
A Glance of National Assessment of Education Quality in China

Tao Xin



Deputy Director, Professor
National Assessment Center of Education Quality, MOE
Beijing Normal University

2017.5

CONTENTS

1 Policy Priorities of Education

2 Key Decisions: Establishment of NAEQ

3 National Strategy for Data Production

4 International Linking Trial

5 Key Challenges

01

**POLICY PRIORITIES OF
EDUCATION IN NEW STAGE**

The Status of Chinese Compulsory Education

Access to schools for all

- After 40 years of development, China has achieved the goal of the **9 year compulsory education**

High quality education for all

- Currently, the **quality and equity** of basic education has become major concerns of the society

The Status of Chinese Compulsory Education

Public Expectation

toward basic education system in China :



Education
Quality



Students'
Holistic
Development

02

**KEY DECISIONS:
ESTABLISHMENT OF NAEQ**

Policy Decisions

Series of government' s supreme documents emphasized the importance of developing the education assessment system

- “To enact the national standard of education quality”
- “To integrate sources for refining the monitoring and evaluation system”
- “To release the monitoring and evaluation reports regularly”
—— *2010-2020 Chinese Education Long-term Plan (2010)*
- “To enhance the national education supervision, entrusting social organizations to conduct educational assessment”
- “To push forward the separation of Management, Implementation and Evaluation
—— *The Third Plenary Session of the 18th Central Committee of the Communist Party Decision (2013)*
- “To revise and improve the education supervision, to enhance the social supervision”
—— *The Fifth Plenary Session of the 18th CPC Central Committee (2015)*
- “To implement supervision and assessment for all levels of education by the law”
- “To revise and improve the system of education supervision”
—— *Comments on Pushing Forward the Separation of Management, and Evaluation (2015)*

National Assessment Center of Education Quality (NAEQ)

Missions

- To construct standards for monitoring the quality of basic education
- To research and develop tools for monitoring the quality of basic education
- To implement the work of monitoring the quality of basic education nationwide upon the authorization of the Ministry of Education
- To support and guide work for the local governments on basic education monitoring

Exploration: Pilot Assessments

8 years (2007-2014)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assessment Contents		Math, Mental Well-being, Contextual Information	Math, Mental Well-being, Contextual Information	Chinese, Science, Contextual Information	Chinese, Science, Contextual Information	English, Physical Education, Contextual Information	Math, Science, Mental Well-being, Contextual Information	Chinese, Mental Well-being, Contextual Information	Math, Physical Education, Contextual Information
Sample Type and Size	Counties	15	50	30	79	104	271	117	106
	Schools	295	900	450	1,398	1,675	4,913	1,939	2,059
	Principals	295	900	450	1,398	1,675	4,868	1,939	1,911
	Teachers	295	5,961	3,711	8,575	5,899	48,642	20,348	18,500
	Students	14,009	34,910	18,900	56,760	64,265	190,104	82,304	64,288

Establishment of Assessment System

April 15th 2015

National Compulsory Education Quality Assessment System



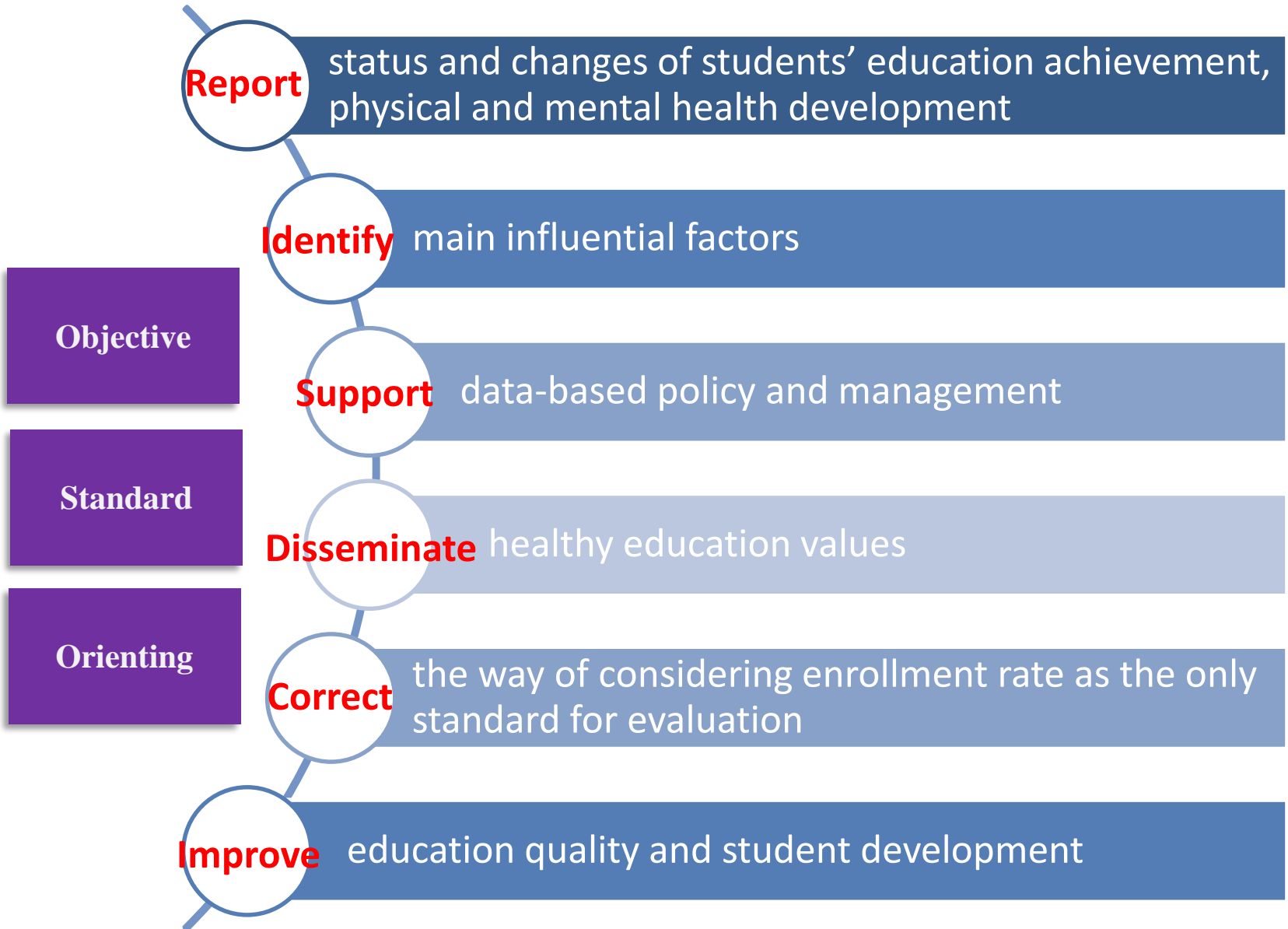
		2015	2016
Assessment Contents		Math, Physical Education, Contextual Information	Chinese, Arts, Contextual Information
	Sample Type and Size		
	Counties	323	325
	Schools	6476	6527
	Principals	6476	6527
	Teachers	65 thousands	70 thousands
	Students	191 thousands	192 thousands

The 2017 National Assessment was successfully conducted on May 25th

03

NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR DATA PRODUCTION

Assessment Purpose & Principle



Assessment Subject & Content & Tools

Grade 4 & 8 Students

- **Avoid the impact of test-oriented education**
- **Critical development period**
- **International experiences (e.g. NAEP, TIMSS)**

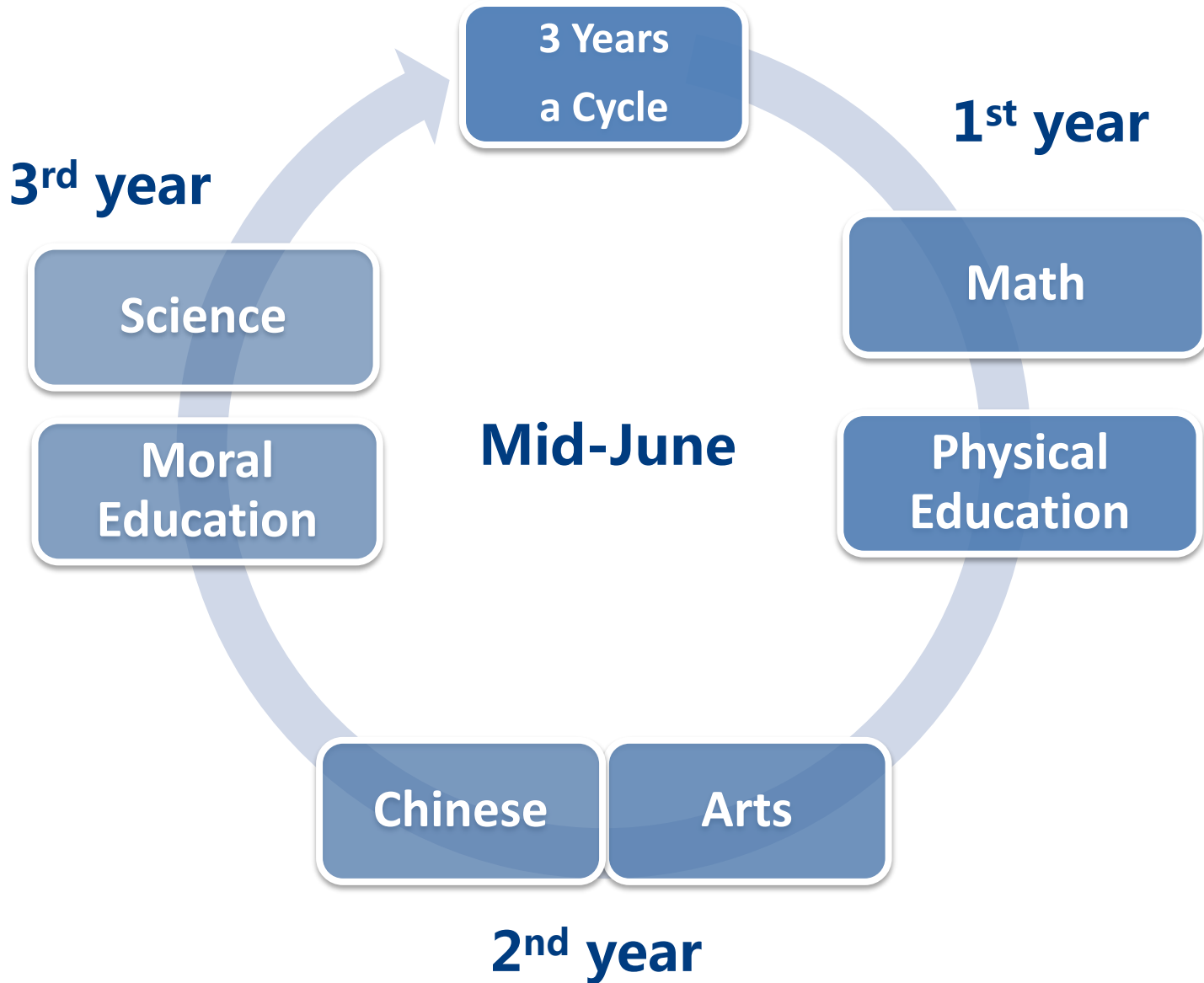
Content

- **6 subjects: Math, Chinese, Science, P.E., Arts, Moral Education**
- **3 aspects:**
 - **—knowledge & skills mastery**
 - **—problem- solving ability**
 - **—contextual information**

Assessment Tools

- **Paper-and-pencil assessment**
- **Performance assessment**

Assessment Cycles & Schedule



Assessment Framework—Mathematics

Mathematics Assessment Framework

Academic
performance

Emotions
Attitudes

Contextual information

Operation

Space

Data analysis

Reasoning

Solving

Interest

Confidence

Class
hours per
week

Homewor
k hours

Teachers'
education
background

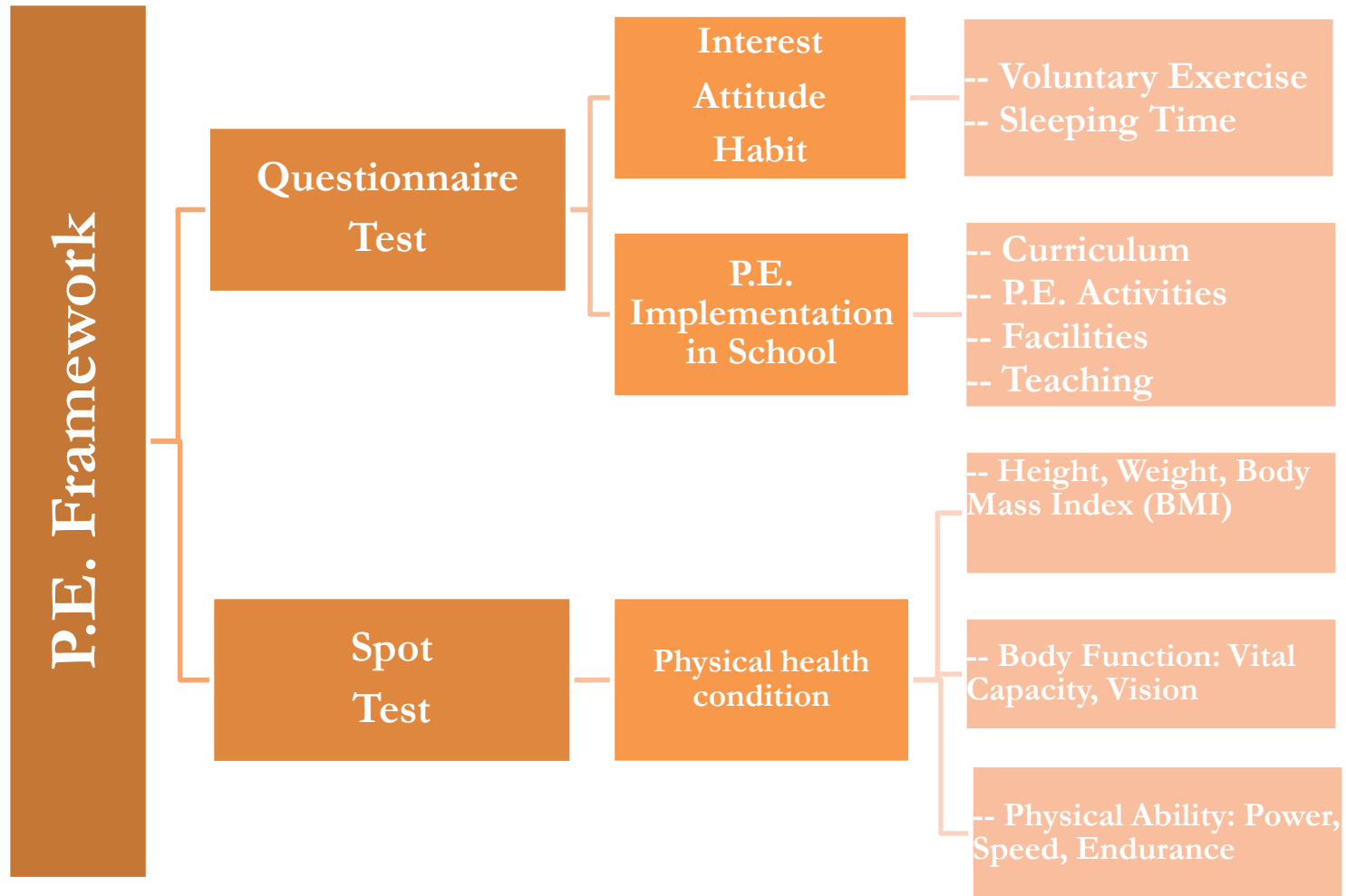
Age

Teaching
behaviors

Media
equipment

Internet
usage

Assessment Framework—P.E.



Assessment Framework—Arts

Music

Visual arts

Knowing & Understanding

Knowledge and understanding of music & visual arts elements and terms;
Knowledge of the personal, historical and cultural characteristics of Chinese and foreign classic works.

Appreciation & Evaluation

Identifying and evaluating the genres, forms, themes, styles, emotion of music and visual art works.

Performance & Creation

Singing & Creating the simple melody or rhyme.

Drawing and reflecting upon their own artworks

Interests & Involvement in arts activities

Item Examples

- **Example 1 (Science):** After a rainstorm, hydrops around tree roots (as shown in the picture), then, the hydrops will lead to the decrease of ()

- A. photosynthesis
- B. transpiration
- C. transportation capacity of the mineral salt
- D. respiration of roots**



Item Type	Content Dimension	Cognitive Dimension			Science Inquiry Dimension			AS
		KNO	UND	APP	QUE	EVI	EXP	
Multi-choice item	Life science/ Biological metabolism		√					D

● Example 2 (Science): an item in science test (NAEQ 2009)

A researcher brought a “10A 250V” socket from the supermarket, and did the following experiment:

1. Plugged a microphone into the socket and turn the microphone on;
2. Used digital thermometer to measure the plug wire’s temperature;
3. Record the data every 40 seconds;
4. Repeat the experiment with electric cup, induction cooker and electric kettle



The data is shown below. According to the records, what result you will conduct? and why?

Temperature Time(s)	Microphone (60W)	Electric Cup (400W)	Induction Cooker (1000W)	Electric Kettle (1500W)
0	23.92	23.71	23.69	23.49
40	23.95	24.02	26.84	28.92
80	23.97	24.48	32.34	39.12
120	23.99	24.93	37.79	50.05

Content Dimension	Cognitive Dimension			Science Inquiry Dimension			AS
	KNO	UND	APP	QUE	EVI	EXP	
Physical science/ Energy			√			√	see rating description

- **Example 3 (Music):** Please creating last two sections of the following melody, and making it complete and fluency

1=C $\frac{2}{4}$

中速

5 i i | 5 3 | 1 2 3 4 | 5 - |

5 5 i i | 5 5 3 | () ||

- **Test point:** Creation—creating the melody
- **Grade:** Four

- **Example 4 (Visual Arts):** Observe following two paintings, use your visual arts knowledge to describe their differences



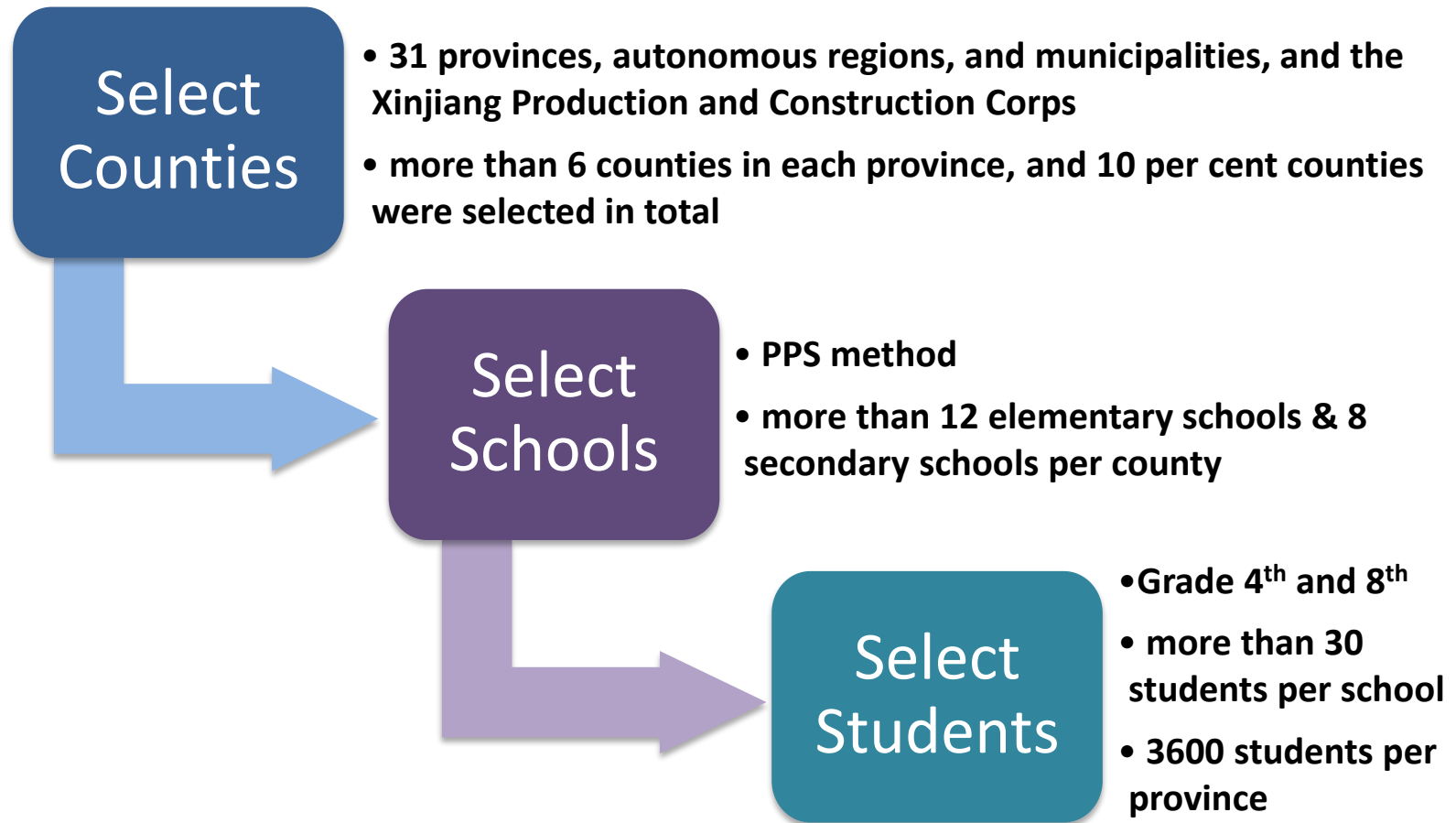
《Five Horses》 (Part)
Song destiny, Li Gonglin



《Bonaparte Franchissant Le Grand-saint-bernard》
France, 1800-1801, Jacques-louis David

- **Test point:** Appreciation & Evaluation – describing and evaluating the features of Chinese and foreign works
- **Grade:** Eight

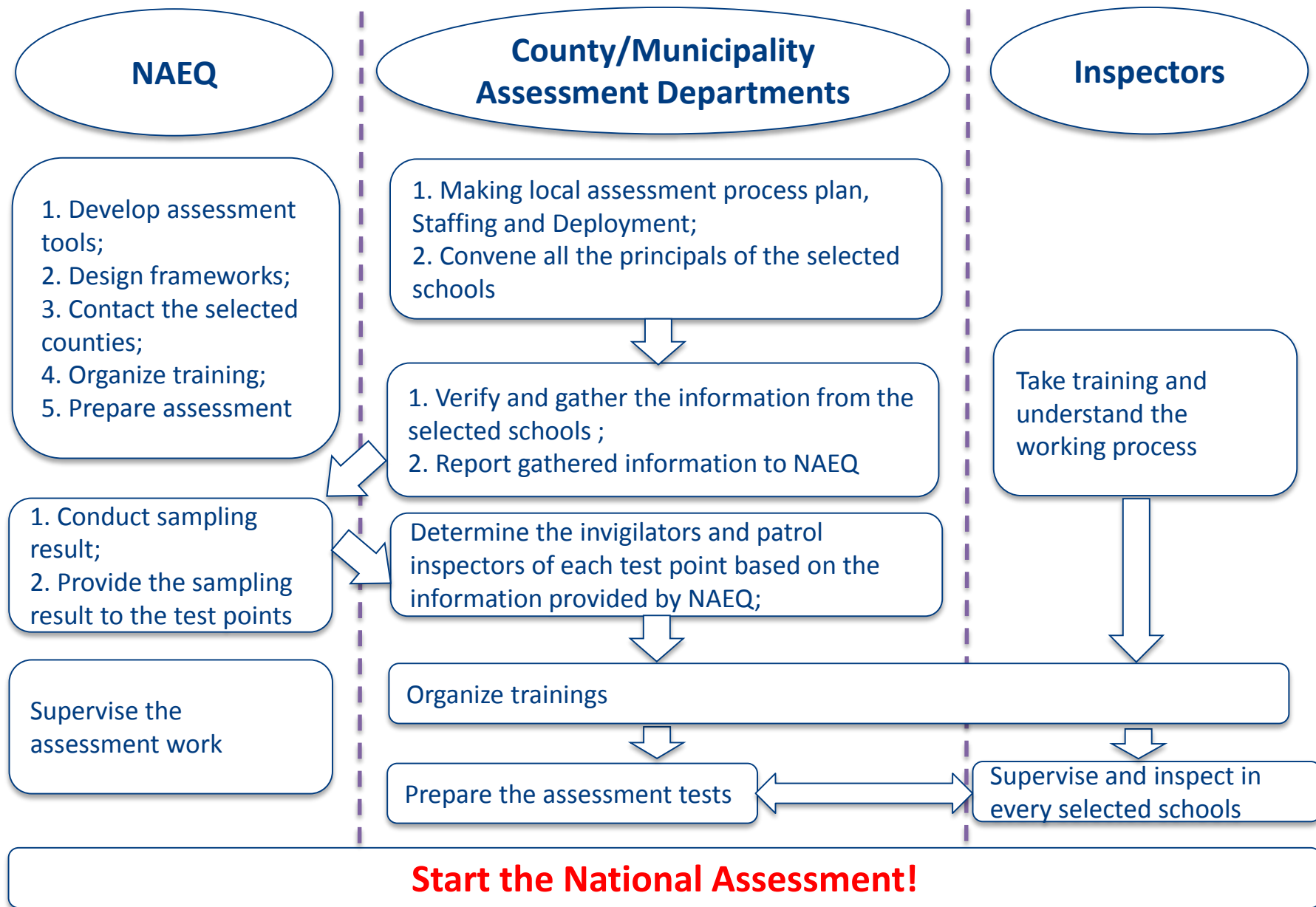
Sampling Design



Sampling bias < 1% to represent the whole country

Sampling bias < 4% to represent almost all provinces

Implementing Procedure



Setting the Performance Standards

- **Two methods were considered:**

- Angoff method
- Bookmark method

Level IV

• Advanced

Level III

• Proficiency

Level II

• Basic

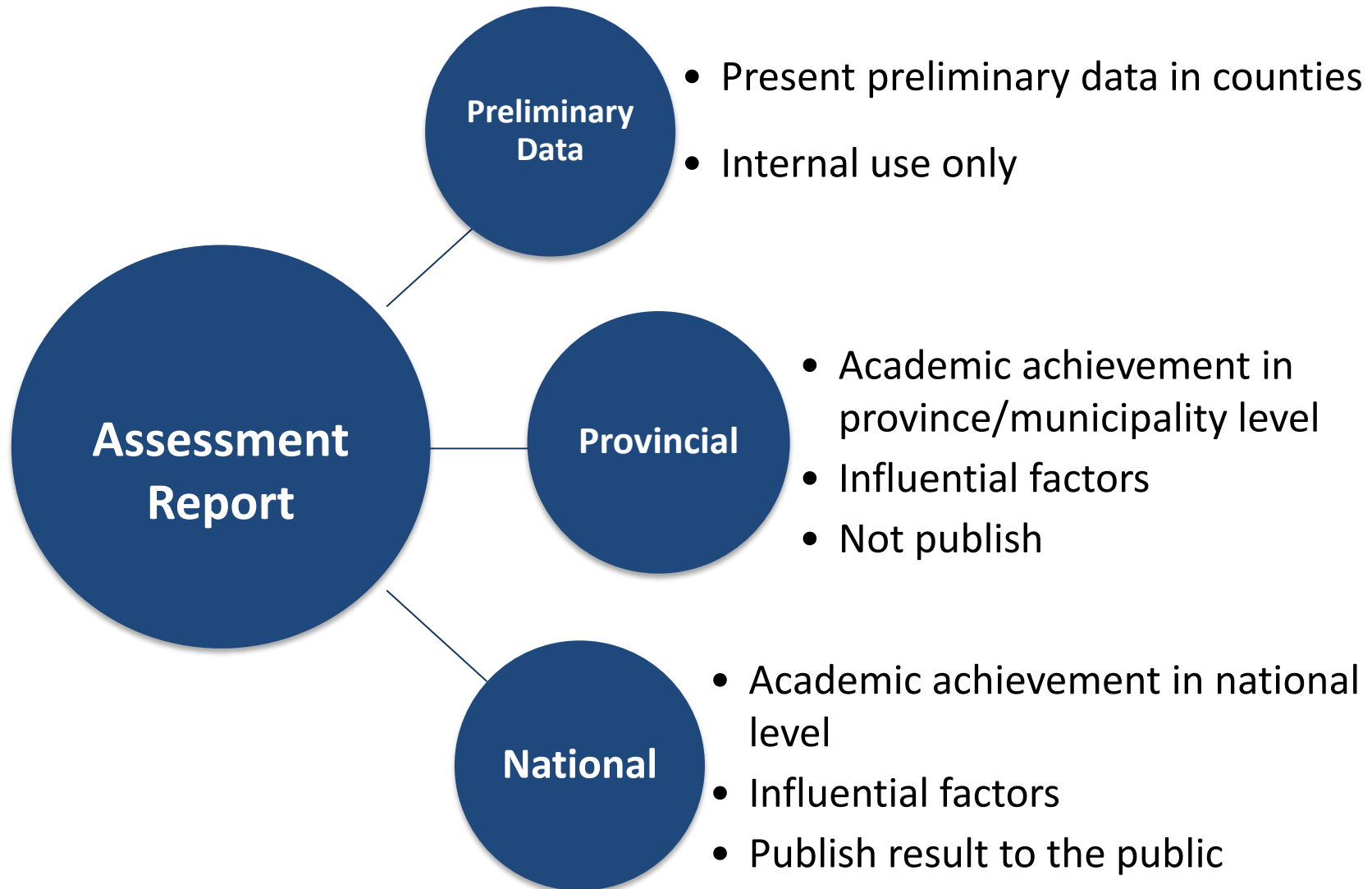
Level I

• Below Basic

- **Process**

- Judgment panel including 15 persons with diverse backgrounds
- Three-day meeting within each panel
- Three stages were conducted for the whole process

Application of Assessment Reports



Some Results for Example

—Differences among Counties

Level IV students in the
best performed county:
78.1%



县13

县24

县46

县18

县11

县23

县20

县22

县27

县49

县19

县32

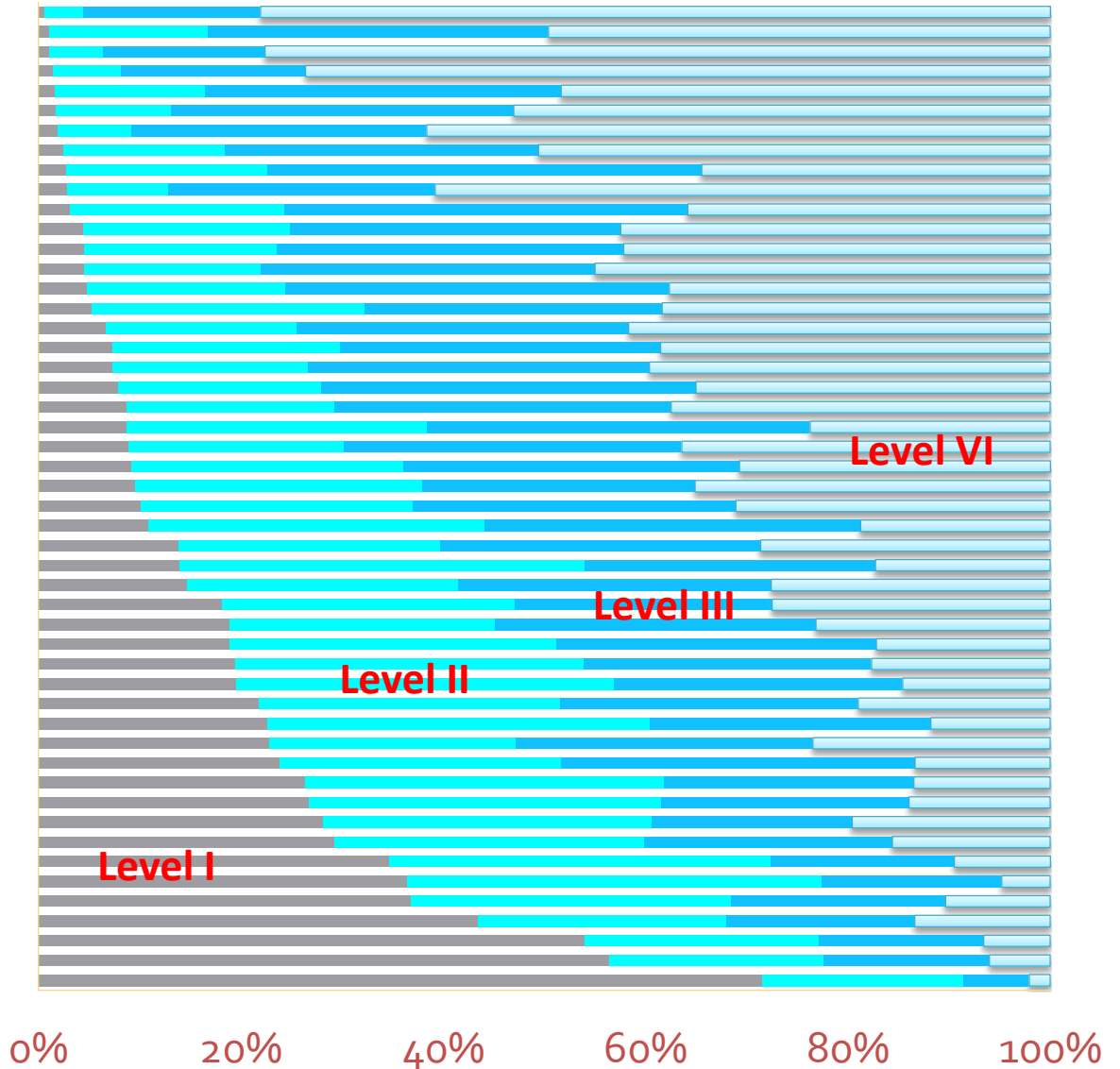
县36

县37

县44

县38

县43



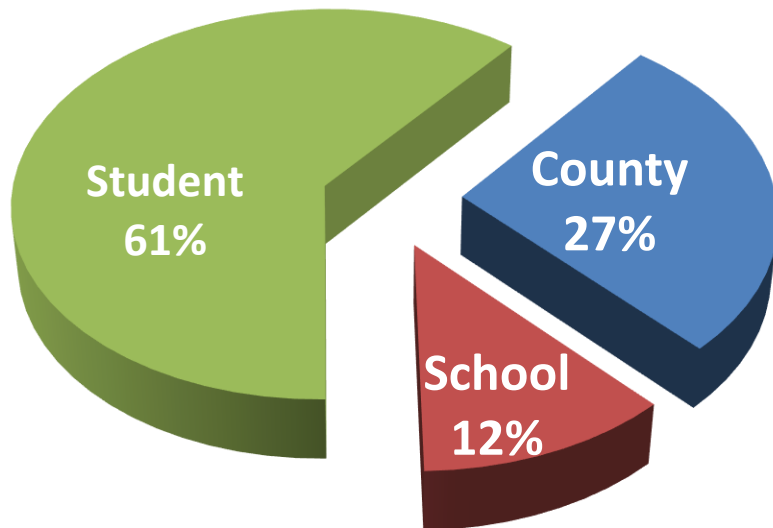
Level IV students in the
poorest performed
county: **2.1%**



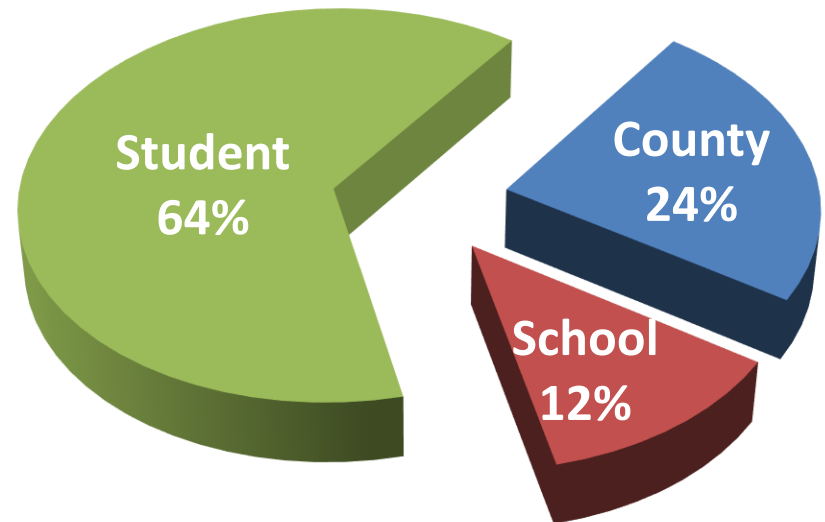
Some Results for Example

—Decomposition of Achievement Variation

4th Grade



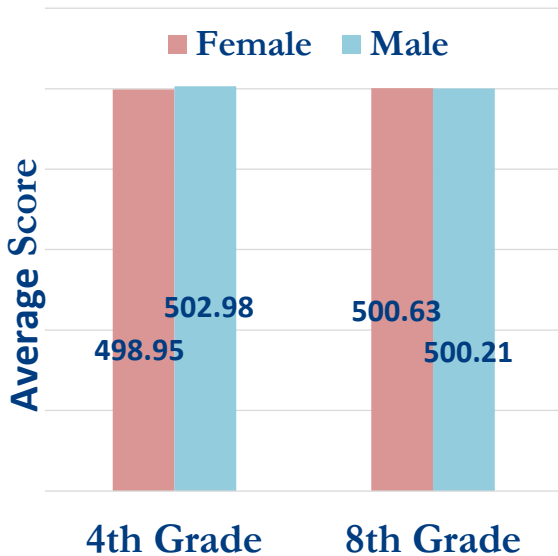
8th Grade



Some Results for Example

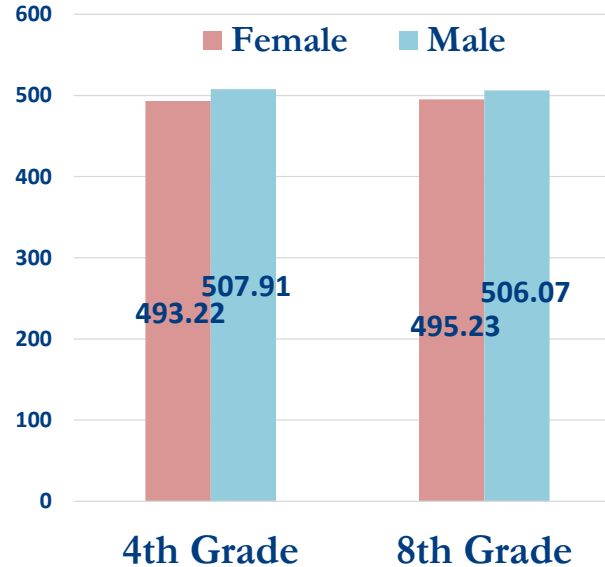
—Overall Gender Differences

Math



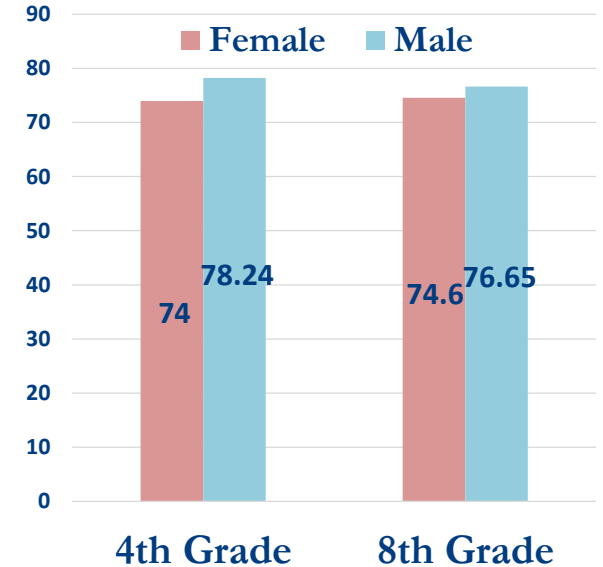
	T value	Cohen's d
4 th Grade	3.88***	0.04
8 th Grade	-0.33	N

Science



	T value	Cohen's d
4 th Grade	21.91***	0.15
8 th Grade	16.40***	0.11

P.E.

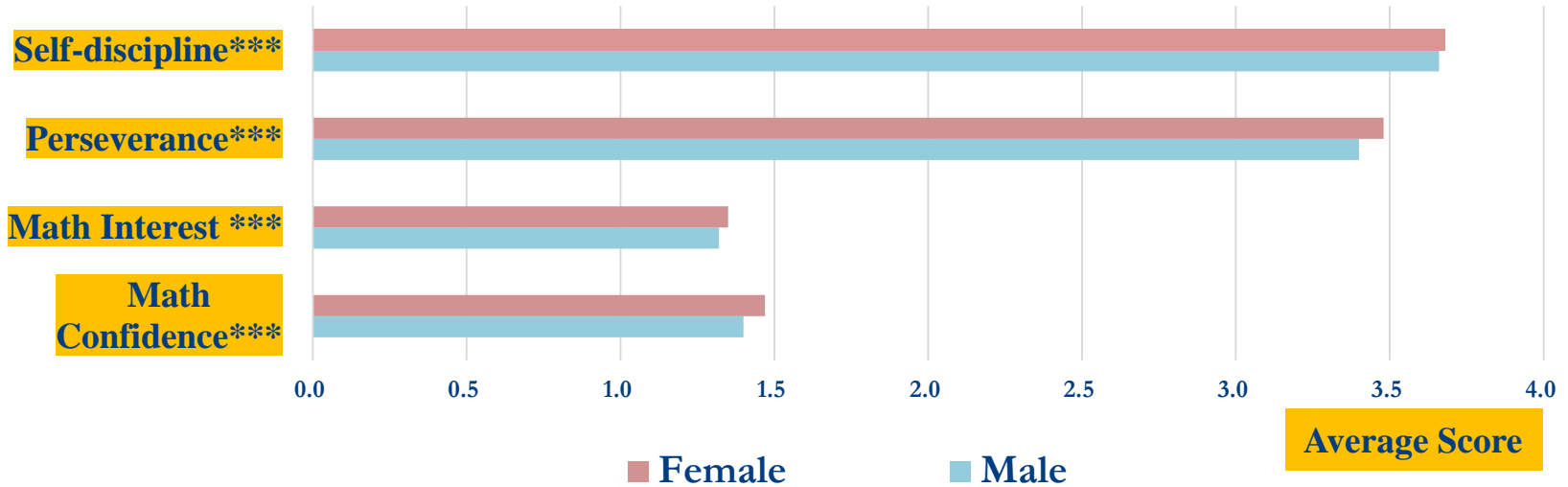


	T value	Cohen's d
4 th Grade	37.66***	0.48
8 th Grade	14.82***	0.23

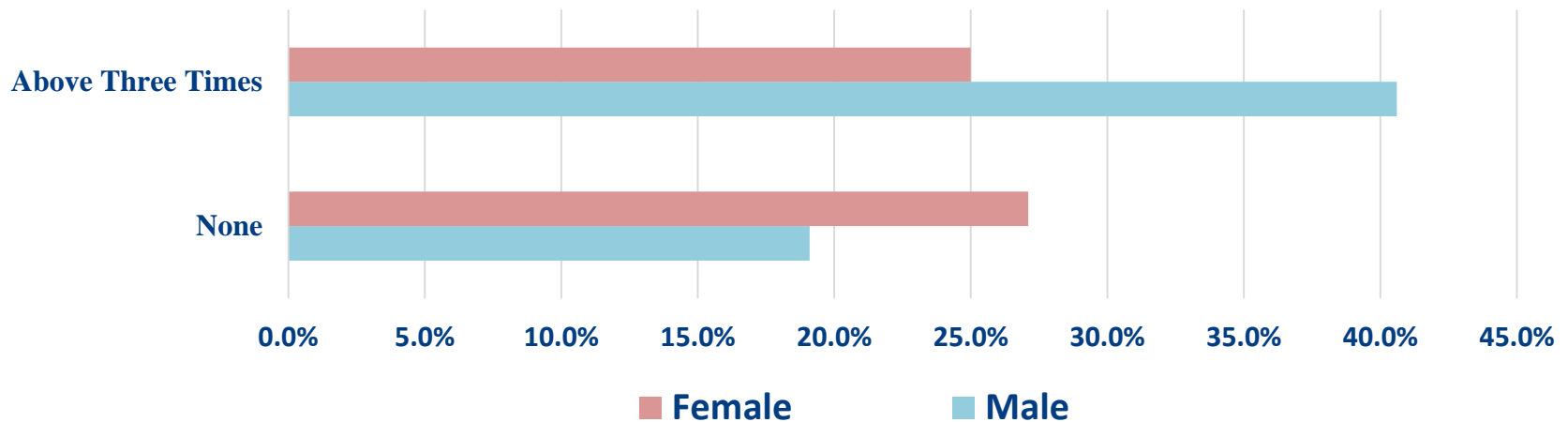
No difference in Math
Boys perform better in Science & P.E.

Some Results for Example

—Influential Factors for Math & P.E.



How many times do you take exercises per week, besides the P.E. classes?



04

INTERNATIONAL LINKING TRIAL

Linking PISA 2012 & NAEQ

- 10 provinces attended **PISA 2012 CHINA TRIAL SURVEY**
- Equipercentile equating method
- Correlation > **0.97**
- Mainland China ranked about **10th** in the 65 participating countries in PISA 2012

05

KEY CHALLENGES

Debates Still Exist

- **How to define the quality of education?**
- **Should the National Curriculum Standards be a guideline for developing the Assessment Standards?**
- **Should we establish the unified standards or diverse standards to reflect huge difference among different regions?**

THANK YOU!
