







Reporting template for National progress reports in preparation of the Global Report on Adult Learning and Education (GRALE) and the end of the United Nations Literacy Decade (UNLD)

National progress report submitted by the Government of NAMIBIA

This report is submitted on behalf of the Government of Namibia in accordance with the commitments made at the Sixth International Conference on Adult Education (CONFINTEA VI)¹ as laid down in the *Belém Framework for Action*², specifically with regard to monitoring its follow-up.

This report is organised in different sections according to the key areas of CONFINTEA VI. Accompanying this are the explanatory notes³, which are meant to provide further clarification.

Institution responsible for submitting	Directorate of Adult Education
this report	
Submission date	22 February 2012

¹ For more information about CONFINTEA VI see: http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/

² Available in nine languages at http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/

³ The explanatory notes are intended to be a reference material to clarify the scope and background of the reporting template and explain some basic terms.

Report elaboration	process
--------------------	---------

Which institutions and stakeholders provided input to this report?	Mark all that apply
Government Ministries	
Agriculture	
Defence	\boxtimes
Education	\boxtimes
Foreign Affairs	
Health	
Interior/Home affairs	
Labour	
Others (please mark and specify below)	
Namibian College of Open Learning (NAMCOL)	
Civil society organisations	
National non-governmental organisations	
International non-governmental organisations	
Educational or research institutions/Universities	
Private sector companies	
United Nations agencies	
Non-UN bilateral or multilateral organisations Others (please mark and specify below)	
Others (please mark and specify below)	

Briefly provide any additional information on the process by which this report has been produced, including information on: 1) which types of public authorities were consulted or contributed to its preparation; 2) how the stakeholders were consulted and how the outcomes of this consultation were taken into account; and 3) the types of references used as a basis for reporting.

20 Feb: Draft completed by MoE, Template Information shared with stakeholders, most particularly with members of the Literacy Coalition(consisting of public and private institutions) for comments. The public institutions consulted were UNAM, NAMCOL and Polytechnic of Namibia, amongst many others. However, not all members provided feedback. All feedback received was included into the report. Most were asked to comment on legal and policy frameworks related to adult education and literacy.

1. Definitions and data collection on adult learning and educatio	n	
	Yes	No
1.1 Does your country have an official definition of adult education? If Yes, please provide it in the space below: Only adult learning is defined, which is: "The entire range of formal, nonformal and informal learning activities undertaken by adults and out-of-school youth, which result in the acquisition of new knowledge, skills and attitudes in order to enhance the quality of life" National Policy on Adult Learning (2003)	\boxtimes	
1.1.1 Are other definitions used in practice? If Yes, please provide them in the space below:		\boxtimes
1.2 Has your country adopted or developed an official definition of literacy ? <i>If</i> Yes, <i>please provide it in the space below:</i> Someone who is able to read and write and in his or her mother tongue with a bit of the official language (English).	\boxtimes	
1.2.1 Are other definitions used in practice? If Yes, please provide them in the space below: However, we are now defining it 'as the ability to identify, understand, interpret, create, communicate, compute and use printed and written materails associated with varying contents' - Extract from the Draft Basic & Post Literacy Policy (2011).		
1.3 How is literacy data obtained in your country?		
Please select the option(s) below National census School administrative data (years of schooling completed/primary certificate) Direct testing (e.g. Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme, LAMP) Household surveys Other methodology (please describe below):		
1.4 Has your country changed literacy data collection methods since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?		\boxtimes
If Yes, please select the option(s) below that best describe the change(s) New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for policy) New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for data collection only) New assessment of youth and/or adults' literacy skills Increase in the periodicity without significant conceptual changes Other changes (please provide details below):		
1.5 Has your country faced challenges in collecting literacy data? If Yes, please describe them briefly in the space below: Problems of capturing literacy data effectively and accurately.		

1.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

We shall be embarking on the Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme during the next two years. A new policy on Basic and Post Literacy is currently in a draft form (2011).

2.	Policy:	political	commitment t	o adult	education	and	adult	literacy
----	---------	-----------	--------------	---------	-----------	-----	-------	----------

2.1 Does your country have laws, legal regulations or other public policy measures/initiatives with a primary focus of supporting lifelong learning, adult education and adult literacy? Please name them, giving the year in which they were enacted and adding documentation/evidence, if possible.							
	Yes	Year					
Lifelong learning	\boxtimes		In a Draft format and ready for approval b	y Cabinet	2010		
Adult education		$\overline{\Box}$	Policy on Adult Learning	•	2003		
. 191911			Adult Literacy Policy (of 1996 - 2000) now	revised			
Adult literacy	\square	П	and in draft form (2011)		2011		
,			, ,		<u>l</u>		
address? Examples cou	ld inclu h disat	ude wo pilities,	do current national adult education and/or acomen, youth, indigenous peoples, minority ling rural residents, prisoners and others (please of the target group?	nguistic/ethni	ic groups,		
			fic target groups, including age range (add as many lines as needed)		umber of in the group		
Adult education		18 years+ (women, men, out-of-school youth) 30, 18 years+ (adults and out-of-school youth, all					
Adult literacy		-	different groups)	30,	000+		
			and deadlines that national policy/ies in adult s, please specify the goal and, if applicable,				
	Yes	No	Specify goal	Specify	timeframe		
Adult education	П	\boxtimes	N/A	N/A			
Adult literacy		$\overline{\Box}$	90 % adult litercy	2015			
,			,				
2.4 Does your country heducation?	ave a p	oolicy	on the language of instruction in adult	Yes	No		
				\boxtimes			
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below including when it was put in place: Not a separatepolicy as such, but Namibia has a (i) Policy on National Literacy Programme - 1st two stages in L1 (Mother tongue); 3rd stage in L2 (Introduction to English) (ii) Language Policy (in Schools) - 1st three Grades (1, 2, 3) in Mother tongue and then English is introduced.							

accredit non-formal and informal learning?	Yes	No			
		\boxtimes			
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below, inc framework was put in place: The Recognition of Prior Learning Policy is in the process of being implemented.	_	is policy			
O O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I					
2.6 Have action plans been formulated or updated since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009) at national or sub-national level?	Yes	No			
Adult education		\boxtimes			
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references:					
Adult literacy					
If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references: Efforts on adult literacy have been accelarated through the Namibian Literacy Trust (an NGO), and Directorate of Adult Education (DAE) and through the activities of the Namibian Coalition for the United Nations Literacy Decade (NCUNLD), created in 2003.					

Adult education:	Mark all that apply	Timeframe	References
National Development Plan Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper			NDP3, NHIES (National Housing Income and Expenditure Surveys) provisional figures 2009 - 2010 A draft 5 year (2012 - 2017) Education Strategy is about to be approved and launched (2012) Education for Sustainable Development Strategy(2009 -
Education strategy	\boxtimes		2014)
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy	\boxtimes		
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan Sustainable development strategy			

Other (specify in	the space be	elow)			
Adult literacy:			Mark all that apply	Timeframe	References
National Development Plan Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper					
	Education stra	٠,			
Skills development (in education and			\boxtimes		
Education For All Fa (EFA FTI) Educ					
Sustainable dev Other (specify in	elopment stra	ategy			
	·	ŕ			
				1	
2.8 Have adult learners or plans?	and/or adult l	iteracy	/ learners beer	involved in discussion	ons about your policy and
	Yes No			oolicy/plan lines as needed)	References
Adult education		N	ational Policy	on Adult Learning	2003
Adult literacy		Nat	•	Policy (Reviewed in	2011
If Yes, please elaborate	how they hav	re hee		n a draft form	
ii 100, piodoc olaborato	now they hav	70 000	iii iiivoivoa.		
Two way consultations v				• •	•
institutions, first throug	h individual c	ontac	ts and secondly	y, through a worksho	p.
2.9 Please provide any a	additional info	rmatic	n evolanation	e or comments that w	ou consider relevant in
order to clarify any poter					ou consider relevant in

3. Governance: governance and cooperation in adult education and adult literacy

			encies that are involved in adult literacy. Please ma	
at which they operate			addit illeracy. I lease ille	arvitor the level(3)
Governmental:	,	,		
Institution	Geograph	ical scope	Is it involved in the i	
(add as many lines		hat apply)	programmes	
as needed)			(mark all th	
	National	Sub-national	On adult education	On adult literacy
MOE (HO /				\boxtimes
Regional Offices				
Ministry of				
Defence				
NAMCOL (State		\boxtimes		
Own Enterprise)				
				\boxtimes
NAM BREWERIES				
(Private Company)				
	\boxtimes		\boxtimes	\boxtimes
UNAM	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		\boxtimes
				
Non-Governmental:				
Non-Governmental: Institution	Coograph	ical coops	Is it involved in the i	implementation of
Institution (add as many lines		ical scope	programmes	s/courses?
Institution	(mark all t	hat apply)	programmes (mark all th	s/courses? at apply)
Institution (add as many lines	(mark all t National		programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines	(mark all t	hat apply)	programmes (mark all th	s/courses? at apply)
Institution (add as many lines as needed)	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO)	(mark all t National	hat apply)	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all t National ⊠	hat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all th On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy	(mark all to	shat apply) Sub-national	programmes (mark all the On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy Trust	(mark all to	sponsible for ensuring	programmes (mark all the On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy
Institution (add as many lines as needed) CABIN (an NGO) Namibian Literacy Trust 3.2 Is there any entity	(mark all to	sponsible for ensuring	programmes (mark all the On adult education	s/courses? at apply) On adult literacy

Adult literacy	\boxtimes	
If Yes, please provide name and contact details:		
Directorate of Adult Education		
P/Bag 12033		
Ausspannplatz		
Windhoek		
Namibia		
Tel. +264 - 61 - 2933188/7		
Fax. +264 - 61- 2933913		

3.3 Does the national government conduct specific actions intended to facilitate cooperation among the different stakeholders in	Yes	No			
adult education?	П	\boxtimes			
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references:	place and pi	rovide			
a dult literany					
adult literacy?	\boxtimes				
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in references:	place and pi	rovide			
The Stakeholders Committee on the Namibian Coalition for the United Nations Litera	acy Decade				
(NCUNLD) established almost 10 years ago, meet almost bi-monthly . Challenges: Limited membership & responsiveness by members					
Change and the company of the compan					
3.4 Does the national government provide capacity-building to ensure that the					
different stakeholders are able to participate in policy and programme development, implementation and evaluation in	Yes	No			
adult education?	\boxtimes				
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references: Specific workshops on adult education - realated activiteis take place from time to til	me.				
adult literacy?	\boxtimes				
If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references: Workshops, conferences, ordinary meetings and focus discussion (some as part of the regularly held with stakeholders.	e NCUNLD), a	are			
2.5 De legal communities play a role in the planning implementation and evaluation					
3.5 Do local communities play a role in the planning, implementation and evaluation of programmes in	Yes	No			
adult education? adult literacy?	\boxtimes				
3.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you cor order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	nsider releva	nt in			
Stakeholders are regularly consulted, informed and their inputs incorporated at all times. Examples are many and varied, but we could perhaps mention (3) important areas over the last two years (2010 - 2011). Stakeholders consulted and gave inputs to the National Standards for Adult Educators (2010);to the (external) Evaluation of the Family Literacy Programme (2011) and to the Review of the Basic and Post Literacy Policy (2011) Challenges: Its difficult for the Ministry of Education(MoE) in ensuring regular information with regard to policy and planning from other Line Ministries					

4. Financ	ing: investment in adul	t education a	nd adult literacy					
	public expenditure provided in			xpenditure. If actual				
expenditure is not available, please provide budget allocation.								
Please Indic	ate which data are reported:		Dudget allee	ation				
	Actual expenditure ⊠		Budget alloca ⊠	ation				
4.2 Please in	ndicate the name of the curren	cy used for repor	ting:					
Namibi	an Dollars (N\$) e.g. US\$ 1 = N\$	5 7.50						
4.3 Please in	ndicate the monetary unit used							
Units	Hundreds	Ti	housands	Millions ⊠				
4.4 What wa 2009 and 20	is the overall public expenditur 110 (in nominal local currency)	e on education ar? ⁴	nd training in the financia	I years ending in				
		Amount (2009)) Amount (2010)	Source				
	National government							
	Sub-national governments ⁵							
	Total							
		I		1				
4.5 Are equi available?	valent figures on the financial	contributions to a	dult education by the follo	owing agents				
		Amount (2009)) Amount (2010)	Not available				
	National government							
	Sub-national governments ⁵							
	Civil society organisations							
Donor	s/international aid (not loans)							
	Private companies							
	Learners/households							
4.6 Are equi	valent figures on the financial	contributions to a	dult literacy by the followi	ng agents available?				
		Amount (2009)) Amount (2010)	Not available				
	National government	N\$68,000,000	77 466 000					
	Sub-national governments ⁵							

Civil society organisations

Private companies Learners/households

Donors/international aid (not loans)

⁴ Include both current and capital expenditure on education and training directly allocated to educational institutions as well as transfers and payments to students (scholarships, grants or loans for tuition fees and/or living expenses) and the private sector. Exclude expenditure other than for educational institutions (e.g. general administration at ministry level). If the information is not available, please provide the best possible estimates. In any case, attach a detailed explanation on how this amount was computed and possible anomalies (elements not covered, etc.).
⁵ Control for the potential double-counting effect of transfers across different government levels.

4.7 Have new mechanisms or sources of funding for adult education and adult literacy been introduced since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009)?	Yes	No
		\boxtimes
If Yes, please provide a brief description:		
But MoE continue to increase funding through the Directorate of Adult Literacy prog	rammec	
but wor continue to increase runding through the Directorate of Addit Literacy prog	iaiiiiies.	
4.8 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you con	sider relev	ant in
order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.		
The state of the s		
	are led	• • • •
Challenges are found in collecting financial data on Adult Learning and Education, pa	rticularly v	with
regard to NGOs, Donors and other Ministries contribution.		
Challenges are found in collecting financial data on Adult Learning and Education, paregard to NGOs, Donors and other Ministries contribution.	rticularly v	with

5. Participation: youth and adults' access to, and participation in, education and literacy programmes

5.1 Please indicate the areas of learning that are addressed by different organisations. Identify target groups (for example women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others) and if information and communication technologies (ICTs) are used.

Public sector organisations	Mark all that apply	Target group(s)	Use of ICT
	.,,	National Literacy Program -	
		targeting Defence and	
		Police force members (on	
		the job) and the	
		communities at large,	
		particularly -adults and out	
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)	\boxtimes	- of school youths	\boxtimes
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)	\boxtimes		
Life skills and/or health issues			
		Library Services - for	
Use of information and communication		scholars, academicians and	
technologies	\boxtimes	communities at large	
Official/local languages		English and Mother togues	
Foreign languages			
Human rights/civic education			
		College of the Arts-provide	
		arts and music to young	
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic,		adults, students and to out	
cultural)		- of - school youth	
Other	1		
(please provide a brief description below:)			
Private companies	Mark all	Target group(s)	Use of ICT
	that apply	NamBrewery (workplace	101
		literacy program for	
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)	\boxtimes	employees)	
		artisans	
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)		HIV / AIDS awareness	
Life skills and/or health issues		programmes	
Use of information and communication		programmes	
technologies			
Official/local languages			
Foreign languages			
	_	legal advise to minority and	-
Human rights/civic education	\boxtimes	disadvantaged groupsl	
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic,		All age groups (school	
cultural)	\square	going adults and out-of-	

		school youth) ber	efit from		
		all type of arts an	d cultural		
		activities - visual/			
		performances/da			
Other (please provide a brief description below:)					
(piedee previde a biler description below.)					
Civil society or non-governmental	Mark all	Target grou	ın(s)	Use of	
organisations	that apply			ICT	
		Namibian Literac	•		
		Trust(NLT) provid	es adult		
		literacy and capac	city		
		building support t	o civil		
		society organizati	ons		
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)		The Mean Court Fo	1	\boxtimes	
		The Vocational Ed			
		and Training (VET	_		
		and fund VET to e			
		young and out-of			
		youths to acquire			
		skills needed for t			
		economic growth			
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)	\boxtimes	Namibia		\boxtimes	
Life skills and/or health issues					
Use of information and communication					
technologies					
Official/local languages					
Foreign languages					
Human rights/civic education					
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic,					
cultural)					
Other					
(please provide a brief description below:)					
5.2 Are there surveys on provision and demand?					
		Provision	Der	mand	
On adult e On adu		[
Please provide references or attach reports that may have been produced with the information generated by these surveys (if any).					
5.3 Please list which languages are used for the pro-	ovision of lite	racy programmes. I	ndicate if le	arning	
materials are available in the respective language.					
(add as many lines as needed)		Mark if language	of learning	materials	
	Otjiherero				
Oshindonga 🖂					

	Oshikwanyama		\boxtimes				
	Silozi		\boxtimes				
	Rumanyo		\boxtimes				
Rukwangali, I	Khoekhoe-gowab		\boxtimes				
5.4 List and describe briefly any key challeng other than the official/dominant language(s).		ementing literacy	classes in languages				
Though most languages are written, some need further development and support from linguists which is hard to come by. It is difficult to satisfy the diverse needs of each language group.							
5.5 Have the languages in which literacy programmes are offered changed since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?							
If Yes, please provide a brief description and	d references:						
5.6 At what administrative levels are literacy process?	learning materials	developed and w	/ho is involved in the				
presses.	Mark all that	Are local co	ommunities involved?				
	apply	Yes	No				
National level							
Sub-national level	\boxtimes						
Please provide references or attach docume	ents on local comm	nunity participation	1:				

5.7 Please provide any additional information, explan order to clarify any potential issues regarding the info innovative practices and services for marginalised great	rmation in 5.					
Many adult education and adult literacy issues are d NCUNLD and other fora.	iscussed in th	ne diffe	erent Com	nmittees,	such as	the
However, the lack of a National Council on Adult Lea (2003) make effective and proper coodination across				cy on Adı	ult Lear	ning
5.8 Does the government collect information on the fo	ollowing item	s?			Mark a	all that plv
	s (other than s (other than Enrolment in Attendance in Completion of sponding figures)	literacy literacy literacy literacy f literacy	y program y program by program by program by program	nmes) nmes nmes nmes		3 3 3 3 3
5.9 Does the government measure the learning outco	omes of the f	ollowin	g progran	nmes?		
(mark all that apply)						
	Only by teachers/ facilitators	tes sta	dardised sts for tistical poses	Standar tests certifica purpo	for ation	Other
Adult education programmes (other than literacy) Adult literacy programmes		•				
If this information is available please attach the corre references:	sponding figu	ures ar	nd docum	entation, d	or provi	ide the
5.10 Are there differences between men and women	in terms of th	neir	Λ.	∕lark all th	at ann	lv
participation in adult education and/or adult literacy p				9S		No
Adult education Adult literacy						
If ves: Who	participates n	nore?	Adult ed	ducation	Adul	literacy
,, yes. Wile i		omen Men				

If there are differences: Have measures have been undertaken to address these differences in adult education/adult literacy	Yes	No					
programmes? Adult education Adult literacy							
If measures have been undertaken please provide a brief description and references: Plans are underway to undertake surveys to understand why most men don't want to attend adult literacy programmes.							
5.11 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.8 to 5.10. Pay particular attention to equity-related issues regarding access, participation and outcomes.							
The Namibian College of Education provides adult education programm information is available on its website at www.namcol.com.na Statistical information related to the adult literacy programme under the Ministry of Education hereby attached	_						

6. Quality: quality assurance

6.1 Do quality criteria for adult education and adult literacy exist in the following areas: curriculum, learning materials, facilitators' training, teaching/learning methodology and assessment of learning outcomes? If yes, please specify. Since when have they been in place?

Adult education								
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place					
Curricula	\boxtimes		yes, since 2005					
Learning materials	\boxtimes		yes, since 2005					
Facilitators' training	\boxtimes		yes, since 2005					
Teaching/ learning methods	\boxtimes		yes, since 2005					
Assessment of learning outcomes	\boxtimes		yes, since 2005					

Adult literacy							
Area	Mark when quality criteria are in place	Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced	Specify quality criteria in place				
Curricula	\boxtimes	2011	Approved revised curriculum				
Learning materials	\boxtimes	1999, 2008	Needs assessments through external evaluations				
Facilitators' training	\boxtimes	2011	Standards for Adult educators developed and approved				
Teaching/ learning methods		2011	Learner-centred approach, with participatory methods, as in curriculum and trainer's manual				
Assessment of learning outcomes	\boxtimes	continuous	We apply continuous assessment and tests, as well as pre-assessments for placements				

6.2 Are there pre-service and in-service training and adult literacy? Please mark all that apply, or							
Adult education							
Pre-service In-service							
Provider	Mark if yes Typical duration (months)		n	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)		
Governmental institution University Private company Non-governmental organisation							
Adult literacy							
		Pre-se			In-se	rvice	
Provider	Ма	Mark if yes Typical duration (months)		n	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)	
Governmental institution		\boxtimes	3 week	(S	\bowtie	8 months	
University						1 year	
Private company						1 year	
Non-governmental organisation						,	
6.3 What is the average monthly remuneration facilitator in the following programmes? (acade				/) for	a full-time educ	cator/	
Programme		Monthly a remuner availa	ation if	Remarks/source			
Adult education (excluding literac	су			NAI	MCOL does not	have full-	
programme	s)			time adult			
				edu	cators/facilitat	ors, only part-	
					e - paid per hou		
Adult literac	су			Incr	eased recently	with	
	N	I\$ 1, 311.0	00	N\$	131.00		
6.4 Have any initiatives been undertaken by the educators/facilitators/volunteers? Please mark			concerning	the v	vorking condition	ons of adult	
	-				Mark all tha	nt apply	
			ducation t literacy				

6.5 Have the national or sub-national governments implemented monitoring and evaluation mechanisms? (If yes, mark all that apply)						
	Monitoring	Evaluation				
Adult education						
Adult literacy	\boxtimes	\square				
Please provide a brief description and references:						
Internal and external evaluations carried out by DAE and external cons	sultants at differen	t intervals, e.g.				
Fact-finding missions. M&E intruments available.		, 3				
Evaluations (at NAMCOL) conducted by NAMCOL's research unit & m	onitoring conducto	ed by distance				
education coordinators						
- Cadcation coordinators						
6.6 Have the national or sub-national governments commissioned stud	dies in order to info	orm policy and				
programme design and implementation since 2009?						
	Mark all th	at apply				
Lifelong learning	\boxtimes					
Adult education						
Adult literacy	\boxtimes					
If one or more of the boxes is marked, please provide a brief description						
Policy on Lifelong Learning and Guidelines for the Basic and Post literac	y programs develop	oed.				
6.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments	that you consider	rolovant in				
6.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.		relevant in				
ı oracı to cianıy any potential issues regalanın tire intolliation ili tilis sect	on					
	on.					
	on.					
Also find research reports on website: www.namcol.com.na	on.					

7. CONFINTEA VI follow-up: additional activities

7.1 Please indicate which activities have been implemented as a follow-up to CONFINTEA VI and the					
implementation of the Belém Framework for Action.	<u>г </u>				
	Mark if taken place				
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)					
Media campaigns					
Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.)					
Creation of committees to streamline adult education and adult literacy					
Adult Learners Week/Learning festivals					
Creation of learners' networks and/or fora					
Translation of the <i>Belém Framework for Action</i> into the national language Presenting the <i>Belém Framework for Action</i> to parliament					
Elaboration of a funding plan					
Development of a national roadmap for the implementation of the <i>Belém</i>					
Framework for Action					
Other (please specify below)					
An adhoc/informal Task Team meet from time to time, but the most important					
point is that the responsibility is solely on every institution/organization/office to					
internalise the Belem Report and to fully implement it accordingly.					
internalise the beleff keport and to fully implement it accordingly.					
7.2 le there any innovative experience in adult advection and/or adult literacy that has	hoon dovoloped in				
7.2 Is there any innovative experience in adult education and/or adult literacy that has your country since 2009 (CONFINTEA VI) that could be instructive for other countries					
brief description and references.	i i yes, provide a				
bhoi description and references.					
The development of National Standards for Adult Educators. The standards describe	the competences				
required of an adult educator - what they were expected by the national stakeholde	•				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13 III Nailiibia to				
know, understand, be able to do and how they should act.					
7.3 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you con	nsider relevant in				
order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.	ioladi rolovani in				

8. The United Nations Literacy Decade (2003-2012): specific activities under the framework of the UNLD after the mid-term review in 2006

8.1 Which specific advocacy initiatives/ activities for youth and adult literacy have been undertaken in your country in the last five years? Please rank the frequency/intensity and results or impact of such advocacy work.									
Frequency			Results						
very frequent	often	hardly	never	excellent	good	modest	no results		
	\boxtimes					\boxtimes			
					\boxtimes				
8.2 Have there been specific initiatives/ activities in support of?									
					1 - 1 - 1 - 0	Yes	No		
			wo	men an	a giris?				
If yes, please provide a brief description and references: The Forum for African Women Educationalists in Namibian (FAWENA) has taken a lead role in girl/child education. Most people participating are women although we encourage men to attend. Reference to: fawena@mec.gov.na.									
other excluded/ under-represented/underprivileged groups?									
If yes, please provide a brief description and reference: The main focus on ALE activities is women, but some few activiteis involve literacy for the marginalized Himba, Demba and Ovatue communities in the Kunene region of Namibia and the San Community (who are spread across many regions of Namibia). However, no special adult literacy programme has been designed by Government to address their specific literacy needs. Thus, more needs to be done to improve the special educational needs of the marginalised communities.									
	ies in sureferences in Nanmen alth	requency/inter Frequency/inter Frequen	Frequency/intensity and Frequency Frequency Frequency Frequency	requency/intensity and results Frequency Frequency I a b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	ies in support of? women an eferences: s in Namibian (FAWENA) has taken a lemen although we encourage men to at the course of the Kunene region of Namibia and the Section of Special adult literacy procedific literacy needs. Thus, more needs	requency/intensity and results or impact of sure requency Results Result	Frequency Results Frequency Presults Frequency Presults Frequency Presults Frequency Results Frequency Presults Frequency P		

It has been extremely helpful It has helped a lot helpful It has helped a little helpful If your answer is different from "it has not helped", please provide below a brief explanation and examples of advocacy efforts, commenting on their degree of success: Ever since the launch of the UNLD in 2003, Namibia set up a Committee of different stakeholders who have been meeting regularly - with the main focus on adult literacy & advocacy (impact of this was more visible during all the past International Adult Learners Week celebrations). CONFINITEA VI reference that 'the right to literacy is an inherent part of the right to education' is fully appreciated by the Namibian Government, hence the constant increase in financial resources, not only to literacy and adult education programmes, but generally to education. The Namibian Government's Budget for education has been 23% of the total national budget. 8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your country in the last five years? If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence. A new Draft Policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? Yes No If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them?	8.3 How would you rate the for literacy?	e impact of the UN Literac	y Decade in helping to boo	st your advocacy efforts						
of advocacy efforts, commenting on their degree of success: Ever since the launch of the UNLD in 2003, Namibia set up a Committee of different stakeholders who have been meeting regularly - with the main focus on adult literacy & advocacy (impact of this was more visible during all the past international Adult Learners Week celebrations). CONFINTEA VI reference that 'the right to literacy is an inherent part of the right to education' is fully appreciated by the Namibian Government, hence the constant increase in financial resources, not only to literacy and adult education programmes, but generally to education. The Namibian Government's Budget for education has been 23% of the total national budget. 8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your country in the last five years? Yes No If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence. A new Draft Policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? Yes No If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	It has been extremely		It has helped a little	It has not helped						
have been meeting regularly - with the main focus on adult literacy & advocacy (impact of this was more visible during all the past International Adult Learners Week celebrations). CONFINTEA VI reference that 'the right to literacy is an inherent part of the right to education' is fully appreciated by the Namibian Government, hence the constant increase in financial resources, not only to literacy and adult education programmes, but generally to education. The Namibian Government's Budget for education has been 23% of the total national budget. 8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your country in the last five years? 8.5 Have policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them?				explanation and examples						
If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence. A new Draft Policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? Yes No If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	Ever since the launch of the UNLD in 2003, Namibia set up a Committee of different stakeholders who have been meeting regularly - with the main focus on adult literacy & advocacy (impact of this was more visible during all the past International Adult Learners Week celebrations). CONFINTEA VI reference that 'the right to literacy is an inherent part of the right to education' is fully appreciated by the Namibian Government, hence the constant increase in financial resources, not only to literacy and adult education programmes, but generally to education. The Namibian Government's Budget for education has been									
If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence. A new Draft Policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? Yes No If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	8.4 Have literacy policies	changed in your country in	the last five years?	Yes No						
A new Draft Policy on Basic and Post Literacy now in place (2011) which is about to be submitted to Cabinet for approval. 8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,										
8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years? Yes No If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	If yes, please specify how	they have changed below	and provide evidence.							
If yes, please provide below a brief explanation: 8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	•	ic and Post Literacy now ir	n place (2011) which is abou	ut to be submitted to						
8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	8.5 Have your literacy targ	gets changed over the last	five years?							
challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,	If yes, please provide belo	ow a brief explanation:								
challenges in meeting them? 8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation,										
			rogramme/s regarding plan	ning and implementation,						

8.8 Are there other obstacles or major challenges in increasing efforts in literacy?
Which of these areas, or other areas, requires further research?

8.9 What are the prospects for sustaining efforts in literacy beyond 2013, and which steps does your government plan to take in this regard?

A situational analysis of Lifelong Learning will be carried out as part of our improvement programme. The National Standards for Adult Educators would be fully implemeted.

The role and working conditons of Literacy Promoters will be improved in line with both the 2008 External Evaluation of the National Literacy Programme and the recently-approved national standards for adult educators . The ultimate emphasis of this evaluation was on the professionalisation of the Promoters, hence the national standards for adult educators.

The revised Policy Guidelines for Basic and Post Literacy(2011) when approved, bring significant improvements in the overall operations and management of the National Literacy Programme.