, and their consequences in Unesco's fields of competence, and of the links between peace, disarmament and development, in association with the activities provided for under Subprogramme VIII. 1.1, 'Development and international relations';
- (b) under Programme X111.2, 'Respect for human rights':
 - (i) to contribute to more searching reflection on human rights and the rights of peoples, particularly through studies on the conception of human rights and the rights of peoples in the various cultural and religious traditions, by considering, on the one hand, those fundamental human rights that are universally recognized, and, on the other hand, by examining the concept of the rights of peoples and their historical and practical implications, and the reciprocal relations between the two;
 - (ii) to promote analysis of the conditions necessary for the effective exercise of human rights in specific social and economic situations which constitute an obstacle to those rights, and analysis of the problems that recent scientific and technological progress poses for the effective protection of human rights;
 - (iii) to further the promotion and protection of human rights through the application of international standards and instruments;
- (c) under Programme X111.3, 'Education for peace and respect for human rights and the rights of peoples':
 - (i) to continue and to develop co-operation with Member States and with international non-governmental organizations, in order to intensify the application of the 1974 Recommendation and to give effect to the conclusions of the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament, including the establishment of a permanent system of reporting on the steps taken by Member States to apply the 1974 Recommendation; and to expand the Associated Schools network and increase their role in this field;
 - (ii) to promote the strengthening of action in school education, including technical and vocational education, through, more especially, the revision and improvement of curricula, textbooks, teaching materials, and teacher training, and to encourage the extension of such action to higher education, eliciting *inter alia* a greater contribution from educational institutions at various levels to the World Disarmament Campaign and to the implementation of the Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching;
 - (iii) to promote the extension of action to out-of-school education and adult education through, more especially, the preparation of educational content and materials, the pre-service and in-service training of those involved in those forms of education, and the setting up of an experimental project making use of the mass media for the dissemination of knowledge and information relating to peace, human rights and the rights of peoples;
 - (iv) to take appropriate measures in Unesco's fields of competence in order to develop a climate of opinion conducive to abolition of the threat of war, an end to the arms race and the transition to disarmament, by encouraging the strengthening of co-operation among educational and other social institutions such as the mass media, by providing support for youth activities under this programme, and by encouraging young people to think and act in support of peace, disarmament, respect for human rights and the rights of peoples:
 - (v) to organize a World Congress on Youth (category IV) during International Youth Year in 1985, in order to examine the situation and role of young people in society, in the Organization's fields of competence;
- (d) under Programme X111.4, 'Elimination of discrimination based on sex':
 - (i) to encourage study of the prospects for the implementation of international instruments-in particular, the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination

- against Women; to encourage research into assaults on the dignity of women, particularly through forced prostitution, procuring and sexual violence; and also to encourage studies on the situation of women at times of armed conflict and national liberation struggles and in the context of massive violations of human rights, such as racism and apartheid, in association with activities under, *inter alia*, Programme X11.3, 'The struggle against apartheid';
- (ii) to encourage a process of reflection on the problems of women in research, teaching, education and information, particularly by studying the new roles of men and women in both private and public life;
- (iii) to promote the participation of women in political, economic, social and cultural life, particularly in decision-making concerning the different spheres of public life and in the seeking of solutions to the major problems of the world and the main scourges of our times;
- (iv) to co-operate with governmental or non-governmental women's organizations working at national, regional and international levels in Unesco's fields of competence.
- Procedures adopted by the Executive Board for the examination of communications concerning violations of human rights falling within Unesco's fields of competence

The General Conference,

Referring to the provisions of Article I of Unesco's Constitution which defines the Organization's tasks with regard to the furthering of universal respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms.

Recalling paragraph 3 of Article I of Unesco's Constitution and 19C/Resolution 12.1,

Considering that with respect to human rights, Unesco's efforts are based on its specific fields of competence recognized by Article I of its Constitution and on moral and ethical factors,

Considering the importance of close co-operation and co-ordination with United Nations bodies and bodies established by international treaties on human rights and fundamental freedoms, so as to avoid duplication of work, and in order to take advantage of experience and the lessons that can be learned in this field,

Concerned to avoid any kind of abuse,

Noting that the procedures adopted by the Executive Board (104 Ex/Decision 3.3) have been applied for some time and that useful experience has been gained and some tangible results achieved, Invites the Executive Board and the Director-General:

- (a) to evaluate and, if necessary, review the above-mentioned procedures in the light of the results achieved and the experience gained, as well as of the experience of other United Nations organs dealing with human rights and fundamental freedoms;
- (b) to submit to the General Conference at its twenty-third session a report and appropriate recommendations as necessary.
- Results of the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament (Paris, 1983), and measures relating to the implementation of its recommendations

The General Conference.

Reaffirming the fundamental principles proclaimed in the Recommendation concerning Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, adopted at its eighteenth session,

Recalling that in the Director-General's analysis of world problems approved by the General Conference at its fourth extraordinary session in resolution 1/01, emphasis was placed on 'the need to promote peace at a time when the arms race is still swallowing up immense resources and is threatening mankind with extremely serious dangers',

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- *Considering* that education at the present time is playing an ever-increasing role in solving world problems, especially the problems of peace and the building of confidence among peoples,
- Acknowledging the significant advances made in the teaching of international understanding and the corresponding development of specific courses and instructional materials on this subject in many Member States,
- Considering also the strong desire for co-operation shown by the participants in the Conference, which was reflected in the unanimous adoption of most of the recommendations.
- I. Takes note of the report of the Director-General (22C/74) on the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament;
- 2. Expresses its conviction that achievement of the aims and implementation of the recommendations of the Conference will further the development of a climate of opinion conducive to the strengthening of confidence and understanding among peoples, to the safeguarding of security and peace in the world and to genuine progress towards disarmament;
- 3. Invites Member States:
 - (a) to see that the necessary steps are taken to circulate more widely, and to acquaint pupils and teachers, parents, youth and other social organizations and representatives of the mass media more thoroughly with the documents and recommendations of that Conference and the Recommendation adopted in 1974;
 - (b) to encourage the preparation of instruments and measures of an organizational and educational nature to ensure the effective implementation of the recommendations of the Conference;
 - (c) to contribute to the successful conduct, at the national, regional and international levels of measures to give effect to the recommendations of the Conference;
 - (d) to devote appropriate attention, within the framework of existing legislation concerning the education of children and young people, to the development of co-operation and the co-ordination of activities of government departments, social organizations, the mass media and families, and to the mobilization of their efforts so as to give effect more fully to the recommendations of the Conference;
- 4. Requests the Director-General:
 - (a) to take fully into account the recommendations of the Conference in drawing up the Draft Programme and Budget for 1986-1987 (23C/5);
 - (b) to encourage and stimulate the exchange of the experience gained and the results achieved in the implementation of the recommendations of the Conference;
 - (c) to submit to the General Conference, at its twenty-fourth session, a report on progress made in the application of this resolution.

13.4 Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs and Associations

The General Conference,

Taking account of the contribution made by Unesco since its inception to the development of international education.

Recalling that, according to its Constitution, the purpose of Unesco is 'to contribute to peace and security by promoting collaboration among the nations through education, science and culture in order to further universal respect for justice, for the rule of law and for the human rights and fundamental freedoms which are affirmed for the peoples of the world, without distinction of race, sex, language or religion',

Bearing in mind the Recommendation concerning Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms (1974), resolution 2/13 adopted by the General Conference at its fourth extraordinary session (1982), and the recommendations of the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament (Paris, 1983),

- Noting with satisfaction the conclusions of the Second World Congress of Unesco Clubs and Associations and recalling the Appeal and conclusions of the first International Congress of Associated Schools (Sofia, 1983),
- Convinced that the Associated Schools Project and the Unesco Clubs and Associations constitute an excellent framework for action within the context of International Youth Year (1985) and the International Year of Peace (1986),
- Stressing the importance and complementarity of the role of the Associated Schools Project and that of the Unesco Clubs in the implementation of Unesco's ideals and programmes,
- I. Recommends that Member States that do not have Associated Schools or Unesco Clubs strongly encourage the establishment and development of Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs by providing them with all the necessary support;
- 2. Recommends that Member States that have Associated Schools and/or Unesco Clubs:
 - (a) promote the extension and consolidation of the networks of Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs by helping to ensure co-ordination and mutual consultation between them, on the one hand, and between Associated Schools, Unesco Clubs and the appropriate national education authorities, on the other;
 - (b) encourage the enlargement of the field of action of the Associated Schools so as to include the various types and levels of educational and training institutions;
 - (c) help to develop the circulation of information concerning the experience and achievements of the Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs;
 - (d) support the activities of the Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs organized in the context of International Youth Year (1985) and the International Year of Peace (1986);
- 3. Recommends that the Director-General:
 - (a) continue and increase his efforts to promote the development of the Associated Schools Project and the Unesco Clubs;
 - (b) continue to foster co-ordination between the Associated Schools Project and the Unesco Clubs at the regional and international levels by every means deemed fit;
 - (c) increase his efforts to associate the Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs closely with the implementation of the activities approved for the period 1984-1985;
 - (d) continue his endeavours to make known to the international community, by every means available to the Organization, any interesting activity or experiment conducted within the framework of the Associated Schools Project or the Unesco Clubs;
 - (e) take all suitable steps to circulate Unesco documents and publications to the Associated Schools and Unesco Clubs:
 - (f) assist Member States, on request, in working out active teaching methods for international education:
 - (g) encourage, at the regional, interregional, and international levels, within the framework of the Approved Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, experimental activities and joint projects in the matter of research, studies or publications in which Associated Schools or Unesco Clubs would participate.

13.5 Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching

The General Conference,

- Recalling that, under the terms of its Constitution, the purpose of Unesco is 'to contribute to peace and security by promoting collaboration among the nations through education, science and culture in order to further universal respect for justice, for the rule of law and for the human rights and fundamental freedoms which are affirmed for the peoples of the world, without distinction of race, sex, language or religion, by the Charter of the United Nations',
- Considering that the Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching is one of Unesco's major contributions to the promotion of human rights in its fields of competence, and that education, teaching and access to information are of particular importance in the promotion of human rights and the rights of peoples,
- Recalling resolutions 3/03 and 3/04 which it adopted at its twenty-first session and resolution 2/13 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

14 The status of women

- Recalling Recommendation No. 5 on the teaching of human rights adopted by the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament (Paris, 1983),
- Congratulating the Director-General on the effectiveness with which he has so far implemented the Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching,
- 1. Invites Member States to increase their efforts to implement the Plan and, to this end, to encourage teaching, research and information and exchanges of experience and documentation in the field of human rights, at the national, regional and interregional levels;
- 2. Further invites Member States to assist in the implementation of the Plan through increased contributions to the Voluntary Fund for the Development of Knowledge of Human Rights through Teaching and Information;
- 3. Invites the Director-General to intensify his efforts to achieve the implementation of the Plan through effective co-operation and co-ordination with scientific institutions and with international governmental and non-governmental organizations and through increased research relating to human rights, both within individual disciplines and at the multidisciplinary level, taking into account the need to co-ordinate effectively the various efforts being made by scientific institutions in connection with training, research and publications regarding human rights;
- 4. Further invites the Director-General to give particular attention, within the framework of the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, to the following activities, with a view to the effective implementation of the Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching:
 - (a) the intensification of co-operation with a view to strengthening regional and national institutions which contribute to human rights training and research;
 - (b) the strengthening of co-operation with non-governmental organizations and professional associations in order to promote training activities and the spread of information in the field of human rights, in particular by fostering the establishment of networks for exchanges of information and documentation in that field;
 - (c) the extension of interdisciplinary research on the causes and consequences of violations of human rights, fundamental freedoms and the rights of peoples;
 - (d) continued publication and distribution of Unesco's bulletin entitled *Human Rights Teaching*, in order to encourage research, teaching and co-ordination by better circulation of the findings of research into human rights, fundamental freedoms and the rights of peoples;
- 5. Invites the Director-General, lastly:
 - (a) to devote, in the preparation of the Draft Programme and Budget for 1986-1987, particular attention to the implementation of the Plan and to Unesco's activities in the field of human rights teaching:
 - (b) to organize, within the limits of existing budgetary resources and if possible in 1984, a meeting to examine the Plan for the Development of Human Rights Teaching and the progress made in implementing it.

The status of women¹

14.1 Major Programme XIV: The status of women'

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 2/14 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, relating to Major Programme XIV, 'The status of women',

Recalling all the relevant provisions of the international instruments and of the resolutions of the General Conference to which the aforementioned resolution refers,

1. Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission I at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

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Bearing in mind the Copenhagen Programme of Action for the second half of the United Nations Decade for Women,

Reaffirming that the improvement of the status of women, their full participation in economic, political and cultural life, and their effective access to positions of responsibility in the field of development-both at the planning stage and at the stage of execution-and to the ensuing benefits must be a major concern of the Organization,

Emphasizing the need to implement, to this end, a twofold action strategy in order to integrate the female dimension into all the Organization's programmes and to develop activities specially aimed at improving the status of women and at strengthening their participation in decision-making in the fields of education, science, culture and communication,

1. Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to take every possible step to ensure that the needs and interests of women are taken into consideration in all the programmes, projects and activities that Unesco organizes or in which the Organization participates during the 1984-1985 biennium;
- (b) to devote particular attention to the implementation of programme actions specified in the context of Major Programme XIV;
- (c) to take an active part in the preparation and proceedings of the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women (Nairobi, 1985) and in the implementation of the recommendations of that conference which relate specifically to the fields of competence of Unesco;
- 2. Further invites the Director-General to endeavour more particularly, in the implementation of the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985:
 - (a) to promote multidisciplinary approaches and to strengthen intersectoral co-ordination for all research, training and information activities that are specifically related to women;
 - (b) to encourage Member States to increase the number of women recommended to attend and benefit from the meetings, seminars, exchange programmes, training courses and study grants, etc., organized or administered by Unesco;
 - (c) to strengthen the co-operation between Unesco and women's organizations, particularly international non-governmental organizations and institutions concerned with women's questions at the national, regional and international levels, and the competent organizations of the United Nations system and other international and regional intergovernmental organizations.

14.2 Improvement of the status of women

The General Conference,

Reaffirming resolutions 13.1 and 13.2 adopted at its twenty-first session,

Recalling resolution 2/14 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Recalling the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women adopted by the United Nations General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session (1979),

Bearing in mind the World Plan of Action and the Programme for the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, and the Copenhagen Programme of Action for the second half of the United Nations Decade for Women (1980),

Convinced of the need for deliberate, systematic and large-scale efforts by Member States and by Unesco to ensure that women and men participate and contribute on a basis of equality in the social, cultural, economic and political processes of development and share equally in the improvements that ensue,

Supporting the strengthening of the activities of Unesco concerning programmes specially designed to improve the status of women and the integration of women and the female dimension in all the Organization's programmes and activities,

- 1. Recommends that Member States make special efforts:
 - (a) to ensure that the interests of women and men are equally promoted in their programme proposals to Unesco;
 - (b) to improve the recruitment of women for vacant posts and consultant assignments with

- Unesco by actively encouraging and supporting qualified female candidates so as to work towards achieving an equal balance of women and men;
- (c) to increase the number of women selected for, *inter alia*, meetings, training courses, seminars, exchange programmes, bursaries and scholarships which are organized or administered by Unesco, so as to attain an equal balance of women and men as soon as possible;
- (d) to ensure an increased participation of women leading to an equal balance of women and men in their National Commissions for Unesco and their delegations to Unesco conferences;
- 2. *Invites* the Director-General:
 - (a) to envisage as far as is possible, in the preparation of the next biennial programme and budget, a further increase in the financial and personnel resources for programmes specifically designed for women;
 - (b) to continue his efforts towards achieving an equal participation of women and men and to take practical measures, for example, temporary preferential treatment, in order to increase substantially the representation of women in posts at all levels in the professional and higher categories in the Unesco Secretariat, at Headquarters as well as in the Field, and in, *inter alia*, consultant assignments, training courses, seminars, exchange programmes, bursaries and scholarships which are organized or administered by Unesco;
 - (c) to broaden and deepen the examination of obstacles to female participation in Unesco's activities and to intensify his efforts to remove such obstacles; and to improve the career opportunities for women currently employed by Unesco both at Headquarters and in the Field;
 - (d) to give full support to the co-ordination of the programmes relating to the status of women by providing the appropriate administrative machinery to oversee all activities relating to women:
 - (e) to submit regular reports to the Executive Board and the General Conference on the results of his efforts.

B. General activities, co-operation for development and external relations, and programme supporting services

15.1 Copyright

The General Conference,

Recalling section XV.1 of resolution 2/15 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

- 1. Authorizes the Director-General to carry out activities that contribute to:
 - (a) fostering the activity of creative intellectuals while furthering, in Member States, the effective protection of copyright and neighbouring rights as well as accession to the relevant international conventions;
 - (b) training personnel and establishing appropriate infrastructures;
 - (c) seeking out appropriate means for ensuring the protection of works carried out by the new techniques of dissemination and combating the unauthorized reproduction and dissemination of intellectual works;
 - (d) eliminating disparities in the creation, production and dissemination of intellectual works, in particular those existing between the developing and the industrialized countries, on the one hand, and between the developing countries, on the other;
- 1. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission IV at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- (e) allowing rapid and easy access to the international repertory of protected works with due respect for the rights of creative artists;
- 2. Invites the Director-General, in particular:
 - (a) to develop training activities so that the developing countries may be provided with the personnel required for establishing appropriate infrastructures;
 - (b) to intensify efforts to develop procedures for the application of the provisions contained in the Universal Copyright Convention that would solve the copyright problems raised by the new techniques of reproduction and dissemination, so that these techniques meet the requirements of a free and balanced flow of information and knowledge;
 - (c) to stimulate the participation of the developing countries in the creation, production and dissemination of intellectual works while clarifying the various aspects of the application of copyright provisions in those countries.

15.2 Statistics¹

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 2/15 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, section XV.2 of which concerns statistics.

- Authorizes the Director-General to continue and develop activities intended to ensure the collection, analysis and dissemination of statistical data, the advancement of statistical methods and of the international comparability of data and the strengthening of the statistical infrastructure in Member States, particularly through training in Unesco's fields of competence, in such a way that these activities:
 - (a) contribute to knowledge of situations and trends in the fields of education, science and technology, culture and communication, especially with a view to defining the objectives of international co-operation;
 - (b) are based on a multidisciplinary approach in keeping with the requirements of integrated development, particularly in the context of a new international economic order and a new world information and communication order.
- Advisability of revising the Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics relating to Book Production and Periodicals¹

The General Conference,

Considering the provisions of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution.

Having examined the preliminary study (22C/29) of the technical and legal aspects of revising the Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics relating to Book Production and Periodicals adopted by it in 1964 at its thirteenth session,

- 1. Deems it desirable that the said Recommendation be revised;
- 2. Authorizes the Director-General to prepare a revised draft of the Recommendation for submission to it at its twenty-third session.

15.4 European co-operation²

The General Conference,

Recalling resolutions 7/01 and 7/06 adopted at its twenty-first session concerning regional co-operation and European co-operation,

- 1. Resolutions adopted on the report of Commission IV at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.
- 2. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

- Mindful of the part that Unesco can play in promoting co-operation in education, science and culture, and recognizing the need to continue efforts to implement the provisions of the Final Act of the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE), in accordance with the decisions of the meetings at Belgrade (1977) and Madrid (1983) of the states participating in that Conference,
- Noting with satisfaction the report of the Director-General on measures taken with a view to implementing 21C/Resolution 7/06 on European co-operation (22C/101),
- Recalling the recommendations of the European regional conferences held in the last few years, i.e. the Intergovernmental Conference on Cultural Policies in Europe (Helsinki, 1972), the second Conference of Ministers Responsible for Science and Technology Policy in the European and North American Region (MINESPOL II, Belgrade, 1978) and the third Conference of Ministers of Education of Member States of the Europe Region (Sofia, 1980), and recalling the seventh and eighth Regional Conferences of the National Commissions of the Europe Region (Helsinki, 1977, and Madrid, 1981) and the fourth and fifth meetings of the Secretaries-General of European National Commissions (Krems, 1979, and Copenhagen, 1982), which all open up favourable prospects for the development of co-operation in Europe,
- I. Emphasizes the importance of carrying out regional or subregional activities as a contribution to the implementation of the relevant provisions of the Final Act of the CSCE in the Unesco context in accordance with the principle of mutual agreement among the states concerned;
- 2. Requests Member States to support Unesco's participation in the carrying out of the appropriate projects agreed on by the Madrid Meeting of States participating in the CSCE, including those projects for which the Organization's participation is specifically desired;
- 3. Requests Member States of the Europe Region:
 - (a) to take part in the regional and subregional activities provided for in the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985;
 - (b) to intensify their efforts to promote direct contacts between individuals and institutions with a view to developing co-operation in education, science and culture in Europe;
 - (c) to support all the activities of National Commissions aimed at extending European co-operation, taking into account, to that effect, the recommendations of the regional conferences of the National Commissions of the Europe region, and of those of the meetings of the Secretaries-General of the National Commissions of the said region;
 - (d) to make suggestions and proposals to the Director-General, at the appropriate time, for new pertinent activities to be included in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1986-1987;
 - (e) to promote Unesco's participation in the realization of suitable projects agreed upon by the states participating in the CSCE at the Madrid follow-up meeting, including those for which the Organization's co-operation is expressly desired;
 - (f) to participate actively in or, as the case may be, to support the activities of Unesco's centres and institutes in Europe;
 - (g) to take note of the tenth anniversary of the signing of the Final Act of the CSCE in 1985;

4. Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to give his attention to all forms of European co-operation in the Unesco context, in line with the Final Act of the CSCE, and designed to give effect to it;
- (b) to provide, in consultation with the states participating in the CSCE and in accordance with the principle of mutual agreement among the states concerned, for activities which directly promote the implementation of the relevant provisions of the Final Act of the CSCE;
- (c) to base the activities foreseen in the Programme and Budget for regional co-operation in Europe in particular on the recommendations of the conferences of Ministers of the Europe region and on the proposals on this subject submitted by Member States in connection with the preparation of the Medium-Term Plan for 1984-1989 and the Programme and Budget for 19841985;
- (d) to encourage and support measures planned and undertaken by Member States or National Commissions with a view to achieving improved co-operation in Europe;
- (e) to take part in the Cultural Forum to be held in Budapest in 1985 and in the Seminar on Economic, Scientific and Cultural Co-operation in the Mediterranean to take place in Venice

- in October 1984, within the framework of the results of the Valletta Meeting of Experts and in conformity with the wishes of Member States participating in the CSCE;
- (f) to assist effectively in the conduct of the joint studies undertaken or continued in pursuance of the pertinent recommendations of the third Conference of Ministers of Education of the Europe Region (Sofia, 1980) and of the Intergovernmental Conference on Cultural Policies in Europe (Helsinki, 1972) and on the basis of the positive experience gained in the cultural field:
- (g) to enter into consultation with Member States participating in the CSCE in order to examine the possibility of convening, in the framework of Unesco, an intergovernmental conference on the protection, preservation and recording of the historical heritage and monuments and the relationship between man, the environment and this heritage;
- (h) to give due consideration to the conclusions and recommendations of the Scientific Forum of the CSCE held in Hamburg (Federal Republic of Germany) in 1980, in conformity with the concluding document of the Madrid meeting of the CSCE;
- (i) to contribute, together with the Member States of the Europe region, to the development of interregional co-operation, having due regard for the need to make the best possible use of the scientific, technological and cultural potential of Europe, and for the endogenous and diverse nature of development processes, with a view to stimulating progress in the developing countries on the basis of mutual respect;
- (j) to continue to provide the Unesco centres and institutes in Europe, including the Scientific Co-operation Bureau for Europe, with the resources necessary for ensuring the implementation of their programmes.
- 15.5 Septennial report by the Executive Board on the contribution made to Unesco's activities by international non-governmental organizations in categories A and B¹

The General Conference,

Having examined the septennial report by the Executive Board on international non-governmental organizations in categories A and B (22C/38),

Recalling Article XI, paragraph 4, of the Constitution concerning 'arrangements for consultation and co-operation with non-governmental international organizations',

Further recalling the Directives concerning Unesco's Relations with International Non-governmental Organizations, approved by the General Conference at its eleventh session and amended at its fourteenth session,

- 1. Expresses its satisfaction with the clear presentation of the document and with the comments and evaluation it contains;
- 2. Further expresses its satisfaction with the contribution made to Unesco's activities by the international non-governmental organizations in categories A and B as a whole;
- 3. Notes that the subventions granted to the thirty-five international non-governmental organizations during the period under review have enabled them to make 'a particularly valuable contribution to the achievement of Unesco' objectives as defined in its Constitution and to the implementation of an important part of its programme', in accordance with Directive VI. 1 governing such subventions;
- 4. Further notes that contracts made with international non-governmental organizations during the period have been an effective instrument for the execution of the activities set out in the programme of Unesco;
- 5. Is of the opinion that the international non-governmental organizations should continue to be subject to a careful and individual examination in the light of the Directives in force;
- 6. Considers that Unesco should continue to grant subventions to the international non-governmental organizations, the sum of which should not decrease, and that such subventions as they may receive contribute primarily to the promotion of the goals and objectives of Unesco;
- 7. Requests that the policy of concluding contracts with competent international non-governmental
- 1. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

- organizations take account of cultural differences, and that it be continued and developed, but without any reduction in the subventions which they are already receiving;
- 8. Thanks the international non-governmental organizations for the effective way in which they have used their resources and facilities for associating the various scientific, cultural and educational communities they represent with the implementation of Unesco's programme, and for informing their members about the programmes and activities of Unesco;
- 9. Also thanks the many international non-governmental organizations which, despite having received no financial assistance from Unesco, have nevertheless contributed at their own expense to the propagation of Unesco's ideals and to the attainment of the Organization's objectives;
- 10. Invites international non-governmental organizations:
 - (a) to reply more promptly and in greater numbers when consulted by the Director-General on the preparation of Unesco's Medium-Term Plan and Programme and Budget;
 - (b) to intensify their efforts to achieve a wide geographical coverage as regards both their membership and their activities;
 - (c) to establish ties of co-operation, and to develop those which already exist, with the National Commissions for Unesco, in particular through increased participation by their national sections in the activities of these Commissions;
 - (d) to respect the obligations entailed by their acceptance of the Directives, that acceptance being implicit in their admission to one of the categories of relations with Unesco;
- II. Recommends that the international non-governmental organizations as a whole increasingly reflect the diversity of all the fields of intellectual activity linked with Unesco's action, a diversity characteristic of the present world situation, and that they play a more active part in the execution of Unesco's major programmes;
- 12. Recommends that the Director-General continue to associate the international non-governmental organizations closely, in their fields of competence, with the preparation and execution of Unesco's programmes, by paying special attention to measures which will make it possible:
 - (a) to gather the opinions of organizations individually, or within the context of collective consultations:
 - (b) to develop their geographical coverage and to intensify their activities in all regions of the world:
 - (c) to contribute to the establishment of regional and subregional organizations working in Unesco's fields of competence, and to the strengthening of those already in existence;
- 13. *Invites* the Director-General to take steps to ensure that international non-governmental organizations respect the principles set out in the Constitution and the standards established and act in accordance with the relevant General Conference resolutions.
- 15.6 Co-operation with international non-governmental organizations and subventions to these organizations ${\bf 1}$

The General Conference.

Recalling the Directives concerning Unesco's Relations with International Non-governmental Organizations, approved by the General Conference at its eleventh session and amended at its fourteenth session,

Considering resolution 2/15 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, section XV.10 of which concerns co-operation with international non-governmental organizations,

- 1. Invites Member States to involve non-governmental organizations more closely in their cooperation activities with Unesco, particularly by inviting them to participate in the work of the National Commissions;
- 2. Invites non-governmental organizations to extend their activities to all regions of the world, so as to provide the broadest possible foundation for intellectual co-operation, of which they are one of the instruments;
- 1. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

- 3. Draws their attention to the need to comply scrupulously with the Directives and resolutions of the General Conference concerning them;
- 4. Authorizes the Director-General to associate international non-governmental organizations closely with the design and execution of the programmes of the Organization, and to devote special attention to measures making it possible to take the opinions of the organizations on an individual basis and in the context of collective consultations, to ensure a better understanding of their objectives and the nature and scope of their activities and to encourage their participation in both study and research activities and operational action for development;
- 5. Invites the Director-General to increase Unesco's co-operation with international non-governmental organizations still further in order to promote their geographical extension and to intensify their activities in all regions of the world;
- 6. Decides, in accordance with the provisions of Article VI.7 of the above-mentioned Directives and of paragraph 6 of 19C/Resolution 7.33, that subventions to international non-governmental organizations under each major programme shall not exceed the following totals:

		\$
Major Programme II	Education for all	116,700
Major Programme III	Communication in the service of man	51,800
Major Programme IV	The formulation and application of	
	education policies	104,400
Major Programme V	Education, training and society	133,000
Major Programme VI	The sciences and their application to	
v c	development	2,149,700
Major Programme VII	Information systems and access to knowledge	208,500
Major Programme X	The human environment and terrestrial	
0	and marine resources	173,500
Major Programme XI	Culture and the future	2,116,600
Major Programme XIII	Peace, international understanding,	
ŭ č	human rights and the rights of peoples	26,500
Part II-B		
Chapter 2	Statistics	56,700
Total		5,137,400

15.7 Co-operation with National Commissions¹

The General Conference.

Recalling section XV.9 of resolution 2/15 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, Bearing in mind the terms of the Charter of National Commissions for Unesco,

- 1. Invites Member States:
 - (a) to take all necessary steps to ensure the full implementation of the provisions of Article VII of the Constitution of Unesco regarding the establishment, composition and role of National Commissions:
 - (b) to provide their respective National Commissions, within the limits of their capabilities, with staff, financial resources and a national status sufficient to enable them to carry out their work effectively and play an increased part in the activities of the Organization;
 - (c) to extend the activities of National Commissions to enable them to undertake effective action, nationally, regionally and interregionally, in those fields where Unesco has a special responsibility and more particularly those to which its ethical role applies;
- 2. Authorizes the Director-General to assist Member States as far as possible, at their request, in the establishment or development of their respective National Commissions, particularly by means of information, consultation and training activities which would make it possible

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

for their members and their staff to have a better knowledge of the programmes and working methods of Unesco and to participate fully in its work;

3. Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to encourage the National Commissions to strengthen their activities both as centres for the exchange of ideas and the dissemination of information on the aims and activities of Unesco and as agencies for promoting action in the fields of competence of the Organization;
- (b) to encourage the National Commissions to undertake exchanges of views at the regional and interregional levels for the purpose of promoting multidisciplinary and intercultural reflection in all fields relating to the mandate of Unesco;
- (c) to continue to give the National Commissions all the aid necessary to enable them to participate fully in the formulation, execution and evaluation of the Organization's programmes.
- 15.8 Principles and conditions governing the Participation Programme'

The General Conference

Authorizes the Director-General to participate in the activities of Member States at national level and at the subregional, regional or interregional level, in accordance with the following principles and conditions:

A. Principles

- 1. All Member States and Associate Members may avail themselves of the facilities of the Participation Programme for carrying out their activities in the fields approved by the General Conference.
- 2. Participation may be provided only upon a written request to the Director-General by a Member State or an Associate Member or a group of Member States or of Associate Members, or territories, organizations or institutions. Such requests must always include a clause of acceptance of the conditions laid down in Article 8 hereunder.
- 3. Participation may be provided for:
 - (a) national institutions in Unesco's fields of competence, upon a request to the Director-General by the government of the Member State or Associate Member in whose territory they are situated;
 - (b) non-self-governing territories or trust territories, upon the request of the Member State responsible for the conduct of the territory's international relations;
 - (c) activities of a subregional, regional or interregional character, upon a request to the Director-General by the Member State or Associate Member in whose territory the activity is to take place; such requests must be supported at the time of their submission by at least two other Member States or Associate Members participating in the activity;
 - (d) intergovernmental organizations, particularly those which have signed a co-operation agreement with Unesco, where the participation requested is closely connected with the programme of Unesco and relates to activities of direct interest to several Member States;
 - (e) international non-governmental organizations having consultative status with Unesco, upon a request submitted to the Director-General, on behalf of the international non-governmental organizations concerned, by the government of the Member State or Associate Member in whose territory it has its headquarters or in which the activity is to be carried out;
 - (f) international or regional non-governmental institutions active in Unesco's fields of competence, upon a request submitted to the Director-General on behalf of the institution by the government of the Member State in whose territory it is situated; such requests must be supported at the time of their submission by at least two other Member States participating in the activities of the institution;

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

- (g) the Organization of African Unity, for activities of direct interest to the African liberation movements recognized by it, where that participation is closely connected with the programme of Unesco;
- (h) the League of Arab States and the Arab Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organization, where the participation requested relates to activities of direct interest to the Palestine Liberation Organization, recognized by the League of Arab States, and where that participation is closely connected with the programme of Unesco.
- 4. Participation will be provided only on the basis of a written agreement between Unesco and the government, governments or intergovernmental organization concerned. Such an agreement may also be made with a National Commission for Unesco when duly empowered by the government of the requesting Member State or Associate Member. The agreement will specify the form and manner of the participation and will incorporate by reference the conditions of participation listed in section B below, together with such other conditions as may be mutually agreed upon.
- 5. Participation may take the form of provision of specialists or of fellowships; it may also take the form of equipment and documentation, the organization of meetings, conferences, seminars or courses of training. In the latter cases, participation may also take the form of translation and interpretation services, travel of participants, or consultant and other services deemed necessary by common consent.
- 6. Participation may also be provided to specific projects in the form of a financial contribution if the Director-General decides that such contribution is the most effective means of implementing the activity in question, and provided that the amount is not in excess of \$25,000 and that the financial provision made by the applicant is sufficient to execute the proposed project satisfactorily.
- 7. In considering requests under this programme for approval, the Director-General shall take into account:
 - (a) the contribution that participation can make to the advancement of knowledge, the strengthening of international co-operation and the attainment of the development objectives of Member States in Unesco's fields of competence;
 - (b) the need to achieve an equitable geographical distribution of the participation provided under this programme;
 - (c) the importance of supporting the efforts made by the developing countries and particularly by the least developed amongst them in the Organization's fields of competence;
 - (d) the priorities identified by Member States.

B. Conditions

- 8. Participation will be provided only if the Member State or the beneficiary organization has included in the written request to the Director-General a clause of acceptance of the following conditions:
 - (a) it shall assume full financial and administrative responsibility for implementing the plans and programmes for which participation is provided;
 - (b) it shall, in the case of a financial contribution, submit a statement to the Director-General at the close of the project indicating that the funds allocated have been used for the implementation of the project, and shall return to Unesco any funds not used for project purposes; it is agreed that no Member State or body may receive a financial contribution unless it has submitted all the financial reports in respect of contributions previously approved by the Director-General and whose funds were obligated prior to 31 December of the first year of the previous budgetary period;
 - (c) it shall pay, where participation is provided in the form of fellowships, the cost of passports, visas, medical examination and the salary of the fellow while he is abroad, if he is in receipt of a salary. It shall guarantee suitable employment for the fellow, upon his return to his country;
 - (d) it shall maintain and insure against all risks any property supplied by Unesco from the time of its arrival at the point of delivery;

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General activities, co-operation for development and external relations, and programme supporting services

- (e) it shall undertake to hold Unesco harmless in case of any claims or liabilities resulting from the activities provided for in this resolution, except in cases where it is agreed by Unesco and the Member State concerned that such claims or liabilities arise from gross negligence or wilful misconduct;
- (f) it shall grant to personnel recruited under the Participation Programme who are officials of Unesco the privileges and immunities set out in Articles VI and VII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies; it shall grant to personnel recruited under the Participation Programme who are not officials of Unesco the privileges and immunities provided for in paragraph 3 of Annex IV to the above-mentioned Convention; the remuneration of such personnel shall not be subject to taxation, and they shall be immune from all immigration restrictions and alien registration. No restriction shall be imposed on the rights of entry and sojourn of any persons mentioned in this subparagraph or of any persons invited to attend meetings, seminars, conferences or training courses; further, no restriction shall be imposed upon the right of departure of such persons except as a consequence of acts or omissions unconnected with the Unesco Participation Programme.
- 9. Where the Member State requests the provision of operational assistance (UNESCOPAS) personnel to carry out a Participation Programme project, the Director-General may grant such exemption from the application of provisions of this resolution as may be necessary.

15.9 Unesco Clubs and Associations 1

The General Conference.

Recalling resolutions 6/32 and 6/04, adopted at its twentieth and twenty-first sessions respectively, Reaffirming its conviction that Unesco Clubs and Associations constitute 'intermediaries that have already proved their effectiveness . . . because of the multiplier effect they have succeeded in producing', as acknowledged in the second Medium-Term Plan (1984-1989),

- Bearing in mind Recommendation No. 16 adopted by the Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms with a view to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament, which stresses the importance of the role of Unesco Clubs and Associations 'in fulfilling the Organization's ideals and, in particular, in implementing the principles of the 1974 Recommendation',
- Noting with satisfaction that since its creation in July 1981, the World Federation of Unesco Clubs and Associations has played an important part in stimulating and co-ordinating the activities of the world's Unesco Clubs and Associations and is making a significant contribution to the development of the movement,
- 1. Thanks the Member States that promote Unesco Clubs and Associations and support the World Federation;
- 2. Expresses its satisfaction with the intellectual, technical and financial support that the Director-General has constantly given to the Unesco Clubs and Associations and, since its foundation, to the World Federation;
- 3. *Urges* Member States, and in particular National Commissions, to continue to encourage the creation of Unesco Clubs and Associations and the co-ordination and expansion of their activities, and also to increase their support for the World Federation;
- 4. *Invites* the Director-General to continue to support the World Federation of Unesco Clubs and Associations to enable it to develop its activities in support of Unesco's objectives.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission IV at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

III Budget

Appropriation resolution for 1984 -1985'

The General Conference resolves that:

I. REGULAR PROGRAMME

A. Appropriation

(a) For the financial period 1984-1985 the amount of \$374,410,000 is hereby appropriated for the purposes indicated in the appropriation table, as follows:

Appro	priation line	Amount				
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Part I	General policy and direction					
	neral Conference	5,098,100				
2. Ex	ecutive Board	5,620,900				
3. Di	rectorate	1,029,600				
4. Sei	vices of the Directorate	13,168,000				
5. Pa	rticipation in the Joint Machinery of the					
Un	ited Nations System	863,800				
To	tal (Part I)			25,780,400		
Part I	I. Programme operations and services					
II.A N	Major Programmes					
I.	Reflection on world problems and					
	future-oriented studies	2,729,200				
II.	Education for all	31,130,700				
III.	Communication in the service of man	16,156,600				
IV.	The formulation and application of					
	education policies	35,546,300				
V.	Education, training and society	17,106,000				
VI.	The sciences and their application to					
	development	30,482,700				
VII.	Information systems and access to					
	knowledge	12,194,100				
VIII.	Principles, methods and strategies of					
	action for development	11,052,200				
IX.	Science, technology and society	7,586,200				
Χ.	The human environment and terrestrial					
	and marine resources	31,176,700				

 $I. \ \ Resolution \ \ adopted \ \ on \ the \ recommendation \ \ of the \ joint \ meeting \ of \ \ Commissions \ \ I \ \ to \ \ V \ \ and \ \ the \ \ Administrative \ \ Commission \ \ at \ the \ thirty-third \ plenary \ meeting, \ on \ \ 25 \ \ November \ \ 1983.$

Budget

Appropriation line	Amount				
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
XI. Culture and the future XII. The elimination of prejudice, intolerance,	25,554,300				
racism and apartheid	1,629,800				
XIII. Peace, international understanding,					
human rights and the rights of peoples	5,540,300				
Subtotal II.A	22	27,885,10	00		
II.B General Programme activities	4 000 000				
1. Copyright	1,996,600				
2. Statistics	4,776,500				
Co-operation for development and external relations	20 412 000				
4. Participation Programme	20,412,000				
Subtotal II.B		27,185,10)()		
Total (Part II)		~1,100,1¢	255,070,200)	
Part III. Programme support			54,291,600		
Part IV. General administrative services			30,916,000		
Part V. Common services			30,747,800)	
Part VI. Capital expenditure			4,845,000	1	
Total (Parts I to VI)			401,65	51,000)
Part VII. Appropriation reserve				29,387,000)
Part VIII. Currency fluctuation				(46,145,00	,
Total				-	384,893,000
Less: Amount to be absorbed in the execution					
of the programme within the limits of the					(40, 400, 000)
approved total budget					(10,483,000)
Total appropriation					374,410,000

- (b) Obligations may be incurred up to the total so appropriated, in accordance with resolutions of the General Conference and the Regulations of the Organization, it being understood:
 - (i) That the appropriation reserve under Part VII of the budget may be used by the Director-General, with the approval of the Executive Board, for the purpose of meeting increases arising in the course of the biennium, in accordance with the decisions of the General Conference, in staff costs included under Parts I to VI of the budget; and increases arising in the course of the biennium in the cost of goods and services budgeted for under Parts I to VI of the budget. Any sum used under this authorization shall be transferred from this Part of the budget to the appropriation lines concerned.
 - (ii) That the provision for covering fluctuation in the value of the dollar of the United States of America under Part VIII of the budget, which was established on the basis of the exchange rates of 7.80 French or 2.11 Swiss francs to one United States dollar, may be used by the Director-General if and when the rates of exchange between the United States dollar and the French and Swiss franc are lower than those assumed (i.e. 6.45 French francs or 2.01 Swiss francs to one United States dollar) in Parts I to VI of the budget approved by the General Conference. On the other hand, if the rates of exchange between the United States dollar and the French and Swiss franc are higher than those assumed (i.e. 6.45 French or 2.01 Swiss francs to one United States dollar) in Parts I to VI of the budget approved by the General Conference, the sum so saved shall be credited by the Director-General to Part VIII of the budget. However, under no circumstances shall funds in this part be available for transfer for other purposes, notwithstanding the provisions under (d) or (e) below. If any saving accrues therein at the end of the biennium it shall be surrendered to Member States in accordance with the procedures described in the Financial Regulations.
- (c) Moreover, if in the course of 1984-1985 the actual rates of exchange between the United States dollar and the French and Swiss franc give fewer French and Swiss francs than the rates used (i.e. 7.80 French or 2.11 Swiss francs to one United States dollar) in the establishment of Part VIII of the budget, the deficit in this part of the budget shall be covered by supplementary estimates under the Financial Regulations, Articles 3.8 and 3.9; should that

- prove to be inadequate, an extraordinary session of the General Conference shall be convened to consider this matter in accordance with the procedure prescribed in Article IV.D, paragraph 9(a), of the Constitution.
- (d) Subject to paragraph (e) below, transfers between appropriation lines may be made by the Director-General with the approval of the Executive Board, except that in urgent and special circumstances the Director-General may make transfers between appropriation lines, informing the members of the Executive Board in writing, at the session following such action, of the details of the transfers and the reasons thereof.
- (e) Subject to the restriction relating to Part VIII of the budget in paragraph (b)(ii) above, the Director-General is authorized to make transfers between appropriation lines if estimated expenditure for a given appropriation line exceeds the sum appropriated under paragraph (a) above on account of the change in the proportion of expenditure in terms of French francs, United States dollars and other currencies, from that assumed when the budget estimates were prepared. He is also authorized to make transfers between appropriation lines in respect of common staff costs if the actual needs under these costs in an appropriation line exceed the provision mode for that purpose. He will inform the Executive Board at its following session of the details of such transfers made under these authorizations.
- (f) The Director-General is authorized, with the approval of the Executive Board, to add to the appropriation approved in paragraph (a) above expenditure relating to the administrative and operational services for execution of the United Nations Development Programme's projects to the extent that the volume of the projects proves larger than anticipated and that the additional services in support thereof can be financed from the contributions from the United Nations Development Programme to Unesco for agency support costs for 1984-1985 in excess of the amount specified in Note 1, paragraph (iii), to this resolution. However, if the volume of projects and of services in support thereof proves less than anticipated, the Director-General is authorized, with the approval of the Executive Board, to take appropriate measures to reduce the appropriation approved under paragraph (a) above.
- (g) The Director-General is authorized, with the approval of the Executive Board, to add to the appropriation approved under paragraph (a) above, funds from donations and special contributions for activities within the 1984-1985 Approved Programme.
- (h) The total number of established posts at Headquarters and in the Field chargeable to the appropriation in paragraph (a) above shall not exceed 2,826 for 1984, and 2,855 for 1985 (see Note 2 below). The Director-General may, however, establish additional posts on a temporary basis beyond this total, if he is satisfied that they are essential for the execution of the programme and for the good administration of the Organization and do not require transfers of funds to be approved by the Executive Board.

B. Miscellaneous Income

(i) For purposes of assessing the contributions of Member States, an estimate of \$29,710,000 for Miscellaneous Income (see Note 1 below) is approved for 1984-1985.

C. Assessment on Member States

(j) The assessment of the contributions of Member States in accordance with Financial Regulations 5.1 and 5.2 shall therefore be \$344,700,000.

D. Supplementary estimates

(k) Unforeseen and unavoidable expenses arising in the course of the financial period for which no sums have been provided in the budget appropriations and for which no transfers within the budget are deemed by the Executive Board to be possible shall be the subject of supplementary estimates in accordance with Financial Regulations 3.8 and 3.9.

Budget

II. UNITED NATIONS SOURCES

- (1) The Director-General is authorized:
 - (i) to co-operate with the United Nations organizations and programmes in accordance with the directives of the General Assembly of the United Nations and the procedures and decisions of the governing organ concerned, and in particular to participate, as executing agency or in co-operation with another executing agency, in the implementation of projects;
 - (ii) to receive moneys and other resources which may be made available to Unesco by these organizations and programmes for the purpose of participating, as executing agency, in the implementation of their projects;
 - (iii) to incur obligations for such projects, subject to the appropriate financial and administrative rules and regulations of these organizations and programmes and of Unesco.

III. OTHER FUNDS

(m) The Director-General may, in accordance with the Financial Regulations, receive funds from Member States and international, regional or national organizations, both governmental and non-governmental, for the purpose of paying, at their request, salaries and allowances of personnel, fellowships, grants, equipment and other related expenses, in carrying out certain activities which are consistent with the aims, policies and activities of the Organization.

NOTE 1. The total of Miscellaneous Income is estimated on the following basis:

(i)	Miscellaneous Income Refunds of previous years' expenditure Transfer from the Public Liaison Fund Contributions from Associate Members Interest on investments and exchange adjustments (net) Other receipts Subtotal	\$ 267,000 100,000 40,340 9,500,000 82,388	\$ 9,989,728
(ii)	Contributions of new Member States for 1981-1983		354,506
(iii)	Contributions from the United Nations Development Programme for agency support costs for 1984-1985	1	1,620,000
(iv)	Excess in actual receipts of Miscellaneous Income over the estimates for 1979-1980		7,745,766
	TOTAL	2	29,710,000

NOTE 2. The figures of 2,826 posts in 1984 and 2,855 in 1985 are derived as follows:

	Number of posts			
	1984	1985		
Part I. General policy and direction Executive Board Directorate Services of the Directorate Total (Part I)	7 4 133 - 144	7 4 133 - 144		
Part II. Programme operations and services 1I.A Major programmes Education Sector Sector of Natural Sciences and their Application to Development Sector of Social and Human Sciences Culture Sector Communication Sector General Information Programme Division Unesco Library, Archives and Documentation Services Total (II.A)	589 342 120 119 94 44 39 -1,347	589 362 120 119 94 44 39 -1,367		

Budget

		Number of posts			
	1984			1985	
II.B General activities Division of Copyright Office of Statistics Co-operation for Development and External Relations Sector Total (II.B) Total (Part II)	12 50 247 309	1,656	13 51 248 - 312	1,679	
Part III. Programme support		564		569	
Part IV. General administrative services		343		343	
Part V. Common services Total number of posts budgeted Plus 4 per cent of the number of posts budgeted, providing a ma	rgin	10 -2,717		10 -2,745	
for meeting programme requirements	- 5	109)	110	
Grand total		2,826	;	2,855	

These figures do not include temporary posts, experts with UNESCOPAS status, maintenance staff, or established posts chargeable to joint operations or to extra-budgetary funds, e.g. posts under the Public Liaison Fund, the Publications and Auditory and Visual Material Fund, etc.; under this provision the Director-General may authorize the temporary substitution of one post for another which is vacant.

New international economic order

17.1 The General Conference, l

17

Recalling resolutions 3201 and 3202 (S-VI) concerning the Declaration and Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, resolution 3281 (XXIX) containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States and resolution 3362 (S-VII) adopted by the United Nations General Assembly, resolution 35/56 on the international development strategy for the United Nations Third Development Decade, and all resolutions relating to the establishment of a new international economic order adopted by the General Assembly,

Recalling the resolutions concerning Unesco's contribution to the establishment of a new international economic order adopted by the General Conference at its eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first sessions.

Recalling resolution I/O1 on world problems and the lines of emphasis of the Medium-Term Plan for 1984-1989, adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Emphasizing that the General Conference at that time considered that the world's problems called for global and concerted action throughout the world, taking account of the interests of the different societies, whether regarded as industrialized or developing, and that these problems cannot be separated from the constraints weighing on the developing countries under the present international economic system, which restrict the effectiveness of the efforts they are making to improve the welfare of their peoples,

Considering that the new international economic order implies the elimination of all subordination of peoples and implies endogenous development based primarily on each country's own natural and human resources and on the full exercise of its national sovereignty,

Considering that to put an end to the injustices and imbalances inherited from the past, the new international economic order calls for an urgent restructuring of international economic relations that takes the interests and needs of all countries into account and that establishes between them the basis for fresh co-operation in which they will participate equitably within the framework of a genuine international community and where the identity of each country will be respected,

Considering that the new international economic order cannot be limited solely to the pursuit of economic growth but should also concern itself with the promotion of science, technology, information, communication, education and culture, which, taken together, represent the prerequisites for the integral, equitable and balanced development of every society, affording to every people broad access to the benefits of today's technical and scientific revolution.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the twenty-ninth plenary meeting, on 23 November 1983.

- Considering that the new international economic order must be founded both on broad understanding between developed and developing countries and upon close co-operation among developing countries which can find, in their own experience and through concerted action, the guidance and support necessary for their own development,
- Recalling the essential nature of cultural identity as the living nucleus of the individual and collective personality, which is both the principle of individual achievement and the springboard for the liberation of peoples, and the need for preserving and promoting cultural diversity in the face of the growing trends towards uniformity of behaviour and the homogenization of ways of life,
- Considering that, in the fields of knowledge and culture, the progress of each is essential to the progress of all,
- Stressing that science and technology constitute essential aspects of contemporary problems and are determining factors for the progress of societies, that communication and information perform functions that are vital for all societies and for relations between peoples, that the continuity and renewal of every society depend on education, with its twin functions of social reproduction and innovation, that all the problems of the present-day world include cultural implications and that culture is both a dimension and a goal of development,
- Considering that it is in culture in its broadest sense that valid responses should be sought to the manifold challenges of the contemporary world, and that the endeavour to seek them constitutes a profession of faith in man and in his ability to build a future of peace, justice and solidarity,
- Aware of the important role which Unesco should play in the establishment of a new international economic order and which, by virtue of Unesco's ethical and intellectual mission, should enable the Organization in particular to contribute to the collective awareness not only of the material disparities existing between human beings and between peoples but also of inequalities within one and the same society as regards access to education, science and culture, and of the desirability of such imbalances being redressed,
- Stressing that intellectual co-operation in Unesco's fields of competence, which is an essential feature of the Organization's mandate, can and must, by contributing to the strengthening of the weakest partners, make an essential contribution to the establishment of a new international economic order,
- Emphasizing that the progress made in establishing a new international economic order has been insufficient and that the efforts made to give effect to the resolutions on the establishment of a new international economic order have not produced the tangible results expected, even though it has been possible broadly to identify the main problems,
- 1. Expresses its entire agreement with regard to the emphasis which, when the challenges of the contemporary world are considered, should be placed upon the very disquieting situation of hundreds of millions of human beings suffering from poverty, hunger, sickness, illiteracy or unemployment;
- 2. Also expresses its conviction that international co-operation for development should be founded on interdependence and the values of solidarity, and that in this connection its action, while taking a global vision of problems, should be constantly guided by regard for national development policies;
- 3. Recommends that Member States:
 - (a) respect the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and of international law;
 - (b) stimulate the strengthening of a genuine international community founded on respect for the cultural values of peoples, taking account of the fact that recognition of diversity guarantees international harmony, a prerequisite for the elimination of the spirit of domination and for the advent of a new, more equitable order;
 - (c) support the developing countries in the efforts they are making to defend their cultural identity and to strengthen their sovereign right to decide on the use and harnessing of their natural resources, these being fundamental factors in the establishment of a new international economic order;
 - (d) continue and intensify their efforts to implement Unesco's resolutions concerning the establishment of a new international economic order founded on co-operation among equals

- in the fields of education, science, culture and communication and to mobilize their intellectual and material resources for that purpose;
- (e) associate with their efforts, nationally, regionally and internationally, governmental institutions and non-governmental organizations considered both as forums capable of contributing towards elucidating problems and defining policies, as reservoirs of intellectual and material resources and as bodies contributing to encouraging a climate of public opinion conducive to the attainment of the objectives of the new international economic order;
- 4. Invites Member States when contributing to the implementation of the major programmes of the Medium-Term Plan adopted by the General Conference of Unesco at its fourth extraordinary session:
 - (a) to pay particular attention to the programmes, subprogrammes and activities directed towards the development in each country, within the framework of broad networks for international co-operation, of the potential required for the progress of education, science, technology and communication, with due regard for living cultural traditions;
 - (b) to respond broadly to the need for an unprecedented growth of human resources, particularly by increasing training facilities fully open to students from all countries;
 - (c) to define and implement, in all fields of knowledge, new formulas that will make it possible, particularly through the contribution of appropriate resources, to develop co-operation in research, the exchange of information and results, and the strengthening of national or regional research infrastructures;
 - (d) to establish and strengthen specific machinery for co-operation between developing countries;
 - (e) to give, as a result, specific support to major regional projects included in the Unesco programme for 1984-1985 and to pilot projects, particularly those which seek to identify new approaches to development or are based on original means of co-operation;
 - (f) to take the measures needed to associate the people concerned more and more closely with activities, projects and programmes in which development is rooted;
 - (g) similarly to ensure, at the national, regional and global levels, the understanding and active participation of cultural and social groups concerned with international intellectual co-operation activities which contribute to the development process;
 - (h) to provide for development such material, human and financial resources as respond, qualitatively and quantitatively, to the urgency of the needs and the specific nature of the situations;
 - (i) in so doing, to devote particular attention to the problems and needs of the least developed countries;
- 5. Invites the Director-General, in implementing the Medium-Term Plan for 1984-1989, and more specifically in the implementation of the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, to devote very particular attention to activities which can make a contribution to attaining the aims of the Third Development Decade and to establishing a new international economic order, and for this purpose:
 - (a) to devote particular attention to carrying out analyses, research and studies which will lead to fuller investigation both of the concepts themselves and of the impact of development activities and programmes, and to the widespread circulation of their results;
 - (b) in implementing the programme, to link theoretical investigation with evaluation of results so that research can benefit fully from experience acquired in the field while at the same time, if required, redirecting the actions being undertaken;
 - (c) to offer freely Unesco's good offices to both developing and developed countries wishing to assist, so as to stimulate the flow of resources of all kinds essential to the establishment of a different international economic order;
 - (d) to take particular care, in implementing the Organization's programme, to solve the specific problems of the least developed countries and to strive to give priority to their urgent needs;
 - (e) both in the execution of the regular programme and in the Organization's operational activities, to stimulate co-operation between the developing countries, which will include the implementation of appropriate programmes or projects;
 - (f) to continue to co-operate closely with the institutions, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system in implementing the international development strategy for the

- United Nations Third Development Decade so as to carry out, in collaboration with them, action which will lead to the rapid establishment of a new international economic order;
- (g) to devote particular attention to the problems and needs of the least developed countries in implementing the above activities.

17.2 The General Conference.'

- Recalling resolutions 3201 and 3202 (S-VI) concerning the Declaration and Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, and resolution 3281 (XXIX) containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States,
- Recalling operative paragraph 1 of resolution 1721 (LIII) in which the Economic and Social Council requested the United Nations in 1972 to study the 'impact (of multinational corporations) on the process of development . . . and their implications for international relations', and resolutions 1908 (LVII) and 1913 (LVII) adopted in 1974, concerning the establishment of the Commission on Transnational Corporations,
- Noting 17C/Resolution 10.1 (paragraph 20), 18C/Resolution 3.232 (final preambular paragraph) and 19C/Resolutions 3.111 and 3.112 concerning Unesco's contribution to United Nations action with regard to the study of the activities and influence exercised by transnational corporations in Unesco's fields of competence, particularly in developing countries,
- Recalling that this task has been carried out since 1976 by a United Nations Intergovernmental Working Group,
- Noting 20C/Resolution 3/3.1/2, in which the General Conference invited the Director-General to make the necessary arrangements for studying the activities of transnational corporations in the fields of education, science, culture and communication, in consultation with the appropriate United Nations bodies,
- Also recalling the relevant resolutions of the General Conference, namely 2OC/Resolution 9.1 and 21C/Resolution 9.1.
- Expressing the hope that the United Nations Intergovernmental Working Group on a Code of Conduct for Transnational Corporations will take into account Unesco's concerns within its fields of competence,
- I. Invites the Director-General, in implementing the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985, to pursue and intensify his collaboration with the United Nations Centre on Transnational Corporations in order to ensure that the sectors coming within Unesco's fields of competence may be duly taken into consideration by the Commission on Transnational Corporations;
- 2. Further invites the Director-General to inform the General Conference, at its twenty-third session, of the result of his efforts and to submit to it, if necessary, appropriate proposals for ensuring that the concerns of the Member States of Unesco may be taken into consideration.

Unesco's contribution to peace and its tasks with respect to the promotion of human rights and the elimination of colonialism and racism

18.1 The General Conference,2

Considering that mankind is today at a particularly agonizing crossroads in its history,

Noting with concern that military conflicts are increasing and spreading in most regions of the world,

Emphasizing that the potential for self-destruction already accumulated and the arms sales network

which already covers most of the globe are factors contributing to the increase of danger on a

worldwide scale,

- 1. Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.
- 2. Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the twenty-ninth plenary meeting, on 23 November 1983.

Fearing that current tensions and conflicts will ultimately embroil mankind in all-out war,

Convinced that the end of the world has become a terrifying possibility arousing a fear which, today, weighs more than ever before on men's daily lives,

- Recalling that 'since wars begin in the minds of men, it is in the minds of men that the defences of peace must be constructed', which is the reason for Unesco's existence,
- 1. Appeals to the world community, North and South, East and West, to take action to halt the insane race which could bring it to the brink of the irreparable;
- 2. Appeals in particular to all those who currently hold moral or political responsibilities, decision—makers and educators, men of science and men of culture, to let their common hopes triumph over their individual interests and to opt, once and for all, for life;
- 3. Appeals therefore to Member States to set aside on 22 March 1984, on the stroke of noon, one minute during which all men, women and children, irrespective of their occupations, will stop their activities in order to demonstrate, unanimously, their desire for peace, international understanding and universal co-operation.

18.2 The General Conference.l

Recalling resolutions 2/01 and 2/13 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session,

Stressing the universal significance of human rights and fundamental freedoms, respect for which is an essential factor for the peace, justice and well-being necessary to ensure the development of friendly relations and co-operation among all Member States,

Convinced that any fresh reflection on the foundations of peace in the present world situation must take full account of the role of human rights,

Emphasizing the linkage which exists between peace and international understanding on the one hand, and human rights and the rights of peoples on the other hand,

Considering that respect for the dignity of the human person cannot be dissociated from respect for the freedom of peoples and for the equal rights of nations,

Stressing the need for more searching reflection on human rights and the rights of peoples, particularly through studies on the conception of human rights and the rights of peoples in the various cultural and religious traditions, by considering, on the one hand, those fundamental human rights that are universally recognized and, on the other hand, by examining the concept of the rights of peoples and their historical and practical implications, and the reciprocal relations between the two.

Recalling that 1983 marks the 35th anniversary of the proclamation and adoption by the United Nations General Assembly of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Also recalling the significance of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the other international documents aimed at ensuring fundamental freedoms and human rights,

Emphasizing in this connection the importance that all Member States attach to respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, which constitute an asset shared by all the cultures of the world,

Stressing the importance of human rights teaching at all levels of school and university education,

Convinced that situations exist which hamper the full exercise of human rights either by individuals or by groups,

Recognizing that the ideal of the free individual, liberated from fear and need, can be attained only if conditions are created under which each can enjoy his economic, social and cultural rights, as well as his civil and political rights,

Noting that the procedures adopted by the Executive Board (104EX/Decision 3.3) have been applied for some time and that useful experience has been gained and some tangible results achieved,

Thanking the Director-General for his efforts to promote respect for human rights,

- 1. Invites Member States:
 - (a) to contribute to the Organization's efforts to ensure respect for human rights and the promotion of the rights of peoples;
- 1. Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- (b) to co-operate with the Executive Board in the application of the procedures which should be followed in the examination of cases and questions which might be submitted to Unesco concerning the exercise of human rights in the spheres of its competence;
- (c) to develop human rights teaching at all levels of their education systems;
- (d) to contribute to the Voluntary Fund for the Development of Knowledge of Human Rights through Teaching and Information;
- 2. Invites the Executive Board:
 - (a) to give full attention to the implementation of 104EX/Decision 3.3;
 - (b) to evaluate and, if necessary, review the above-mentioned procedures in the light of the results achieved and the experience gained, including the experience of other United Nations organs dealing with human rights and fundamental freedoms;
- 3. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to continue his efforts to contribute to respect for human rights and the promotion of the rights of peoples;
 - (b) in the implementation of Major Programmes I and XIII, particularly when the relevant studies are carried out, to take into account the considerations contained in this resolution;
 - (c) in particular, to strengthen Unesco's action on behalf of the development of human rights teaching at all levels of school and university education, so far as the resources at his disposal under Programme XIII.3 permit.

18.3 The General Conference, l

Considering the provisions of Unesco's Constitution which define the Organization's tasks in regard to the strengthening of international peace and security,

Recalling the resolutions adopted at its previous sessions on Unesco's contribution to peace and its tasks with respect to the promotion of human rights and the elimination of colonialism and racism

Emphasizing the importance the Heads of State and Government of non-aligned countries attach to the Final Declaration adopted by the seventh Conference of Heads of State and Government of Non-Aligned Countries held in New Delhi in March 1983, and in particular the New Delhi Message, and its relevance to Major Programme XIII, 'Peace, international understanding, human rights and the rights of peoples',

Convinced that the problem of war and peace is more than ever before one of the main concerns of mankind and that, in the present situation, the strengthening of peace has become an imperative of our times,

Reaffirming that the three interrelated fields of Unesco's activities, in accordance with the terms of 21C/Resolution 10.1, are: the strengthening of international peace and security; the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, especially the elimination of the massive, systematic or flagrant violation of these rights and freedoms; and the struggle against colonialism, neo-colonialism, aggression, occupation of foreign territories in violation of the Charter of the United Nations, apartheid, racism and racial discrimination,

Stressing the effective implementation by the Organization of its programmes in education, the natural and social sciences, culture and communication, as well as its important role in continuing to promote the development of these fields,

Recalling the resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly of concern to Unesco relating to the strengthening of peace and international security,

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- 1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Director-General on Unesco's contribution to peace and its tasks with respect to the promotion of human rights and the elimination of colonialism and racism (22C/14);
- Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

2. *Invites* the Director-General to continue to contribute, in Unesco's fields of competence, to further efforts for the strengthening of peace, the implementation of human rights and the rights of peoples and the elimination of the various forms of colonialism and racism in all their manifestations:

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- 3. *Calls upon* Member States actively to support Unesco's efforts aimed at implementing Major Programmes XII and XIII, and to support, as appropriate, the initiatives of distinguished persons active in the fields of education, science, culture and communication in this connection;
- 4. Requests the Director-General:
 - (a) to utilize, in carrying out the studies provided for under Major Programme XIII in document 22C/5, the recommendations of the major intergovernmental conferences organized by Unesco since the twenty-first session of the General Conference, which have substantially contributed to the attainment of the objectives of these major programmes;
 - (b) to continue and to develop co-operation with those international non-governmental and intergovernmental organizations maintaining relations with Unesco which are able to contribute usefully to the implementation of Major Programme XIII and, in particular, to the carrying out of the aforesaid studies;
 - (c) to inform the General Conference, at its twenty-third session, on the steps taken to give effect to this resolution.

18.4 The General Conference, l

Recalling resolution 2/13 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session in which it approved for the period 1984-1989 the structure and main lines of emphasis of Major Programme XIII, 'Peace, international understanding, human rights and the rights of peoples',

Considering that the activities provided for in document 22C/5 correspond to the general balance and lines of emphasis of the second Medium-Term Plan,

Emphasizing the links in Major Programme XIII between peace and international understanding, on the one hand and human rights and the rights of peoples on the other,

Recalling that in the general guidelines for the World Disarmament Campaign that it adopted at its second special session devoted to disarmament, the United Nations General Assembly recognizes the specific role of Unesco in the field of disarmament education,

Stressing that the effective contribution to development which Unesco is m a position to make within its fields of competence cannot be dependent on any preliminary condition,

Reaffirming that peace, international understanding, human rights and the rights of peoples form an indissociable whole,

Expressing the hope that the studies and activities undertaken by Unesco in the field of peace and disarmament education will continue to make use of the work of the United Nations Department for Disarmament Affairs and the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research, on the understanding that those units will, in turn, take into account the results of such studies and activities,

Referring to the recommendations adopted by the Unesco Intergovernmental Conference on Education for International Understanding, Co-operation and Peace and Education Relating to Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, with a View to Developing a Climate of Opinion Favourable to the Strengthening of Security and Disarmament (Paris, April 1983),

Recognizing that peace education cannot be separated from human rights education and education to combat racism and racial discrimination,

Considering that, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, the Organization collaborates 'in the work of advancing the mutual knowledge and understanding of peoples, through all means of mass communication', and that objective and balanced information helps to improve international understanding,

 Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- I. Requests the Director-General to ensure that in implementing Major Programme XIII, care is taken to base disarmament education and information, within the framework of peace education, on the collection and dissemination of information obtained from sources offering the greatest possible guarantees of objectivity, independence and diversity;
- 2. Recommends that in the studies undertaken by Unesco-in particular in collaboration with independent scientific institutions-an in-depth examination should be made of the relationship between human rights, the rights of peoples and world peace and also between disarmament and development;
- 3. *Invites* the Director-General to enlist the active participation of Member States' National Commissions for Unesco in both preparing and carrying out activities to promote peace and international understanding, particularly in projects related to the Associated Schools Project, the World Federation of Unesco Clubs and Associations, and research on peace;
- 4. Requests the Director-General to follow the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the General Conference periodically on this subject.

Participation of Unesco in the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the end of the Second World War?

The General Conference.

Considering that the year 1985 marks the fortieth anniversary of the end of the Second World War, the most devastating and bloody of all wars, that cost the lives of over fifty million human beings and annihilated untold riches brought into being by the labour of many generations,

Recalling that the basic goal of the founders of Unesco was to prevent the recurrence of such events by constructing in the minds of men the defences of peace,

Further recalling resolution 14.1, 'Participation of Unesco in the celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the end of the Second World War', adopted in 1974 by the General Conference at its eighteenth session,

Desiring to pay tribute to the memory of those who gave their lives for freedom, independence and world peace,

Convinced that Unesco, in accordance with the provisions of its Constitution, will intensify its efforts to strengthen the peace and security of peoples,

- 1. Calls upon Member States to commemorate solemnly and on a wide scale the fortieth anniversary of the victory of the freedom-loving peoples in the Second World War and to give expression to the respect felt by today's generations for the veterans who were the architects of that victory:
- 2. Recommends that the Director-General take appropriate measures to ensure Unesco's participation in the celebration of the anniversary of this historic event.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

Role of Unesco in generating a climate of public opinion conducive to the halting of the arms race and the transition to disarmament¹

The General Conference.

- Bearing in mind resolution 11 .l which it adopted at its twenty-first session on the 'Creation of a climate of public opinion conducive to the halting of the arms race and the transition to disarmament' and the Director-General's report on the implementation of that resolution,
- *Emphasizing* in this connection that the arms race, the dimensions of which are growing and which is imperilling the future of all mankind, remains one of the chief obstacles to the strengthening of peace,
- Profoundly disquieted at the continuing aggravation of the international situation, the persistence of local wars and the danger of a generalized conflict threatening the whole of mankind,
- Firmly convinced that the solution to the problems of international peace and security must be sought in a fundamental improvement in international relations, which excludes any violation of the Charter of the United Nations, and in the strengthening of measures conducive to trust and mutual understanding among all states and all peoples, which would contribute to the halting of the arms race and the transition to disarmament,
- Referring to Unesco's second Medium-Term Plan (1984-1989) and in particular to the passages in which it is stated that 'the arms race is undoubtedly a major threat to mankind and to world peace. . .' and in which stress is placed on the 'imperative need . . . to improve the international situation and return it to order, to avert the threat of wars and of nuclear catastrophe by putting an end to the arms race and beginning a process of arms reduction and then of disarmament . . .',
- Considering that, at its second special session devoted to disarmament, the United Nations General Assembly proclaimed the launching of a World Disarmament Campaign, requesting Unesco to make a specific contribution to the Campaign within its fields of competence,
- Expressing satisfaction at the report of the Director-General to the thirty-seventh session of the United Nations General Assembly under item 133(d) of its agenda entitled 'Review and implementation of the concluding document of the twelfth special session of the General Assembly-World Disarmament Campaign',
- Recalling again resolutions 34/83 I and 37/78 D adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations at its thirty-fourth and thirty-seventh sessions, in which it invited relevant Specialized Agencies of the United Nations system to intensify activities, within their areas of competence, to disseminate information on the consequences of the arms race,
- Bearing in mind the vital interest of all nations in the attainment of effective measures of disarmament, which could release considerable financial and material resources to be used for the economic and social development of all states, in particular of developing countries, thereby facilitating the establishment of a new international economic order,
- I. Stresses the importance of ensuring that educators, scientists, those concerned with culture and persons professionally concerned with information in all countries co-operate fully in carrying out those activities of Unesco which are aimed at making public opinion widely informed of the dangers of the arms race and of the persistence of local conflicts and the risks of a generalized conflict:

2. Invites Member States:

- (a) to co-operate within Unesco's spheres of competence in implementing the decisions adopted by the United Nations General Assembly concerning disarmament;
- (b) to encourage interdisciplinary research aimed at pointing out the dangers of war and the prospects for a transition to disarmament;

Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the twenty-ninth plenary meeting, on 23 November 1983.

- (c) to contribute to Unesco's efforts in celebrating Disarmament Week, particularly by making useful information available to the Oganization;
- 3. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to take the necessary steps to give effect to the relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly which concern disarmament and fall within Unesco's spheres of competence;
 - (b) to undertake, within Unesco's fields of competence, such activities as may further the aims of Disarmament Week, by co-operating in particular with the National Commissions and with the international non-governmental organizations concerned, and by making greater use of Unesco's information channels;
 - (c) to undertake these activities in accordance with the programmes set out in document 22C/5;
 - (d) to inform the General Conference at its twenty-third session, in his report on the activities of the Organization, on the implementation of this resolution.

Cultural and scientific co-operation on the basis of equality and mutual interest as an important factor in strengthening peace, friendship and reciprocal understanding among peoples¹

The General Conference.

Recalling resolution 2/11 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, which emphasized that 'international cultural co-operation is an essential factor in bringing about a rapprochement between men, mutual understanding between peoples, co-operation between nations and the strengthening of peace, if it is based on the effective recognition of the equal dignity of all cultures, on respect for the independence and sovereignty of all countries and non-intervention in their internal affairs, and on the quest for reciprocity of exchanges',

Noting the interdependence between culture and such fields as science, technology, education and communication,

Guided by the proposition set forth in the second Medium-Term Plan, that 'the educational and scientific and cultural relations of the peoples of the world' should make it possible to attain 'the objectives of international peace and of the common welfare of mankind',

Commending the report of the Director-General on the implementation of resolution 12.1, 'International cultural and scientific co-operation', which it adopted at its twenty-first session,

Noting with satisfaction the growing role of Unesco in the development of international cultural and scientific co-operation and Unesco's useful contribution to the strengthening of peace, reciprocal understanding and trust among peoples,

Considering the need to continue to enhance the effectiveness of cultural and scientific co-operation on the basis of equality and mutual interest, and thereby to exert a salutary influence on the whole climate of international relations,

Recognizing that international co-operation on the basis of equality and mutual interest in the solution of the major global problems of the modern world in the fields of education, science, culture and information is an important component of the establishment of a new international economic order,

Recalling the relevant standard-setting instruments adopted under the auspices of Unesco in its fields of competence with the aim of ensuring the further development of co-operation among Member States with a view to achieving the goals set forth in the Organization's Constitution,

- 1. Invites Member States:
 - (a) to encourage the development of international multilateral and bilateral relations in the fields of education, science, culture and information as one of the important factors in strengthening peace, friendship and reciprocal understanding among countries and peoples;
- 1. Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the twenty-ninth plenary meeting, on 23 November 1983.

- (b) to promote, within the framework of their respective constitutional systems, the fullest possible continuing application of the standard-setting instruments and programmes of Unesco aimed at improving the policy of cultural and scientific development, reaffirming in a creative way the originality of cultures and helping to enrich them, and making better and fuller use of the latest achievements of science and technology in accordance with the needs and requirements of each country;
- (c) to continue the search for new and more effective forms of cultural and scientific co-operation with a view to the further development and enrichment of national cultures, the strengthening of scientific potential, especially that of the developing countries, and the strengthening of reciprocal understanding and trust among countries and peoples;
- 2. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to call upon those Member States which have not yet done so to take the necessary steps to accede to the conventions adopted by Unesco in the field of cultural and scientific cooperation;
 - (b) to invite them likewise to draw extensively for guidance on the recommendations adopted by the General Conference in these fields;
 - (c) to emphasize, when organizing the regional and international meetings planned in document 22C/5 Approved and when implementing the process of regionalization, the opportunities thus created for the development of cultural and scientific co-operation;
 - (d) to feature prominently, in the books and periodicals published by Unesco that are disseminated in circles concerned with education, science, culture and communication in its Member States, the experience that has been acquired in the development of scientific and cultural co-operation, including experience acquired in the course of operational activities, and Unesco's standard-setting activities in this connection;
 - (e) to request international non-governmental organizations maintaining relations with Unesco to step up their activities in connection with the application of Unesco's standard-setting instruments and programmes concerning the development and enrichment of international cultural and scientific co-operation in the interests of all countries and all peoples.

Role of Unesco in Improving the situation of young people and the contribution of Unesco to International Youth Year¹

The General Conference,

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Recalling the provisions of the second Medium-Term Plan (1984-1989) relating to youth and also resolution 2/08 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, especially Part I, subparagraph 5(e),

Taking into account the fact that young people represent a substantial and ever-growing section of the world population and have an increasingly important role to play in the solution of the major problems facing mankind, and that it is therefore necessary to offer them ever broader opportunities of playing an active part in all aspects of the social, economic, political, educational and cultural life of the society to which they belong,

Aware of the fact that young people enjoy equally the same rights and freedoms, including those set forth in the United Nations Charter, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other relevant international instruments,

Taking note with satisfaction of document 22C/4, which contains an evaluation of the general situation of young people in different parts of the world in relation to several sectors of Unesco's activities, and indications concerning the strategy to be followed,

Resolution adopted on the proposal of the Drafting and Negotiation Group at the thirty-third plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- 1. Commends the Director-General's submission of document 22C/4, dealing with a social group of crucial importance, the multisectoral approach adopted therein, and the strategy of action it contains:
- 2. Emphasizes the need to associate young people themselves, and particularly non-governmental youth organizations, with the implementation of document 22C/4 in particular and with all Unesco's activities;
- 3. Recommends that the needs of young girls, young women and certain specific groups of young people, such as the disabled young and young people who are members of the families of migrant workers, be taken into consideration;
- 4. *Invites* the Director-General to take the foregoing into account when carrying out the activities proposed;
- 5. Suggests that the Director-General, in carrying out these programmes, give them an intersectoral dimension in accordance with the selected approach;
- 6. Recommends that Member States take into account, in all spheres of social life, the aspiration of young people for participation and shared responsibility in the solution of present and future national and international development problems, in particular in the economic, political and cultural fields, and that they associate the young with activities connected with the implementation of Unesco's programmes;

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- Recalling resolutions 34/151 of 17 December 1979 and 35/126 of 11 December 1980, in which the United Nations General Assembly decided to designate and observe 1985 as 'International Youth Year: Participation, Development, Peace',
- Noting with satisfaction resolution 36/28 of 25 November 1981, in which the General Assembly endorsed the Specific Programme of Measures and Activities to be undertaken prior to and during International Youth Year and invited the Specialized Agencies to intensify their activities regarding youth, and resolution 37/48 of 3 December 1982, in which the General Assembly endorsed the recommendations for the implementation of the Specific Programme and called for the support of the Specialized Agencies, including Unesco, for this purpose,
- Recalling resolution 3/05 on the 'Role of youth' adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session, and the proposal contained in document 22C/5 concerning the convening in 1985 of a World Congress on Youth (category IV) to mark International Youth Year,
- Stressing what has been done within Unesco to prepare for International Youth Year and to observe it in an appropriate manner, particularly through the organization of five regional meetings and an international round table on youth, and active participation by the Organization in the five regional meetings organized by the United Nations in preparation for International Youth Year,
- 7. Invites Member States and all the institutions concerned to contribute to national and international activities associated with the observance in 1985 of 'International Youth Year: Participation, Development, Peace';
- 8. Considers that the activities to be undertaken at the national, regional and international levels in the context of International Youth Year, particularly the World Congress (category IV), merit special attention from Unesco during the next biennium;
- 9. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to continue to devote particular attention to the execution of activities planned in Unesco's Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 for the observance of International Youth Year;
 - (b) to continue to co-operate with the United Nations system, including the United Nations Advisory Committee for International Youth Year, and with other governmental and non-governmental organizations;
 - (c) to inform the General Conference at its twenty-third session of the follow-up to this resolution.

Implementation of 21 C/Resolution 14.1, concerning educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories¹

The General Conference.

Affirming that the forcible occupation of the territories of others constitutes a grave violation of the Charter of the United Nations, the Constitution of Unesco and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, in particular the right of access to national education and culture, and also constitutes a permanent danger to peace, development and stability,

Recalling all resolutions of the General Conference and decisions of the Executive Board relating to educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories,

Recalling further the resolutions adopted by the United Nations relating to the Palestinian question and the occupied Arab territories,

Noting with keen anxiety, after taking cognizance of the report of the Director-General set forth in document 22C/18 and addenda and in the light of the available facts and information, that Israel continues:

- (a) to refuse to implement the General Conference resolutions and Executive Board decisions, and to refuse to authorize the Director-General to keep a permanent watch on the functioning of educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories through an effective Unesco presence in those territories;
- (b) to close, by arbitrary military orders, educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories or to restrict their academic freedoms; to restrict the freedom of thought, opinion and expression of the inhabitants of those territories; to persecute students and teachers; and systematically to apply a policy designed to efface Arab culture in all the occupied territories, including Jerusalem and the Golan;
- (c) to refuse to rescind Military Order No. 854; to compel teachers to sign written undertakings in order to obtain work permits, linking those undertakings to unjust military orders; to open fire on students and teachers during demonstrations; to resort to collective punishments and other means of repression which jeopardize human lives and fundamental human rights; and to paralyse educational and cultural institutions,
- 1. Reaffirms the previous resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Conference and the Executive Board on this subject;
- 2. Strongly condemns the measures taken by Israel to efface the cultural identity of the Palestinian people, and the actions of the Israeli authorities in closing universities and other educational institutions, violating academic freedoms and opening fire on Arab students and teachers;
- 3. Expresses once again its thanks and profound gratitude to the Director-General for his tireless efforts with a view to the implementation of the Unesco resolutions relating to educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories;
- 4. Invites Member States to take the necessary measures to induce Israel to comply with the resolutions of Unesco;
- 5. *Urges* Israel to rescind Military Order No. 854 immediately, to cancel the undertakings required in order to obtain work permits, and to rescind the two orders under which such undertakings are required (Orders Nos. 65 and 938) and all other military orders limiting the academic freedom of educational institutions and restricting the right to education;
- 6. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to make all necessary efforts with a view to the reopening of the University of Bethlehem and the other educational institutions closed by military orders, and to enabling all teachers who have been dismissed to resume their work in universities and educational institutions;
 - (b) to strengthen the technical and material support provided by Unesco to educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories in order to give effect to the recommendations of the mission sent by Unesco to the occupied territories;
- 1. Resolution adopted on the report of Commission V at the thirty-second plenary meeting, on 25 November 1983.

- (c) to continue efforts to enable Unesco to keep a permanent watch on the functioning of educational and cultural institutions in the occupied Arab territories and to submit a report on this matter to the Executive Board at its 120th session;
- (d) to see to it that a scholarship fund, to be financed by donations, is set up for the higher education of students of the occupied territories in order to improve and develop the skills of the staff of the educational and cultural institutions of the occupied Arab territories;
- 7. Decides to place this matter on the agenda of the twenty-third session of the General Conference.

V Standard-setting activities of the Organization¹

Study of the procedures currently used by Unesco to monitor the application of the standard-setting instruments adopted within the framework of the Organization

The General Conference,

Having taken note of document 22C/23, and in particular of decision 5.8.1 adopted by the Executive Board at its 116th session, and of the Legal Committee's report thereon (22C/114),

Recalling 21C/Resolution 16.1, in which the General Conference invited the Director-General and the Executive Board to undertake a study of the different procedures in force in Unesco to monitor the application of the standard-setting instruments adopted under the auspices of the Organization, with a view to achieving better co-ordination and making the procedures more effective and efficient, and to submit the results, with appropriate proposals, to the twenty-second session of the General Conference,

Noting with satisfaction the quality of the study submitted by the Director-General, Observing that the study has revealed the very great complexity of the problem thus raised, Invites the Executive Board and the Director-General to continue in greater depth the study that has been begun, and to report to it on this matter at its twenty-third session.

Study of procedures for reporting on the application and implementation of the Revised Recommendation concerning Technical and Vocational Education

The General Conference,

Having examined the study contained in document 22C/104,

Finding the proposed procedures acceptable and desirable,

- 1. Invites the Director-General to prepare a questionnaire or form to be used by Member States to report on their implementation of the Revised Recommendation concerning Technical and Vocational Education;
- Further invites the Director-General to send this questionnaire or form to Member States in 1985, after having submitted it to the Executive Board, and to request Member States to reply thereto within ten months;
- 1. Resolutions adopted on the report of the Legal Committee at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

3. Decides that analytical summaries of the reports of Member States, together with the report thereon of the Executive Board's Committee on Conventions and Recommendations, shall be submitted to the twenty-fourth session of the General Conference.

Initial special reports submitted by Member States on the action taken by them on the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session

The General Conference,

Having considered the initial special reports submitted by Member States on the action taken by them on the Recommendation concerning the Status of the Artist (22C/22 and Add.), the Recommendation for the Safeguarding and Preservation of Moving Images (22C/23 and Add.) and the Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics on the Public Financing of Cultural Activities (22C/24) adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session,

Having noted the report of the Legal Committee relating to these special reports (22C/116),

Recalling that, under Article 18 of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution, the General Conference, after considering the special reports, 'shall embody its comments on the action taken by Member States in pursuance of a convention or recommendation in one or more general reports, which the Conference shall prepare at such times as it may deem appropriate',

Recalling the terms of resolution 50, adopted at its tenth session,

- I. Adopts the General Report (22C/116, Annex) embodying its comments on the action taken by Member States on the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twentyfirst session;
- 2. Decides that this General Report shall be transmitted to Member States, to the United Nations, and to National Commissions, in accordance with Article 19 of the aforementioned Rules of Procedure.

Annex.

General Report on the initial reports submitted by Member States on the action taken by them on the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session¹

Introduction

- 1. Article VIII of the Constitution of Unesco requires that 'Each Member State shall submit to the Organization, at such times and in such manner as shall be determined by the General Conference, reports . . . on the action taken upon the Recommendations and Conventions referred to in Article IV, paragraph 4'. According to the latter, each of the Member States shall submit recommendations or conventions adopted by the General Conference to its competent
- authorities within a period of one year from the close of the session of the General Conference at which they were adopted.
- 2. Article 16 of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution states that the reports called for by the Constitution shall be 'special' reports, and that initial special reports relating to any convention or recommendation adopted shall be transmitted not less than two months prior to the first

^{1.} Report prepared by the General Conference at its twenty-second session in accordance with Article 18 of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms Of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution.

Standard-setting activities of the Organization

- ordinary session of the General Conference following that at which such recommendation or convention was adopted. These Rules of Procedure also stipulate in Articles 17 and 18 that, at that session, the General Conference shall consider these initial special reports and embody its comments in one or more general reports, which it shall prepare at such times as it may deem appropriate.
- 3. In application of the foregoing provisions, the General Conference was called upon (21C/Resolution 17.21) to consider, at its twenty-second session, the initial special reports submitted by Member States on the action taken by them on the Recommendation concerning the Status of the Artist (22C/22 and Add.), the Recommendation for the Safeguarding and Preservation of Moving Images (22C/23 and Add.), and the Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics on the Public Financing of Cultural Activities (22C/24), adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session.
- 4. In accordance with the provisions of Rule 32.2 of the Rules of Procedure of the General Conference, the functions of the Legal Committee include the examination of these initial special reports. The Committee had before it documents 22C/22 and Add., 22C/23 and Add., and 22C/24 which, pursuant to the authorization given by the General Conference at its fifteenth session (l5C/Resolutions, Part C, II, General Report, paragraph 24) and renewed at its twenty-first session (21C/Resolution 17.21, Part II, paragraph 2) reproduced only such information as relates to subparagraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph 4 of resolution 50 adopted at its tenth session (see paragraph 13 below).
- 5. Acting on the report of the Legal Committee (22C/116), the General Conference, pursuant to Article 18 of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution, has embodied in this General Report the comments given hereunder.

Comments of the General Conference

6. Certified true copies of the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twentyfirst session were transmitted to Member States

- by a circular letter (CL/2782) dated 25 May 1981. In that letter, the Director-General recalled the provisions of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution which makes it obligatory for Member States to submit the Recommendations to their 'competent authorities' within a specified period, as well as the definition of the term 'competent authorities' adopted by the General Conference at its twelfth session on the basis of the opinion given by the Legal Committee.
- 7. In order to make it easier for Member States to prepare the initial special reports, the General Conference at its thirteenth session, instructed the Director-General to prepare for the benefit of Member States a document bringing together 'the various provisions of the Constitution and the regulations applicable, together with the other suggestions that the General Conference itself has found it necessary to formulate, at its earlier sessions, concerning the submissions of conventions and recommendations to the competent authorities'. In accordance with the instructions of the General Conference, the document prepared by the Director-General pursuant to this decision was duly brought up to date and transmitted to Member States by the circular letter mentioned in paragraph 6 above. This document is entitled 'Memorandum concerning the Obligation to Submit Conventions and Recommendations adopted by the General Conference to the "Competent Authorities" and the Submission of Initial Special Reports on the Action taken upon these Conventions and Recommendations'.
- 8. Member States were subsequently invited by circular letter (CL/2859) dated 3 January 1983 to send within the allotted time, i.e. before 25 August 1983, initial special reports on the action taken by them upon the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session, so that they could be communicated in good time to the General Conference.
- 9. The General Conference notes that the number of Member States having sent the Secretariat initial special reports on the Recommendations adopted at its twenty-first session was as follows: Recommendation concerning the Status of the Artist: 29 States;' Recommendation for the Safeguarding and Preservation of Moving Images: 26 States 2 Recommendation concerning the International Standardization of Statistics on

 Austria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Czechoslovakia, Finland, France, German Democratic Republic, Federal Republic of Germany, Honduras, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Madagascar, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zambia.
 Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Czechoslovakia, Finland, France, German Democratic Republic, Federal

 Austria, Bulgaria, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Czechoslovakia, Finland, France, German Democratic Republic, Federal Republic of Germany, Honduras, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zambia.

- the Public Financing of Cultural Activities: 23 States.l Passages from these reports indicating the action taken on these Recommendations by Member States concerned will be found in documents 22C/22 and Add., 22C/23 and Add., and 22C/24.
- 10. These figures show that in spite of the stress the General Conference laid at its twenty-first session on the importance of the reports procedure and the decisive part which this procedure should play in the supervision of the application of the standards established by the conventions and recommendations adopted by the General Conference, a substantial majority of Member States have still not transmitted to the Organization the reports required by the Constitution and the Rules of Procedure. The General Conference regrets this state of affairs and points out that the Member States which have not submitted initial special reports have, by their omission, withheld from the General Conference information on whether or not the Member States concerned have discharged their constitutional obligation to submit the Recommendations adopted by the General Conference at its twenty-first session to their 'competent authorities', or whether they discharged this obligation within the prescribed time-limit.
- 11. The General Conference, at its twelfth session, had already stressed the great importance of 'all Member States fulfilling the twofold obligation laid on them by the Constitution with regard to conventions and recommendations adopted by the General Conference: first, the obligation to submit these instruments to the competent authorities within a year from the close of the General Conference and, second, the obligation to report on the action taken upon these instruments' (12C/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 14).
- 12. The General Conference, at its eleventh session, had already defined, *inter alia*, the role of these provisions of the Constitution: 'Essentially indeed it is the operation of these two provisions of the Constitution which, on the one hand, ensures the widest possible implementation and application of the instruments adopted and, on the other hand, enables the General Conference-and hence Member States themselves-to assess the effectiveness of the Organization's regulatory action in the past and to determine the direction of its future regulatory action' (IIC/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 10).
- 13. So far as the form and substance of the reports are concerned, the General Conference notes

- that the majority of reporting States endeavoured to comply with the suggestions made by the General Conference at its tenth session. In resolution 50 adopted at that session, Member States were invited, when submitting an initial special report, to include in that report, as far as possible, information on the following:
 - '(a) whether the convention or recommendation has been submitted to the competent national authority or authorities in accordance with Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution and Article 1 of the Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions;
 - (b) the name of the competent authority or authorities in the reporting State;
 - (c) whether such authority or authorities have taken any steps to give effect to the convention or recommendation;
 - (d) the nature of such steps'.
- 14. With regard to subparagraph (a), the General Conference recalls that, at its twelfth session, on the report of its Reports Committee, it approved (12C/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 19) the opinion expressed by its Legal Committee concerning the interpretation of the words 'competent authorities' employed in Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution and repeated in the above-mentioned resolution 50. This opinion was expressed as follows: 'The competent authorities, in the meaning of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution, are those empowered, under the Constitution or the laws of each Member State, to enact the laws, issue the regulations or take any other measures necessary to give effect to conventions or recommendations. It is for the government of each Member State to specify and to indicate those authorities which are competent in respect of each convention and recommendation' (12C/ Resolutions, Part D, Annex III, Fourth Report of the Legal Committee, paragraph 53).
- 15. At its thirteenth session, the General Conference further stipulated that 'a distinction should, in this context, be drawn between the authorities which are competent to "enact" laws or "issue" regulations, on the one hand, and the government departments responsible for studying or preparing the laws or regulations which may be enacted or issued by those authorities and for submitting appropriate proposals to them, on the other. The definition adopted by the General Conference at its previous session shows clearly that the constitutional obligation laid down in
- Austria, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Federal Republic of Germany, Honduras, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zambia.

Standard-setting activities of the Organization

- Article IV, paragraph 4, relates to the former and not to the latter (13C/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 18).
- 16. The General Conference also feels it desirable to point out once again that the obligation to submit the instruments adopted by the General Conference to the 'competent authorities' is incumbent on all Member States and consequently on those among these states which have been unable to declare themselves in favour of the adoption of the instrument concerned, even though they might consider it desirable not to ratify or accept a convention or give effect to the provisions of a recommendation (14C/Resolutions, Part A, X, Annex, General Report, paragraph 17).
- 17. The General Conference, at its twelfth session, drew attention to the distinction to be drawn between the obligation to submit an instrument to the competent authorities, on the one hand, and the ratification of a convention or the application of a recommendation on the other. The submission to the competent authorities does not imply that conventions should necessarily be ratified or that recommendations should be applied in their entirety. On the other hand, it is incumbent on Member States to submit all recommendations and conventions without exception to the competent authorities, even if measures of ratification or acceptance are not contemplated in a particular case (12C/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 18).
- 18. Although 'submission' is a general obligation imposed by the Constitution, this obligation does not mean that the ratification or acceptance of a convention or the application of a recommendation must be proposed to the 'competent authorities'; the governments enjoy full freedom in this matter, with regard to the nature of the proposals they deem fit to make (14C/Res-

- olutions, Part A, X, Annex, General Report, paragraph 19).
- 19. The General Conference notes that not all the reports contain all the indications given in the foregoing comments .
- 20. The General Conference further notes that some reporting Member States, though not specifically replying to the question set out in resolution 50 and referred to in paragraph 13 above, included in their reports detailed accounts of the situation in their countries with regard to the subject of the convention or recommendation. While acknowledging the value of these accounts, the General Conference again requests that, in future, Member States should endeavour to include precise information, in their initial special reports, on the points mentioned in resolution 50 (cf. 13C/Resolutions, Part C, General Report, paragraph 15).
- 21. In concluding these comments, and as the normative action of the Organization as a means of achieving its fundamental objectives is progressively increasing, the General Conference once more underlines the importance it attaches to Member States fulfilling their constitutional obligations as regards the submission of international instruments to the competent authorities and the procedure of reporting on the action taken.
- 22. In accordance with the provisions of Article 19 of the 'Rules of Procedure concerning Recommendations to Member States and International Conventions covered by the terms of Article IV, paragraph 4, of the Constitution', this General Report will be transmitted, by the Director-General of Unesco, to the Member States of the Organization, to the United Nations and to the National Commissions of Member States.

VI Constitutional and legal questions

Draft amendment to Article V, paragraph 1, of the Constitution¹

The General Conference.

Having considered item 21.1 of the agenda, 'Draft amendment to Article V, paragraph 1, of the Constitution', proposed by Australia and New Zealand and set out in document 22C/107 and Add., and the report on this question submitted by the Legal Committee in document 22C/lll,

Noting the statements of various delegations in the General Conference,

Also noting the addition of new Member States to Electoral Group IV,

Recognizing that the proposal has wider implications, especially for the future composition of the Executive Board,

Requests the Executive Board:

- (a) to study the proposal contained in document 22C/107 and Add. and the report of the Legal Committee in document 22C/lll, taking into account the discussions at the twenty-second session of the General Conference, the views of the Asia and the Pacific Group and the 'Study on operating conditions of the Executive Board and on the prospect of its possible enlargement in the future', document 22C/33 and Add.;
- (b) to submit a report for the consideration of the General Conference at its twenty-third session.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Legal Committee at the eighteenth plenary meeting, on 5 November 1983.

VII Financial questions¹

Financial reports

Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco for the financial period ended 31 December 1980, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/38,

Receives and *accepts* the report of the External Auditor, together with the audited financial statements on the accounts of Unesco for the financial period ended 31 December 1980.

Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United Nations
Development Programme as at 31 December 1980, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference,

Noting that the Executive Board has approved on its behalf, as authorized by resolution 21.41 adopted at its twenty-first session, the report of the External Auditor together with the audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1980 (22C/39),

Receives this report and these financial statements.

Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United Nations
Development Programme as at 31 December 1981, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference,

Noting that the Executive Board has approved on its behalf, as authorized by resolution 21.41 adopted at its twenty-first session, the report of the External Auditor together with the audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 3 1 December 1981 (22C/41),

Receives this report and these financial statements.

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, *ON* 21 November 1983.

Financial questions

Financial report and audited interim financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1981 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference.

Having examined document 22C/40 and the comments of the Executive Board thereon,

Receives and *accepts* the report of the External Auditor together with the audited financial statements on the interim accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1981 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983.

Financial report and audited interim financial statements relating to the accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1982 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference.

Having examined document 22C/42,

Receives and *accepts* the report of the External Auditor, together with the audited financial statements on the interim accounts of Unesco as at 31 December 1982 for the financial period ending 31 December 1983.

Financial report and audited financial statements relating to the United Nations
Development Programme as at 31 December 1982, and report by the External Auditor

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/43,

- 1. Receives and accepts the report of the External Auditor together with the audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1982;
- 2. Authorizes the Executive Board to approve, on its behalf, the report of the External Auditor together with the audited financial statements relating to the United Nations Development Programme as at 31 December 1983.

29 Contributions of Member States

29.1 Scale of assessments

The General Conference,

Recalling Article IX of the Constitution, which stipulates in paragraph 2 that 'the General Conference shall approve and give final effect to the budget and to the apportionment of financial responsibility among the states members of the Organization',

Considering that the scale of assessments for Member States of Unesco has always been based on that of the United Nations (which includes a minimum rate of 0.01 per cent and a maximum rate of 25 per cent), subject to the adjustments necessitated by the different membership of the two organizations,

Recalling that in resolution 0.71 adopted at its twentieth session it admitted Namibia as a member of Unesco and taking account of resolution 19.32 adopted at its nineteenth session whereby it decided, in paragraph 2, to suspend Namibia's contribution as from the year 1977 until such time as it acceded to independence,

Resolves that:

(a) for the period 1984-1985, Member States of Unesco shall be required to pay contributions according to the assessments shown in the appended scale and calculated on the basis of the scale of assessments adopted by the thirty-seventh session of the United Nations General Assembly, with the same minimum rate and the same maximum rate, all the other percentages

- being adjusted to take into account the difference in membership between the two organizations;
- (b) new members depositing their instruments of ratification after 28 February 1983 shall be assessed for the years 1984 and 1985 as follows:
 - (i) in the case of members of the United Nations included in the United Nations scale of assessments, on the basis of their percentage in that scale;
 - (ii) in the case of members of the United Nations not included in the United Nations scale of assessments, on the basis of the percentages assigned to them by the United Nations General Assembly;
 - (iii) in the case of non-members of the United Nations, on the basis of their theoretical probable percentages in the United Nations scale;
- (c) the contribution of new Member States shall be further adjusted as necessary to take into account the date on which they become members of the Organization, in accordance with the following formula:
 - (i) 100 per cent of the annual sum due if they become members before the close of the first quarter of the year:
 - (ii) 80 per cent of the annual sum due if they become members during the second quarter;
 - (iii) 60 per cent of the annual sum due if they become members during the third quarter;
 - (iv) 40 per cent of the annual sum due if they become members during the fourth quarter;
- (d) the contributions of new Member States shall be accounted for in accordance with Financial Regulation 5.2(c) and consequently they shall not be eligible to participate in the distribution of any budgetary surplus arising from the financial period 1984-1985;
- (e) the contribution of Associate Members shall be fixed at 60 per cent of the minimum percentage assessment of Member States and these contributions shall be accounted for as miscellaneous income:
- (f) all percentages shall be rounded off to two places of decimals;
- (g) the contributions of Associate Members which become Member States during the biennium 1984-1985 shall be calculated in accordance with the formula set forth jn paragraph 8 of resolution 18 adopted by the General Conference at its twelfth session (1962).

Annex. Scale of assessments of Member States' contributions

Member State	Scale	Member State	Scale
	(%)		(%)
Afghanistan		Canada	3.04
Albania	0.01	Cape Verde	0.01
Algeria	0.13	Central African Republic	0.01
Angola	0.01	Chad	0.01
Antigua and Barbuda	0.01	Chile	0.07
Argentina	0.70	China	0.87
Australia	1.55	Colombia	0.11
Austria	0.74	Comoros	0.01
Bahamas	0.01	Congo	0.01
Bahrain	0.01	Costa Rica	0.02
Bangladesh	0.03	Cuba	0.09
Barbados	0.01	Cyprus	0.01
Belgium	1.26	Czechoslovakia	0.75
Belize	0.01	Democratic Kampuchea	0.01
Benin	0.01	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	0.05
Bhutan	0.01	Democratic Yemen	0.01
Bolivia	0.01	Denmark	0.74
Botswana	0.01	Dominica	0.01
Brazil		Dominican Republic	0.03
Bulgaria		Ecuador	0.02
Burma	0.01	Egypt	0.07
Burundi	0.01	El Salvador	0.01
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic		Equatorial Guinea	0.01

Member State	Scale	Member State	Scale
Ethiopia	(%) 0.01	Pakistan	(%) 0.06
Finland	0.47	Panama	0.02
France	6.43	Papua New Guinea	0.01
Gabon	0.02	Paraguay	0.01
Gambia	0.01	Peru	0.07
German Democratic Republic	1.37	Philippines	0.09
Germany, Federal Republic of	8.44	Poland	0.71
Ghana	0.02	Portugal	0.18
Greece	0.39	Qatar	0.03
Grenada	0.01	Republic of Korea	0.18
Guatemala	0.02	Romania	0.19
Guinea	0.01	Rwanda	0.01
Guinea-Bissau	0.01	Saint Lucia	0.01
Guyana	0.01	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.01
Haiti	0.01	Samoa	0.01
Honduras	0.01	San Marino	0.01
Hungary	0.23	Sao Tome and Principe	0.01
Iceland	0.03	Saudi Arabia	0.85
India	0.36	Senegal	0.01
Indonesia	0.13	Seychelles	0.01
Iran, Islamic Republic of	0.57	Sierra Leone	0.01
Iraq	0.12	Singapore	0.09
Ireland	0.18	Somalia	0.01
Israel	0.23	Spain	1.91
Italy	3.69	Sri Lanka	0.01
Ivory Coast	0.03	Sudan	0.01
Jamaica	0.02	Suriname	0.01
Japan	10.19	Swaziland	0.01
Jordan	0.01	Sweden	1.30
Kenya	0.01	Switzerland	1.09
Kuwait	0.25	Syrian Arab Republic	0.03
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.01	Thailand	0.08
Lebanon	0.02	Togo	0.01
Lesotho	0.01	Tonga	0.01
Liberia	0.01	Trinidad and Tobago	0.03
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0.26	Tunisia	0.03
Luxembourg	0.06	Turkey	0.31
Madagascar	0.01	Uganda	0.01
Malawi	0.01	Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1.30
Malaysia	0.09	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	10.41
Maldives	0.01	United Arab Emirates	0.16
Mali	0.01	United Kingdom of Great Britain and	
Malta	0.01	Northern Ireland	4.61
Mauritania	0.01	United Republic of Cameroon	0.01
Mauritius	0.01	United Republic of Tanzania	0.01
Mexico	0.87	United States of America	25.00
Monaco	0.01	Upper Volta	0.01
Mongolia	0.01	Uruguay	0.04
Morocco	0.05	Venezuela	0.54
Mozambique	0.01	Viet Nam, Socialist Republic of	0.02
Nepal	0.01	Yemen	0.01
Netherlands	1.76	Yugoslavia	0.45
New Zealand	0.26	Zaire	0.01
Nicaragua	0.01	Zambia	0.01
Niger	0.01	Zimbabwe	0.02
Nigeria	0.19		100.00
Norway	0.50		
Oman	0.01		

29.2 Currency of contributions

The General Conference.

Considering that in accordance with Financial Regulation 5.6 contributions to the budget and advances to the Working Capital Fund shall be assessed in United States dollars and paid in a currency or currencies to be determined by the General Conference,

Considering nevertheless that it is desirable that Member States should, to the widest possible extent, enjoy the privilege of paying their contributions in the currency of their choice,

Decides that for the years 1984 and 1985:

- (a) contributions of Member States to the budget and advances to the Working Capital Fund shall be payable at their choice in United States dollars, pounds sterling or French francs;
- (b) the Director-General is authorized, on request, to accept payment in the national currency of a Member State if he considers that there is a foreseeable need of a substantial amount of that currency in the remaining months of the calendar year;
- (c) in accepting national currencies as provided in (b) above, the Director-General, in consultation with the Member State concerned, shall determine that part of the contribution which can be accepted in the national currency;
- (d) in order to ensure that contributions paid in national currencies will be usable by the Organization, the Director-General is authorized to fix a time-limit for payment, after which contributions would become payable in one of the currencies mentioned in (a) above;
- (e) acceptance of currencies other than the United States dollar is subject to the following conditions laid down by the General Conference at its thirteenth session:
 - (i) currencies so accepted must be usable, without further negotiation, within the exchange regulations of the country concerned, for meeting all expenditures incurred by Unesco within that country;
 - (ii) the rate of exchange to be applied shall be the most favourable rate which Unesco can obtain for the conversion of the currency in question into dollars at the date at which the contribution is credited to a bank account of the Organization;
 - (iii) if, at any time within the twelve months following the payment of a contribution in a non-United-States currency, there should occur a reduction in the exchange value or a devaluation of such currency in terms of United States dollars, the Member State concerned may be required, upon notification, to make an adjustment payment to cover the exchange loss;
- (f) in the event of acceptance of currencies other than the United States dollar, any differences due to variations in the rates of exchange which do not exceed \$50 and which relate to the last payment for the biennium in question shall be posted to exchange profit and loss account.

29.3 Collection of contributions

The General Conference,

Having examined the report of the Director-General on the collection of contributions and advances to the Working Capital Fund (22C/46),

- 1. Expresses its gratitude to Member States which have speeded up the payment of their contributions;
- 2. Expresses its appreciation to the Director-General for the approaches he is continuing to make to Member States with a view to obtaining timely payment of contributions;
- 3. Declares that the non-payment of contributions is a violation of the obligations devolving upon Member States under the Constitution and the Financial Regulations of the Organization;
- 4. Urgently appeals to those Member States that are behind with their contributions to pay their arrears without delay;
- 5. *Calls upon* Member States to take the necessary steps to ensure that their contributions are paid in full at as early a date as possible during the financial period 1984-1985;
- 6. Authorizes the Director-General, when it becomes necessary, to negotiate and contract short-term loans with lenders of his choice to enable the Organization to meet its financial commitments during 1984-1985 should the anticipated treasury situation of the Organization so dictate.

29.4 Settlement of arrears of contributions

29.41 The General Conference,

Having been advised of the desire of the Government of Chad to find an acceptable solution to settling arrears of contributions due,

- 1. Accepts the proposals set forth in document 22C/46;
- 2. Decides that the contributions due for the years 1973 to 1983 totalling \$169,872 shall be paid in ten annual instalments beginning in 1984 as follows:

1984 \$16,989

1985 to 1993 annually \$16,987;

- 3. Calls upon the Government of Chad to ensure that the contributions for 1984 and subsequent years are paid on a regular basis;
- 4. Requests the Director-General to report to each ordinary session of the General Conference on the implementation of this resolution.

29.42 The General Conference,

Having been advised of the desire of the Government of Grenada to find an acceptable solution to settling arrears of contributions due,

- 1. Accepts the proposals set forth in document 22C/46;
- 2. Decides that the contributions due for the years 1977 to 1983 totalling \$107,662 shall be paid in ten annual instalments beginning in 1984 as follows:

1984 \$10,768

1985 to 1993 annually \$10,766;

- 3. Calls upon the Government of Grenada to ensure that the contributions for 1984 and subsequent years are paid on a regular basis;
- 4. Requests the Director-General to report to each ordinary session of the General Conference on the implementation of this resolution.

Working Capital Fund: level and administration

30.1 The General Conference,

- 1. Resolves that:
 - (a) the authorized level of the Working Capital Fund for 1984-1985 is fixed at \$20 million and the amounts to be advanced by Member States shall be calculated according to the percentages attributed to them in the scale of assessments for 19841985;
 - (b) the Fund shall normally be held in United States dollars, but the Director-General shall have the right, with the agreement of the Executive Board, to alter the currency or currencies in which the Fund is held in such a manner as he deems necessary to ensure the stability of the Fund:
 - (c) income derived from the investment of the Working Capital Fund shall be credited to Miscellaneous Income;
 - (d) the Director-General is authorized to advance from the Working Capital Fund, in accordance with Financial Regulation 5.1, such sums as may be necessary to finance budgetary appropriations pending the receipt of contributions; sums so advanced shall be reimbursed as soon as receipts from contributions are available for that purpose;
 - (e) the Director-General is authorized to advance during 1984-1985 sums not exceeding \$500,000 to finance self-liquidating expenditures, including those arising in connection with Trust Funds and Special Accounts; these sums are advanced pending availability of sufficient receipts from the Trust Funds and Special Accounts, from international bodies and other extra-budgetary sources; the sums thus advanced shall be reimbursed as rapidly as possible;
 - (f) the Director-General is authorized, with the prior approval of the Executive Board, to advance during 1984-1985 from the Working Capital Fund sums in total not exceeding

- \$200,000 to meet expenses arising from requests made by the United Nations related to emergencies connected with the maintenance of peace and security;
- (g) the Director-General shall report to the twenty-third session of the General Conference the circumstances in which advances were made under paragraph (f) above and, provided that the Executive Board has satisfied itself that these amounts cannot be reimbursed from savings within the current budget, shall include in the Appropriation Resolution provision for the reimbursement to the Working Capital Fund of such advances;
- (h) so as to reduce to a minimum any loans from banks or other commercial sources for this purpose, the Director-General is authorized, within the limits of available resources, and after providing for the needs which may arise under paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of this resolution, to advance, during 1984-1985, funds required to finance unamortized costs for the construction of Headquarters buildings and the remodelling of existing premises which have been approved by the General Conference, and to finance the corresponding preliminary design studies; he is also authorized, after consultation with the Headquarters Committee and while awaiting the decision of the General Conference on this matter, to advance funds not exceeding \$300,000 to finance similar expenses incurred in connection with design studies or unforeseen work which may prove necessary;
- (i) in his financial report for 1984-1985, the Director-General shall give an account of the use made of the Working Capital Fund during that biennium, indicating the amount of interest earned on the Fund's investments;
- 2. Requests the Director-General to prepare a report on the level and use of the Working Capital Fund:
- 3. Requests the Executive Board to study that report at its earliest convenience.
- Fund to assist Member States in acquiring educational and scientific material necessary for technological development

The General Conference,

Having noted the results achieved in pursuance of resolution 24.21 adopted at its twenty-first session concerning the operation of the fund to assist Member States in acquiring educational and scientific material necessary for technological development,

Authorizes the Director-General to make further allocations in 1984-1985 of Unesco Coupons payable in local currencies, up to a maximum of \$2 million.

External audit

31.1 Renewal of the tenure of office of the External Auditor

The General Conference,

Recalling Financial Regulation 12 of the Organization, which stipulates inter alia that the External Auditor shall be appointed in the manner and for the period decided by the General Conference

Recognizing the high quality of the services rendered by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of the United Kingdom,

Decides to reappoint the Comptroller and Auditor-General of the United Kingdom as External Auditor to the Organization for a further period of six years starting from the audit of the accounts for the 1984-1985 budgetary period.

Amendment of the Financial Regulations

32.1 Abolition of audited interim accounts

The General Conference,

Having considered the report of the Director-General on his proposed amendments to the Financial Regulations of the Organization (22C/49),

Approves the amendments to the Financial Regulations appended hereto:

Annex

32

(new text is in italics; text deleted is shown between square brackets)

Amendments to the Financial Regulations

- 2.1 The financial period shall be two consecutive calendar years *beginning with an even-numbered year*.
- 10.3 The Director-General may make such ex*gratia* payments as he deems to be necessary in the interest of the Organization provided that a statement of such payments shall be submitted to the General Conference with the *final* [annual] accounts.
- 10.4 The Director-General may, after full investigation, authorize the writing off of losses of cash, stores and other assets, provided that a statement of all such amounts written off shall be submitted to the *External Auditor* [Auditors] with the *final* [annual] accounts.
- 11.1 The Director-General shall maintain such accounting records as are necessary and shall submit *final* [annual] accounts showing for the financial period to which they relate:
 - (a) the income and expenditure of all Funds;
 - (b) the status of appropriations, including:
 - (i) the original budget appropriations:
 - (ii) the appropriations as modified by any transfers;
 - (iii) credits, if any, other than the appropriations voted by the General Conference;
 - (iv) the amounts charged against those appropriations and/or other credits;
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the Organization

He shall also give such other information as may be appropriate to indicate the current financial position of the Organization.

11.2 At the end of the first year of the financial period the Director-General shall submit an interim financial report on significant financial developments which have affected the Organization during the first year of the financial

period together with unaudited financial state-

- 11.[2]3 The [annual] accounts of the Organization shall be presented in dollars of the United States of America. Accounting records may, however, be kept in such currency or currencies as the Director-General may deem necessary.
- 11.[3]4 (no change in text)
- 11.[4]5 The [annual] *final* accounts shall be submitted by the Director-General to the *External Auditor* [Auditors] not later than 31 March following the end of the [year] *period* to which they relate.
- 12.9 The External Auditor shall issue a Report on the audit of the [financial statements] *final accounts* and relevant schedules, which shall include such information as he deems necessary in regard to matters referred to in Financial Regulation 12.4 and in the Additional Terms of Reference.
- 12.10 The External Auditor's reports together with the audited [financial statements] final accounts, shall be transmitted through the Executive Board to the General Conference in accordance with directions given by the General Conference. The Executive Board shall examine the [financial statements and audit reports] interimfinancial reports and supporting unaudited financial statements prepared by the Director-General pursuant to Financial Regulation 11.2 and the final audited accounts and reports of the External Auditor and shall forward them to the General Conference with such comments as it deems appropriate.
- 12.11 The External Auditor shall audit the annual accounts of such funds as the Director-General may exceptionally deem necessary.

Amendments to Additional Terms of Reference governing the audit

5. The External Auditor shall certify the financial statements in the following terms: 'I have

examined the financial statements of the Organization for the year *1 financial period* ended 31 December. . . . I have obtained all the information and explanations that I have required and I certify, as a result of the audit, that in my opinion, the financial statements are correct'; adding, should it be necessary,

'subject to the observations in my report'.

6(e) Transactions accounted for in a previous [year] financial period concerning which further information has been obtained or transactions in a later bear] financial period concerning which it seems desirable that the General Conference should have early knowledge.

Unesco Staff Compensation Fund

The General Conference.

Ι

Having examined the report of the Director-General on the Unesco Staff Compensation Fund (22C/50).

Sharing the view that it would be more economic if a greater part of the risks arising under the Staff Compensation Plan were covered by self-insurance within the Organization,

Recognizing that this would require an increase in the level of the reserves of the Staff Compensation Fund.

1. Authorizes the Director-General to carry forward the balance of the Staff Compensation Fund from one financial period to another starting with the carry forward to the financial period 1984-1985;

Η

Recognizing further the advantages of a Common Compensation Plan for all organizations in the United Nations system which will include common financing of the risks,

2. Requests the Director-General to pursue his efforts towards this objective at the appropriate interagency co-ordination organs.

VIII Staff questions¹

Staff Regulations and Rules

34.1 Amendment of the Staff Rules

The General Conference,

Having considered document 22C/51,

Notes the amendments made to the Staff Rules by the Director-General since the last session of the General Conference.

Administrative Tribunal: extension of its period of jurisdiction

The General Conference,

Having noted document 22C/52,

Decides to extend the jurisdiction of the Administrative Tribunal of the International Labour Organisation in respect of cases arising under Staff Regulation 11.2 in the period from 1 January 1984 to 31 December 1989.

Salaries, allowances and other benefits

36.1 Staff in the Professional category and above

The General Conference.

Ι

Having examined the report of the Director-General on salaries, allowances and other benefits of staff in the Professional category and above (22C/53),

- I. Takes note of the changes which have occurred since the twenty-first session in base salaries and allowances, in the post adjustment classification at Headquarters and in the pensionable remuneration:
- 2. Further notes the revision in the amount of the children's allowance from \$450 to \$700 per dependent child as from 1 January 1983;
- 1. Resolutions adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting. on 21 November 1983.

Staff questions

II

- *Mindful* of the possibility that recommendations may be made by the International Civil Service Commission to the General Assembly of the United Nations affecting salaries, allowances and other benefits applicable to organizations participating in the common system of salaries and allowances.
- 3. Authorizes the Director-General to apply to Unesco staff any such measures adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations, such application to take effect at the date determined by the General Assembly;
- 4. Invites the Director-General to report to the Executive Board on all measures taken to give effect to this resolution.

36.2 Staff in the General Service category

The General Conference.

- Having examined the reports of the Director-General on salaries, allowances and other benefits of staff in the General Service category (22C/54), and on the conclusions reached by the International Civil Service Commission on conditions of service of the General Service category in Paris (22C/54 Add.),
- 1. Takes note of the changes which have occurred since the twenty-first session;
- 2. Notes that a survey on best prevailing conditions of service for the General Service staff of Headquarters has been conducted in Paris by the International Civil Service Commission from November 1982 to March 1983, in pursuance of resolution 28.21 adopted at its twenty-first session;
- 3. Further notes, with appreciation, the report and recommendations of the Commission on the salary scales and allowances for staff in the General Service category at Headquarters;
- 4. Authorizes the Director-General:
 - (a) to apply from 1 January 1984 the salary scale recommended by the International Civil Service Commission for staff in the General Service category:
 - (b) to update the salary scale to 1 January 1984 in order to reflect the evolution of outside salaries between November 1982 and December 1983 by application of the method used for adjusting salaries between surveys (i.e. by the use of the General Quarterly Index of Hourly Rates) as recommended by the Commission;
 - (c) to continue to make pensionable adjustments to the General Service net salary scales at the rate of 4 per cent whenever the General Quarterly Index of Hourly Rates, published by the French Ministry of Labour, shows a movement of 5 per cent over the previous base index;
 - (d) to ensure that the salaries for staff employed as of 31 December 1983 are subject to the application of appropriate transitional measures as proposed by the Director-General;
 - (e) to increase with effect from 1 January 1984 the allowance for a dependent spouse from 5,900 F to 8,100 F a year;
 - (f) to increase with effect from 1 January 1984 the allowance for tested proficiency of one language from 1,800 F to 3,973 F and of two languages from 2,700 F to 5,959 F a year;
- 5. Further authorizes the Director-General to maintain the children's allowance at 4,092 F a year and revise the amount in July 1984 in accordance with the methodology adopted by the International Civil Service Commission on the basis of the salary scale obtaining on 1 July 1984.

International Civil Service Commission: annual reports

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/55,

1. Notes the information provided by the Director-General concerning the presentation of annual reports of the International Civil Service Commission (ICSC);

Staff questions

- 2. Takes note of 114EX/Decision 8.5 adopted by the Executive Board at its 114th session;
- 3. *Invites* the Director-General to continue to submit annual reports of the ICSC to the Executive Board in accordance with the terms of the above-mentioned decision;
- 4. Decides that future annual reports of the ICSC will not normally be submitted to the General Conference, except when in the opinion of the Director-General or of the Executive Board they contain conclusions or recommendations calling for action which is within the sole competence of the General Conference, or which, in the opinion of the Director-General or of the Executive Board, are otherwise of such importance that they should be brought to the notice of the General Conference.

Recruitment and renewal of the staff

- 38.1 Medium-term overall plan for the recruitment and renewal of the staff and geographical distribution of the staff
- 38.11 The General Conference.

38

Having considered document 22C/56 and Add.,

- 1. Takes note with appreciation of the work undertaken by the Director-General within the second stage of the long-term recruitment plan with a view to improving geographical representation, and of the positive changes which have occurred in the recruitment of personnel since the twenty-first session;
- 2. Further takes note of the proposed third stage presented by the Director-General for the period 1984-1989 in conformity with resolution 30.11 adopted at its twenty-first session and taking into account the aims of the second Medium-Term Plan (4XC/4);
- 3. Further notes that some Member States are still under-represented or do not have any nationals at all serving in the Organization;
- 4. Requests Member States to assist the Director-General in improving equitable geographical distribution within the established quotas by presenting more candidates, especially women, with qualifications which correspond to the requirements of vacant posts;
- 5. Commends the Director-General on his continuing efforts to ensure equitable representation of all Member States, including those that are still under-represented or do not have any nationals at all serving in the Organization;
- 6. Invites the Director-General:
 - (a) to continue to submit to the Executive Board detailed information on the distribution of posts in the Professional category and above in all sectors and services of the Secretariat;
 - (b) to report to the General Conference at its twenty-third session on the implementation of this resolution.
- 38.12 The General Conference,
 - *Mindful* of the provisions of Article VI, paragraph 4, of the Unesco Constitution, which recalls the paramount consideration of securing the highest standards of integrity, efficiency and technical competence and the requirements that the appointment of staff should be on as wide a geographical basis as possible,
 - Considering that the respect for the principle of equitable geographical distribution of staff is a major factor in the efficiency of the work of the Secretariat and also a positive contribution to closer international co-operation having regard to the need to establish a new international economic order,
 - Recalling decision 8.6 adopted by the Executive Board at its 117th session on the geographical distribution of staff and the general medium-term plan (1984-1989) for the recruitment of

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983.

Staff questions

staff and the invitation extended by the Board to the Director-General to carry out a study on the possibility of reviewing the quotas currently assigned to Member States, taking into consideration all possible alternatives,

Having noted with appreciation the report of the Director-General on item 47.1 of the agenda regarding geographical distribution of staff and the general medium-term plan (19841989) for the recruitment and renewal of staff with a view to achieving a more equitable geographical distribution within the Secretariat,

Thanking the Director-General for his continued efforts to achieve a more equitable distribution of staff in the Secretariat,

- *I. Decides* to modify the lowest quotas from 3-5 to 2-8 and to alter the other quotas in consequence, taking into account 1,100 posts as the basis for the calculation of the quotas;
- 2. *Requests* the Director-General to take such steps as may be required to implement this decision, progressively if necessary;
- 3. Further requests the Director-General to report to the General Conference at its twenty-third session on the implementation of this resolution.

United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund

The General Conference.

Having examined document 22C/58,

Takes note of the report of the Director-General on the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund.

Unesco Staff Pension Committee: election of representatives of Member States

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/59,

Appoints the representatives of the following Member States to the Unesco Staff Pension Committee for the years 1984-1985:

As members:
Australia
Algeria
Ghana
Brazil
India
France

Medical Benefits Fund

The General Conference,

Having considered document 22C/60,

- 1. Notes with satisfaction the favourable trend in the financial position of the Medical Benefits Fund:
- 2. Expresses its appreciation of the measures taken by the Director-General to ensure the stringent administration of the Fund and *thanks* him for the detailed information contained in his comparative study of the medical insurance schemes in force in other organizations of the United Nations system;
- 3. Takes note of the report by the Director-General on the Medical Benefits Fund.

IX Headquarters questions¹

42 Headquarters premises

42.1 Extended medium-term solution-sixth building

The General Conference,

Recalling the provisions of resolution 34.11 adopted at its twenty-first session, concerning the construction of the sixth Headquarters building,

Having examined the report of the Director-General (22C/62) and the report of the Headquarters Committee (22C/61, section I),

I

- 1. Notes with satisfaction that all the construction lots of the companies contracted to work on the sixth building have been finally settled and that the overall cost of the operation has not exceeded the authorized total appropriation of 107,417,200 French francs, exclusive of tax;
- 2. Notes with satisfaction that the claim for further compensation made by the firm of Dumont & Besson, responsible for the main structure, was rejected by the Arbitration Tribunal in its ruling given on 22 December 1982, and that the sum of 302,018.14 French francs, exclusive of tax, remaining due to the firm has since been paid by the Organization in final settlement;
- 3. Notes with satisfaction that the appropriate departments of the Paris Prefecture issued a certificate of conformity to the Organization on 5 May 1981, stating that all the work previously prescribed by the Security Commission for High-Rise Buildings of the Paris Prefecture had been duly carried out by the Organization;
- 4. Notes with satisfaction the systematic steps taken by the Director-General to eliminate all possible risk of air pollution and to improve health and safety in the sixth building, and that the only work remaining to be done calls for the preparation of prototypes to ensure that the work subsequently executed will not itself entail a certain amount of air pollution;
- 5. Approves the steps taken by the Director-General in association with the Société Nationale Télédiffusion de France, a state corporation with the monopoly of television broadcasting throughout the national territory of the host state, to re-establish normal television reception in the neighbourhood of the sixth building, and notes the Director-General's intention to effect a once-and-for-all lump-sum settlement of all the expenses incurred in this connection by Unesco;
- 6. Invites the Director-General to continue to make representations to the French Government with a view to obtaining, as on two previous occasions in comparable circumstances, in 1954 and 1964, reimbursement of the additional expenditure of 2,965,051 French francs, exclusive

^{1.} Resolutions adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

- of tax, borne by the Organization as a direct consequence of the delays in the release of the second plot of land;
- 7. Requests the French Government to facilitate the representations of the Director-General with a view to the Organization's obtaining reimbursement of the above-mentioned sum of 2,965,051 French francs, exclusive of tax;
- 8. Notes with satisfaction the measures taken by the Director-General for the protection and improvement of the artistic decoration of the Miollis/Bonvin site, with the assistance of the architects and with due consideration for the opinions expressed by the Committee of Art Advisers:
- 9. Notes with satisfaction the measures taken or envisaged by the Director-General to improve security around the whole of the perimeter of the fifth and sixth buildings constituting the Miollis/Bonvin site, inter alia by reducing the number of entrances from the adjoining streets;
- 10. Invites the Director-General, as soon as he is in a position to do so, to include, after consultation with the Headquarters Committee, a final statement of construction expenditure for the sixth building in the ordinary financial report he submits to the General Conference;

II

- 11. Authorizes the Director-General to continue to finance the construction costs of the sixth building not covered by loans by continuing to draw, in 1984-1985, and solely when the situation so requires, on the Working Capital Fund in accordance with the provisions of Financial Regulation 6;
- 12. Invites the Director-General to include in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1986-1987 the funds required to cover amortization of the cost of the project, that is, construction costs proper together with interest payments on loans contracted to finance the project.
- 42.2 Improvement and extension of conference facilities and extension of office accommodation

The General Conference.

Recalling the provisions of resolution 34.21, I, paragraph 7, adopted at the twenty-first session, whereby, in accordance with the recommendations made by the Headquarters Committee, it authorized the Director-General to have the final plans drawn up and, after consultation with the Headquarters Committee, to proceed with the carrying out, for a maximum cost of 80,047,000 French francs exclusive of tax, of the work of improvement and extension of conference facilities with a view to the holding of the twenty-second session of the General Conference in Paris, and of the extension of office accommodation to meet additional needs foreseeable in 1983.

Having considered the report of the Director-General (22C/63) and the report of the Headquarters Committee (22C/61, section II),

Ι

- I. Notes with satisfaction that, through the measures taken by the Director-General and in spite of the difficulties encountered, all the improvement, enlargement and modernization work on the conference building, including the construction of a new underground commission room, has been carried out within the time-limits laid down and within the budget ceiling authorized by the General Conference:
- 2. Observes that the new remodelled conference facilities, officially inaugurated on 21 June 1983 by the Director-General in the presence of the Minister of National Education of the host country, the President of the General Conference and the Chairman of the Executive Board, have enabled the twenty-second session of the General Conference to take place under satisfactory working and security conditions, as pledged by the Director-General at the closing meeting of the twentieth session in 1978;
- 3. Notes with satisfaction that the new electronically operated telephone exchange with direct dialling for incoming calls, which came into operation on 26 August 1983, has considerably improved communications with the Organization's Headquarters;

- 4. Notes that the new office block (seventh building) may be in use as scheduled at the end of 1983 or the beginning of 1984 at the latest:
- 5. Congratulates the Director-General on the excellent results thus achieved;
- 6. Authorizes the Director-General to complete the programme of work and equipment in 1984-1985;
- 7. Invites the Director-General, after consultation with the Headquarters Committee, to include in the ordinary financial report to be submitted by him to the General Conference at its twenty-third session the final statement of expenditure concerning the project for the improvement and extension of conference facilities and for the extension of office accommodation approved by the General Conference;

Π

Having noted the indications contained in paragraphs 40 and 41 of document 22C/63,

- 8. Authorizes the Director-General:
 - (a) preferably, and in accordance with the principles previously adopted by the General Conference on this subject, to continue using the Organization's own cash balances after provision has been made for programme execution requirements;
 - (b) if absolutely necessary, to resort to loans;

Ш

Having noted the indications concerning the amortization of costs contained in paragraph 41 of document 22C/63,

- 9. Approves the measures taken by the Director-General to include the corresponding funds to cover amortization in the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985;
- 10. Invites the Director-General to include in future draft budgets the necessary funds to cover the amortization of the cost of the operations carried out, remaining always within the limits of the approved budget ceiling.

42.3 Long-term solution to the problem of premises

The General Conference,

Having taken note of the Director-General's report (22C/64) and the report of the Headquarters Committee (22C/61, section III) concerning the search for a long-term solution to the problem of the Organization's Headquarters premises,

Recalling the provisions of resolution 2/15, VIII, adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, in which it emphasized the 'interesting nature' of the hypothesis whereby Unesco might be allotted the whole arc, on the Place de Fontenoy, separating it from 'the Ecole Militaire, a solution that would, in many respects, be the best possible,

Further recalling that in the Director-General's opinion too, the Place de Fontenoy solution seems to be the best possible,

- 1. Notes with satisfaction that the preliminary technical studies for a solution of this kind were carried out jointly by the representatives of the Director-General and the representatives of the Prime Minister of the host state;
- Observes that at the end of this preliminary phase it seems that it might be possible to meet the Organization's long-term needs in successive stages by measures involving the perimeter of the Place de Fontenoy;
- 3. Also observes that, within the framework of the planning of the Organization's long-term needs beyond the year 2000, provision might be made for an intermediate stage around 1989/1990, and that just one of the ministries situated on the Place de Fontenoy would suffice for that first stage;
- 4. *Notes* that, at the same time, the gradual construction of additional car parks underneath the Place de Fontenoy might also be envisaged;
- 5. Authorizes the Director-General, subject to confirmation of such a possibility by the Government of the host state, to take an option on a solution involving all or some of the buildings surrounding the Place de Fontenoy;

- 6. Invites the Director-General, in this eventuality, to carry out during 1984 and 1985, in liaison with the appropriate French services, detailed technical studies designed, on the one hand, to determine the way in which Unesco would use the buildings concerned and cost the renovations required to adapt those buildings to the Organization's specific needs and, on the other hand, to assess the appropriations required for rehousing the French administrative services at present accommodated there;
- 7. Requests the Director-General to make a detailed study, with the appropriate French authorities, concerning the sharing of financial responsibility between Unesco and the French Government if such a solution were to be adopted;
- 8. Expresses its gratitude to the French Government for the active part it has taken in the preliminary studies already carried out and requests it to continue to give the Director-General all the assistance necessary to facilitate the progress of the detailed studies yet to be undertaken;
- 9. Requests the Director-General to submit to it at its twenty-third session, in 1985, all the requisite technical and financial details concerning the above-mentioned option so as to enable it to take a decision of principle on the matter if the need should arise.

Headquarters Committee

43.1 Terms of reference of the Headquarters Committee

The General Conference.

Having taken cognizance of the Director-General's report (22C/65) and the report of the Head-quarters Committee (22C/61),

Recalling the provisions of Rules 42 and 45 of its Rules of Procedure,

- I. Decides to renew the terms of reference of the Headquarters Committee, consisting of twenty-one members, until the end of the twenty-third session of the General Conference;
- 2. Decides that the Committee shall meet whenever necessary, at the request of the Director-General or on the initiative of its Chairman, to advise the Director-General on all matters relating to the Organization's Headquarters raised by him or any member of the Committee, and to provide the Director-General with advice, suggestions, guidance and recommendations in this respect;
- 3. Decides that, under these terms of reference, the work of the Committee shall relate in particular to the following matters:
 - (a) examination of reports by the Director-General on work connected with the improvement of health and safety conditions in the sixth building and re-establishment of normal reception of television broadcasts in the vicinity of the building, and on the request addressed to the French Government with a view to obtaining reimbursement of the additional expenditure, totalling 2,965,051 French francs, exclusive of tax, incurred by the Organization as a direct consequence of the delays in the release of the second plot of land required (22C/62);
 - (b) examination of reports by the Director-General on the improvement and extension of conference facilities and extension of office accommodation, and on the financing and the financial situation of all the work involved (22C/63);
 - (c) examination of any additional proposals or further information provided by the French Government in connection with the search for a long-term solution to the problem of Headquarters premises around the perimeter of the Place de Fontenoy, and of reports by the Director-General on this subject (22C/64);
 - (d) examination of the draft programme of conservation work on Headquarters buildings and technical installations that the Director-General may propose for the 1986-1987 financial period:
 - (e) examination of the Director-General's reports on the carrying out of the project for the construction of the Morillons administrative centre in Geneva, in which the International

- Bureau of Education is to have its new headquarters, and on the financial situation of this project;
- (f) examination of the periodical reports submitted to the Director-General by the Committee of Art Advisers concerning, in particular, the decoration of all the Headquarters premises;
- (g) examination of any proposals submitted to it by the Director-General with a view to ensuring advances from the Working Capital Fund, not exceeding \$300,000, which may be required for the financing of expenditure incurred in connection with design studies and/or unforeseen work which may appear necessary (22C/47);
- (h) examination of the reports to be submitted by the Director-General to the General Conference at its twenty-third session on the implementation of resolutions relating to Headquarters;
- 4. *Invites* the Headquarters Committee to report to the General Conference, at its twenty-third session, on the work carried out under the terms of reference defined above (22C/65).

43.2 Expression of thanks to the Headquarters Committee

The General Conference,

Recalling that, by resolution 35.11 adopted at its twenty-first session, it defined the terms of reference of the Headquarters Committee for 1981, 1982 and 1983,

- 1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Headquarters Committee (22C/61);
- 2. Thanks the Headquarters Committee for its excellent work;
- 3. Expresses its gratitude to the French Government for its constant co-operation and assistance in the search for appropriate solutions to all questions relating to the Organization's Headquarters;
- 4. Thanks the Director-General and the Secretariat services concerned for their active and valuable collaboration in the Committee's work.

X Methods of work of the Organization

Review of budgeting techniques¹

The General Conference,

Recalling resolution 38.1 adopted at its twenty-first session, by which inter alia it requested the Executive Board in consultation with the Director-General to undertake a further study of budgeting techniques, invited the Director-General, in the preparation of the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984-1985 (22C/5), to take into account the study undertaken by the Executive Board, and decided to include an item 'Review of budgeting techniques' on the agenda of the present session,

Having examined the report prepared by the Director-General on budgeting techniques and related matters (22C/34), which includes the results of the studies made by the Executive Board and the application thereof by the Director-General to the Draft Programme and Budget for 1984 1985 (22C/5),

- I. Confirms that the following budgeting techniques, which were recommended by the Executive Board, have been applied by the Director-General in the preparation of document 22C/5:
 - (a) application of the constant dollar principle;
 - (b) separate calculation of inflation costs, including the adoption of the principle of full budgeting, beginning in the 1984-1985 biennium;
 - (c) separate treatment of currency fluctuation in Part VIII of the budget;
 - (d) zero-based budgeting;
 - (e) application of budget standards;
 - (f) taking into account of staff turnover in the calculation of the budget total;
 - (g) breakdown of staff and other indirect programme costs at programme level;
 - (h) apportionment of administrative and common services costs to the various parts of the programme;
 - (i) integration of activities financed by extra-budgetary resources with those financed by the regular budget;
 - (j) use of work measurement and analytical estimations of work-load to determine staff requirements;
- 2. Invites the Director-General to continue to apply these techniques in the preparation of the Draft Programme and Budget for future biennia, it being understood that he will adapt these techniques to the prevailing situation if it so warrants;
- 3. Further invites the Director-General to continue the study of budgeting techniques with a view to their further improvement in the light of the opinions expressed at the Administrative Commission of the twenty-second session of the General Conference, taking into account other

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-sixth plenary meeting, on 16 November 1983.

Methods of work of the Organization

sources of information at his disposal, in particular with regard to the presentation of the effects of inflation and of violent currency fluctuations such as those experienced in recent years.

Study on the operating conditions of the Executive Board and on the prospects of its enlargement

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/33 and Add. concerning the study submitted to it by the Director-General and the Executive Board in pursuance of resolution 18.1 adopted at its twenty-first session, on the operating conditions of the Executive Board and on the prospects of its possible enlargement in the future,

Considering that the operation of the Executive Board with its new composition as from its 118th session may shed further light on this matter,

- 1. Takes note with satisfaction of the study submitted in document 22C/33;
- 2. Invites the Executive Board and the Director-General to continue to study this question in the light of experience and to submit to it, if need be, at a forthcoming session, a report on appropriate means of improving the operating conditions of the Board.

Definition of regions with a view to the execution of regional activities²

The General Conference, at its twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983, decided that the following states would participate in the regional activities of the Organization as follows:

Regions Member States

Latin America and the Caribbean Antigua and Barbuda

Bahamas Belize

Saint Christopher and Nevis Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Asia and the Pacific Bhutan

Fiji Samoa

Associate Member

Latin America and the Caribbean Netherlands Antilles

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission 1 at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

^{2.} Resolution adopted on the report of Commission I at the twenty-eighth plenary meeting, on 22 November 1983.

Working languages of the Organization¹

47.1 Wider use of the Russian language

The General Conference,

Confirming resolutions 38.1 and 41.1 adopted at its twentieth and twenty-first sessions respectively, in which recognition is given to the importance of Russian as one of the basic means of bringing about international co-operation with a view to strengthening universal peace and mutual understanding among peoples and promoting the social, scientific and cultural progress of mankind,

Taking into consideration that a knowledge of Russian provides broad access to a considerable quantity of information available in the world and thereby promotes fulfilment of Unesco's constitutional responsibilities,

Recognizing that the fact that Russian is studied by tens of millions of people living outside the USSR provides objective evidence of the growing interest in that language in many countries of the world

Taking into account the advantageous results of the growing role of the Russian language in Unesco following the measures taken by the Director-General to implement the aforementioned resolutions,

Recalling that, in accordance with those resolutions, the Russian language should be given the status enjoyed by the more widely used working languages of the Organization,

Deeming it advisable to pursue action in the future to expand the use of the Russian language in Unesco,

Having examined document 22C/35,

Invites the Director-General:

- (a) to continue effectively to promote the steady implementation of measures to expand the use of the Russian language in Unesco, by using the relevant appropriation in the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985;
- (b) to take the necessary measures, in accordance with the provisions set out in document 22C/5, to ensure that the Russian language gradually attains the status of a widely used working language of the Organization, and, in particular:
 - (i) to promote an increase in the issue of various Unesco documents and publications in Russian, including Sector newsletters and lists and catalogues of Unesco publications;
 - (ii) to continue efforts already under way to raise the standard of simultaneous interpretation from and into Russian at Unesco conferences and meetings;
 - (iii) to report on this question to the twenty-third session of the General Conference.

47.2 Wider use of the Arabic language

The General Conference,

Having considered document 22C/36,

Recalling resolution 38.2 adopted at its twentieth session and resolution 41.2 adopted at its twenty-first session, in which stress was laid on the importance of Arabic and on the need for this language gradually to be given the same status as the more widely used working languages of the Organization,

Expressing its satisfaction with the action taken by the Director-General to implement the aforementioned resolutions,

Requests the Director-General to continue to implement the measures relating to the wider use of the Arabic language during the 1984-1985 biennium with a view to gradually giving this language the same status as the working languages more widely used in the Organization, within the limits of the appropriation approved in the Programme and Budget for 1984-1985.

 Resolutions adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

Methods of work of the Organization

Reduction of the volume of documentation for the General Conference¹

The General Conference,

Having examined document 22C/99 relating to reduction of the volume of documentation submitted to it,

Recalling the terms of resolutions 2/15, V, and 4/01 adopted at its fourth extraordinary session, and more particularly the need to reduce the documentation intended for it,

- 1. Notes with satisfaction the measures decided on by the Executive Board at its 116th session for the reduction of its own documentation and those taken by the Director-General within the Secretariat to reduce both the number of meetings and the volume of documentation produced in the course of programme execution;
- 2. Decides, in order to reduce the documentation intended for itself, from the twenty-third and subsequent sessions:
 - (a) to limit the number of special reports requested of the Director-General;
 - (b) to omit from documents dealing with action taken by Member States with regard to conventions and recommendations approved at previous sessions annexes containing replies *in extenso*, on the understanding that these replies will be placed at the disposal of delegations, with English and/or French translations of texts received in other working languages of the General Conference:
 - (c) to do away with interim reports on conferences of a representative nature held between the finalization of the draft programme and budget (C/5) and the ordinary session of the General Conference, on the understanding that the Director-General will give an account of the results of these conferences in his oral reports to the Executive Board and to the General Conference;
 - (d) to change the frequency of some reports which figure regularly on the agenda of each session of the General Conference;
 - (e) to omit from documents the appendices dealing with administrative matters (personnel, Headquarters premises, etc.), on the understanding that tables and other relevant information will be placed at the disposal of delegations wishing to consult them and will be made available to them on request.

^{1.} Resolution adopted on the report of the Administrative Commission at the twenty-seventh plenary meeting, on 21 November 1983.

XI Twenty-third session of the General Conference

Place of the twenty-third session¹

The General Conference.

Having examined document 22C/lO2 concerning the place and date of the twenty-third session of the General Conference,

Having noted with gratitude the generous invitation of the Government of the People's Republic of Bulgaria to hold that session in Sofia,

Having taken cognizance of the decision of the Executive Board (117EX/Decision 6.3) and the summary records of the discussions of the Executive Board concerning this question,

Decides to hold its twenty-third session in Sofia, People's Republic of Bulgaria.

50 Composition of the committees for the twenty-third session

On the report of the Nominations Committee, the General Conference, at its thirty-first plenary meeting, on 24 November 1983, elected the following Member States as members of the undermentioned committees until the close of the twenty-third session:

Legal Committee (twenty-one members)

Argentina Greece Tunisia Australia Lebanon Union of Soviet Socialist Chile Netherlands Republics Ecuador Nigeria United States of America Philippines Uruguay Egypt Sri Lanka Venezuela German Democratic Switzerland Yemen Republic Ghana Togo

Headquarters Committee (twenty-one members)

United Arab Emirates Australia India Iraq United Kingdom of Great Bangladesh Britain and Northern Belgium Ivory Coast Ireland Benin Kenya Central African Republic Nigeria United States of America Dominican Republic Panama Senegal Finland Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Switzerland France Togo Republic

1. Resolution adopted at the thirtieth plenary meeting, on 23 November 1983.

Annex: List of officers elected at the twenty-second session of the General Conference

The following are the elected officers of the twentysecond session of the General Conference:

President of the General Conference

Mr Said M. Tell (Jordan).

Vice-Presidents of the General Conference

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