

## Monitoring survey results for Denmark

UNESCO Region	North America and Western Europe
1.1. Does your country have an official definition of ALE?	Yes
1.1.1. Enter the official definition of ALE here:	Formal, non-formal and informal adult learningDefinitions exits for more specific fields/sectors for adult education and contiuing training.
1.2. Has the official definition of ALE changed since 2009?	No
1.2.1. What were the reasons for this change?	
1.3. Are literacy and basic skills a top priority for ALE programmes in your country?	Yes
1.3.1. Describe here the key points of your country's policy approach to literacy and basic skills.	Basic skills programme to be targetet to low skilled and immigrants
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [Youth education and ALE are are seen part of an integrated whole.]	disagree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy addresses learning processes and teacher- learner relations.]	agree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE is such a diverse sector of provision that it is difficult to define precisely.]	tend to disagree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [Adult learning and adult education are the same thing.]	disagree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE and continuing vocational education and training are not integrated.]	tend to disagree

1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [New technologies have fundamentally changed the scope of our ALE practice.]	tend to agree
<ul><li>1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views.</li><li>[Demographic trends (e.g. ageing societies and migration patterns) are making ALE policy much more important than it used to be.]</li></ul>	tend to agree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy identifies non-formal and informal learning as important.]	agree
1.5. Has your country formulated a CONFINTEA VI action plan following the BFA?	No
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Adult literacy]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Policy]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Governance]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Financing]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Participation]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Quality]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Other]	
2.1. Overall, would you say that since 2009 your country	has made significant progress on ALE policy?
2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of	
this regression here.	
2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of	Improved provison and better coordination between ALE
this progress here.	provider at local and regional level
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals seeking personal growth and widening of knowledge horizons]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals seeking to update work-relevant knowledge and skills]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Women and men in mid-life transitions (e.g. change in employment status; personal, health and family challenges)]	Not selected

2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals seeking recognition for prior learning (especially non-formally and informally acquired)]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Socially excluded groups (e.g. homeless people, [ex- ]prisoners; adults with mental health problems)]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Adults with low- level literacy or basic skills]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Workers in low- skill, low-wage or precarious positions]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Long-term unemployed people]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Adults living with disabilities]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Residents of rural or sparsely populated areas]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Parents and families]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Lone or single parents]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Senior citizens/retired people (third-age education)]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Young persons not in education, employment or training]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Migrants and refugees from other countries]	Yes

2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Minority ethnic, linguistic or religious minorities and indigenous peoples]	Not selected
2.3. Does your country have a policy framework to recognize, validate and accredit non-formal and informal learning?	Yes, a policy framework existed before 2009
2.4. Since 2009, has your country enacted any important new policies with respect to ALE?	Yes
2.4.1. Provide the name of the policy, the year of adoption and if possible a link to the document.	Lov om almen voksenuddannelse - 2008Lov om folkeoplysning - 2011Lov om folkehøjskoler - 2011Lov om anerkendelse af realkompetence - 2007Lov om arbejdsmarkedsuddannelser m.v2010 Lov om erhvervsrettet grunduddannelse og videregående uddannelse for voksne - 2011Lov om åben uddannelse (also lifelong learning)- 2009Lov om forberedende voksenundervisning - 2011Lov om erhvervsuddannelse - 2014
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [increased stakeholder participation ]	tend to agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [developed more effective monitoring and evaluation systems ]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [introduced better coordination arrangements ]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [become more decentralized ]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [strengthened capacity-building initiatives]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [strengthened inter-ministerial cooperation]	tend to disagree
3.2. Since 2009, has your government consulted stakeholders and civil society about the formulation, implementation and evaluation of ALE policies?	Yes
3.2.1. Describe how the government consults on ALE policy.	ALE policy and implementation includes councils and
3.3. Has there been any significant	committees at national and regional level No
innovation/development in ALE governance in your country since 2009 that could be of interest to other countries?	
3.3.1. Give details here. Provide sources and hyperlinks (URLs) if possible.	
4.1. What percentage of public education spending currently goes to ALE?	4% or more

4.2. Between 2009 and 2014, public spending	increased
on ALE as a proportion of public education	
spending in my country has 4.3. Does the government plan to increase or	Plans to stay about the same
decrease spending on ALE?	Flans to stay about the same
4.4. Has your government introduced any	No
significant innovation in ALE financing since	
2009 that could be of interest to other countries?	
4.4.1. Give details and provide references where	
appropriate and URL link if possible.	
5.1. Since 2009 and for the adult population	Increased
overall, the participation rate (%) in ALE has	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	32
for the most recent year available [Participation	
rate (%)] 5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	2014
	2014
for the most recent year available [Reference year]	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	25-64 yearr
for the most recent year available [Reference age	
group]	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	in formal and non-formal adult education
for the most recent year available [Definition of	
'participation']	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	
for the most recent year available [Data source	
with URL]	-
5.2. What differences are there between women	Equal participation
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Overall]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Women participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [General education]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Men participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Technical and Vocational	
education and training (TVET)]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Women participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	nomen participate more
in ALE programmes? [Literacy]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Non-formal and informal	
education]	
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	increased
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Migrants	
and refugees from other countries]	de net know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	do not know
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [All those seeking recognition for prior learning (especially	
non-formally and informally acquired)]	
non termany and mermany dequired)	

5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults with low-level literacy and basic skills]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Minority ethnic, linguistic and religious minorities and indigenous peoples]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Senior citizens/the retired (Third Age Education)]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [The long-term unemployed]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults living with disability]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Young persons not in education, employment and training]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed?[Residents of rural and remote areas]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Workers in low-skill, low-wage and precarious employment]	no change
5.4. Has your government introduced any significant innovation in ALE to improve access and participation since 2009 that could be of interest to other countries?	Yes
5.4.1. Give details. Provide sources and URL link if possible. Also include references to recent surveys or major studies of ALE participation in your country published since 2009.	Promoting guidance and counselling for adults and companies through regional adult education and training centresPIAAC, 2013 (OECD) and AES 2011(EU)
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Social outcomes in the areas of health and well- being, community cohesion]	Not selected
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [None of these – this information is not systematically available]	Not selected

6.1. Does your country systematically collect	
information about the following ALE outcomes? [Other]	
6.2. Are there initial, pre-service education and	Yes
training programmes for ALE	
teachers/facilitators in your country?	
6.3. Are initial, pre-service qualifications a	Yes, in some cases
requirement to teach in ALE programmes?	
6.4. Are there continuing, in-service education	Yes, with sufficient capacity
and training programmes for adult education	
teachers/facilitators in your country?	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Yes
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Learning outcomes of ALE]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Not selected
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Quality criteria for teaching and	
learning, e.g. curricula and methods]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Not selected
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Diversity of providers]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Not selected
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Impact of new technologies on	
ALE]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Yes
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Equity issues in ALE]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Yes
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Barriers to ALE participation and	
provision]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any	Not selected
substantial analyses of the following issues in	
your country? [Other issues]	
6.5.1. Give references and URL link(s).	
6.6. Has your government introduced any	No
significant innovation regarding the quality of ALE	
since 2009 that could be of interest to other	
countries?	
6.6.1. Give details and provide sources and URL	
links if possible.	
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	somewhat
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Health and well-being]	
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	somewhat
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Society and community] Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	alot
_	a lot
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and practitioners? [Employment and labour market	

7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's ALE policy and practice [Recognizes the contribution ALE can make to personal health and well-being]	3
7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's ALE policy and practice [Follows the World Health Organization's holistic approach, including mental as well as physical health] 7.1.1. Explain your response here.	
<ul><li>7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on:</li><li>[Competencies needed for health, including knowledge, attitudes, skills and values needed for prevention, accessing treatment, etc.]</li></ul>	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Self-reported health]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Maternal health]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Mental health and well-being (such as self-efficacy)]	Not selected
<ul><li>7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on:</li><li>[Preventing, but also living with, HIV/AIDS and its social consequences]</li></ul>	Not selected
<ul><li>7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on:</li><li>[Prevention and control of other infectious diseases, including epidemics (such as SARS, cholera. hepatitis)]</li></ul>	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Sexual and reproductive health]	Not selected
<ul><li>7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on:</li><li>[Preventing, but also living with, chronic illnesses (such as diabetes, heart disease, Alzheimer's)]</li></ul>	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Healthy lifestyles (such as diet, exercise, stress reduction)]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Making the local environment more healthy (e.g. through community action)]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [None of the above, but there is evidence that ALE has a positive impact on other aspects of health]	Not selected

7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	Not selected
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [No	
evidence at all for any aspect] 7.2.1. Please provide your sources.	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	4 = very important
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Illiteracv] 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Household income inequalities]	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Poor quality of pedagogy, training materials,	
staff training and capacity]	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Lack of access to information on ALE	
programmesl	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Poor interdepartmental or inter-sectoral	
collaboration]	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Community resistance]	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	
following are as factors influencing the	
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Inadequate or misdirected funding]	
7.4. How far do different stakeholders (public	Effectively and successfully
education agencies, public health agencies,	
NGOs, private providers, etc.) collaborate in the	
design and delivery of ALE programmes in your	
countrv?	
7.5. Does your country have an	No
interdepartmental or cross-sectoral coordinating	
body for ALE for promoting personal health and	
well-being? [Name of coordinating body:]	
[Briefly describe its mandate and activities:]	
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has	Yes
a positive impact on the following issues?	
[Participation in social, civic and political	
activities ] 8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has	Voc
a positive impact on the following issues? [Social	Yes
trust]	
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has	Yes
a positive impact on the following issues? [Social	
integration/inclusion]	

8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has	Not selected
a positive impact on the following issues?	
[Diversity tolerance] 8.1.1. Give sources for checked options.	
	PIAAC survey 2013(OECD)
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Non- economic outcomes and benefits for individuals (such as personal development, quality of life, well-being and social and cultural participation)]	to a large extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Non- economic outcomes and benefits for collective and civil society (such as positive and trustful social relations, active and sustainable communities, and social integration)]	to a small extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Economic returns for individuals, communities and society (such as employability, innovation capacity, financial autonomy, living standards, skills levels improvement and structural labour market evolution)]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Multilingualism and cultural diversity]	do not know
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Increased access to education, literature. the arts and cultural heritage]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Environmental sustainability in local communities]	do not know
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Active citizenship and political and community participation]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Community solidarity and social justice]	do not know
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Democratic values and peaceful co- existence]	do not know

8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Other] 8.3.1. Please specify	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Multilingualism and cultural diversity]	do not know
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Increased access to education, literature, the arts and cultural heritage]	to a large extent
<ul><li>8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country?</li><li>[Environmental sustainability in local communities]</li></ul>	do not know
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Active citizenship and political and community participation]	to a large extent
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Community solidarity and social justice]	do not know
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Democratic values and peaceful co-existence]	do not know
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [None of these – adult learning and education programmes mostly have other purposes]	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Other]	
8.5. How far does the statement below reflect the policy approach in your country? Youth and adult literacy and basic skills programmes are not directed towards social and cultural development – they teach people to read, write and deal with numbers.	somewhat
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources? [Arts and crafts]	somewhat

8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?       [Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge         swstems]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Spirituality]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Ecology and the environment]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]       somewhat         S.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       somewhat         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]       somewhat         S.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       somewhat         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Bonce and theatre]       Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE         programmes? [Refugees]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Yes         [Residents of rural or remote areas]       Not selected         (a) th
development of the following cultural resources?         [Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge systems]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?         [Spirituality]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?         [Ecology and the environment]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?         [Spirituality]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?         [Data and the attel]         Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE programmes?         [Refugees]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of rural or remote areas]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]
[Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge systems]       Image: Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge systems]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?       Image: Cultural resources?         [Spirituality]       So. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?       Image: Cultural resources?         [Ecology and the environment]       Somewhat       Somewhat         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?       Somewhat         [Sports]       Somewhat       Somewhat         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?       Somewhat         [Dance and theatre]       Somewhat       Somewhat         Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE programmes?       Yes         [A) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected         [A) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Yes         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]       Not selected         [Residents to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.]]       Not selected
systems]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Spirituality]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Ecology and the environment]       8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         s.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       somewhat         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]       Somewhat         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       somewhat         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]       somewhat         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE       somewhat         programmes include provisions for the       development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]       somewhat         Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE       Yes         programmes? [Refugees]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Yes         [Residents of rural or remote areas]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected         [Residents of insti
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?         [Spirituality]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?         [Ecology and the environment]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?         [Sports]         8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE         programmes include provisions for the         development of the following cultural resources?         [Dance and theatre]         Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE         programmes? [Refugees]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes         [Ai the hardest to reach with ALE programmes         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes     <
programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources? [Spirituality]8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?IEcology and the environment18.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?SomewhatSports18.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?Sports18.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?[Dance and theatre1 Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE programmes (A) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)](b) the hardest t
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(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Yes         [Residents of rural or remote areas]       (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected
[Residents of rural or remote areas]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected         [Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]       Not selected         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes       Not selected
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[Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]         (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes         Not selected
etc.)] (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes Not selected
religious minority groups and indigenous peoples]
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes Yes
[Migrants (not refugees) and their families]
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes Not selected
[People living with chronic illnesses or disabilities
]
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes Not selected
[Senior citizens (as defined in your country)]
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes
[Other]
Groups where ALE programmes have had some Yes
success [Refugees]
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had Not selected
some success [Those with no valid residency
documents (sans-papiers)]
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had Not selected
some success [Residents of rural or remote
areas]
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had Not selected
some success [Residents of institutions (prisons,
hospitals, etc.)]

Not selected
Not selected
Not selected
Not selected
Yes
Yes
Yes
Not selected
Not selected
Both
Both
Both
Both
Dath
Both
Both
PIAAC 2013 (OECD)

9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Modest
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Literacy and	
basic skills]	Ohum d
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Literacy and basic skills]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	otong
on productivity in your country? [Initial vocational	
education and training]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	-
on employment in your country? [Initial	
vocational education and training] [Scale 2]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Continuing	
vocational education and training]	Chrone
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Continuing	
vocational education and training]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Do not know
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Informal	
workplace learning]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Do not know
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Informal	
workplace learning]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Company	
training] 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Ctrong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	Strong
on employment in your country? [Company	
training]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Do not know
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Self-directed	
learning]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Self-directed	
learning]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Advanced	
professional education] 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Strong
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity and employment in your country?	
[Advanced professional education]	

9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Distance education and e-learning]	Do not know
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Distance education and e-learning]	Do not know
9.4. Since 2009, have there been any major surveys or studies in your country that assess the outcomes or results of ALE programmes for employment and the labour market?	Yes
9.4.1. Give details and provide references and URL links if possible.	Effect studies on impact of adult education and training 2010-11, National research centre for competence development. www.ncfk.dkPIAAC, 2013 (OECD)