

## Monitoring survey results for **Egypt**

UNESCO Region	Arab States
1.1. Does your country have an official definition of ALE?	
1.1.1. Enter the official definition of ALE here:	
1.2. Has the official definition of ALE changed since 2009?	
1.2.1. What were the reasons for this change?	
1.3. Are literacy and basic skills a top priority for	
ALE programmes in your country?	
1.3.1. Describe here the key points of your	
country's policy approach to literacy and basic	
skills.	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [Youth education and ALE are are seen part of an	
integrated whole.]	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy	
addresses learning processes and teacher-	
learner relations.1	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE is such a	
diverse sector of provision that it is difficult to	
define precisely.]	
deline presidenti	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [Adult learning	
and adult education are the same thing.]	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE and	
continuing vocational education and training are	
not integrated.]	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [New	
technologies have fundamentally changed the	
scope of our ALE practice.]	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [Demographic	
trends (e.g. ageing societies and migration	
patterns) are making ALE policy much more	
important than it used to be.]	

4.4.11	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy	
identifies non-formal and informal learning as	
important.]	
1.5. Has your country formulated a CONFINTEA VI action plan following the BFA?	
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Adult literacy]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover: [Addit literacy]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Policy]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Governance]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Financing]	
	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Participation]	Not selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Quality]	Not selected
	INOU Selected
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Other]	
2.1. Overall, would you say that since 2009 your	is at the same level as in 2009?
country	
2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of	
this regression here. 2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of	
this progress here.	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Not selected
are especially important in ALE policies in your	TWO SCIENCE
country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals	
seeking personal growth and widening of	
knowledge horizonsl	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Yes
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals	
seeking to update work-relevant knowledge and	
skills1	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Yes
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Women and	
men in mid-life transitions (e.g. change in	
employment status; personal, health and family	
challenges)] 2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Yes
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals	
seeking recognition for prior learning (especially	
non-formally and informally acquired)]	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Yes
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Socially	
excluded groups (e.g. homeless people, [ex-	
]prisoners; adults with mental health problems)]	
2.2 Which target groups of (notantial) learners	Voc
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your	Yes
country? Check up to five groups. [Adults with low-	
level literacy or basic skills]	
iovor intoracy or basic stanley	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Not selected
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Workers in low-	
skill, low-wage or precarious positions]	
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Not selected
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Long-term	
unemployed people]	

2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Adults living with disabilities]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Residents of rural or sparsely populated areas]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Parents and families]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Lone or single parents]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Senior citizens/retired people (third-age education)]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Young persons not in education, employment or training]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Migrants and refugees from other countries]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Minority ethnic, linguistic or religious minorities and indigenous peoples]	Not selected
2.3. Does your country have a policy framework to recognize, validate and accredit non-formal and informal learning?	Yes, a policy framework existed before 2009
2.4. Since 2009, has your country enacted any important new policies with respect to ALE?	No
2.4.1. Provide the name of the policy, the year of adoption and if possible a link to the document.	
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [increased stakeholder participation ]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [developed more effective monitoring and evaluation systems ]	disagree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [introduced better coordination arrangements ]	disagree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [become more decentralized ]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [strengthened capacity-building initiatives]	agree

3.1. Which of these statements apply to your country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has [strengthened inter-ministerial cooperation]	disagree
3.2. Since 2009, has your government consulted stakeholders and civil society about the formulation, implementation and evaluation of ALE policies?	Yes
3.2.1. Describe how the government consults on ALE policy.	
3.3. Has there been any significant	No
innovation/development in ALE governance in	
your country since 2009 that could be of interest	
to other countries?	
3.3.1. Give details here. Provide sources and	
hyperlinks (URLs) if possible. 4.1. What percentage of public education	
spending currently goes to ALE?	
4.2. Between 2009 and 2014, public spending	decreased
on ALE as a proportion of public education	
spending in my country has	
4.3. Does the government plan to increase or	Do not know
decrease spending on ALE?	
4.4. Has your government introduced any	No
significant innovation in ALE financing since 2009 that could be of interest to other countries?	
that could be of interest to other countries?	
4.4.1. Give details and provide references where	
appropriate and URL link if possible.	
5.1. Since 2009 and for the adult population	Increased
overall, the participation rate (%) in ALE has	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	27%
for the most recent year available [Participation	
rate (%)] 5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	2015
for the most recent year available [Reference year]	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	15-35
for the most recent year available [Reference age	
group]	5 f
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	محو أمية
for the most recent year available [Definition of 'participation']	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	هيئة محو الأمية
for the most recent year available [Data source	
with URL]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Men participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Overall]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Equal participation
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [General education]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	Men participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Technical and Vocational	
education and training (TVET)]	
5.2. What differences are there between women	
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Literacy]	

5.2. What differences are there between women and men in terms of their participation rates (%) in ALE programmes? [Non-formal and informal education]	Men participate more
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Migrants and refugees from other countries]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [All those seeking recognition for prior learning (especially non-formally and informally acquired)]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults with low-level literacy and basic skills]	decreased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Minority ethnic, linguistic and religious minorities and indigenous peoples]	
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Senior citizens/the retired (Third Age Education)]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [The long-term unemployed]	
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults living with disability]	no change
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Young persons not in education, employment and training]	no change
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed?[Residents of rural and remote areas]	decreased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Workers in low-skill, low-wage and precarious employment]	
5.4. Has your government introduced any significant innovation in ALE to improve access and participation since 2009 that could be of	Yes
interest to other countries? 5.4.1. Give details. Provide sources and URL link if possible. Also include references to recent surveys or major studies of ALE participation in your country published since 2009.	عمل اختبارات فورية تقديم دورات تدريب المدربين في كافة القطاعات تكليف كل طالب جامعة بمحو أمية أربعة 4 دارسين أميين من الكبارتدريب 30 ألف معلم من التعليم العام كمعلمي محو أمية
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)]	Yes
6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Social outcomes in the areas of health and wellbeing, community cohesion]	Yes

6.1. Does your country systematically collect	Not selected
information about the following ALE outcomes?	
[None of these – this information is not	
systematically available 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	تحديد خريطة توزيع الأميين على مستوى المناطق
information about the following ALE outcomes?	تحدید خریصه توریع ۱۱ میین علی مسوی المناطق
[Other]	
6.2. Are there initial, pre-service education and	Yes
training programmes for ALE teachers/facilitators	
in your country?	
6.3. Are initial, pre-service qualifications a	Yes, in all cases
requirement to teach in ALE programmes?	, and the second
6.4. Are there continuing, in-service education	Yes, with sufficient capacity
and training programmes for adult education	
teachers/facilitators in your country?	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Yes
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Learning outcomes of ALE]	V
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Yes
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Quality criteria for teaching and learning, e.g.	
curricula and methods 6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Vac
analyses of the following issues in your country?	165
[Diversity of providers]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Yes
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Impact of new technologies on ALE]	
,	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Yes
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Equity issues in ALE]	
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	Yes
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Barriers to ALE participation and provision]	
6.5. Cinco 2000, have there been any substantial	Not coloated
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial analyses of the following issues in your country?	Not selected
[Other issues]	
6.5.1. Give references and URL link(s).	موقع الهيئة العامة لتعليم الكبار
6.6. Has your government introduced any	Yes
significant innovation regarding the quality of ALE	res
since 2009 that could be of interest to other	
countries?	
6.6.1. Give details and provide sources and URL	إنشاء الهيئة القومية لضمان الجودة و الاعتمادبناء معايير الجودة في تعليم الكبار وكنت أحد
links if possible.	أعضاء لجنة بناء المعابير تمت بعض الدر اسات لقياس الجودة في بعض مجالات تعليم
	الكبار تكليف المركز الإقليمي لتعليم الكبار أسفك سرس الليان ببناء آلية اعتماد المدربين
	المساعدين محو الأمية وتعليم الكبار على المستوى القطرى تكليف المركز الإقليمي لتعليم الكبار
	أسفك سرس الليان ببناء آلية اعتماد المدربين المحترفين محو الأمية وتعليم الكبار على المستوى
	القطري تكليف المركز الإقليمي لتعليم الكبار أسفك سرس الليان ببناء آلية اعتماد المدربين على
	مستوى الدول العربية محو الأمية وتعليم الكبار على المستوى القطري واختبار كفاءاتهم
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	a lot
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Health and well-being]	
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	a lot
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Society and community]	

Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base on the benefits of ALE for the following areas improved for policymakers, researchers and practitioners? [Employment and labour market outcomes]	a lot
7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's ALE policy and practice [Recognizes the contribution ALE can make to personal health and well-being]	4
7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's ALE policy and practice [Follows the World Health Organization's holistic approach, including mental as well as physical health] 7.1.1. Explain your response here.	4
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Competencies needed for health, including knowledge, attitudes, skills and values needed for prevention, accessing treatment, etc.]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Self-reported health]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Maternal health]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Mental health and well-being (such as self-efficacy)]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Preventing, but also living with, HIV/AIDS and its social consequences]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Prevention and control of other infectious diseases, including epidemics (such as SARS, cholera, hepatitis)]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Sexual and reproductive health]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Preventing, but also living with, chronic illnesses (such as diabetes, heart disease, Alzheimer's)]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Healthy lifestyles (such as diet, exercise, stress reduction)]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Making the local environment more healthy (e.g. through community action)]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [None of the above, but there is evidence that ALE has a positive impact on other aspects of health]	Yes
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [No evidence at all for any aspect]	Not selected

7.2.1. Please provide your sources.	من خلال العمل كرئيس لقسم تعليم الكبار بكلية الدراسات العليا للتربية و المشاركة في بحوث تعليم الكبار و أخيرا للعمل كمدير للمركز الإقليمي لتعليم الكبار أسفك سرس الليان
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Illiteracy]	4 = very important
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Household income inequalities]	4 = very important
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:  [Poor quality of pedagogy, training materials, staff	2
training and capacityl 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	3
following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Lack of access to information on ALE programmes]	
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:  [Poor interdepartmental or inter-sectoral collaboration]	2
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:  [Community resistance]	3
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:  [Inadequate or misdirected funding]	3
7.4. How far do different stakeholders (public education agencies, public health agencies, NGOs, private providers, etc.) collaborate in the design and delivery of ALE programmes in your country?	In theory, but not much in practice
7.5. Does your country have an interdepartmental or cross-sectoral coordinating body for ALE for promoting personal health and well-being?	Yes
[Name of coordinating body:]	الهيئة العامة لتعليم الكبار
[Briefly describe its mandate and activities:]	الجهاز التنفيذي لمحو الأمية و التنسيق بين الوزارات و الهيئات لمحو الأمية و تعليم الكبار
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a positive impact on the following issues? [Participation in social, civic and political activities]	Yes
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a positive impact on the following issues? [Social trust]	Yes
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a positive impact on the following issues? [Social integration/inclusion]	Yes
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a positive impact on the following issues? [Diversity tolerance]	Not selected
8.1.1. Give sources for checked options.	بعض البحوث في تعليم الكبار

8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Non-economic outcomes and benefits for individuals (such as personal development, quality of life, well-being and social and cultural participation)]	to a large extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Non-economic outcomes and benefits for collective and civil society (such as positive and trustful social relations, active and sustainable communities, and social integration)]	to a large extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions important for ALE policy in your country? [Economic returns for individuals, communities and society (such as employability, innovation capacity, financial autonomy, living standards, skills levels improvement and structural labour market evolution)]	to a small extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Multilingualism and cultural diversity]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Increased access to education, literature. the arts and cultural heritage]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Environmental sustainability in local communities]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Active citizenship and political and community participation]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Community solidarity and social justice]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Democratic values and peaceful coexistence]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills programmes contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country [Other]	
8.3.1. Please specify 8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country? [Multilingualism and cultural diversity]	توجد مواد تعليمية للمتحررين حديثًا من الأمية

8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following	
cultural and social resources in your country? [Increased access to education, literature, the	
arts and cultural heritagel 8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in	
general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country?	
[Environmental sustainability in local	
communities1 8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in	
general contribute to strengthening the following cultural and social resources in your country?	
[Active citizenship and political and community participation]	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following	
cultural and social resources in your country?	
[Community solidarity and social justice]	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following	
cultural and social resources in your country? [Democratic values and peaceful co-existence]	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in	
general contribute to strengthening the following	
cultural and social resources in your country? [None of these – adult learning and education	
programmes mostly have other purposes]	
8.4. To what extent do ALE programmes in general contribute to strengthening the following	
cultural and social resources in your country? [Other]	
8.5. How far does the statement below reflect the	
policy approach in your country? Youth and adult literacy and basic skills programmes are not	
directed towards social and cultural development - they teach people to read, write and deal with	
numbers. 8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the development of the following cultural resources?	
[Arts and crafts]	
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources? [Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge	
systems1 8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources? [Spirituality]	
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources? [Ecology and the environment]	
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Sports]	

8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Dance and theatre]	Not coloated
Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE	Not selected
programmes? [Refugees] (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not coloated
, ,	Not selected
[Those with no valid residency documents (sans-	
papiers)] (a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[Residents of rural or remote areas]	Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]	INOU Selected
[Nestidents of institutions (prisons, nespitals, etc./]	
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[Members of cultural, ethnic, linguistic and	TWO CONCOLOU
religious minority groups and indigenous peoples]	
rengious minerty groupe and margeness peoples	
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[Migrants (not refugees) and their families]	
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[People living with chronic illnesses or disabilities]	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Not selected
[Senior citizens (as defined in your country)]	
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Other]	
Groups where ALE programmes have had some	Not selected
success [Refugees]	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Those with no valid residency	
documents (sans-papiers)]	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Residents of rural or remote areas]	
(1)	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Residents of institutions (prisons,	
hospitals, etc.)]	Not a destad
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Members of cultural, ethnic,	
linguistic and religious minority groups and	
indigenous peoples! (b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Migrants (not refugees) and their	Not selected
families	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [People living with chronic illnesses	
or disabilities ]	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Senior citizens (as defined in your	
country)]	
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Other]	
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	Not selected
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Company/organization success (in	
terms of profitability, efficiency, quality of service,	
etc.)]	
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	Not selected
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Innovative capacity]	
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	Not selected
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Adaptability to change]	

9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on the following? [Inclusiveness in respect of disadvantaged groups (e.g. disabled, older workers)]	Not selected
9.1.1. Provide sources for the selected options.	
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Employability (entry into labour market, remaining in employment)]	Both
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)]	Both
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Career prospects]	Both
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Employee salary levels]	
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Job satisfaction, motivation and commitment to work]	Both
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Continuing professional and skills development leading to recognized certification or qualification]	
9.2.1. Provide sources for the selected options.	بحوث مؤتمرات تعليم الكبار بمصر
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Literacy and basic skills]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Literacy and basic skills]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Initial vocational education and training]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Initial vocational education and training] [Scale 2]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Continuing vocational education and training]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Continuing vocational education and training]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Informal workplace learning]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Informal workplace learning]	Modest

9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Company training]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Company training]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Self-directed learning]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Self-directed learning]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Advanced professional education]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity and employment in your country? [Advanced professional education]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Distance education and e-learning]	Modest
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Distance education and e-learning]	Modest
9.4. Since 2009, have there been any major surveys or studies in your country that assess the outcomes or results of ALE programmes for employment and the labour market?	Yes
9.4.1. Give details and provide references and URL links if possible.	مؤتمرات تعليم الكبار بمصر و مجلة افاق جديدة في تعليم الكبار