

UNESCO OFFICE DAKAR







Regional Expert Meeting for the Follow-up of CONFINTEA VI in Africa: Increasing the participation of youth and adults in learning and education Praia, Cape Verde, 5 – 8 November 2012

Matrix comprising action points (for the region)

| Action points | How? Who? | By when |
|---|--|---------|
| Policy | | |
| Advocate for a holistic approach to youth and adult education at the regional, sub-regional and national level. | Identify, build capacities and involve relevant stakeholders, especially youth, in the policy process to enable them to participate actively and meaningfully. Produce guidelines for the development of holistic policies and encourage evidence-based policy development and programme implementation. (UIL) Provide training in holistic policy development (and holistic policy implementation). (ADEA) Document and disseminate good practice in holistic policy development. Use the post-CONFINTEA VI reporting templates as an annual checklist and a tool to build capacities on and practice the development of holistic policies, involvement of stakeholders, quality assurance and monitoring. Develop and use instruments to monitor progress in holistic, multi-sectoral, multi-ministry, all stakeholder participation youth and adult education policy and provision. Develop policy briefs for the Conference of Ministers of Education. | 2013 |

| Deve | lop Youth and Adult | |
|------|---------------------|--|
| Educ | ation Policy. | |
| | | |

| Governance | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Advocate for effective interministerial, multi-sectoral cooperation and coordination in youth and adult education. Support networking, partnership and the involvement of youth. | Hold annual review/consultation meetings to share experiences and promote accountability and transparency (and to hold governments accountable to commitments made (e.g. Presidents at the Trienniale). Involve in the coordination process the Forum of African Parliamentarians in Education (FAPED), national and regional parliamentarians and regional economic communities. Develop a framework for capacity building on working with different partners to scale up. Exchange governance best practice accounts. | | | |
| Advocate for the establishment or strengthening of relevant, well-staffed and well-resourced agencies specialized in youth and adult education. | Identify, prioritize and build capacities of different stakeholders to enable them to contribute to governance. | | | |
| | Use existing monitoring and evaluation tools such as the Community Score Cards and budget monitoring processes for greater community engagement. | | | |

| Participation, Equity and Quality | | | | |
|--|---|------|--|--|
| Map situation of vulnerable youth and assess their needs. Conduct needs assessments to ensure the development of contextually and culturally relevant and useful programmes. | National services and BREDA. | 2013 | | |
| Develop alternative programmes for marginalized and disadvantaged groups. Improve training delivery systems to better meet the needs of vulnerable youth. | Identify effective models of implementation and develop strategies to scale them up. Advocate for eliminating disparities and exchange accounts of good practice. Conduct audits of existing organisations and work that has been done. Establish a strategy for setting up and improving teacher training for youth and programmes. | | | |
| Revise curricula to better fit with the specific needs of marginalized groups, esp. youth, and train curriculum designers to do so. | Train all stakeholders on gender mainstreaming. | 2013 | | |
| Develop knowledge management systems for the collection, analysis and dissemination of both qualitative and quantitative data and good practice reports to inform policy development and practice. | | | | |