TVET Teacher Training Programmes and Institutions in the Asia and Pacific Region

3-4 May 2018 Chennai, India

Akim Shrestha Mrs. Executive Director **TITI**, Nepal

Nepal Introduction

- Nepal is land lock country situated between India and China.
- 26.5 million population with annual growth rate of 1.40%
- Area: 147,181sq.km
- Capital: Kathmandu
- Political System: Federal Democratic Republic
- Birth Place of Lord Buddha

TVET in Nepal

- 34.9% of the is 0-14; 59.8% is 15-64; and 5.3% is 65 years old and above
- Literacy: 55.6% adult aged 15 and above is (74.7% male and 53.1% female)
- 450,000 youth enter the labor market every year
- 100,000 youth participate in short term and long term training
- CTEVT short term and long term TSLC and Diploma TVET programs. Also grade 9-12 years Higher Secondary Certificate course is also running under DOE.



1961 Mechanical Training center 1980 Jumla Technical School

4

(1971-76) NESP vocational education secondary education

1960's 29 Multi-Purpose High School (MPHS)

Objectives

- Introduce issues, challenges and opportunities in TVET teacher training policies, programmes and institutions in Nepal
- Share the major findings case study of Nepal
- Recommend in developing and/or improving TVET policies

Limitation of the Report

- The report is based on the available information from published documents and perception of stakeholders on its performance gathered through interviews.
- Most of the findings and conclusion derived from the interviews of selected TVET stakeholders are also limited.
- Interviews with different stakeholders mainly focused on TVET teacher's qualifications, standards and competency profiles, admission to TVET teacher training institutions, teacher pre-service training structure and organization, Teacher pre-service training contents and TVET teacher policies.
- Due to time limitation, key informant interviews were conducted with officials of training institutions with limited training activities.

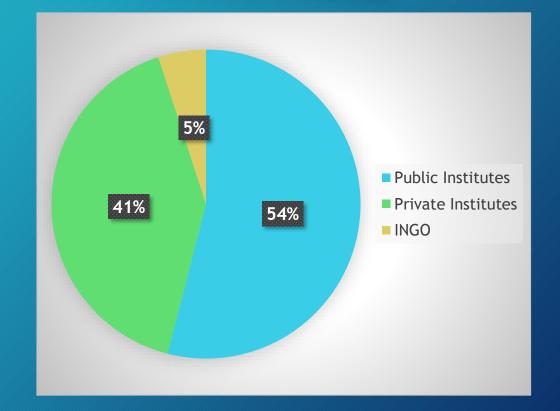
Methodology

7

Case study:
Content analysis and interview

• Designations of the people interviewed: Directors, Manager, Program Coordinator, Principal, Chief Admin Officer, Training Coordinator/Trainer

Total number of officials interviewed:
Male = 20 (74%)
Female = 7 (26%)



Four foundation components of a sustainable TVET teacher training framework for Nepal

- 1. The legal and regulatory framework;
- Effective and efficient stakeholder dialogue (especially with the training providers, government agencies and industries);
- 3. Institutional governance and management arrangements (training providers and TVET teacher training institutions);
- 4. Quality assurance framework.

Three cross-cutting themes focusing tvet techer training as a process

1. Relevance and Quality

THREE CROSS-CUTTING THEMES/CONCERNS (FOCUSSING TVET TEACHER TRAINING AS A PROCESS)

3. Partnership with industries

2. Access

Emerging themes, findings and way forward

| Emerging Themes/Concerns Key Informants interview Findings Recommendations | |
|---|--|
| 1. The legal and regulatory TVET 1. At present, there is no legal/standardized TVET Teacher Training Framework 1. Develop Law for the development of "po frameworks for professionalizing TVET si develop and strengthen teaching standard levels." 2. There is no clear national policy related to TVET teacher qualifications, standards and competency profile. 1. In future, Nepal is implementing a Vocational Qualification Authority will be for Body should ensure standard of training and of TVET teachers. 3. The TVET teachers' Standard should cove skills like occupational skills, pedagogic psychological skills, leadership skills, entrep skills, marketing skills, career counselling communication skills. | taff, and ds for all National F) System ike Nepal med. This education er various cal skills, preneurial skills and |

Emerging themes, findings and way forward



| Emerging Themes/Concerns | Key Informants interview Findings | Recommendations |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| 2 Effective and efficient stakeholder | 1 Very limited partnership of TVET | 1. As many TVET teachers do not have |
| | teacher Training institutions with | an industrial background and |
| providers, government agencies and | industries and training providers. | working experience, develop an |
| industries | 2 The strengthening of linkages | |
| | between TVET teachers and industries | 5 7 |
| | is considered as crucial in preparing | . |
| | TVET students to meet the dynamic | |
| | work requirements. | develop such linkages, stressing the |
| | 3 Many participants shared their | mutual benefits to both students |
| | successful experiences in this area, | and employees. |
| | highlighting the need for a proactive | 2. Put in place incentive system to |
| | and motivated approach and the | |
| | conceptualization of industrial linkages | industrial exposure |
| | as win-win partnerships with reciprocal | |
| | benefits | |

Emerging themes, findings and way forward

Emerging Themes/Concerns Key Informants interview Findings Recommendations **3.** Continuing professional development 1 Continuing professional development is 1 Introduce a system of customized and for TVET teachers (Pre and In-Service essential for TVET teachers to support their documented pre and in service TVET Teacher development and teaching training Framework emphasizing lifelong curriculum Training) methods, and also in terms of their teaching education through the acquisition of renewal license. relevant knowledge and skills, including 2 The discussion promoted the concept of a teachers' active participation within professional growth plan as an instrument of industries. continuing professional development. 2 Introduce a Pre-Service TVET training 3 The pre-service preparation is a crucial system that will They reflect that prestage in TVET teachers' education. As it service TVET teacher education should offer represents the starting point on the long a clear pedagogic distinction compared with road to a teacher's improvement, it is other areas of teacher preparation, and necessary to overcome the pitfalls identified should better incorporate current practices, within TVET teacher preparation during this standards and technologies used within phase. industry.

TVET TRAID



14

Thank you!