

Monitoring survey results for Mali

UNESCO Region	Sub-Saharan Africa
1.1. Does your country have an official definition	
of ALE?	Yes
1.1.1. Enter the official definition of ALE here:	La Politique Nationale de l'Education Non Formelle (2007) : l'éducation non formelle est « une forme d'éducation organisée et dispensée aux adultes analphabètes, hommes et femmes, et aux enfants, garçons et filles, non scolarisés ou déscolarisés précoces, en dehors des structures classiques d'enseignement »
1.2. Has the official definition of ALE changed	
since 2009?	No
1.2.1. What were the reasons for this change?	
1.3. Are literacy and basic skills a top priority for	
ALE programmes in your country?	Yes
1.3.1. Describe here the key points of your	
country's policy approach to literacy and basic	l'alphabétisme: les connaissances instrumentales en lecture-
skills.	écriture et calculles compétences: les compétences de vis
	courantes qui embrassent toutes les sphères d'activités de la vie
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [Youth	
education and ALE are are seen part of an	
integrated whole.1 1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	agree
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy	
addresses learning processes and teacher-learner	
relations.1	disagree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE is such a	
diverse sector of provision that it is difficult to	
define precisely.]	
	agree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [Adult learning	
and adult education are the same thing.]	disagree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree	diodgico
or disagree with the following statements? We are	
not asking for your personal views. [ALE and	
continuing vocational education and training are	
not integrated.]	
not intogration.	tend to agree

1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [New technologies have fundamentally changed the scope of our ALE practice.]	
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [Demographic trends (e.g. ageing societies and migration patterns) are making ALE policy much more important than it used to be.]	agree
1.4. Would your country's ALE stakeholders agree or disagree with the following statements? We are not asking for your personal views. [ALE policy	
identifies non-formal and informal learning as important.	agree
1.5. Has your country formulated a CONFINTEA VI action plan following the BFA?	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Adult literacy]	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Policy]	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Governance]	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Financing]	Yes
	Tes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Participation]	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Quality]	Yes
1.5.1. What areas does it cover? [Other]	éducation des jeunes; formatgion qualifiantedes jeunes et des adultes
2.1. Overall, would you say that since 2009 your country	has made significant progress on ALE policy?
2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of	
this regression here.	
2.1.1. Provide the most significant indicator of this progress here.	-Avec la mise en place et la mise en œuvre du PVA la part du budget de l'AEA a augmenté sensiblement; -Adoption de politiques et stratégies éducatives dans le but de mieux relier les parcours formels et non formels - La création de certaines directions nationales pour renforcer l'ENF et aussi la mise en œuvre de plusieurs Cellules et programmes/projet pour l'emploi des jeunes (tous confondus), notamment les jeunes ruraux.
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals	
seeking personal growth and widening of	
knowledge horizonsl 2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Yes
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals	
seeking to update work-relevant knowledge and	
skills1	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Women and	
men in mid-life transitions (e.g. change in	
employment status; personal, health and family	
challenges)]	Not selected

2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Individuals seeking recognition for prior learning (especially non-formally and informally acquired)]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Socially excluded groups (e.g. homeless people, [ex-]prisoners; adults with mental health problems)]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Adults with low-level literacy or basic skills]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Workers in low-skill, low-wage or precarious positions]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Long-term unemployed people] 2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Not selected
are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Adults living with disabilities] 2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	Not selected
are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Residents of rural or sparsely populated areas]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Parents and families]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Lone or single parents]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Senior citizens/retired people (third-age education)]	Not selected
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Young persons not in education, employment or training]	Yes
2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners are especially important in ALE policies in your country? Check up to five groups. [Migrants and refugees from other countries]	Not selected

2.2. Which target groups of (potential) learners	
are especially important in ALE policies in your	
country? Check up to five groups. [Minority ethnic,	
linguistic or religious minorities and indigenous	
peoples	Not selected
2.3. Does your country have a policy framework to	
recognize, validate and accredit non-formal and	
informal learning?	Yes, a policy framework was developed after 2009
2.4. Since 2009, has your country enacted any	
important new policies with respect to ALE?	
	Yes
2.4.1. Provide the name of the policy, the year of	1. Programme Vigoureux d'Alphabétisation, 20092. Programme
adoption and if possible a link to the document.	Décennal de Développement de la Formation Professionnelle
	pour l'Emploi (PRODEFPE), 2010
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[increased stakeholder participation]	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[developed more effective monitoring and	
evaluation systems]	disagree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[introduced better coordination arrangements]	
	tend to agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[become more decentralized]	tend to agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[strengthened capacity-building initiatives]	
	agree
3.1. Which of these statements apply to your	
country? Since 2009, the governance of ALE has	
[strengthened inter-ministerial cooperation]	Handari .
	disagree
3.2. Since 2009, has your government consulted	
stakeholders and civil society about the	
formulation, implementation and evaluation of	Voc
ALE policies?	Yes 1. Pour l'elaboration du document de politique de l'education non
3.2.1. Describe how the government consults on	formelle:- Consultation restreinte pour élaborer le projet de
ALE policy.	document de politique d'AEA;- Consultation élargie pour valider
	ledit document ;- Soumission dudit document aux Autorités
	compétentes pour adoption.2. La relecture de la politique AEA du
	Mali a été faite avec les organisations de la société civile 3. Pour
	la préparation du PRODEC II en cours, des groupes de réflexion
	stratégique sont prévus.
2.2. Has there been any significant	Strategique sont prevus.
3.3. Has there been any significant	
innovation/development in ALE governance in	
your country since 2009 that could be of interest	Yes
to other countries? 3.3.1. Give details here. Provide sources and	Programme de validation des acquis de l'expérience en cours de
	développement
hyperlinks (URLs) if possible.	developpenient
4.1. What percentage of public education	2% - 3.9%
spending currently goes to ALE?	270 3.370

4.2. Between 2009 and 2014, public spending on	
ALE as a proportion of public education spending in my country has	stayed about the same
4.3. Does the government plan to increase or	cajou about ino came
decrease spending on ALE?	Plans to increase
4.4. Has your government introduced any	
significant innovation in ALE financing since 2009	
that could be of interest to other countries?	
	Yes
4.4.1. Give details and provide references where	le financement annuel des activités du Programme Vigoureux d'Alphabétisation est assuré par le budget national.
appropriate and URL link if possible. 5.1. Since 2009 and for the adult population	d'Alphabetisation est assure par le buuget national.
overall, the participation rate (%) in ALE has	Do not know – this information is not available
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	
for the most recent year available [Participation	
rate (%)]	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	
for the most recent year available [Reference year]	
E 1 1 Incort the overall ALE participation rate (0/)	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%) for the most recent year available [Reference age	
group]	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	
for the most recent year available [Definition of	
'participation']	
5.1.1. Insert the overall ALE participation rate (%)	
for the most recent year available [Data source	
with URL] 5.2. What differences are there between women	
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Overall]	
<u></u>	
5.2. What differences are there between women	
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [General education]	Mon participate more
5.2. What differences are there between women	Men participate more
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Technical and Vocational	
education and training (TVET)]	
3 (),	Men participate more
5.2. What differences are there between women	
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Literacy]	Women participate more
5.2. What differences are there between women	,
and men in terms of their participation rates (%)	
in ALE programmes? [Non-formal and informal	
education]	Women participate more
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Migrants	do not know
and refugees from other countries 5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	do not know
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [All those	
seeking recognition for prior learning (especially	
non-formally and informally acquired)]	
	increased

5.3. For each of the following groups, how has ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults	
with low-level literacy and basic skills	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Minority	
ethnic, linguistic and religious minorities and	
indigenous peoples]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Senior	
citizens/the retired (Third Age Education)]	
	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [The long-	de net line
term unemployed]	do not know
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Adults	do not know
living with disability] 5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	do not know
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Young	
persons not in education, employment and	
training]	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed?[Residents	
of rural and remote areas]	
_	increased
5.3. For each of the following groups, how has	
ALE participation since 2009 changed? [Workers	
in low-skill, low-wage and precarious employment]	
	do not know
5.4. Has your government introduced any	
significant innovation in ALE to improve access	
and participation since 2009 that could be of	Yes
interest to other countries? 5.4.1. Give details. Provide sources and URL link	La mise en œuvre d'un dispositif national appele Programme
if possible. Also include references to recent	Vigoureux d'Alphabétisation pour offrir à un plus grand nombre de
surveys or major studies of ALE participation in	maliens et de maliennes des opportunités d'accès aux
	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre
your country published since 2009.	
	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre
	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement
your country published since 2009.	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits.
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates]	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits.
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes?	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits.
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued]	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits.
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes?	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes?	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)]	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes?	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Yes
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Social outcomes in the areas of health and wellbeing, community cohesion] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Not selected
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Social outcomes in the areas of health and wellbeing, community cohesion] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes?	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Not selected
your country published since 2009. 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Completion rates] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Certificates or qualifications issued] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Employment outcomes (or labour market outcomes)] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect information about the following ALE outcomes? [Social outcomes in the areas of health and wellbeing, community cohesion] 6.1. Does your country systematically collect	programmes d'éducation non formelle en vue de leur permettre de lutter efficacement contre la pauvreté et d'exercer pleinement leurs droits. Yes Not selected

C.4. Dana and the same time time time to the same time time time time time time time ti	
6.1. Does your country systematically collect	
information about the following ALE outcomes?	
[Other]	
6.2. Are there initial, pre-service education and	
training programmes for ALE teachers/facilitators	
in your country?	Yes
6.3. Are initial, pre-service qualifications a	
requirement to teach in ALE programmes?	Yes, in all cases
6.4. Are there continuing, in-service education	
and training programmes for adult education	
teachers/facilitators in your country?	Yes, but inadequate capacity
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Learning outcomes of ALE]	Yes
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Quality criteria for teaching and learning, e.g.	
curricula and methods]	Yes
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Diversity of providers]	Yes
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Impact of new technologies on ALE]	Not selected
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	110t Sciedted
analyses of the following issues in your country?	Yes
[Equity issues in ALE]	153
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	
[Barriers to ALE participation and provision]	Net coloated
C. F. Circa 0000 km at the state of the stat	Not selected
6.5. Since 2009, have there been any substantial	
analyses of the following issues in your country?	Not coloated
[Other issues]	Not selected 1. CPS Education (Cellula de Planification et de Statistiques de
6.5.1. Give references and URL link(s).	1. CPS Education (Cellule de Planification et de Statistiques de
	l'Education): Revues Education et RESEN (Rapports sur l'Etat du
	Système Educatif National2. Rapports d'évaluation des
	différentes phases du PISE (Programme d'Investissement
	Sectoriel de l'Education)3.Rapports bilans programmations au
	CNR-ENF et rapports de suivi
6.6. Has your government introduced any	
significant innovation regarding the quality of ALE	
since 2009 that could be of interest to other	
countries?	Yes
6.6.1. Give details and provide sources and URL	la rénovation des curricula de toutes les composantes de
links if possible.	l'éducation non formelle par l'introduction des compétences de
	vie courante (CVC)
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Health and well-being]	a lot
Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Society and community]	
practitioners: 1000icty and confinitinity)	

Since 2009, how much has the knowledge base	
on the benefits of ALE for the following areas	
improved for policymakers, researchers and	
practitioners? [Employment and labour market	
outcomesl	a lot
7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's	
ALE policy and practice [Recognizes the	
contribution ALE can make to personal health and	
well-being]	5 = a great deal
7.1. Indicate the extent to which your country's	
ALE policy and practice [Follows the World Health	
Organization's holistic approach, including mental	
as well as physical health]	5 = a great deal
7.1.1. Explain your response here.	Par les contenus de programmes dispensés dans les centres, l'AE
	peut contribuer à lutter contre les maladies, à maintenir
	constamment l'environnement dans un état sain.
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on:	
[Competencies needed for health, including	
knowledge, attitudes, skills and values needed for	
prevention, accessing treatment, etc.]	
	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Self-	
reported health]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Maternal	
health]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Mental	
health and well-being (such as self-efficacy)]	
	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on:	
[Preventing, but also living with, HIV/AIDS and its	
social consequences	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Prevention	
and control of other infectious diseases, including	
epidemics (such as SARS, cholera, hepatitis)]	Notice de la constant
	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Sexual and	Net calcuted
reproductive health]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on:	
[Preventing, but also living with, chronic illnesses	
(such as diabetes, heart disease, Alzheimer's)]	Not coloated
7.0. Do you have cridenes to show that is we	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Healthy	
lifestyles (such as diet, exercise, stress reduction)]	Not selected
7.0. Do you have evidence to show that in us	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on: [Making	
the local environment more healthy (e.g. through	Not selected
community action)]	INOL SCIEULEU

7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [None of the above, but there is evidence that ALE has a positive impact on other aspects of health]	Not selected
7.2. Do you have evidence to show that in your country, ALE has a positive impact on: [No evidence at all for any aspect] 7.2.1. Please provide your sources.	Yes
7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	
[Illiteracy] 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	4 = very important
[Household income inequalities] 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	1 = not important
following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Poor quality of pedagogy, training materials, staff	
training and capacityl 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	4 = very important
following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Lack of access to information on ALE	
programmes 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	1 = not important
following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Poor interdepartmental or inter-sectoral	
collaboration 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the	do not know
following are as factors influencing the effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being:	4imaantant
[Community resistance] 7.3. For your country, indicate how important the following are as factors influencing the	4 = very important
effectiveness of ALE for health and well-being: [Inadequate or misdirected funding]	4 = very important
7.4. How far do different stakeholders (public education agencies, public health agencies, NGOs, private providers, etc.) collaborate in the	
design and delivery of ALE programmes in your country? 7.5. Does your country have an interdepartmental	Not much, but to an increasing extent
or cross-sectoral coordinating body for ALE for promoting personal health and well-being?	No
[Name of coordinating body:]	
[Briefly describe its mandate and activities:]	
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a positive impact on the following issues?	
[Participation in social, civic and political activities	Yes
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a	
positive impact on the following issues? [Social trust]	Not selected

8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a	
positive impact on the following issues? [Social	
integration/inclusion]	Yes
8.1. Do you have evidence to show that ALE has a	
positive impact on the following issues? [Diversity	W
tolerance]	Yes 1. Les programmes d'ALA donnent aux participants des
8.1.1. Give sources for checked options.	connaissances et compétences leur permettant de participer à la
	transformation de leurs localités, au développement de leur . Ils
	assurent l'autonomisation des filles, contribuent à l'unité et à la
	cohésion nationale. 2.Célébration de la journée internationale de
	l'alphabétisation (le 08 septembre)
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions	auphasetisation (ie oo septembre)
important for ALE policy in your country? [Non-	
economic outcomes and benefits for individuals	
(such as personal development, quality of life,	
well-being and social and cultural participation)]	
weir-being and social and cultural participation)	to a large extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions	
important for ALE policy in your country? [Non-	
economic outcomes and benefits for collective	
and civil society (such as positive and trustful	
social relations, active and sustainable	
communities, and social integration)]	
	to a large extent
8.2. To what extent are the following dimensions	
important for ALE policy in your country?	
[Economic returns for individuals, communities	
and society (such as employability, innovation	
capacity, financial autonomy, living standards,	
skills levels improvement and structural labour	
market evolution)]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills	to a large extent
programmes contribute to strengthening the	
following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Multilingualism and cultural diversity]	
country: [martiningualism and cartain arronalty]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills	
programmes contribute to strengthening the	
following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Increased access to education,	
literature. the arts and cultural heritagel	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills	
programmes contribute to strengthening the	
following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Environmental sustainability in local	to a large extent
communities1 8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills	to a large extent
programmes contribute to strengthening the	
following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Active citizenship and political and	
country? [Active citizenship and political and community participation]	to a large extent
8.3. To what extent do literacy and basic skills	
programmes contribute to strengthening the	
following cultural and social resources in your	
country? [Community solidarity and social justice]	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	to a small extent

to a laure autout
to a large extent
le médium d'enseignement au Mali dans les centres d'éducation
non formelle est la langue nationale dont le rôle est
incontournable dans la conservation de l'identité culturelle et
même dans l'exercice de la démocratie.
not at all
leriir

8.5. How far does the statement below reflect the	
policy approach in your country? Youth and adult	
literacy and basic skills programmes are not	
directed towards social and cultural development	
- they teach people to read, write and deal with	
numbers.	not at all
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Arts and crafts]	a lot
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
· -	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Cultural rituals and traditional knowledge	somewhat
systems]	Somewhat
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	not at all
[Spirituality]	not at all
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Ecology and the environment]	a lot
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Sports]	a lot
8.6. To what extent do your country's ALE	
programmes include provisions for the	
development of the following cultural resources?	
[Dance and theatre]	not at all
Groups that are the hardest to reach with ALE	
programmes? [Refugees]	Yes
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Those with no valid residency documents (sans-	
papiers)]	Yes
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Residents of rural or remote areas]	Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Residents of institutions (prisons, hospitals, etc.)]	
[Nesidente of institutions (prisons, nospitals, etc.)]	Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Members of cultural, ethnic, linguistic and	
religious minority groups and indigenous peoples]	Not selected
(a) the bounded to we all with ALE	INUL SCIEULEU
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	Voc
[Migrants (not refugees) and their families]	Yes
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[People living with chronic illnesses or disabilities]	Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Senior citizens (as defined in your country)]	Not selected
(a) the hardest to reach with ALE programmes	
[Other] Groups where ALE programmes have had some	
Groups where ALE programmes have had some success [Refugees]	Not selected

(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Those with no valid residency	
documents (sans-papiers)]	Not selected
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Residents of rural or remote areas]	Yes
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	163
some success [Residents of institutions (prisons,	
hospitals, etc.)]	Not selected
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Members of cultural, ethnic,	
linguistic and religious minority groups and	
indigenous peoples]	Yes
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Migrants (not refugees) and their	
families]	Not selected
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [People living with chronic illnesses	Net colored
or disabilities]	Not selected
(b) groups where ALE programmes have had	
some success [Senior citizens (as defined in your	Not selected
country)] (b) groups where ALE programmes have had	Not selected
some success [Other]	
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Company/organization success (in	
terms of profitability, efficiency, quality of service,	
etc.)]	Yes
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Innovative capacity]	Not selected
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Adaptability to change]	Not selected
9.1. Do you have evidence to show that in your	
country, ALE has a positive impact on the	
following? [Inclusiveness in respect of	
disadvantaged groups (e.g. disabled, older	Yes
workers)] 9.1.1. Provide sources for the selected options.	- la compagnie Malienne de Développement des Textiles (CMDT,-
5.1.1. Floride Sources for the Selected Options.	l'Union Malienne des Aveugles (UMAV)
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE	
on the following individual issues? [Employability	
(entry into labour market, remaining in	
employment)]	Both
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE	
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Performance	
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)]	Both
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE	Both
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Career	Both
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Career prospects]	Both
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Career prospects] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE	Both
on the following individual issues? [Performance in current job (individual productivity, quality of work, achievement)] 9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Career prospects]	Both

9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE	
on the following individual issues? [Job	
satisfaction, motivation and commitment to work]	
9.2. Do you have evidence for the impact of ALE on the following individual issues? [Continuing professional and skills development leading to recognized certification or qualification]	Men
9.2.1. Provide sources for the selected options.	l'existence de structures telles que l'Office de la Haute Vallée du Niger(OHVN), l'OFFICE DU NIGER, la Compagnie Malienne de Développement des Textiles (CMDT), la Direction Nationale de la Formation Professionnelle (DNFP)-la Création du ministère de l'emploi, de la formation professionnelle et de l'éducation citoyenne ;-la mise en œuvre du Programme Décennal de la Formation Professionnelle et de l'Emploi(PRODEFPE);-la création
	du centre du secteur privé
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Literacy and basic skills]	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Literacy and basic skills]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Initial vocational	Modest
education and training 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	Wildest .
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Initial vocational education and training] [Scale 2]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Continuing	
vocational education and training	Strong
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on employment in your country? [Continuing	
vocational education and training 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Informal	
workplace learning]	
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Informal	
workplace learning]	Do not know
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive	
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision	
on productivity in your country? [Company training]	

9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Company training] 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Self-directed learning] 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Self-directed
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Self-directed learning] 9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Self-directed
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on employment in your country? [Self-directed
learning Do not know
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision on productivity in your country? [Advanced professional education]
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision
on productivity and employment in your country?
[Advanced professional education] Do not know
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision
on productivity in your country? [Distance
education and e-learning]
9.3. How strongly do ALE policymakers perceive
the effects of the following kinds of ALE provision
on employment in your country? [Distance
education and e-learning Do not know
9.4. Since 2009, have there been any major
surveys or studies in your country that assess the
outcomes or results of ALE programmes for
employment and the labour market? 9.4.1. Give details and provide references and
9.4.1. Give details and provide references and URL links if possible. L'Agence Nationale Pour l'Emploi(ANPE), La Direction Nationale de l'Emploi(DNE)La Recherche Action pour la Mesure des Apprentissages en Alphabétisation (RAMAA): www.unesco.org/uil