

Indelible Digital
Footprints: a Roadmap
to Online Safety for
Children and Youths

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Introduction

- Media and Information Literacy is a touchstone for cities
- Cities are now moving towards an integrated and sophisticated system
- New information and communication technologies ('ICTs')
- Children may be exposed to inappropriate content for their age or to inappropriate contact, can suffer reputational damage associated with publishing sensitive personal information online, long-term digital footprints.
- Children are being let down by current educational systems

Digital Footprints



The Universal Declaration of Human Rights offers every person a 'right to privacy'



MIL cities need to understand that they must become the champions of their citizens



Digital footprints are the records and traces that are left behind when using a device that links itself to the Internet.



Two types of digital footprint, the explicit and implicit



Digital footprints are currently being used for commercial purposes



Digital footprints is a loss of privacy and anonymity online

Indelible Digital Footprints

- MIL smart cities therefore need to create an action plan; a road map
- The finality of things being indelible is that, like walking barefoot on fresh concrete, the footprints are not only there for everyone to see but that they are permanent
- Humans forget mistakes and foibles but the 'internet' stores and holds information
- MIL is a way in which to educate and inform and address the needs of the current civic society



Action Plan

- The cities' mission is to provide young people reliable information about how to use ICT technologies safely and appropriately
- Smart cities must ultimately create a road map that addresses the needs of K-12 students to be used in the formal education system to equip students with the required knowledge to safely use ICTs
- The vision should be one that change happens on a governmental level so that change can happen on both a grass root and top down level
- Current legislation requires that educators and K-12 students to be informed on online safety



First

 Students need to improve their understanding of the basic issues

Second

 Both educators and students need to be taught how to manage their own data

Third

 Understanding what the knock-on effects of what students do online

Where

Libraries hold the keys to creating environments of lifelong learning

Conclusion

- Smart cities, so they can stimulate economic growth, critical thinking and civic engagement
- Dynamic environments of media, information and technology
- Students flourish by investing in education and literacy
- Creating a smart city requires investment and as libraries as the core they can create a society that is based on understanding

