Examples of education/curriculum innovations

Type of initiative	Rationale for being considered	Where
	« good practice »	
Local curriculum (developing new curricula/curriculum innovations)	 Local specificities are taken into account (20% of the curriculum) Implication of the community in the development of competencies Integration of local knowledge, skills and attitudes (Mali and Burkina Faso: the sinangounya and the djatiguiya; Burundi: the 	Mozambique, Mali
	Ubushingantahe)	
School projects	Problem solvingEnhanced learning	Congo, Niger, Angola, Senegal
(involving schools)	 Integrated learning 	A 1 D 1: D
Bilingual/trilingual education (policy and implementation)	 Integration of local languages and cultures Enhanced learning Participation of parents in monitoring their children's learning 	Angola, Burkina Faso, Senegal, Mali, Mozambique, Niger
Learning communities (curriculum development and implementation)	 School-community partnerships to manage schools/centres of non- formal education Enhanced participation of girls in schooling 	All countries
School committees (COGES) (curriculum development and implementation) Non-formal education centres /education communautaire de	 School-community partnerships to manage schools/centres of nonformal education Enhanced participation of girls in schooling Good school governance Schooling of out-ofschool children and dropouts 	Niger, Senegal, Mali, Congo, Burundi Burkina Faso, Senegal, Mali, Congo
base (ECB)	Pre-vocational training	

	 Passages to formal 	
(basic principles and	education	
concepts)	caacation	
School cafeteria	 Retention of students 	All countries
Sensor careteria	Improved health, hygiene	
(Implementation)	and nutrition	
(Imprementation)	Enhanced quality of	Congo, Burkina Faso,
Textbooks and school	learning	Niger, Angola
furniture free of charge	Improved school	1 (igoi, i ingoia
	attendance	
(policy and	 Participation of parents in 	
implementation)	school life	
Special projects i.e.	 Improved education in 	Angola
Transfer of the state of the st	rural areas	8
"Ecole des maîtres du	Retention of teachers in	
future"	rural areas	
	 Links between formal and 	
(vision and teacher	non formal education in	
preparation)	the way teachers are	
	being trained	
	C	
« Arbre-ami/l'école	Environment prevention	Congo, Angola, Senegal,
agit pour le	and preservation	Mozambique
développement		
durable »	Sensitizing and	
	mobilizing schools and	
(thematic approaches)	commnities	
	 Teachers are being kept 	All countries
School and Radio and	up-to-date	
education jurnals	 Improved participation of 	
	the community	
(implementation)	 Dissemination of the 	
	curriculum and good	
Education alsols	practices	Conso Angola
Education clubs	 Development of life- 	Congo, Angola,
(advantion for family	relevant competencies	Mozambique, Senegal,
(education for family		Burundi, Rwanda, Mali, Burkina Faso
life; HIV/AIDS;		Durkina Faso
sexual reproduction; citizenship; peace;		
environment)		
environniciit)		
Extracurricular		
activities		
Alternative rural	Improving access of	Niger
1 IIICIIIuu vo Iuiui	improving access of	111501

schools	students to schools in rural nomad areas	
Integration of gender issues (conceptual framework for thematic approaches)	 Sensitizing teachers and students Textbooks analysis Teacher education and training 	Senegal, Burundi, Congo, Mali, Burkina Faso
Permanent centres for adult literacy CAF/CAFÉ, C.N.R.E. (vision and implementation)	Life long learningAdult education	Burkina Faso, Mali, Senegal, Burundi
Satellite schools (basic concepts and principles)	 School-community- environment links Usage d local languages Improving access to schools 	Burkina Faso
Training programmes for teachers on cross curricular issues (Thematic approaches and implementation)		Kenya (Kenya Adult Education; School of education), Mauritius (MCA), Namibia (College of Open Learning)