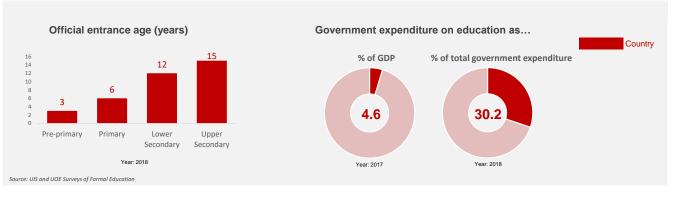


Country





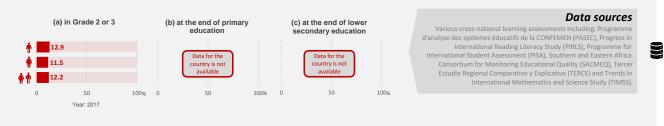


## 4.1 - Free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education

Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in reading, by sex



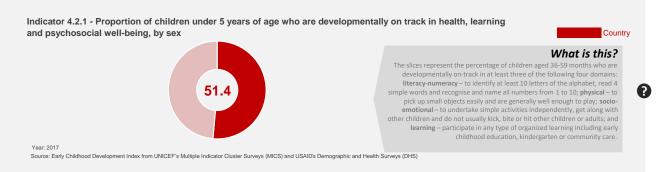
Indicator 4.1.1 - Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in mathematics, by sex



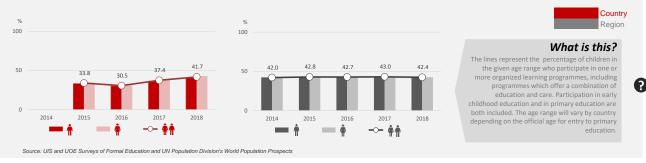
Sources: ERCE, PASEC, PIRLS, PISA, SACMEQ and TIMSS



## 4.2 - Quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education

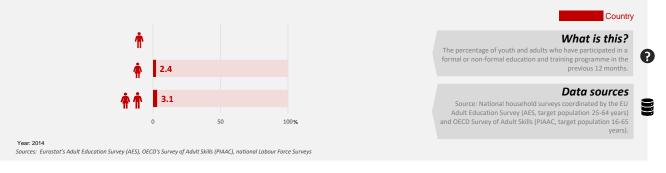


#### Indicator 4.2.2 - Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex



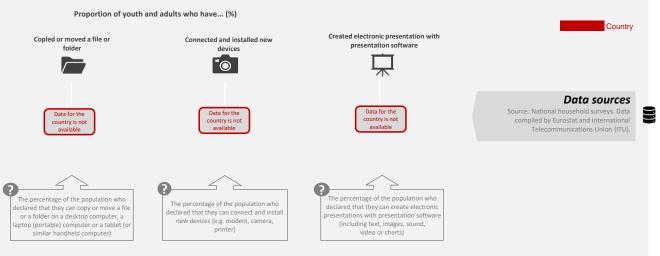
### 4.3 - Quality TVET and tertiary education

Indicator 4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex



### 4.4 - Technical and vocational skills

Indicator 4.4.1 - Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill



Sources: Eurostat and International Telecommunication Union (ITU)





Indicator 4.6.1 - Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex



# Numeracy lılı.

# The slices represent the percentage of the population (aged 15 years and above) who have achieved or exceeded a given level of proficiency in literacy and numeracy.

### Data sources

What is this?

Country

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 $\geq$ 

National household surveys coordinated by the OECD Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies (PIAAC) and the World Bank's Skills Towards Employment and Productivity (STEP).

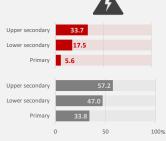
Sources: OECD's Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies (PIAAC), World Bank's STEP Skills Measurement Programme (STEP)

## 4.a - Education facilities

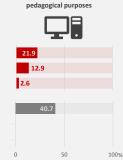
Indicator 4.a.1 - Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)









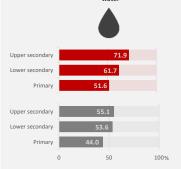


(c) computers for

(d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities



(e) basic drinking water





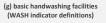






Year (country): 2018 Year (region): 2018 or most recent year available

0









### Data sources

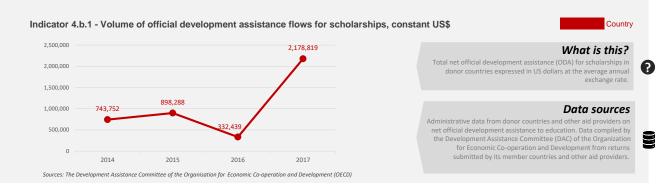
Administrative data from schools and other providers of education or training. Data compiled by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics.

Sources: UIS and UOE Surveys of Formal Education



Country

### 4.b - Scholarships



### 4.c - Qualified teachers

Indicator 4.c.1 - Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary education; (b) primary education; (c) lower secondary education; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country, by sex

