

General Conference



United Nations Educational, Scientific and **Cultural Organization**

> Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Educación, la Ciencia y la Cultura

Организация Объединенных Наций по вопросам образования, науки и культуры

> منظمة الأمم المتحدة للتربية والعلم والثقافة

> > 联合国教育、 科学及文化组织

38th Session, Paris, 2015

38 C/DR.10° 8 October 2015 Original: Spanish

Draft resolution

Item 3.2 of the provisional agenda

Amendment to the Draft Budget for 2016-2017 (38 C/5)

Submitted by **ARGENTINA**

Part II.A – Programmes:

Major Programme: ı Education

Resolution No.: 01000

Paragraph: 1 (iii revised)

Budgetary implications

Without budgetary implications indicated by the sponsor:

Source of financing

proposed by the sponsor:

Proposed modification:

(iii revised)

During 2016-2017, UNESCO will continue to advocate for education by coordinating, facilitating and providing policy advice on the implementation of the post-2015 education agenda. UNESCO will further strengthen networks and partnerships, including among Member States, at the global, regional and national levels, and with co-convening agencies, and civil society, the private sector and Member States, at the global, regional and national levels; support Member States in identifying national priorities in education and translating the global education agenda into national action; facilitate and promote evidence-based policy

This proposal was received by the Secretariat on 21 September 2015.

formulation; and establish global fora for the international education community to discuss future trends in education;

Explanatory note:

We consider Member States to be key actors in the elaboration, implementation and evaluation of the Organization's main lines of action, as well as in the setting of objectives and priorities for education at the national, regional and global levels. The aim is not only to give them their rightful place in the text for this objective but also to make sure that they are seen as the main beneficiaries of the policies implemented by the networks. At the same time, the private sector is no longer mentioned in the relevant paragraph because it is, in our view, included in "co-convening agencies and civil society".