

4.1 - Free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education

Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, by sex



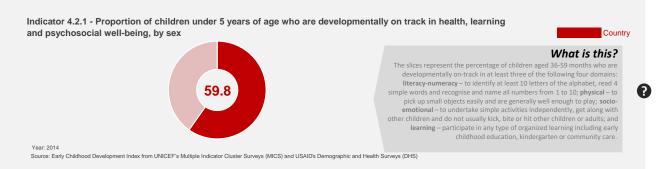
Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, by sex



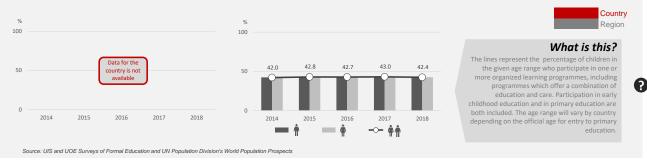
Sources: ERCE, PASEC, PIRLS, PISA, SACMEQ and TIMSS



4.2 - Quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education

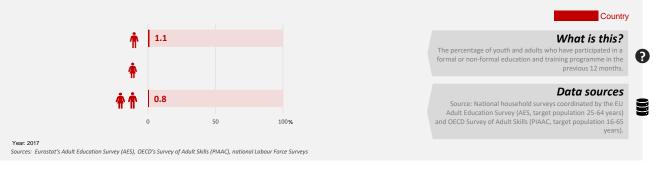






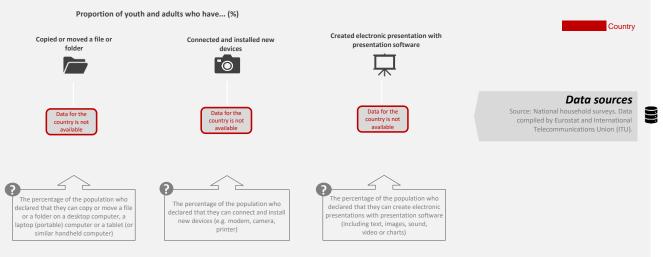
4.3 - Quality TVET and tertiary education

Indicator 4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex



4.4 - Technical and vocational skills

Indicator 4.4.1 - Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill



Sources: Eurostat and International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

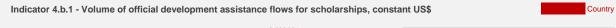


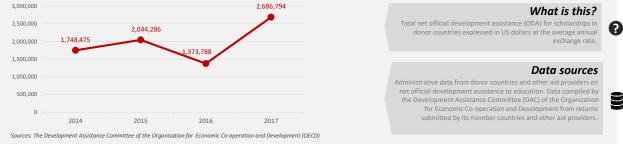
4.6 - Youth and adult literacy and numeracy Indicator 4.6.1 - Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex Country Literacy Numeracy What is this? The slices represent the percentage of the population (aged 15 years and above) who have achieved or exceeded a given level of proficiency in literacy and numeracy. lılı. 0 Data sources National household surveys coordinated by the OECD Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies (PIAAC) and the World Bank's Skills Towards Employment and Productivity (STEP). \geq Sources: OECD's Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies (PIAAC), World Bank's STEP Skills Measurement Programme (STEP) 4.a - Education facilities Indicator 4.a.1 - Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions) Country Region (b) internet for pedagogical (c) computers for (d) adapted infrastructure and (a) electricity pedagogical purposes materials for students with disabilities 67.8 Upper secondary Lower secondary Primary 25.0 24.0 Upper secondary 57.2 40.7 Lower secondary egion is not available Primary 50 0 100% 100 % 100% 0 50 0 50 0 50 100% (f) single-sex basic (g) basic handwashing facilities (e) basic drinking nitation facilities (WASH indicator definitions) water Data sources Administrative data from schools and other providers of education or training. Data compiled by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics. Upper secondary 61.0 Lower secondary Primary 87.3 72.3 Upper secondary Data for the 53.6 Lower secondary region is not vailable Primary 0 50 100% 0 50 100% 0 50 100 % Year: 2018 or most recent year available Sources: UIS and UOE Surveys of Formal Education



Country Region

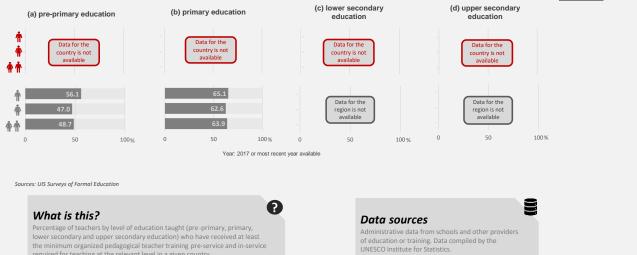
4.b - Scholarships





4.c - Qualified teachers

Indicator 4.c.1 - Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary education; (b) primary education; (c) lower secondary education; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country, by sex



Percentage of teachers by level of education taught (pre-primary, primary, lower secondary and upper secondary education) who have received at least the minimum organized pedagogical teacher training pre-service and in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country.