National Education Perspective

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Is a nation state

- Major religious groups
- Hostile or complex with neighboring countries
- Experience of internal civil strife
- Multi-level Education system: Uneven distribution of resources - uneven education provision
- Huge refugee crisis since 2010
- Citizenship to consider as a dynamic response to a changing political and social economy
- =>How to reflect the rapid change in learning & curriculum and deliver the different responses needed

Lebanon: overview

Projected figures for end of 2014 and 2015 (UN Agency projections November 2014)

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Category	Cohorts	Population			
		Current (Oct 2014)	Dec-15	Dec-15	
				% Children	Number
All Population in the Country	Lebanese pop	4,200,000	4,200,000	33%	1,386,00
	Syrian ref	1,130,000	1,500,000	53%	795,000
	Palestine Refugees from Lebanon (PRL)	270,000	270,000	38%	102,600
	Palestine Refugees from Syria (PR	43,000	45,000	39%	17,742
	Lebanese returnees	20,000	50,000	53%	26,50
	Total Population living in Lebanon	5,663,000	6,065,000	38%	2,327,842
People poor	Poor Lebanese	1,218,000	1,500,000	33%	495,00
	Poor Syrian ref (48 % below poverty line)		720,000	53%	381,60
	Poor PRL (66% of caseload – AUB data)	178,200	178,200	38%	67,71
	Poor PRS (assumption all)	43,000	45,000	53%	23,850
	Poor Leb returnees (assumption all)	20000	50,000	53%	26,50
	Total Poor	1,459,200	2,493,200		
Total People in Need (economically, socially and legally vulnerable)	Vulnerable Lebanese		1,500,000		
	Syrian refugees		1,500,000		
	PRS		45,000		
	PRL		270,000		
	Leb returnees		50,000		
	Total people in need		3,365,000	43%	1,436,842

- Almost 1,200,000 Syrian refugees out of 400,000 Lebanese children (+other displaced)
- Mitigating tension between communities
- Health issues
- Overcrowded schools

What definition of a national citizen ? Which citizen? At which point in time?

Challenges Impacting the quality of learning

- Limited Civic knowledge (9th graders): ironically, high understanding of citizenship concepts not reflected in achievement in civic skills
- Poor meaning of accountability in democratic systems
- Political/ public interest positions are based on & influenced by communities, and by the social and confessional backgrounds

Findings of the study on CE in Lebanon by UNDP (2009)

Teachers

- -Majority not eligible to teach civic education
- -rely on indoctrination /memorization techniques
- -Separate CE from other humanities (history/ geography)
- Teaching methodologies
 Conservative views
 no space for debate and discussion

<u>Objective</u>: An enabling learning environment that fosters Active Citizenship Behavior among Lebanese students.

- <u>Outcome 1</u>: Revision of curriculum (textbooks + teacher resources); Develop a National Action Plan.
- <u>Outcome 2</u>: Strengthen capacity of teachers and administrators (active citizenship practices).
- <u>Outcome 3</u>: Develop democratic and participatory environment in public schools (parent councils, student councils, community service programs).

Lebanon's CE Plan

- Knowledge (of rights and obligations)
 Transformative (to use knowledge to promote change)
- Requires specific competencies
- Dynamic
- Life-long

Youth-led initiatives

Formal and informal learning contexts

And GCE at country level:

- Curricula & competencies relevant to GCE
 Transformative education
- Matching nationally planned outcomes

GCE according to UNESCO

Levers of change: Formal education
 but also religion, race, language, values <u>nationally</u>

- + social media, visual inputs, external forces, political role models internationally
- Enabling conditions lacking (as per 2.2.7 of technical consultation on GCE outcome doc):
 - Tensions
 - National identity
- GCE happens during a development phase. However, at the moment Lebanon is in an emergency, resilience and stabilization context.
- Need to adapt to a continuously changing environment
- Is a framework (Context sensitive & flexible) still possible? If yes, what would be the forum for managing and monitoring the integrated framework that defines citizenship ?

Challenges related to GCE

- Engage an ongoing debate to conceptualize GLOBAL citizenship education
- Establish a broad policy framework for citizenship learning (formal/ informal/ LLL)
- Have a legitimate M&E system that is looking at all aspects of the concept

What can be done?

Thank you