

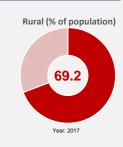




SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL (SDG) 4 **COUNTRY PROFILE**



National Context







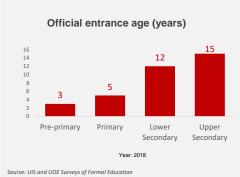
Government expenditure on education as...



Country

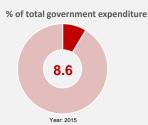
Note: This section includes the main demographic and socioeconomic indicators of the country for the last available year. Sources: (1) rural population and life expectancy: UN Population Division; (2) poverty headcount ratio: World Bank

Education System





Year: 2015



4.1 - Free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education

Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, by sex







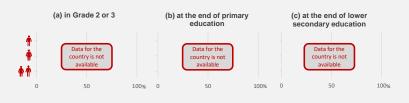


What is this? The bars represent the percentage of students in each level achie minimum proficiency level in reading and mathematics.

Minimum proficiency level (MPL) is the benchmark of basic knowledge in a domain (mathematics, reading, etc.) measured through learning assessments. Currently, there are no common standards validated by the international community or countries. The MPL used for this chart was set by each of the projects providing the data.



Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, by sex



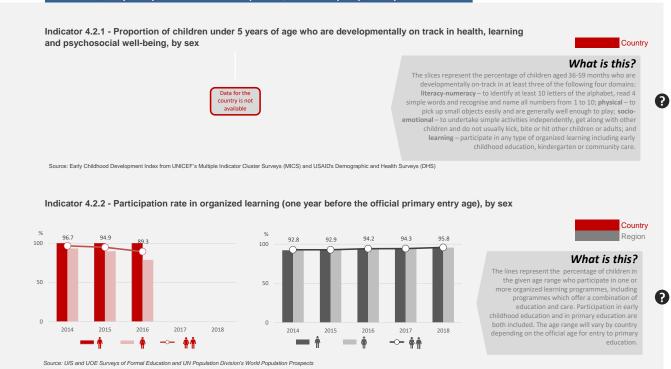
Data sources Various cross-national learning assessments including: Program d'analyse des systèmes éducatifs de la CONFEMEN (PASEC), Programme d'analyse des systèmes éducatifs de la CONFEMEN (PASEC), Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS), Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA), Southern and Eastern Africa Consortium for Monitoring Educational Quality (SACMEQ), Tercer Estudio Regional Comparativo y Explicativo (TERCE) and Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS).



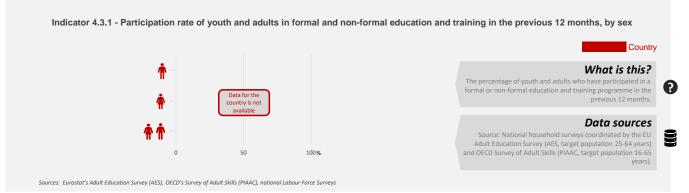
Sources: ERCE, PASEC, PIRLS, PISA, SACMEQ and TIMSS



4.2 - Quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education



4.3 - Quality TVET and tertiary education



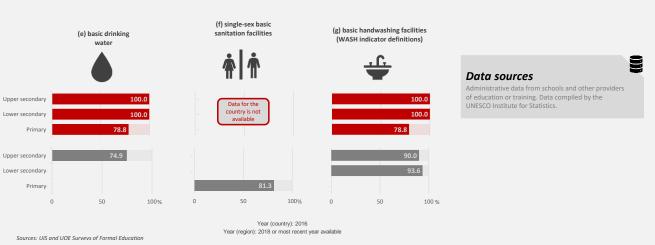
4.4 - Technical and vocational skills Indicator 4.4.1 - Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill Proportion of youth and adults who have... (%) Country Created electronic presentation with Copied or moved a file or Connected and installed new presentation software devices **Data sources** Source: National household surveys. Data compiled by Eurostat and International The percentage of the population who The percentage of the population who The percentage of the population who declared that they can connect and install new devices (e.g. modem, camera, declared that they can copy or move a file or a folder on a desktop computer, a laptop (portable) computer or a tablet (or declared that they can create electronic presentations with presentation software (including text, images, sound, printer) video or charts) similar handheld computer) Sources: Eurostat and International Telecommunication Union (ITU)



4.6 - Youth and adult literacy and numeracy

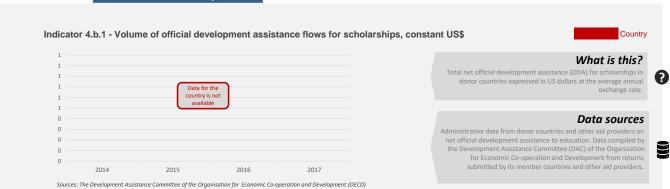


4.a - Education facilities Indicator 4.a.1 - Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions) Country Region (b) internet for pedagogical (c) computers for (d) adapted infrastructure and (a) electricity pedagogical purposes Upper secondary 62.0 100 % 100% 100% 100% (f) single-sex basic (g) basic handwashing facilities (e) basic drinking (WASH indicator definitions) water Data sources Administrative data from schools and other providers of education or training. Data compiled by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics. Upper secondary





4.b - Scholarships



4.c - Qualified teachers

