Follow-up of CONFINTEA VI:

Reporting template for National progress reports in preparation of the
Global Report on Adult Learning and Education (GRALE)
and the end of the
United Nations Literacy Decade (UNLD)

National progress report submitted by
the Government of LESOTHO

This report is submitted on behalf of the Government of   in accordance with the commitments made at the Sixth International Conference on Adult Education (CONFINTEA VI)[1] as laid down in the *Belém Framework for Action*[2], specifically with regard to monitoring its follow-up.

This report is organised in different sections according to the key areas of CONFINTEA VI. Accompanying this are the explanatory notes[3], which are meant to provide further clarification.

Institution responsible for submitting this report	LESOTHO NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR UNESCO
Submission date	04 MAY 2012

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[1] For more information about CONFINTEA VI see: http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/

[2] Available in nine languages at http://www.unesco.org/en/confinteavi/belem-framework-for-action/

[3] The explanatory notes are intended to be a reference material to clarify the scope and background of the reporting template and explain some basic terms.

Report elaboration process

Which institutions and stakeholders provided input to this report?	*Mark all that apply*
Government Ministries	
Agriculture	☐
Defence	☐
Education	☒
Foreign Affairs	☐
Health	☐
Interior/Home affairs	☐
Labour	☐
Others *(please mark and specify below)*	☐
Civil society organisations	☐
National non-governmental organisations	☒
International non-governmental organisations	☐
Educational or research institutions/Universities	☐
Private sector companies	☐
United Nations agencies	☐
Non-UN bilateral or multilateral organisations	☐
Others *(please mark and specify below)*	☐

Briefly provide any additional information on the process by which this report has been produced, including information on: 1) which types of public authorities were consulted or contributed to its preparation; 2) how the stakeholders were consulted and how the outcomes of this consultation were taken into account; and 3) the types of references used as a basis for reporting.

1. Definitions and data collection on adult learning and education

	Yes	No
1.1 Does your country have an official definition of **adult education**? *If Yes, please provide it in the space below:*	☐	☒
1.1.1 Are other definitions used in practice? *If Yes, please provide them in the space below:* Education that is offered non-formally to youth and adults who are 9 yrs and above.	☒	☐
1.2 Has your country adopted or developed an official definition of **literacy**? *If Yes, please provide it in the space below:* A person is literate who can with understanding both read and write a simple statement on his every day life.	☒	☐
1.2.1 Are other definitions used in practice? *If Yes, please provide them in the space below:* A person is functionaly literate who can engage in all those activities in which literacy is required for effective functioning of his group and community and for enabling to use reading, writing and calculations for community development.	☒	☐

1.3 How is literacy data obtained in your country?

Please select the option(s) below	
National census	☒
School administrative data (years of schooling completed/primary certificate)	☐
Direct testing (e.g. Literacy Assessment and Monitoring Programme, LAMP)	☐
Household surveys	☒
Other methodology (*please describe below*):	☐

	Yes	No
1.4 Has your country changed literacy data collection methods since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?	☐	☒

If Yes, please select the option(s) below that best describe the change(s)	
New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for policy)	☐
New conceptual definition on literacy in place (for data collection only)	☐
New assessment of youth and/or adults' literacy skills	☐
Increase in the periodicity without significant conceptual changes	☐
Other changes (*please provide details below*):	☐
Self-reported was used during demographic survey, no literacy tests were administered.	

	Yes	No
1.5 Has your country faced challenges in collecting literacy data? *If Yes, please describe them briefly in the space below:* Funding which has inhibited literacy study to be undertaken since 1957.	☐	☒

1.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

2. Policy: political commitment to adult education and adult literacy

2.1 Does your country have laws, legal regulations or other public policy measures/initiatives with a primary focus of supporting lifelong learning, adult education and adult literacy? Please name them, giving the year in which they were enacted and adding documentation/evidence, if possible.

	Yes	No	If Yes: name of legal/policy instrument and references (add as many lines as needed)	Year
Lifelong learning	☒	☐		1974
Adult education	☐	☐		
Adult literacy	☐	☐		

2.2 Which target groups of learners do current national adult education and/or adult literacy policies address? Examples could include women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others (please specify). Which age groups are targeted? What is the size of the target group?

	Specific target groups, including age range (add as many lines as needed)	Total number of individuals in the group
Adult education	Youth and adults, community leaders	9 and above
Adult literacy	Youth individuals with disabilities, OVCs, prisoners	9 and above

2.3 Has your country set any goals and deadlines that national policy/ies in adult education and/or adult literacy are expected to reach? If yes, please specify the goal and, if applicable, relevant timeframe.

	Yes	No	Specify goal	Specify timeframe
Adult education	☐	☐		
Adult literacy	☐	☐		

2.4 Does your country have a policy on the language of instruction in adult education?	Yes	No
	☒	☐

If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below including when it was put in place:
Official language for basic literacy programme is Sesotho, while for higher learning the official language is English.

2.5 Does your country have a policy framework to recognise, validate and accredit non-formal and informal learning?	*Yes*	*No*
	☐	☒

If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references in the space below, including when this policy framework was put in place:

2.6 Have action plans been formulated or updated since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009) at national or sub-national level?	*Yes*	*No*
Adult education	☐	☒

If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references:

	Adult literacy	☐	☐

If Yes, please provide a brief explanation and references:

2.7 Have adult education and adult literacy been included in other national plans/strategies?

Adult education:	*Mark all that apply*	*Timeframe*	*References*
National Development Plan	☐		
Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper	☒		
Education strategy	☒		
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy	☐		
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan	☒		
Sustainable development strategy	☐		
Other (specify in the space below)	☐		

Adult literacy:	*Mark all that apply*	*Timeframe*	*References*
National Development Plan	☐		
Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper	☒		
Education strategy	☐		
Skills development (including vocational education and training) strategy	☐		
Education For All Fast Track Initiative (EFA FTI) Education Sector Plan	☒		

Sustainable development strategy	☐
Other (specify in the space below)	☐

2.8 Have adult learners and/or adult literacy learners been involved in discussions about your policy and or plans?	

	Yes	No	*Specify policy/plan (add as many lines as needed)*	*References*
Adult education	☒	☐	Limited strategy for life	
Adult literacy	☒	☐	Long learning in Education Policy	

If Yes, please elaborate how they have been involved.

2.8. Non-formal education policy was never deliberated at Parliament level that is why limited issues appear in Education Policy.

Non-formal Education stakeholders are always consulted wherever there are issues that concern adult education and adult literacy.

2.9 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

3. Governance: governance and cooperation in adult education and adult literacy

3.1 Please list the names of organisations, institutions or agencies that are involved in planning, implementing and evaluating policies for adult education and adult literacy. Please mark/tick the level(s) at which they operate (national, sub-national).

Governmental:

Institution (add as many lines as needed)	Geographical scope (mark all that apply)		Is it involved in the implementation of programmes/courses? (mark all that apply)	
	National	**Sub-national**	**On adult education**	**On adult literacy**
Lesotho Distance Teaching Centre	☒	☐	☒	☒
Non-formal Education Inspectorate	☒	☐	☒	☒
	☐	☐	☐	☐
UNESCOM Lesotho	☒	☐	☒	☒
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐

Non-Governmental:

Institution (add as many lines as needed)	Geographical scope (mark all that apply)		Is it involved in the implementation of programmes/courses? (mark all that apply)	
	National	**Sub-national**	**On adult education**	**On adult literacy**
Institute of Extra-Mural Studies	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
Lesotho College of Education	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
Lesotho Association of Non-formal Education	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
Lerotholi Politechnic	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
NUL - Faculty of Education	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐
	☐	☐	☐	☐

3.2 Is there any entity at national level responsible for ensuring the coordination of adult education and/or adult literacy activities?	*Yes*	*No*

	Yes	No
Adult education	☒	☐

If Yes, please provide name and contact details:
Non-formal Eduation Inspectorate Office.

	Yes	No
Adult literacy	☐	☐

If Yes, please provide name and contact details:

3.3 Does the national government conduct specific actions intended to facilitate cooperation among the different stakeholders in...	*Yes*	*No*
...adult education?	☒	☐

If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in place and provide references:
Provision of financial aid to perform activities planned.

	Yes	No
...adult literacy?	☒	☐

If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and/or which frameworks are in place and provide references:
Provision of funding for planned activities.

3.4 Does the national government provide capacity-building to ensure that the different stakeholders are able to participate in policy and programme development, implementation and evaluation in…	*Yes*	*No*
...adult education?	☒	☐

If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references:
Funding of workshops for traning facilitators

	Yes	No
...adult literacy?	☒	☐

If Yes, please indicate what activities are undertaken and provide references:
Funding training workshop for facilitators and learners.

3.5 Do local communities play a role in the planning, implementation and evaluation of programmes in ...	*Yes*	*No*
...adult education?	☐	☒
...adult literacy?	☒	☐

3.6 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

4. Financing: investment in adult education and adult literacy

4.1 Data on public expenditure provided in this questionnaire should refer to actual expenditure. If actual expenditure is not available, please provide budget allocation. Please indicate which data are reported:	
Actual expenditure ☐	*Budget allocation* ☒

4.2 Please indicate the name of the currency used for reporting:
Maloti (M)

4.3 Please indicate the monetary unit used in the following tables:			
Units	*Hundreds* ☐	*Thousands* ☐	*Millions* ☒

4.4 What was the overall public expenditure on education and training in the financial years ending in 2009 and 2010 (in nominal local currency)?[4]

	Amount (2009)	*Amount (2010)*	*Source*
National government			
Sub-national governments[5]			
Total			

4.5 Are equivalent figures on the financial contributions to adult education by the following agents available?

	Amount (2009)	*Amount (2010)*	*Not available*
National government			☐
Sub-national governments[5]			☐
Civil society organisations			☐
Donors/international aid (not loans)			☐
Private companies			☐
Learners/households			☐

4.6 Are equivalent figures on the financial contributions to adult literacy by the following agents available?

	Amount (2009)	*Amount (2010)*	*Not available*
National government	9,980.670	9,054,868	☐
Sub-national governments[5]			☐
Civil society organisations			☐
Donors/international aid (not loans)			☐
Private companies			☐
Learners/households			☐

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[4] Include both current and capital expenditure on education and training directly allocated to educational institutions as well as transfers and payments to students (scholarships, grants or loans for tuition fees and/or living expenses) and the private sector. Exclude expenditure other than for educational institutions (e.g. general administration at ministry level). If the information is not available, please provide the best possible estimates. In any case, attach a detailed explanation on how this amount was computed and possible anomalies (elements not covered, etc.).

[5] Control for the potential double-counting effect of transfers across different government levels.

4.7 Have new mechanisms or sources of funding for adult education and adult literacy been introduced since CONFINTEA VI (December 2009)?	*Yes*	*No*
	☐	☐
If Yes, please provide a brief description:		

4.8 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.

5. Participation: youth and adults' access to, and participation in, education and literacy programmes

5.1 Please indicate the areas of learning that are addressed by different organisations. Identify target groups (for example women, youth, indigenous peoples, minority linguistic/ethnic groups, migrants, individuals with disabilities, rural residents, prisoners and others) and if information and communication technologies (ICTs) are used.

Public sector organisations	Mark all that apply	Target group(s)	Use of ICT
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)	☒	Youth and adults	☐
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)	☐		☐
Life skills and/or health issues	☒	Youth and adults	☐
Use of information and communication technologies	☐		☐
Official/local languages	☒	Youth and adults	☐
Foreign languages	☐		☐
Human rights/civic education	☐		☐
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural)	☐		☐
Other (please provide a brief description below:)	☐		☐

Private companies	Mark all that apply	Target group(s)	Use of ICT
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)	☐		☐
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)	☐		☐
Life skills and/or health issues	☐		☐
Use of information and communication technologies	☐		☐
Official/local languages	☐		☐
Foreign languages	☐		☐
Human rights/civic education	☐		☐
Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural)	☐		☐
Other (please provide a brief description below:)	☐		☐

Civil society or non-governmental organisations	Mark all that apply	Target group(s)	Use of ICT
Literacy (reading, writing, numeracy)	☐		☐
Vocational (technical, income-generation-related)	☐		☐
Life skills and/or health issues	☐		☐
Use of information and communication technologies	☐		☐
Official/local languages	☐		☐
Foreign languages	☐		☐
Human rights/civic education	☐		☐

| Liberal education/personal growth (i.e. artistic, cultural) | ☐ | | ☐ |
| Other (please provide a brief description below:) | ☐ | | ☐ |

5.2 Are there surveys on provision and demand?		
	Provision	Demand
On adult education	☒	☐
On adult literacy	☒	☐
Please provide references or attach reports that may have been produced with the information generated by these surveys (if any).		

On-going study on Post Literacy in Lesotho - Ethnographic
Ethnographic study on literarcy practices

5.3 Please list which languages are used for the provision of literacy programmes. Indicate if learning materials are available in the respective language.	
(add as many lines as needed)	*Mark if language of learning materials*
Diplolma, Degree and Masters - Adult Education	☒
	☐
	☐
	☐
	☐
	☐
	☐

5.4 List and describe briefly any key challenges related to implementing literacy classes in languages other than the official/dominant language(s).

5.5 Have the languages in which literacy programmes are offered changed since the UNLD mid-term review in 2006?	*Yes*	*No*
	☐	☒
If Yes, please provide a brief description and references:		

5.6 At what administrative levels are literacy learning materials developed and who is involved in the process?			
	Mark all that apply	*Are local communities involved?*	
		Yes	*No*
National level	☒	☒	☐
Sub-national level	☐	☐	☐
Please provide references or attach documents on local community participation:			

5.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.1 to 5.6. Pay particular attention to innovative practices and services for marginalised groups.

5.8 Does the government collect information on the following items...?	*Mark all that apply*
Enrolment in adult education programmes (other than literacy programmes)	☒
Attendance in adult education programmes (other than literacy programmes)	☒
Completion of adult education programmes (other than literacy programmes)	☒
Enrolment in literacy programmes	☐
Attendance in literacy programmes	☐
Completion of literacy programmes	☐
If this information is available please attach the corresponding figures and documentation, or provide the references:	

5.9 Does the government measure the learning outcomes of the following programmes...? (mark all that apply)				
	Only by teachers/ facilitators	Standardised tests for statistical purposes	Standardised tests for certification purposes	Other
Adult education programmes (other than literacy)	☒	☒	☒	☐
Adult literacy programmes	☐	☐	☐	☐

If this information is available please attach the corresponding figures and documentation, or provide the references:
Facilitators
 Diploma - 204 learners graduated in September 2011
Degree - 70 learners graduated in September 2011
Masters Degree - 17 learners 2010/2011 and 10 learners 2011
October 2011 nad 10 September 2011

5.10 Are there differences between men and women in terms of their participation in adult education and/or adult literacy programmes?	*Mark all that apply*	
	Yes	*No*
Adult education	☒	☐
Adult literacy	☒	☐
	Adult education	Adult literacy
If yes: Who participates more? Women	☒	☐
Men	☒	☐

If there are differences: Have measures have been undertaken to address these differences in adult education/adult literacy programmes?	*Yes*	*No*
Adult education	☐	☒
Adult literacy	☐	☒

If measures have been undertaken please provide a brief description and references:

5.11 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in 5.8 to 5.10. Pay particular attention to equity-related issues regarding access, participation and outcomes.
- Goal 1 for NUL is "Opening access to adult education - In Lesotho women are more literate than men-female literacy rate is higher than male literacy rate - Males become herdboys at an early age and do not go to school.

6. Quality: quality assurance

6.1 Do quality criteria for adult education and adult literacy exist in the following areas: curriculum, learning materials, facilitators' training, teaching/learning methodology and assessment of learning outcomes? If yes, please specify. Since when have they been in place?

Adult education

Area	*Mark when quality criteria are in place*	*Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced*	*Specify quality criteria in place*
Curricula	☒	1986	External Examination
Learning materials	☒	1996	
Facilitators' training	☒	1987	
Teaching/ learning methods	☒		
Assessment of learning outcomes	☒		Moderation

Adult literacy

Area	*Mark when quality criteria are in place*	*Indicate year when quality criteria were introduced*	*Specify quality criteria in place*
Curricula	☐		
Learning materials	☐		
Facilitators' training	☐		
Teaching/ learning methods	☐		
Assessment of learning outcomes	☐		

6.2 Are there pre-service and in-service training programmes for educators/facilitators for adult education and adult literacy? Please mark all that apply, considering provider and type of training programme.

Adult education

Provider	Pre-service		In-service	
	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)	*Mark if yes*	Typical duration (months)
Governmental institution	☐		☐	
University	☒	2 days	☒	1 day
Private company	☐		☐	
Non-governmental organisation	☐		☐	

Adult literacy

Provider	Pre-service		In-service	
	Mark if yes	Typical duration (months)	*Mark if yes*	Typical duration (months)
Governmental institution	☐		☐	
University	☐		☐	
Private company	☐		☐	
Non-governmental organisation	☐		☐	

6.3 What is the average monthly remuneration (in nominal local currency) for a full-time educator/ facilitator in the following programmes? *(academic year ending in 2010)*		
Programme	Monthly average remuneration if available	*Remarks/source*
Adult education (excluding literacy programmes)	16,000 - 22,000	differs according to cadres - lectrurers - Senior lecturers - Ass Prof - Professors
Adult literacy		

6.4 Have any initiatives been undertaken by the government concerning the working conditions of adult educators/facilitators/volunteers? Please mark if yes.	
	Mark all that apply
Adult education	☐
Adult literacy	☐

6.5 Have the national or sub-national governments implemented monitoring and evaluation mechanisms? *(If yes, mark all that apply)*		
	Monitoring	Evaluation
Adult education	☐	☐
Adult literacy	☒	☐
Please provide a brief description and references: Adult Education provision does not have a clear policy within the Ministry of Education Policy.		

6.6 Have the national or sub-national governments commissioned studies in order to inform policy and programme design and implementation since 2009?	
	Mark all that apply
Lifelong learning	☒
Adult education	☒
Adult literacy	☐
If one or more of the boxes is marked, please provide a brief description and references: There is no evaluation done so far for the provision of adult education programmes in the National University of Lesotho.	

6.7 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.
The provision of adult education should be clear in the Ministry of Education Policy.

7. CONFINTEA VI follow-up: additional activities

7.1 Please indicate which activities have been implemented as a follow-up to CONFINTEA VI and the implementation of the *Belém Framework for Action.*	
	Mark if taken place
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)	☒
Media campaigns	☒
Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.)	☒
Creation of committees to streamline adult education and adult literacy	☒
Adult Learners Week/Learning festivals	☒
Creation of learners' networks and/or fora	☐
Translation of the *Belém Framework for Action* into the national language	☐
Presenting the *Belém Framework for Action* to parliament	☐
Elaboration of a funding plan	☐
Development of a national roadmap for the implementation of the *Belém Framework for Action*	☐
Other (*please specify below*)	☐

7.2 Is there any innovative experience in adult education and/or adult literacy that has been developed in your country since 2009 (CONFINTEA VI) that could be instructive for other countries? If yes, provide a brief description and references.
Encourage ethnographic studies, regarding adult literacy in other countries, to find out literacy practices and literacy event to be enhanced.

7.3 Please provide any additional information, explanations or comments that you consider relevant in order to clarify any potential issues regarding the information in this section.
Adult education is not recognised by Government as such Adult education learners are not een sponsored for these programmes - Diploma and Degree levels.

8. The United Nations Literacy Decade (2003-2012): specific activities under the framework of the UNLD after the mid-term review in 2006

8.1 Which specific advocacy initiatives/ activities for youth and adult literacy have been undertaken in your country in the last five years? Please rank the frequency/intensity and results or impact of such advocacy work.

	Frequency				Results			
	very frequent	often	hardly	never	excellent	good	modest	no results
Advocacy events (conference, forum, etc.)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Media campaigns	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Publications (booklets, leaflets, posters, etc.)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Other (please specify below)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

8.2 Have there been specific initiatives/ activities in support of...?

	Yes	*No*
... women and girls?	☐	☐

If yes, please provide a brief description and references:

	Yes	*No*
... other excluded/ under-represented/underprivileged groups?	☐	☐

If yes, please provide a brief description and reference:

8.3 How would you rate the impact of the UN Literacy Decade in helping to boost your advocacy efforts for literacy?

It has been extremely helpful	It has helped a lot	It has helped a little	It has not helped
☐	☐	☐	☐

If your answer is different from "it has not helped", please provide below a brief explanation and examples of advocacy efforts, commenting on their degree of success:

8.4 Have literacy policies changed in your country in the last five years?	*Yes*	*No*
	☐	☐

If yes, please specify how they have changed below and provide evidence.

8.5 Have your literacy targets changed over the last five years?	*Yes*	*No*
	☐	☐

If yes, please provide below a brief explanation:

8.6 What are the country's current capacity-building needs in literacy and what are the obstacles and challenges in meeting them?

8.7 What are the major challenges for your literacy programme/s regarding planning and implementation, administration, monitoring and evaluation?

8.8 Are there other obstacles or major challenges in increasing efforts in literacy? Which of these areas, or other areas, requires further research?

8.9 What are the prospects for sustaining efforts in literacy beyond 2013, and which steps does your government plan to take in this regard?