

Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long - Hanoi, Vietnam Cultural site inscribed in 2010

The Thang Long Imperial Citadel was built in the 11th century by the Ly Viet Dynasty, marking the independence of the Dai Viet. It was constructed on the remains of a Chinese fortress dating from the 7th century and was the centre of regional political power for almost 13 centuries without interruption. The Imperial Citadel buildings and the remains in the 18 Hoang Dieu Archaeological Site reflect a unique South-East Asian culture specific to the lower Red River Valley, at the crossroads between influences coming from China in the north and the ancient Kingdom of Champa in the south.



© CCIVS/VPV Cultural site inscribed in 2010

<u>Project objectives:</u> Taking into account the inscription of the site on the WH List in 2010, the WHV-Hanoi project will encourage local preservation actions thanks to the involvement of international volunteers.

<u>Project activities:</u>. After an orientation seminar with site tour, the volunteers will lead awareness-raising workshops at local schools and colleges reported in a local student magazine.

<u>Partners:</u> Several institutions such as the UNESCO National Commission for Viet Nam and the Management Board for the Central Sector of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long will contribute to the implementation of the project.

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