PROCEDURE FOR FILLING OUT THE QUESTIONNAIRE

Kindly read the following before you fill out the questionnaire:

- 1. Each Member State, IGO/NGO is entitled to submit one reply only. Respondents are asked to identify themselves at the beginning of the questionnaire.
- 2. Only those non-governmental organizations who maintain official relations with UNESCO are invited to fill out this questionnaire.
- 3. The online version of the questionnaire exists in all the six official languages of the Organization (Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish).
- 4. You are invited to complete this questionnaire by 06/05/2016 at the latest, in order for its results to feed into the regional consultations with Member States scheduled to start in May 2016. Please be informed that access to the questionnaire will be closed on that date at midnight, Paris time.
- 5. Please note that Survey Monkey will automatically save your responses. You may interrupt and return to the questionnaire to continue entering your replies anytime as long as you have not submitted.
- 6. In filling out the questionnaire, you may wish to refer to the following documents, accessible on line on the <u>39 C/5 Questionnaire platform</u>:
 - UNESCO's Medium-Term Strategy (37 C/4)
 - <u>Preparation of the Draft Programme and Budget for 2018-2021 (39 C/5) (Document 38 C/7)</u>
 - The General Conference Resolution (38 C Resolution 104) on the Preparation of the Programme and Budget for 2018-2021 (39 C/5)
 - The Strategic Results Report document 199 EX/4 Part I (B)
 - The evaluations available on the Internal Oversight Service (IOS)
- 7. Should you encounter any technical difficulty in accessing and responding online, you may transmit your responses using paper copies of the questionnaire to the Secretariat (Director, Bureau of Strategic Planning, UNESCO, 7 Place de Fontenoy, 75352 Paris 07 SP, France). For further clarifications regarding this questionnaire, please contact Ms Ghada Awamat at g.awamat@unesco.org (tel.: +33 1 45 68 13 39).

IDENTIFICATION * Please select whether you are representing: Member State Associate Member Non-Governmental Organization in official relations with UNESCO Intergovernmental Organization **United Nations**

IDENTIFICATION	
* Please select your region	
Africa	
Arab States	
Asia and the Pacific	
Europe and North America	
Latin America and the Caribbean	
* Member States	
* Please enter your name and title below:	
	
* Please enter your e-mail address below:	

IDENTIFICATION	
* Please select your region	
Africa	
Arab States	
Asia and the Pacific	
Europe and North America	
Latin America and the Caribbean	
* Associate Member	
* Please enter your name and title below:	
* Please enter your e-mail address below	:

IDENTIFICATION
* For UN, IGO or NGO, please specify the name of your organization:
* Please enter your name and title below:
* Please enter your e-mail address below:

A - THE INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT

A- THE INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT
In order to steer the debate on the preparation of the future Programme and Budget for 2018-2021 (39 C/5), in the context of the recently adopted 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, UNESCO had prepared document 38 C/7 in which it identified concrete opportunities where it could contribute with a greater value-added and provide better targeted and more effective support to its Member States in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. A preliminary mapping of the sustainable development goals (SDGs) shows that many of these goals are relevant to the Organization at different levels, whether it is for areas of recognized leadership such as in education; culture; science, technology and innovation (STI); freshwater; ocean; data collection and monitoring, or for areas where UNESCO can make contributions.

Question 1: With respect to your national needs and priorities, for which of the following SDGs would you require UNESCO's support? Please indicate the level of priority by assigning High, Medium or Low to each Goal.

If you are a UN agency, IGO or NGO, please assess according to areas for joint collaboration with UNESCO, whether at global, regional or local level.

[Note: For the purpose of prioritization, you may wish to avoid using only "High" ratings].

	High	Medium	Low
SDG 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere			
SDG 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture			
SDG 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages			
SDG 4 Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all			\bigcirc
SDG 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls			
SDG 6 Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all			
SDG 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all			
SDG 8 Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	\bigcirc		
SDG 9 Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation			
SDG 10 Reduce inequality within and among countries			
SDG 11 Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable			
SDG 12 Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns			
SDG 13 Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts			
SDG 14 Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development			
SDG 15 Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss			
SDG 16 Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels			
SDG 17 Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development			

B-INTERSECTORALITY

The 2030 Agenda is rooted in a transformative, human-rights based vision of "a just, equitable, tolerant, open and socially inclusive world in which the needs of the most vulnerable are met". Promoting and developing this vision will require contribution from and synergetic action by all of UNESCO's Major Programmes and relevant entities.

Question 2: From the following list, please rate the areas where you think UNESCO should further capitalize on its multidisciplinary expertise and enhance its intersectoral approach to support Member States in the implementation of the 2030 Agenda.

	High	Medium	Low
Intercultural dialogue, peace building and the fight against all forms of discrimination			
Global citizenship education, including preventing violent extremism			
Education for sustainable development			
Climate change			
Biodiversity and management of transboundary natural resources			
Sustainable cities			
Emergency preparedness and response (including Disaster Risk Reduction)			
Harnessing Digital and Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) for promoting sustainable development		\bigcirc	
dditional comment			
One of the leasens learned with regard to the implementation of	f intoropotorol	programmas	nd project
One of the lessons learned with regard to the implementation or vas that the supporting systems and processes were not neces		. •	

Somewhat disagree

Strongly disagree

No opinion

effective implementation of intersectoral programmes and projects?

Somewhat agree

Strongly agree

-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -
C - TARGET GROUPS
In addition to the pursuance of the Operational Strategy for Priority Africa and the Gender Equality Action Plan II, UNESCO has given special emphasis in the implementation of its programmes in the 37 C/5 to LDCs, SIDS, youth and the most vulnerable segments of society, including indigenous peoples.
Question 4: Do you agree that the Organization continue giving the same emphasis to specific target population or country groups?
Yes
○ No
No opinion

C - TARGET GROUPS

our answer is yes,	please rank t		order of priority	(1=Lowest to 5	=highest):
outh (in line with the	1	2	3	4	5
outh (in line with the NESCO Operational trategy on Youth, 014-2021)	\bigcirc	\circ	\circ		
east Developed ountries (LDCs)			\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
mall Island eveloping States SIDS)					
ost-conflict and ost-disaster ituations (PCPD)			\bigcirc		
flost marginalized and impoverished egments of society, acluding persons with disabilities	\circ				\circ

5.5,
C - TARGET GROUPS
If your answer is no, you may wish to provide your comment in the text box below:

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		п,	w.	N			U	N	

UNESCO's Medium-Term Strategy for 2014-2021 defines five functions for UNESCO which are implemented at global, regional and national levels, with different degrees of emphasis. In recent years and due to financial constraints, UNESCO had to enhance its efforts in mobilizing extrabudgetary resources in order to respond, in a balanced manner, to Member States requests for support of both its normative and operational work.

Question 5: In view of its limited resources, do you think that UNESCO should prioritize its regular budget resource allocation to support its normative and upstream work, and complement its resources with extrabudgetary funding to finance its operational work?

Agree	Do not agree	No opinion
dditional comment		

	IGO or NGO, please assessobal, regional or local level – Education	= -	int collaboration wit
Highly significant	Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
	I – Natural Sciences, includ	ing the Intergovernmer	ntal Oceanographic
	I – Natural Sciences, includ Moderately significant	ing the Intergovernmer	ntal Oceanographic Not applicable
ommission (IOC)			
ommission (IOC)			

Highly significant	Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
ditional comment			
4. Major Programme l			
Highly significant	Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
		O	
dditional comment			
5 Maior Programme \	/ – Communication and info	ormation	
Highly significant	Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
	<u> </u>		
Iditional comment			
dditional comment			
	or Statistics (IUS)		
6. UNESCO Institute f		Not significant	Not applicable
	or Statistics (UIS) Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute f		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable
6. UNESCO Institute for Highly significant		Not significant	Not applicable

Highly significant	Moderately significant	Not significant	Not applicable
ditional comment			

F - PROGRAMME PRIORITIES FOR THE FUTURE 39 C/5

1 - PROGRAMME PRIORITIES FOR THE FOTORE 39 C/3
Question 7: With respect to your national (or agency) priorities, and in order to enable the identification of UNESCO's programmatic priorities for 2018-2021, please assess each of the thematic areas listed in the tables below according to the following two criteria:
Criteria 1: Relevance to your country/agency needs and priorities: To what extent are the following thematic areas relevant to your country needs and priorities, including in the context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?
Criteria 2: UNESCO's Comparative advantage: In comparison with other (inter)national organizations, to what extent does UNESCO have a comparative advantage in the following thematic areas?

	Relevance	UNESCO Comparative Advantage
Sector-wide policy and planning		
Literacy		
Technical and vocational education and training (TVET)		
Higher education		
Teachers Teachers		
Promotion, monitoring and evaluation of learning outcomes		
nformation and Communication Technology (ICT) in education		
Global citizenship education		
Education for Sustainable Development		
Health education, HIV and sexuality education		
Global, regional and national coordination of Education		
dditional comment		

.2.a. Natural sciences thematic areas		
Note: For the purpose of prioritization, you may wish t	o avoid using only	
	Relevance	UNESCO Comparative Advantage
Strengthening Science, Technology and Innovation (STI) Policy and the science-policy interface		
Enhancing capacity-building and education in basic and applied research in natural sciences		
Mobilizing local and indigenous knowledge and engagement with society, in particular with vulnerable groups including SIDS and indigenous people		
Expanding global cooperation in the geological sciences		
Enhancing risk reduction, early warning of natural hazards and disaster preparedness and resilience		
Strengthening the use of biosphere reserves as learning places for biodiversity conservation, equitable and sustainable development, and climate change adaptation		
Strengthening responses to local, regional and global water security challenges by enhancing knowledge, innovation, policies, human and institutional capacities and by improving international cooperation		
dditional comment		
.2.b. IOC thematic area Note: For the purpose of prioritization, you may wish t	o avoid using only Relevance	"High" ratings] UNESCO Comparative Advantage
Strong scientific understanding and systematic		
observations of the changing world ocean climate and		
ecosystems shall underpin sustainable development and		
global governance for a healthy ocean, and global, regional and national management of risks and opportunities from the Ocean		
global governance for a healthy ocean, and global, regional and national management of risks and		

	Relevance	UNESCO Comparative Advantage
Mobilizing knowledge and values to equip societies to comprehend and accompany social transformations		
Participatory and inclusive policy formulation to promote equity, rights and ethical principles		
Peaceful and inclusive societies harnessing the potential of dialogue and the participation of youth		
ntegrity and governance of sport as an enabler of sustainable development and peace		
dditional comment		

rotecting cultural property in the event of an armed conflict (1954 onvention and its two Protocols) ombating illicit import, export and transfer of cultural property and phancing the capacities of museums (1970 Convention and 2015 ecommendation concerning the Protection and Promotion of useums and Collections, their Diversity and their Role in Society) entifying, protecting, monitoring and sustainably managing tangible pritage (1072 Convention and 2011 Recommendation on the Uistoria	
commendation concerning the Protection and Promotion of useums and Collections, their Diversity and their Role in Society) entifying, protecting, monitoring and sustainably managing tangible	
eritage (1972 Convention and 2011 Recommendation on the Historic rban Landscape)	
rotecting Underwater cultural heritage (2001 Convention)	
afeguarding the intangible cultural heritage, including indigenous and endangered languages (2003 Convention)	
ustaining and promoting the diversity of cultural expressions (2005 onvention and 1980 Status of the Artist Recommendation)	
ainstreaming Gender Equality through the implementation of the ulture conventions	
ulture for Sustainable Development, in particular through ustainable urban development within the 2030 Agenda	
mergency preparedness and response, including the implementation of the 2015 strategy to reinforce UNESCO's action for the protection of culture and the promotion of cultural pluralism in the event of armed conflict	
ducational programmes to promote heritage values, creativity and ultural diversity	
litional comment	

	Relevance	UNESCO Comparativ Advantage
reedom of expression and press freedom, including afety of journalists		
ledia development through the International Programme or the Development of Communication (IPDC)		
nhanced pluralistic media and empowered audiences		
nformation and Communication Technology (ICT) in ducation and open ICT solutions for building inclusive nowledge societies		
CTs for creating employment and achieving the ustainable Development Goals (SDGs)		
Iniversal access to knowledge including persons with isabilities, linguistic minorities, people living in remote reas and other marginalized and vulnerable social roups (2003 Recommendation on the Promotion and lese of Multilingualism and Universal Access to cyberspace)		
reservation of documentary heritage including through ne Memory of the World Programme (MoW)		
nplementation of the World Summit of the Information ociety (WSIS) outcomes		
outcomes of the Intergovernmental Information for All rogramme (IFAP) priorities promoted		
ditional comment		

	Relevance	UNESCO Comparative Advantage
Strengthening national statistics in Education		
Strengthening national statistics in STI		
Strengthening national statistics in Culture		
Strengthening national statistics in Communication and information		
Development of education indicators by UIS		
Production and dissemination of policy-relevant statistical information by UIS		
lditional comment		

G - SUNSET CLAUSES
At the request of its governing bodies, UNESCO Secretariat has carried out a programme review, the results of which are published in the Strategic Results Report (SRR) (199 EX/4 Part I (B)).
Question 8: In the light of the programme assessment results in the SRR, as well as the findings of external evaluations and your own assessment, please indicate which of the thematic area(s) listed above under 'Part F - Programme priorities for the future 39 C/5' should be discontinued in the 39 C/5. Please use also the same text box for any other related comment.
[Note: For ease of reference you may wish to access the list of thematic areas in the pdf version of the questionnaire]

LAST QUESTION
Question 9: If you wish to add any other general comment please enter your text in the box below:
THANK YOU
You have successfully completed the questionnaire
on the Programme and Budget for 2018-2021 (39 C/5)
by clicking on the "Previous" button below.