

UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Proceedings Geneva, 30 January 2019 Original: English

## SIXTY-EIGHTH SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION

Geneva, 6 December 2018

#### **PROCEEDINGS**

#### 1. Opening of the session and welcoming remarks

1. The 68<sup>th</sup> session was opened on Thursday, 6 December 2018, at 10 a.m., by H.E. Marat Kozhakhmetov (Republic of Kazakhstan), President of the IBE Council, who extended a cordial welcome to all the Council members attending the meeting (List of Participants attached as Annex I).

#### 2. Adoption of the Agenda and of the Annotated Agenda

DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/1/Prov.+ Add.

1. The proposed agenda was adopted unanimously by the Council members (The agenda is attached as Annex II).

#### **DECISION:**

The Council adopts the agenda and the annotated agenda of the 68<sup>th</sup> session of the IBE Council.

#### 3. Report on activities 2018

DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/2

- 1. The President called on the IBE Director to present the salient points of the report on activities and budget of 2018, taking into account that a detailed report had already been received. (The report is attached as Annex III).
- 2. After welcoming all participants, the IBE Director highlighted that the 2018 work program was guided by SDG4 and the Education 2030 agenda, UNESCO's core functions, the C/4, the 38 C/5, Main Lines of Action (MLAs) and Expected Results (ERs), the need to sustain progress towards IBE's Center of Excellence (CoE) status and demands from MSs for technical assistance and training.
- 3. The IBE Director presented highlights of activities pursued during 2018 under each of the six medium term programmatic areas. These activities were organized under key objectives within each IBE ER. Also, the IBE's performance and delivering capacity were monitored, by adding targets and general assessments (met/ partially met/ did not meet/ exceeded the target) for each key activity.
- 4. With regard to Expected Result (ER1), referring to the objective "Strengthening the IBE's norm and standard setting role, as well as its intellectual leadership role as a CoE in curriculum and related matters", the Director stressed that the focus on normative work was sustained, albeit not as strictly as planned, due to availability of funds, and despite the enormous amounts of time senior managers

had to spend on resource mobilization. Overall, more than satisfactory progress was made across planned and unanticipated activities that contributed to meeting the ER1.

- 5. Concerning the first objective of the ER1, "Sustaining the norm and standard setting role and intellectual leadership as a CoEC and related matters", the Director reported on the successful production of operational guides on how to align national curricula with future trends. In addition, the IBE commenced the alignment of work at the institutional level, an aspect that was not anticipated during the planning phase of the 2018 work program. Another unplanned work under ER1 was the application of the IBE's normative outputs, to undertake technical and quality audits of national curricula. The application of normative and operational outputs progressed well, but not with the originally proposed geographical representation, again, due to the availability of funds.
- 6. The IBE's norm and standard setting documents are already used by MSs to develop and to quality assure their curricula, thus demonstrating the growing recognition of excellence of the IBE in its areas of competence. For instance, Seychelles continues to apply the IBE normative reference document, *Global Competences and the Future of Curriculum*, in the transformation of its K-12 curriculum. In addition, Kuwait fully financed the application of the same normative reference document for a technical and quality audit of its national competence-based curriculum developed with technical assistance from the World Bank.
- 7. In addition to MSs, the International School of Geneva has fully financed the application of the same normative reference document to transform itself into an IBE-UNESCO flagship school. This ongoing collaboration has led to the launching of the Universal Learning Passport (ULP), currently under implementation in the school.
- 8. The second objective that the Director presented was training in curriculum and learning through regional diploma/master programs. She highlighted the regional master's program in curriculum and learning for the Arab region, which was developed and will be launched during the second semester of 2019, as well as the updating of the master's programs for Africa and Latin America and Caribbean regions.
- 9. Regarding the third objective, "Instituting fully reimbursable technical assistance on-demand by MS and/or partner entities", the Director mentioned that technical assistance was provided to countries where such assistance was fully funded or where a Member State provided voluntary contributions to the IBE. No partner institution had the funds to cover the full cost of TA. Also, planned self-financed training programs for future technical leaders in curriculum were sustained.

- 10. Regarding the fourth objective, "Strengthening MSs' capacity to design, develop, implement and monitor Global Citizenship Education (GCED) and related issues", the Director reported about the development of the IBE GCED Resource Pack, which now available on-line, and aims to support MSs in mainstreaming GCED into their education systems, through a holistic, systemic, and sustained approach to policies, curriculum, and pedagogy.
- 11. The fifth objective presented by the Director was strengthening MSs' capacity to design, develop, implement and monitor SDG 4.1. Here, the Director highlighted the sustained collaboration with the UIS on monitoring the implementation of SDG 4.1 (Mathematics), by leading the development of the UNESCO Competence Framework for Mathematics and extending the collaboration to reading.
- 12. Regarding the sixth objective, "Strengthening MSs' capacity to design and develop holistic Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE) systems", the Director mentioned that an advanced draft ECCE System Prototype was developed. Capacity was advanced substantially in three MSs: Eswatini, Cameroon, and Seychelles, while UAE will join in 2019.
- 13. The seventh objective presented by the Director was strengthening MSs' capacity to design and develop inclusive curricula. Here, the Director highlighted the Arabic translation of the IBE's *Reaching out to All Learners: a Resource Pack for Supporting Inclusive Education*. The capacity building was not realized, due to lack of funding to provide the planned activities.
- 14. Regarding the eighth objective, "Strengthening MSs' capacity to design and develop youth education policies and curricula", the Director highlighted the sustained collaboration with UNESCO Beirut Office and the UNESCO Section of Partnerships, Cooperation and Research (ED/ESC/PCR), concerning the elaboration, finalization and implementation of the Youth Profile for the Arab region.
- 15. The ninth objective presented by the Director was strengthening MSs' capacity to design and develop polices and curricula addressing migration issues. In collaboration with the GEM Report, the IBE carried out a study to understand how migration-related concepts are portrayed in 12 countries that have experienced significant migration and displacement trends. The IBE analyzed 189 historical and contemporary sources out of which around 30% belong to the IBE Historical Textbook Collection. Findings of the IBE analyses were incorporated into the 2019 GEM Report, *Migration, displacement, and education: Building bridges, not walls*, scheduled to be launched at the IBE on December 18<sup>th</sup>, 2018.
- 16. Concerning the IBE ER 2, the Director highlighted that, for the past three years, the IBE has focused its knowledge brokerage on two main themes, which are interconnected and contribute directly to the achievement of the SDG4:

learning (specifically, the neuroscience of learning) and the development-relevance of curriculum (specifically, future competences). During 2018, the IBE's work on the neuroscience of learning has gained exceptional momentum and further consolidated the IBE's position as the clearinghouse for the sciences of learning.

- 17. The Director mentioned that prestigious academic institutions have joined forces with the IBE to support and translate key neuroscience research on learning and the brain for educators (particularly teachers), policymakers, and practitioners. Also, the IBE/IBRO Science of Learning Fellowship continues to attract leading scholars interested in cognitive neuroscience and learning. The third cohort of three IBE/IBRO Senior Fellows (from Brazil, UK, and Uruguay) joined the IBE in October 2018. They assist the IBE in making findings of cutting-edge research substantively accessible to a large base of policy-makers and practitioners. This translated knowledge will be integrated into the IBE's training courses for teachers and curriculum specialists, placing them at the frontiers of knowledge and practice.
- 18. The Director also mentioned the progress made on the setting up of a clearinghouse on the neuroscience of learning and proudly noted the expansion of the IBE's base of prestigious intellectual organizations that will contribute to this initiative. Materials for the clearinghouse on the sciences of learning have been produced and externally reviewed for quality assurance.
- 19. Still on the IBE clearinghouse function, the Director informed the Council members about the steady progress made with the digitization of the historical collection. The digitization and quality control of the Historical Textbook collection (Phase I) and the IBE Historical Archives have been completed. Also, the production of bi-weekly Alerts, with a focus on curriculum, learning, teaching, and assessment, was sustained. The Alerts and Digests are reaching an increasing number of curriculum specialists (including GCN members), researchers, policy makers, and practitioners, who appreciate the usefulness and quality of the service provided.
- 20. The production of *Prospects* has been sustained, albeit at a slower pace, in English, Arabic and Mandarin Chinese. The high quality and relevance of the latest issues produced have been repeatedly praised by researchers, policy makers, and practitioners alike. The article "Stumbling at the first step: Efficiency implications of poor performance in the foundational first five years" was nominated by Springer Nature as one of top 100 most influential articles of 2018 (Change the World initiative).
- 21. The IBE continues to publish high-quality books in its prestigious series. The latest publication, *Educating for the 21st Century: Seven Global Challenges*, was hailed by critics such as philosophers AC Grayling and Luc Ferry as "a significant book, which makes it required reading for educators, public policy experts, indeed every thoughtful citizen of our time".

- 22. Regarding the "Institutional and Organizational Development", the Director pointed to the IBE's continuous efforts to strengthen and improve its delivery capacity, which is at the heart of building capacity across the Member States and other IBE partners, and of making results sustainable over time. Constant efforts focused on cooperation with distinguished technical partners; investing in, recruiting, training, and retaining the very best staff members; and further developing the IBE staff Learning Series.
- 23. The IBE's external image has vigorously improved, through high-quality publications and services, unified branding and effective communication, as well as through making the IBE's presence felt on the world stage in an effective manner.
- 24. As for improving visibility and intellectual leadership, the Director noted that 2018 was a tremendously visible year for the IBE, whose work was presented in many important international conferences and events. The Director mentioned, among others, the WebSummit, Comparative and International Education Society (CIES), Education World Forum, Education Fast Forward Debate; Berlin Economic Forum, etc.
- 25. The IBE Learning Series continued, featuring prominent scholars and a leading youth technology entrepreneur, on topics of interest to the IBE such as: emerging technologies and learning; future competences for the 21st century; and brain research and education. These learning events have also been opened to International Geneva, with a focus on education attachés of UN missions.
- 26. In the ensuing discussion, many delegates commended the IBE Director and her team for their remarkable achievements, especially given the financial and human resources limitations. Following questions from the Council members, the Director and the IBE senior officers offered more details regarding the initiative on the neuroscience of learning and the master's courses in curriculum and learning.
- 27. The President then handed the floor to the IBE Administrative Officer, Mr. Bouassami, to present the 2018 budget. He confirmed that by September 2018, the execution rate was 67%. He also presented the updated risk register, in accordance with the recommendations of the 2016 IOI Audit Report.
- 28. The IBE Director reiterated that resource mobilization is the biggest risk facing the IBE. She made a special mention of Seychelles' multi-year contributions and appealed again to the Council's support to secure additional voluntary contributions.

29. The Council members approved unanimously the Report of Activities and Budget for 2018.

#### **DECISION:**

In accordance with the Statutes of the IBE (Section II, Article V.b.), stipulating that it "shall supervise the implementation of the programme of activities of the IBE", the Council:

Approves the Report of the IBE Director on Activities in 2018 (UNESCO/BIE/C.68/2);

Commends the IBE Director and staff for the impressive implementation of the programme during 2018, stressing results achieved and in particular priorities and challenges faced.

# 4. Proposed programme of activities and budget 2019 (DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/3) and the adoption of the appropriation resolution for the budget

- 1. The IBE Director presented an overview of the proposed program of activities for 2019, mapped onto the C5/MLA1 and MLA2, IBE's ERs, and supporting SDG4 targets 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, and 4.7, as well as SDG5. The proposed program is organized according to the six programmatic areas, showing the targets to attain, the intended impacts and the associated risks (the proposed program of activities and 2019 budget are attached as Annex IV). The Director briefly described the key proposed activities under each ER, noting that a detailed report has already been submitted to the Council prior to the meeting.
- 2. Regarding ER1, the Director stated that, during 2019, the IBE will continue to focus on its global normative and intellectual leadership functions. The IBE will continue to lead the global dialog on and actively promote the future of development-relevant, competence-based curriculum for next generation and mid-century learners within 4IR. Activities will include continued development of normative papers, creation of curriculum pilots in emerging areas such as education neuroscience and technology futures, fully reimbursable customized technical assistance to support MSs, as they transition to competence-based curriculum, and production of operational guides aligning national curricula with current and future trends. The IBE will also help MSs analyse and diagnose education systems and the early childhood care and education (ECCE) services that are the foundation for future development and prosperity.
- 3. Regarding the ER2, the Director re-stated that, for the past three years, the IBE's knowledge brokerage work has gained exceptional momentum and strengthened the IBE's clearinghouse function. The next step is to take stock of the progress made and consolidate the position of the IBE as the clearinghouse for two interconnected themes: learning/neuroscience of learning and the

development-relevance of curriculum/future competences, which contribute directly and positively to the achievement of the SDG 4. Ensuring the highest standards of quality and increasing the stock of knowledge will be realized through establishing new partnerships with prestigious research institutions, as well as sustaining and developing the current ones. The IBE will continue to produce high-quality publications, including the peer-reviewed journal *Prospects*, and the IBE on Curriculum, Learning, and Assessment book series. The IBE knowledge dissemination function will be restored and re-energized, through the launch (and subsequent outreach activities) of the digitized Historical Textbook Collection and the IBE archives.

- 4. The President thanked the Director and passed the floor to Mr. Bouassami, who presented the 2019 budget.
- 5. The Council members congratulated the IBE for an ambitious program of activities. The Director answered questions regarding the reserves, which are rather low, due to the need to strengthen the IBE's capacity to deliver the proposed work. The Director added that, in the face of declining voluntary contributions, the IBE still needs to have the necessary staff to run its programs and to keep the IBE stable and functioning. The representative of the UNESCO HQ confirmed that other institutes have low reserves, and there are no specific rules for institutes, only for the HQ.
- 6. Both the Proposed Program of Activities and Budget for 2019 were approved unanimously.

#### **DECISION:**

In accordance with the Statutes of the IBE (Article V.b), stipulating that the Council is responsible for defining "in detail, within the framework of the program and budget approved by the General Conference and taking available extra-budgetary resources into account, as appropriate, the activities to be undertaken by the IBE", and that it "shall mobilize human and financial resources for the implementation of the activities to be undertaken by the IBE", the Council:

Approves the Proposed Program of Activities and Budget for 2019 presented by the IBE Director.

Adopts the appropriation resolution for the budget

5. Dates for the 69<sup>th</sup> session of the Council

#### **DECISION**

The Council decides to propose to the Director-General of UNESCO that:

The 69th session of the IBE Council will be held on 5 December 2019;

The meeting of the Steering Committee of the Council will be tentatively held September 2019; the actual date will be decided in consultation with the President, the Vice-Presidents and the IBE Director.

#### 6. Any other business

1. There was no other business.

#### 7. Adoption of the Decisions of the 68th session

DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov

In conformity with the Rules of Procedure of the IBE Council (IV, Section XI, Rule 22), which foresee that "the Council shall approve at each session the text of the decisions adopted during that session" and that "the text shall be published during the month following the end of the session", the Council is invited to:

- review the texts of the draft Decisions of the 68<sup>th</sup> session;
- adopt them;
- request the IBE to publish the text by the end of January 2019.

#### 8. Closing of the 68<sup>th</sup> session

- 1. At the end of the session, the President warmly thanked the members of the Council for their participation, and commended the IBE Director and her team for their excellent work. He invited once again Council members to actively support the IBE, by pursuing the matters of core funding, secondees, as well as the funding with their respective governments, and to increase their core financial support to the IBE.
- 2. The President closed the 68<sup>th</sup> session of the Council on Thursday, 6 December 2018, at 2 pm.



UNESCO/BIE/C.68 Geneva, 6 December 2018 Original: English/French

Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'éducation, la science et la culture

## SIXTY-EIGHT SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION

Geneva, 6 December 2018

#### SOIXANTE-HUITIÈME SESSION DU CONSEIL DU BUREAU INTERNATIONAL D'ÉDUCATION

Genève, 6 décembre 2018

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UNESCO/BIE/C.68/1/Prov.+Add Geneva, 13 November 2018 Original: English

## SIXTY-EIGHTH SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION

Geneva, 6 December 2018

#### **DRAFT PROVISIONAL AGENDA AND ANNOTATED AGENDA**

#### **DRAFT PROVISIONAL AGENDA**

#### Thursday 6 December 10 a.m. – 1 p.m.

- 1. Opening of the session and welcoming remarks
- 2. Adoption of the Agenda and of the Annotated Agenda (UNESCO/BIE/C.68/1/Prov.+ Add.)
- 3. Report on activities 2018 (UNESCO/BIE/C.68/2)
- 4. Proposed programme of activities and budget 2019 (UNESCO/BIE/C.68/3) and the adoption of the appropriation resolution for the budget

#### Thursday 6 December 3 p.m. - 6 p.m.

- 5. Date for the 69<sup>th</sup> session of the Council
- 6. Any other business
- 7. Adoption of the Decisions of the 68<sup>th</sup> session (UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov.)
- 8. Closing of the 68<sup>th</sup> session

#### PROVISIONAL ANNOTATED AGENDA

The 68<sup>th</sup> session of the IBE Council will be held at the International Bureau of Education of UNESCO, 15 route des Morillons, 1218 Le Grand-Saconnex, Geneva.

The session will begin on Thursday 6 December 2018 at 10 a.m. and is scheduled to end at 6 p.m.

The working timetable will be as follows: from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

#### Thursday 6 December from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

#### 1. Opening of the session and welcoming remarks

The session will be opened Thursday 6 December at 10 a.m. by H.E. Marat Kozhakhmetov (Republic of Kazakhstan), President of the IBE Council.

## 2. Adoption of the Agenda and of the Annotated Agenda DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/1/Prov.+ Add.

The draft has been prepared jointly by the President of the IBE Council and the IBE Secretariat. In conformity with its Rules of Procedure (Section IV, Rule 4, § 5), "After the adoption of the agenda, the Council may, in the course of a session, alter the order of the agenda items or add or delete items. A two-thirds majority of the members present and voting shall be required for the addition or deletion of an item in the course of a session".

Draft decisions in Document: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov.

#### 3. Report on activities 2018

DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/2

- The Director will present the salient points of the Report on activities in 2018, focusing on the evidence of their impact.
- The Council will discuss the Report of activities held in 2018.
- The Director and/or the Senior Managers will reply to the Council's questions.
- The Council will proceed to approve the Report of activities 2018.

Draft decisions in Document: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov.

## 4. Proposed programme of activities and budget 2019 (DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/3) and the adoption of the appropriation resolution for the budget

- The Director will present the proposed programme of activities and budget for 2019.
- The Council will discuss the proposed programme for 2019
- The Director and/or Senior Programme Staff will reply to the Council's questions.
- The Council will proceed to approve the proposed programme of activities for 2019.

Draft decisions in Document: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov.

#### Thursday 6 December from to 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

#### 5. Dates for the 69<sup>th</sup> session of the Council

The Council will be invited to establish the dates of the 69<sup>th</sup> session of the Council and the meeting of the Steering Committee in summer 2019.

Draft decisions in Document: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov.

- 6. Any other business
- 7. Adoption of the Decisions of the 68<sup>th</sup> session DOCUMENT: UNESCO/BIE/C.68/Decisions/Prov

In conformity with the Rules of Procedure of the IBE Council (IV, Section XI, Rule 22), which foresee that "the Council shall approve at each session the text of the decisions adopted during that session" and that "the text shall be published during the month following the end of the session", the Council is invited to:

- review the texts of the draft Decisions of the 68<sup>th</sup> session;
- adopt them;
- request the IBE to publish the text by the end of January 2019.
- 8. Closing of the 68th session



UNESCO/BIE/C.68/2 Geneva, 16 November 2018 Original: English

## SIXTY-EIGHTH SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION

Geneva, 6 December 2018

**REPORT ON ACTIVITIES 2018** 



## Report of the Director of the International Bureau of Education to the 68th Session of the Council

Implementation of Activities for 2018



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- II. IBE Expected Result 1, Contributing to MLA1 [ER: 1 & 6, also to ER 7 & 8]; and supporting SDG4 targets 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, and 4.7, as well as SDG5

  Support capacities of MSs to equitably provide quality and development-relevant education and learning opportunities through effective curricula, teaching, learning, assessments and overall system functioning
- III. IBE Expected Result 2, Contributing to MLA2 [ER 10]

  Support MSs' research, foresight and anticipatory capacity for curriculum, teaching, learning and assessment; as well as capacity for evidence-based monitoring of SDG targets
- IV. Institutional and organizational development (Capacity Development For the IBE as a precondition for attaining ERs 1 and 2)
- V. Budget

Annex 1: SDG4 and targets

### I. Program context

#### Introduction

This document presents to the 68<sup>th</sup> session of the Council, the program of activities implemented by the International Bureau of Education (IBE) during 2018. The activities are organized according to the IBE's Expected Results and MLAs articulated in the 39 C/5. They are also mapped to the IBE's contribution to the core functions of UNESCO, SDG4 targets, and the overall UNESCO Sector Strategy 2014-2021. Most notably, the IBE sustained its contribution to the implementation and monitoring of SDG4 targets in close collaboration with the GEMR and the UIS.

During 2018, the IBE heightened its contribution to the attainment of the core pillars of SDG4 and the global education 2030 agenda. These are: (i) higher and more equitable education quality and learning outcomes, (ii) equity of education and learning opportunities, processes and outcomes, and (ii) ensuring the development-relevance of education and learning. These contributions were underpinned by the rich base of normative and operational instruments the IBE produced during 2017/18.

The IBE also sustained the implementation of the recommendations of the 2016 audit of UNESCO's Internal Oversight Service (IOS). Key among these were the further elaboration of the institutional risk register – working closely with HQ, and the articulation of the resource mobilization strategy—both annexed to this report.

Consistent with the IOS recommendations, and within the context of the changed leadership of the Sector, the IBE will map out, during 2019, its contributions and role as a key producer of global public goods that require direct financing as part of UNESCO's global norm and standard setting role. The mapping exercise will facilitate the reduction of overlapping functions between HQ and the IBE. It will also facilitate the repositioning of the IBE within the Sector, as well as its financing and overall resourcing.

During 2018, the IBE Secretariat intensified its engagement with the Council for the latter to play its statutory role in supporting the former's resource mobilization efforts (Article 5.b). A working group of the Council was created, to focus on resource

mobilization and on contributing to the future financial sustainability of the IBE. The results of its efforts will be reported at this 68<sup>th</sup> session of the Council.

Still on the future financial sustainability, the IBE, together with HQ, contributed to the briefs for the UNESCO Director General (DG) to start to engage the UNESCO governing bodies on this matter with a hope to present a proposal for a decision of the 40<sup>th</sup> session of the General Conference.

For its part, the IBE Secretariat redoubled its resource mobilization efforts to ensure the stability of the IBE within austere financial circumstances exacerbated by the total withdrawal of support by the host country in 2017. Along with the report of the Council working group on resource mobilization, the IBE Secretariat will also present to this 68<sup>th</sup> session of the Council the results of its resource mobilization efforts.

Overall, the 2018 work program was implemented under significant strain of additional tasks, albeit necessary. Examples include the implementation of IOS recommendations, some of which involved new outputs, heightened resource mobilization, and an added request by the 2018 Steering Committee meeting for a report on the status of the IBE archives.

All the same, the IBE Secretariat managed to stabilize the resource envelope of the Institute at the same level as was for 2017. This enabled the implementation of activities and sustained strategic focus on the IBE's Medium Term Program Areas (2015-2021) cleared by the 64<sup>th</sup> session of the Council as appropriate for accelerating and sustaining the IBE's status as a Center of Excellence in Curriculum (CoEC) and related matters. Key programmatic areas are as follows:

Innovation and Leadership in Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Norms and standard-setting function): This program supports the implementation of the new paradigm on curriculum and its consequent reconceptualization and repositioning of curriculum in the 21<sup>st</sup> century as well as within 4IR, SDG4, and the global education 2030 agenda. It focuses on the provision of normative and operational reference points to Member States (MSs), as they improve and/or transform their curricula.

Critical and Emerging Issues in Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Laboratory of ideas function): This program provides guidelines, prototypes, frameworks, studies and cutting-edge interventions for areas of high demand and where MSs have limited experience, and/or areas where MSs are not making desired progress.

Knowledge Creation and Management in Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Neutral Broker Function and Clearinghouse function): This program improves literal and substantive access to evidencebased knowledge required to guide curriculum design and development, as well as teaching, learning and assessment within the demands of the SDG4, global Education 2030 agenda, 21st century and 4IR. Specifically, the IBE intensifies its knowledge brokerage role with a view to bridge the gap between knowledge creation and application focusing on: (i) curriculum and the development-relevance of education, and (ii) the sciences of learning—particularly the neuroscience of education and learning—and their application to learning, teaching and assessment. The IBE also continuously improves the real and virtual dissemination of "brokered" cutting-edge researchbased knowledge to targeted practitioners.

Systemic Strengthening of Quality and Developmentrelevance of Education and Learning (Capacity builder function): This program focuses on enhancing the capacity of MSs to strengthen the effectiveness and efficiency of their education and learning systems as indispensable enabling environments for effective curriculum implementation.

Leadership for Global Dialogue on Curriculum and Learning (Intellectual leadership function): This program sustains the IBE's global intellectual leadership and dialogue in its areas of competence including conceptual and operational implications of SDGs in general, and SDG4 in particular, to national curriculum design and development processes and outputs. Leading this dialogue also reinforces the IBE's position as a CoEC and related matters as well as an indispensable contributor to the attainment of SDG4.

*Institutional and Organizational Development* (Capacity development function): This program sustains the strengthening of the IBE's capacity as a precondition for executing its mandate.

# II. IBE Expected Result 1, Contributing to MLA1 [ER: 1& 6, also to ER 7 & 8]; and supporting SDG4 targets 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 and 4.7, as well as SDG5

Support capacities of MSs to equitably provide quality and development-relevant education and learning opportunities through effective curricula, teaching, learning, assessments, and the overall system functioning

During 2018, the IBE sustained its focus on normative work, albeit not as strictly as planned due to availability of funds. It is noteworthy that the focus on normative work was sustained despite the enormous amounts of time senior managers had to spend on resource mobilization. Overall, more than satisfactory progress was made across planned and unanticipated activities that contributed to meeting the first Expected Result (ER1):

- (i) The establishment of the Global Curriculum Observatory (GCO) was delayed due to lack of funding; but the IBE worked flexibly to advance other normative work where funding was available. The production of operational guides on how to align national curricula with future trends was sustained. In addition, the IBE commenced the alignment of work at the institutional level, an aspect that was not anticipated during the planning phase of the 2018 work program. Another unplanned work under ER1 was the application of the IBE's normative outputs to undertake technical and quality audits of national curricula. The application of normative and operational outputs progressed well, but not with the originally proposed geographical representation, again, due to the availability of funds.
- (ii) Technical assistance was provided to countries where such assistance was fully funded or where a Member State provided voluntary contributions to the IBE. No partner institution had the funds to cover the full cost of TA.
- (iii) Planned self-financed training programs for future technical leaders in curriculum were sustained. The courses covered the planned range of beneficiaries. Moreover, the courses were fully handed over to the partner institutions, leaving the IBE with a future quality assurance role for these courses.
- (iv) Work under the laboratory of ideas function was undertaken on ECCE. Preparatory work commenced on the neuroscience of education and learning course for teachers and two Member States agreed to pilot the course during 2019.

1. Sustain the norm and standard setting role and Intellectual leadership as a CoEC and related matters (aligned with SDG4 Targets 4.1, 4.7 and means of implementation 4.c, and MLA1, points 1, 6, 8 &10)

8 &10)				
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Complete, publish and translate (from ENG to ARA and FRE) a normative document on curriculum as a tool for giving effect to policies on lifelong learning (depending on the availability of funds)	Due to lack of funds, this activity was not undertaken.  However, a normative guide, <i>Prototype National Curriculum Framework</i> , was produced and translated into ARA, FRE and SPA;  An advanced draft normative reference document on ECCE System	Global anticipatory and foresight capacity and advisory services improved.	Not yet realized.	Risk Shortage of funds remained a significant threat.
	Prototype was produced and the first consultation of thought leaders in the field was held in Dubai;  Also a set of indicators for the overall assessment of a curriculum was produced and is available in ENG.	Demonstration effects of best practices in curriculum, teaching, learning, and assessment availed through work with pilot countries.	Seychelles has gained recognition as a Best Practice Hub for systemic approach to ECCE, including from the IBE, WB and ADEA.	Risk Mitigation  The IBE Secretariat redoubled its resource
Establish the GCO with regional representation and with adequate anticipatory and foresight capacity to provide periodic guidance on future trends and to effectively disseminate that advice to MSs and to critical partners of the IBE	Funds for the establishment of the GCO were secured only in October of 2018, causing delays in the execution of this activity. The first chair of the GCO has expressed readiness to take up the role. Discussions with a potential co-chair are ongoing.	Sustained recognition of the IBE's global intellectual and normative leadership.	The IBE enjoys prominence on the world stages for its normative work on Global Competences and the Future of Curriculum (e.g., EWF,	mobilization efforts and sustained the level of funding as of 2017.  It also worked flexibly to advance progress while retaining focus on
Four pilot countries (Africa, Arab, Asia and Eastern Europe regions) will be selected to join Seychelles in contextualizing and fully applying the IBE's set of key normative guides on the future of curriculum (depending on countries' readiness to fully finance the TA or to provide the IBE voluntary contributions)	The United Arab Emirates has expressed readiness to join the Seychelles in contextualizing and implementing one of the IBE's normative reference documents, the ECCE System Prototype, as well as to fully finance the work. Eswatini and Cameroon applied this normative document with financing from an external funder identified by the IBE. Seychelles continues to apply the IBE normative reference document, Global Competences and the Future of Curriculum in the transformation of its K-12 curriculum. In addition, Kuwait fully financed the application of the same normative reference document for a technical and quality audit of its national competence-based curriculum developed with technical assistance from the World Bank. Other countries that had expressed interest have not been forthcoming with the required financing (e.g., South Africa and the Philippines). In addition to MSs, the International School of Geneva has fully financed the application of the same normative reference document to transform itself into an IBE-UNESCO flagship school. This ongoing collaboration has led to the launching of a Universal Learning Passport (ULP) currently under implementation in the school. Discussions with two renowned universities—the university of Sydney and Imperial College London—that have expressed interest in applying the same document to revamp their academic programs are ongoing. Progress will depend on the adequacy of the funding.		Web Summit, regional entities like the G20, SADC, SCO, ASPEC, premier institutions, quality assurer, advanced education systems etc.);  It also enjoys recognition among global thought leaders in Future's Curriculum and in ECCE.  IPR is growing is appreciation and recognition. Readers rose by almost 29%, from 2017 to 2018. Their number quadrupled between 2016 and 2018. The geographical spread covers 165 countries mostly from Europe and North America, followed by Eastern and South-Eastern Asia;	normative work.

Sustain intellectual leadership by stimulating	IPR 17: Monitoring Progress towards SDG 4.1: Comparative	Partnership and	The GCN is expanding, to
reflective dialogue on critical and emerging	Analysis of Curriculum and Assessment National Frameworks for	collaboration between the	include academic and
issues on curriculum, learning and	Mathematics (ENG and ARA);	IBE and the GCN	research institutions focusing
assessment	IPR 18: Comparative Analysis of the National Curriculum	strengthened	on the IBE's areas of
	Frameworks of Five Countries: Brazil, Cambodia, Finland, Kenya	ő	competence.
	and Peru (ENG and ARA);		·
	IPR 19: Global Citizenship Education Tools and Piloting		
	Experiences of Four Countries: Cambodia, Colombia, Mongolia and		
	Uganda (ENG and ARA);		
	IPR 20: Estado, Mercado y Currículum Escolar: La Experiencia		
	Chilena (1964-2018) (SPA);		
	IPR 21: Reformas Curriculares de Educación Infantil Temprana: El		
	Caso de Chile (SPA);		
	IPR 22: Monitoring Progress towards SDG 4.1: Initial Analysis of		
	National Assessment Frameworks for Reading (ENG and ARA);		
	IPR 23: Monitoring Progress towards SDG 4.1: Comparative		
	Analysis of Curriculum and Assessment National Frameworks for		
	Reading (ENG and ARA);		
	IPR 24: A pre-validating process for new programmes of study		
	within the Science subject area for the final cycle of Basic Education		
	in the Democratic Republic of Congo (ENG);		
	IPR 25: Cambios curriculares en la escuela secundaria argentina:		
	de las reformas inefectivas a una concepción sistémica (SPA);		
	IPR 26: Plan CEIBAL in Uruguay: How do you educate in learning to		
	decode the unknown? (ENG);		
	IPR27: APCEIU-IBE UNESCO Project "Global Citizenship Education		
	Curriculum Development and Integration" in Cambodia, Colombia,		
	Mongolia and Uganda: Final Report (ENG).		
	The 9 issues of IPR published in 2017 were translated into three to		
	four languages – ARA, ENG, FRE and SPA.		
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance
Membership of the GCO constituted	Funds for GCO secured, first chair identified, identification of other		
	members in progress. [Partially Met Set Target (PMST)]		
The paper on curriculum and lifelong	Paper on curriculum and lifelong learning postponed to 2019;		
learning completed	A Prototype National Curriculum Framework produced;		
	ECCE System Prototype in advanced draft;		
	Indicators for assessing national curricula articulated. [Met Set		
	Target (MST)]		MST
Work in pilot countries in progress	Work in Seychelles, Eswatini and Cameroon in progress;		
	Work in Kuwait completed;		
	Work in the International School of Geneva in progress. [Exceeded		
	Set Target (EST)]		
8 issues of IPR posted	11 issues of IPR were posted [Exceeded Set Target (EST)]		

2. Training in curriculum and learning through regional diploma/master programmes (aligned with SDG 4 Target 4.1, means of implementation 4.c. and MLA1 points 1 & 6)					
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation	
Upgrade the self-sustained diploma programmes to a master level in the Arab region to be launched in 2018/19 following the path of the Master in Africa and partnered with UNESCO Section of Teacher Development (ED/ESC/TED), and Hamdan Bin Mohammed Smart University (HBMSU)  Update and publish online the IBE Curriculum Resource Pack (CRP) 2017 (ARA, ENG and FRE)  Launch the global Masters course within the IBE host country (depending on the availability of funds from self-financing students)  Continue tracing the impact of the courses on the professional advancement of the alumni and their contribution to national curriculum reform agendas	The regional masters in curriculum and learning for the Arab region was developed and will be launched during the second semester of 2019.  In addition, the masters programs were also upgraded for Africa and Latin America and Caribbean regions.  The IBE Curriculum Resource Pack was updated and translated into ARA and FRE. The publication will be done in 2019.  IBE-UNESCO Global Master on Curriculum and Learning is in advanced draft. It has been internally reviewed. A final draft is under development. The launch is scheduled for the second semester of 2019.  Due to resource limitations, this activity could not be accomplished during 2018. Its rescheduling for 2019 will depend on resource availability.	Training programs conceptually aligned to the new curriculum paradigm;  Course graduates further enabled to support their national curricula improvement efforts;  Country-level technical leadership and critical mass for curriculum design, development and implementation steadily increased.	All IBE training programs including customized workshops, diplomas and masters are aligned with the new curriculum paradigm.  Evidence not available because the tracer could not be conducted. But in Malaysia, course graduates led the reform of their national curricula across levels of the education system.  The cumulative effect of the combined diploma and masters courses across regions continues to augment the critical mass of capable technical leadership for curriculum design, development and implementation.	Risk  Variable completion rate of courses due to the candidates' workload.  Risk Mitigation  Upgrades to the hybrid model of learning substantially increased completion rates, reaching to 90% in the Arab region and is expected to realize similar risk mitigation in other regions.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance		
The IBE global Masters course ready to launch	Master course in advanced draft. (PMST)		Overall Terrormance		
Diploma/master programs run in the Arab region	The diploma program for the Arab was ran in 2018. But the launching of the masters course had to be rescheduled for 2019. But other masters programs were upgraded beyond what was planned. (MST)		MST		
IBE Curriculum Resource Pack available in ARA, ENG and FRE.	Online versions 2017-18 of the IBE Curriculum Resource Pack, available in ARA, ENG, FRE and SPA. (MST)				

3. Institute fully reimbursable technical assistance on-demand by MS and/or partner entities [aligned to MLA1 points 1, 6, 7, & 8]					
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation	
Sustain support to as many countries as are willing to fully finance that support directly and/or through entities demanding it. Technical support will focus on the themes enlisted below:	IBE has continued its technical support to countries where there was a third party financier (e.g., Afghanistan and Myanmar). It also provided TA to countries for which it had mobilized resources (e.g., Eswatini and Cameroon) as well as countries providing voluntary contributions (e.g., Seychelles)	MSs' technical capacity for addressing critical and emerging issues in curriculum, teaching, learning and assessment substantially improving;  IBE's reputation as a CoE further augmented.	MSs' technical capacity is improving across the following areas: (i) adoption of a competence-based and futuristic approach to curriculum, (ii) build holistic ECCE systems, (iii) develop inclusive education frameworks, (iv) mainstream GCED, including human rights into their policy and curricula, (v) align teacher education curricula to student curricula, and (vi) develop youth education policies and curricula frameworks.  MSs' access to rich resources on Gender-responsive STEM education as well as on inclusive education are significantly improved.	Risk  Insisting on reimbursable TA reduces the geographical footprint of the IBE.  Risk Mitigation  IBE focused on normative and operational reference materials and these have much wider geographical footprint than direct TA, albeit difficult to track.  Future mitigation will include direct self-reporting of use of IBE normative, operational, and resource materials.  The intellectual standing and prestige of the IBE as a global norm and standard setting institution overcompensated for the loss in the geographical footprint for direct TA.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance		
Aligning curricula with the new paradigm: five pilot countries	Three pilot countries are still aligning their national curricula to the new paradigm [Afghanistan, Myanmar, Seychelles]  One school aligning its curriculum to the new paradigm (ECOLINT)  One country applied the new paradigm to technically audit its national curriculum (Kuwait) (MST)		MST		
ECCE improvement programs in progress in five countries  Inclusive Education programs in	Improvement programs are in progress in four countries (Oman, Seychelles, Eswatini, and Cameroon) (MST)  No country came forward with funding for this target. Instead, the				
progress: seven countries	IBE produced a contextualized version of UNESCO/IBE guide on				

GCED policies and curricula under implementation: four countries	inclusive education titled: "Inclusion in Ibero-America: A guide for ensuring inclusion and equity in education" (printed and online versions will be launched in December 2018 in ENG, POR and SPA by the Organization of Iberoamerican States (OEI) and the IBE. The guide will benefit 22 partner countries. (EST)  Four countries are implementing GCED policies and programs prepared with TA from the IBE (Cambodia, Colombia, Mongolia and Uganda). (MST)	
STEM Education improvement program: one country	STEM Education gender-responsive initiative underway in Niger.  In addition, the Resource Pack for Gender-Responsive STEM Education was translated to FRE, to support the country. The Pack has enormous capacity to support other CaPED Francophone countries. (EST)	MS'
Teacher competence framework aligned with the IBE future competence framework: one global-level partner	The "Guide for Developing and Implementing Teacher Education Curriculum Frameworks", which is aligned to the IBE future competence framework, was jointly developed with UNESCO Section of Teacher Development (ED/ESC/TED), is available online in ARA, ENG, FRE and SPA.  In addition, the guide was used to align the Myanmar teacher education curriculum. (EST)	
Youth Education and learning analysis ongoing: one country	IBE conceptual framework was used to analyse youth education (secondary level) in five LAC countries (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, and Peru).	
	In addition, 19 countries were exposed to the framework through a consultative forum during which they validated it. (EST)	

Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Finalize the IBE GCED toolkit, which	The IBE GCED Resource Pack is available on-line in ENG. It aims	IBE's leading role in	The IBE is recognized by its	Risk
addresses issues relating to the conceptual	to support MSs in mainstreaming GCED into their education system	designing GCED curricula	sister institutions (e.g.,	
understanding of policy, curriculum,	through a holistic, systemic and sustained approach to policies,	and pedagogy, as well as to	APCIEU), other UNESCO	Expectations of the IBE to
pedagogy, learning and teacher education	curriculum and pedagogy. It consists of 7 modules: 1)	monitor the attainment of	structures at HQ and FOs,	sustain technical support
aspects of GCED	conceptualization of GCED; 2) national policies; 3) curricula and	SDG4 Target 4.7, upheld.	MSs, and NGOs for its	to other entities without a
	syllabi; 4) teaching, learning and assessment; 5) textbook and		leading role in GCED, as	sustainable financing
	learning resources; 6) whole-school approach; and 7) teacher		evident in TA and	framework may persist.
	education and professional development.		collaboration requests.	
	The IBE participated as a speaker in several workshops and			Risk Mitigation
	seminars organized by different partners (the NGO Working Group			
	on Human Rights Education and Learning and the Permanent			The IBE insisted on fully
	Mission of the Kingdom of Morocco) to discuss the impact of GCED			reimbursable
	and HRE in a fast changing world.			engagements with all
				partners.
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	
The IBE GCED toolkit disseminated and	GCED toolkit produced and piloting discussed with APCEIU. (MST)			
piloted in one country		MST		

5. Strengthen MSs' capacity to design, develop, implement and monitor SDG 4.1 (aligned with SDG4 Target 4.1 and to MLA 2, point 10])					
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation	
Sustain collaboration with the UIS on	Global Assessment Frameworks for Reading and Math were	The IBE's lead role in linking	The UIS and consequently the	Risk	
monitoring the implementation of SDG	elaborated, discussed and validated. An online global consultation	curriculum and assessment	Global Alliance for Monitoring		
Target 4.1 (mathematics) by leading the	was conducted with the view to reach global consensus on the two	frameworks and in	Learning, as well as the global	Lack of staff and	
development of the UNESCO Competence	frameworks. It focused on the domains and sub-domains of reading	monitoring the attainment of	2030 education working group	resources to analyse	
Framework for Mathematics and extending	and math. Ministries of Education, international organizations	SDG4 Target 4.1 upheld.	continue to rely on the	assessment frameworks	
the collaboration to Reading	working on teaching, learning and assessment, alumni of the IBE		technical expertise of the IBE	in different languages.	
	Diploma, Members of the Task Force 4.1, academics from		in leading the development of		
	universities, and independent consultants working on mathematics,		assessment frameworks used		
	reading and/or assessment participated in the consultation process		in monitoring SDG4.1.1.	Risk Mitigation	
	The vast majority of them expressed a high level of satisfaction with			Partnerships with different	
	the frameworks;			entities and innovative	
				human resourcing	
	73 National Assessment Frameworks (NAF) in reading and 115 in			successfully mitigated this	
	math were mapped in order to identify cross-national trends. The			risk.	
	content areas were mapped to ensure a more robust development			Hon.	
	of the global assessment frameworks while also respecting the				
	individual characteristics of national curricula and assessment				

	frameworks. The findings of the mapping exercise are published as In-Progress Reflections No. 17 (see Activity 1);  Likewise, the IBE conducted a comparative analysis of 20 MSs National Curriculum Frameworks (NCFs) and National Assessment Frameworks (NAFs) for Literacy-Reading, to examine the alignment between intentional learning outcomes and assessed learning outcomes. The findings emphasize the ambiguity of global understanding around <i>Metalinguistic Competency</i> and its integration, or lack thereof, in national frameworks. The report calls for stronger alignment of curriculum and assessment learning outcomes, as well as expanded analysis with additional data sources to support or counter its findings (In-Progress Reflection No. 23, see Activity 1).	
Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance
First version of the competency Framework for Mathematics completed.	Competency Framework for Mathematics elaborated, validated, and published. Moreover, the framework is adopted for use in monitoring SDG4.1.1. (EST)	MST
National Assessment Frameworks for Reading mapped and analysed.	Competency Framework for Reading elaborated validated, and published. Moreover, the framework is adopted for use in monitoring SDG4.1.1. (EST)	

6. Strengthen MSs' capacity to design and develop holistic Early Childhood Care and Education Systems (aligned with SDG4 Target 4.2 and to MLA1 points 1 & 8) and 4-8						
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation		
Finalize the production of a prototype	An advanced draft ECCE System Prototype was developed.	5 MSs capacity to design	Capacity was advanced			
resilient ECCE system covering ages 0-3		and implement resilient	substantially in three MSs:			
and 4-8		ECCE systems improved;	Eswatini, Cameroon, and			
Finalize guidelines for the contextual	A preliminary draft of the guidelines was prepared.		Seychelles. One MS (UAE)			
adaptation of the ECCE system prototype		South/South collaboration	will join in 2019.			
with the view to support 4 MSs in designing		enhanced				
and developing resilient ECCE systems that			South/South, North/South,			
can stand as best practices to other		North/South, South/North	and South/North			
countries		collaboration advancing	collaboration, as well as Peer			
Hold an online consultation with global	A consultation forum was held with 20 thought leaders in the field to		learning, are advancing from			
thought-leaders on ECCE to review and	review the advanced draft ECCE System Prototype.	Peer learning advancing,	the collaboration of partner			
validate the prototype of a resilient ECCE		line by line	countries and consultation			
system			forums.			
Hold an international workshop to share and	A validation workshop was postponed to 2019.					
validate the prototype and the guidelines with						
representatives from Cameroun, Egypt,						

India, Seychelles and Swaziland as well as with international experts in the field		
Initiate work on the Holistic Early Childhood	Not done due to the overall delay in this activity partly due to partner	
Development Index to support the monitoring	countries and due to change of staff.	
of SDG4.2 and the progress of the 5 partner	Preparatory work towards the development of the HECDI has been	
countries	initiated	
Undertake an ECCE situation analysis in one	Not done because the two countries were non-responsive and had	
State of India and one province in Egypt	to be changed. Current status is potential for Maharashtra state in	
	India, and a network of 1-3 countries through ECD Center in	
	Indonesia.	
Capacity building and technical support on	Several capacity development missions were undertaken, and the	
building quality ECCE systems is provided to	fact that the countries are now articulating their systems suggests	
Cameroun and to Swaziland	that capacity is strengthening.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance
Full prototype ECCE system for 0-3 and 4-8 published	Not completed. (PMST)	
An international seminar for ECCE systems	Not yet held. (FMST)	
prototype for validation purpose	The feet mean (time ty	
Preliminary draft HECDI articulated	The draft is not yet in place. (FMST)	FMST
Four capacity development and technical	Three missions completed. (PMST)	
assistance activities (Swaziland, India (one		
State), Egypt and Cameroun)		
2 ECCE national situation analysis reports	Not done. (FMST)	
are available for Egypt and for one State in		
India		

Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Sustain the dissemination and the availability in different languages of the IBE's resource pack Reaching out to All Learners: A	On-line version of IBE's Reaching out to All Learners: a Resource Pack for Supporting Inclusive Education available in ARA.	MSs' capacity to design and implement inclusive policies and inclusive curricula	The capacity building was not realized due to lack of funding to provide the planned	Risk  Lack of resources to
Resource Pack for Supporting Inclusive		enhanced.	activities.	translate the inclusive
Education"				education materials in at
		MSs' capacity to monitor		least four UN languages.
Develop and pilot a quality assurance mechanism to assess the inclusiveness of curricula and pedagogy in different regions in	Funds could not be secured for this activity.	progress toward equitable and inclusive education and curricula strengthened.		Risk Mitigation
partnership with the Education Relief		_		Partnership was secured
Foundation (ERF) and UNESCO Section for				to make the inclusive
Inclusion and Gender Equality (ED/IPS/IGE)				education materials
(depending on the availability of funds)				available only in ARA.

Implement a series of courses on inclusive education in the LAC region in partnership with the Organization of American States (OAS) (depending on financed partner agreement)	Funds could not be secured for this activity.		
Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance	
Resource pack for inclusive education produced for Gulf States	The IBE general Resource pack on inclusive education available in ARA. (PMST)		
Sustainable financing of the LAC course on inclusive education secured	Sustainable financing could not be secured. (FMST)	FMST	

3. Strengthen MSs capacity to design and develop youth education policies and curricula (aligned with SDG 4 Target 4.4 and to MLA1 points 1, 6, & 8)					
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation	
Sustain collaboration with UNESCO Beirut	The IBE carried out an in-depth analysis of the Youth Profile	MSs' understanding of	Delayed implementation of	Risk	
Office and the UNESCO Section of	Framework for the Arab region in collaboration with UNESCO Beirut	integration youth education	the framework limited the		
Partnerships, Cooperation and Research	Office and ED/ESC/PCR. Pending discussion with UNESCO Beirut	and other policies enhanced;	possible impact on the	Lack of staff and	
(ED/ESC/PCR) with regard to the	with regard to the validation and implementation processes.		conceptual understanding of	resources to analyze	
elaboration, finalization and implementation		MSs' capacity to design,	MSs.	curriculum frameworks in	
of the Youth Profile for the Arab region		build and implement		different languages.	
(depending on the availability of funds)		education policies and			
		curricula for holistic youth			
		engagement enhanced.		Risk Mitigation	
Continue the in-house comparative analyses	Policies on youth education from 98 countries were mapped and				
on youth education	analyzed.			Partnerships were set up	
				to analyze youth	
				education in Arabic	
				speaking region.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance			
Youth Profile for the Arab region produced	Partially met. Youth Profile for the Arab region produced, but not yet				
and discussed	discussed. (PMST)				
			PMST		

D. Strengthen MSs' capacity to design and develop polices and curricula addressing migration issues (aligned with SDG 4 Target 4.7 and MLA1 points 1 & 8, and MLA2 point 10)					
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation	
Under a GEMR-IBE partnership, carry out a	In collaboration with the GEMR, the IBE carried out a study to	MSs' awareness on the	Findings of the IBE analyses	Risk	
study on how education curricula documents	understand how migration-related concepts are portrayed in 12	need to design and	were incorporated into the		
and textbooks describe migration based on	countries that have experienced significant migration and	implement policies and	2019 GEM Report, Migration,	Lack of staff and	
an international sample of countries exposed	displacement trends. The IBE analyzed 189 historical and	curricula that are sensitive to	displacement and education:	resources to analyze	
to migration and/or displacement (depending	contemporary sources out of which around 30% belong to the IBE	migration issues enhanced;	Building bridges, not walls.	policy, curriculum	
on the availability of funds)	Historical Textbook Collection.		This will enable an enormous	frameworks and textbooks	
			exposure to MSs given the	in different languages.	
			wide dissemination of the		
		The IBE's pivotal role in the	GEMR. In addition, the IBE	Risk Mitigation	
		monitoring of SDG4 Targets	will host the launching in		
		further sustained.	Geneva.	The reputation of the IBE,	
				close collaboration with	
			The IBE continues to enjoy	UNESCO structures, and	
			substantial recognition for its	Innovative human	
			role in the monitoring of SDG4	resourcing successfully	
			Target 4.7.	mitigated this risk.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance		
A study undertaken on migration issues related to curricula and textbooks	Study published in November 2018. (MST)		MST		

### III. IBE Expected Result 2, Contributing to MLA2 [ER 10]

Strengthen MS's research, foresight and anticipatory global capacity for curriculum, teaching, learning and assessment; as well as capacity for evidence-based monitoring of SDG targets.

For the past three years, the IBE has focused its knowledge brokerage on two main themes, which are interconnected and contribute directly to the achievement of the SDG4: learning (specifically, the neuroscience of learning) and the development-relevance of curriculum (specifically, future competences). During 2018, the IBE's work on the neuroscience of learning has gained exceptional momentum and further consolidated the IBE's position as the clearinghouse for the sciences of learning. Prestigious academic institutions have joined forces with the IBE to support and translate key neuroscience research on learning and the brain for educators (particularly teachers), policymakers, and practitioners. Also, the IBE/IBRO Science of Learning Fellowship continues to attract leading senior neuroscientists, who assist the IBE in making findings of cutting-edge research substantively accessible to a large base of policy-makers and practitioners. This translated knowledge will be integrated into the IBE's training courses for teachers and curriculum specialists, placing them at the frontiers of knowledge and practice.

1. Strengthen and focus the IBE	's knowledge brokerage (aligned with SDG4 Target 4.1 and to ML	A2 point 10, and MLA1 point 1		
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Build and sustain the IBE's clearinghouse function for the sciences of learning and for the development-relevance of curriculum (depending on the availability of funds)  In collaboration with leading centers of learning sciences, sustain the focus on the neuroscience of learning as the first theme of the knowledge brokerage initiative(depending on the availability of funds)	Materials for the clearinghouse on the sciences of learning have been produced and externally reviewed for quality assurance; work on the clearinghouse website has started and will be finalized in 2019. Partner institutions that will contribute to the IBE's clearinghouse function on the development-relevance of curriculum have been identified.  Collaboration with leading centers of learning sciences has been strengthened:  - MoUs have been signed with University of Berkeley (US) and Queensland University (Australia). Advanced discussions for collaboration are underway with East China Normal University (China), University of Cambridge (UK), Cuban Neuroscience Center (Cuba), Bristol University (UK), Universidad de la República (Uruguay) and Université Paris Descartes (France).  - The IBE/IBRO Science of Learning Fellowship program continues to attract leading scholars interested in cognitive neuroscience and learning. The third cohort of three IBRO/ IBE Senior Fellows (from Brazil, UK, and Uruguay) joined the IBE in October 2018.	The IBE's intellectual leadership sustained.  The technical currency of the IBE's training and advisory services improving.  Access to cutting-edge knowledge in the two focus themes improving, especially within the GCN.	The IBE continues to demonstrate intellectual leadership and ability to integrate scientific research with policy and practice, to improve education quality and equity, as well as lifelong learning opportunities:  The IBE's initiative on the sciences of learning is vigorously gaining momentum.  Building a scientific groundwork for education and learning has the potential to revolutionize the current understanding of learning and to provide an expanded, updated, and potentially useful toolkit to shape educational practice and policy.  The breadth of the IBE's service capabilities has extended and improved, making the IBE uniquely prepared to assist Member States with a large spectrum of their training and advisory needs.  Access to cutting-edge knowledge in the focus theme "sciences of learning" has been considerably enhanced:  The IBE is building a comprehensive clearinghouse in the sciences of learning, to support and translate key neuroscience research on learning and the brain for educators, policy makers, and practitioners.  A growing number of academic institutions expressed keen interest in depositing their own translation work on the IBE platform, thus expanding the base produced inhouse.  The IBE is building a community of practice of world-renowned scholars/ prestigious academic institutions to help develop 21st century education systems that are supported by concrete evidence of how we learn.	Risk Insufficient financial resources for sustaining the brokering of knowledge.  Risk Mitigation The number of centers of learning sciences that are willing to deposit their translation work on the IBE's platform has increased.  Discussions underway with academic institutions willing to take on translating, printing and distributing Prospects and other publications in all UN languages.  Risk Severe scarcity of human resources (e.g., one single staff member in charge of all knowledge brokerage activities and publications) continues to affect the timely production of Prospects.  Risk Mitigation Double special issues were produced, to catch up with the publishing delay; advanced planning for special issues was initiated; efforts were intensified, to encourage high-quality submissions and to promote the new focus of the journal in academic meetings and conferences

Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance
At least 15 outputs deposited on the IBE platform	18 outputs have been developed, externally reviewed, and formatted, and are ready to be deposited on the IBE platform. 18	
Sustain the production of <i>Prospects</i> on topics relevant to the IBE's mandate, in English, Arabic, and Mandarin Chinese	more outputs are currently being produced. <b>(EST)</b> The production of <i>Prospects</i> has been sustained, albeit at a slower pace, in English, Arabic and Mandarin Chinese:  The high quality and relevance of the latest issues produced have been repeatedly praised by researchers, policy makers and practitioners alike.  "Stumbling at the first step: Efficiency implications of poor performance in the foundational first five years" was nominated by Springer Nature as one of top 100 most influential articles of 2018 (Change the World initiative). <i>Prospects</i> has high exposure among 7,680 institutions worldwide.  The journal readership has consistently grown: downloads in 2018 summed up to 264,214 (data available until November 2018), a vigorous increase from 2016 (99,792), when the journal was rebranded. Consequently, royalties have increased, from 7,972 € in 2017, to 16,000 € in 2018. <i>Prospects</i> issues on learning to read and on brain research and learning, respectively, were launched during special sessions of the 2018 CIES conference in Mexico City. The conference participants praised the IBE for the outstanding quality of the volumes.  The number of <i>Prospects</i> followers on Twitter has vigorously increased (from 14 followers, in 2017, to 216, in November 2018). <b>(EST)</b>	EST
Sustain the production of the IBE book series on topics related to curriculum, learning, and assessment (depending on the availability of funds). 4 four issues per year	2 issues have been produced; 2 more issues are under production.     (MST)  The IBE continues to publish high-quality books in its prestigious series:      The latest publication, Educating for the 21st Century, was hailed by critics such as philosophers AC Grayling and Luc Ferry as "a significant book, which makes it required reading for educators, public policy experts, indeed every thoughtful citizen of our time".      Educating for the 21st Century, was launched during an IBE Learning Series event, in front of around 100 participants from all over the world.	
At least one book published in the IBE on Curriculum, Learning and Assessment series	One book in the IBE in Curriculum, Learning, and Assessment series was published: Educating for the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century: Seven Global Challenges. Another book is under production.  The Educational Practices series has been revamped, including new refreshing design, new editorial board, and increased focus	

Sustain production of the Educational Practices series (co- published with the International Academy of Education), on topics relevant to the IBE's mandate and mission	on topics relevant to the IBE's mandate and mission. Unsolicited translations of the booklets continue to reach the IBE, further proving the considerable success of the series. (MST)	EST
At least one booklet published in both digital and print in the <i>Educational Practices</i> series (depending on the availability of funds).	Two booklets have been published in both digital and print in the Educational Practices series: Proportional reasoning and Accountable Talk: Instructional dialogue that builds the mind.  (EST)	

2. Strengthen the IBE's knowledge dissemi	nation function (aligned with SDG4 Target 4.1 and with ML	A1 point 10)		
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Sustain the production of bi-weekly Alerts, with a focus on curriculum, learning, teaching and assessment; revise formatting and design	Bi-weekly Alerts have been regularly produced, with a primary focus on the IBE's core areas of curriculum, learning, teaching, and assessment:  - Alerts related to the current IBE focus on future competences, the neuroscience of learning, and emerging technologies were developed and disseminated.  - The Alerts and Digests have received an overwhelmingly positive response from the readers for their usefulness and accessibility.  - In 2018, the IBE alerting services gained 60 new subscribers, 42 more than in the previous year.  - The formatting and design of the Alerts and Digests have been revised and improved.	The visibility of the IBE as a knowledge institution increasing.	Visibility of the IBE as a knowledge institution via the sharing of resources in areas of IBE expertise is increasing at a higher rate than in previous years:  - The Alerts and Digests are reaching an increasing number of curriculum specialists (including GCN members), researchers, policy makers and practitioners, who appreciate the usefulness and quality of the service provided.  - The Alerts and Digests have been actively promoted through all the IBE channels, including social media, thus reaching out to the general public as well.  - A staggering volume of items of potentially substantive intellectual value that have been unknown and inaccessible to scholars has been digitized and will be available shortly to the general public.  - Thematic exhibitions, based on the IBE's collections, have been organized, on relevant topics, such as migration, gender, and nation building.  - Traveling exhibits and the book A Visual History of the IBE, based on the IBE archives, have been displayed at major conferences and events and attracted wide interest, further enhancing the visibility of the IBE as a knowledge institution.  - The unique materials stewarded by the IBE are about to release their value to a global audience of researchers, which, in return, may increase the number of IBE partnerships, collaborations, and Documentation Center patrons.	Risk Consultants tied to knowledge dissemination function are on short term contracts, thereby threatening the sustainability of positive results.  Risk Mitigation Consultant hired to manage the digitization project was provided with a contract of longer duration and increased responsibilities.  Risk Donors' funding is tied to the Phase I of the digitization project. A Phase II is necessary, to complete the work on the remaining textbook collections and the more recent IBE archives (from 1969 on).  Risk Mitigation The IBE is actively exploring funding opportunities for a Phase II of its digitization project.  Risk The digital library functions according to a yearly subscription with TIND, and will require the securing of funds in order to stay functional after 2019.  Risk Mitigation The IBE is looking into possible solutions to cover TIND subscription costs, including grant opportunities, donations, revenue from publication royalties, etc.

Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance
21 bi-weekly alerts; 3 digests and 1 thematic alert released	23 bi-weekly alerts (2 more than projected), 8 digests (5 more than projected) and 1 thematic alert were produced, published, and disseminated. (EST)	
Continue the digitization and quality control of the Historical Textbook collection and the IBE Historical Archives	The digitization and quality control of the Historical Textbook collection and the IBE Historical Archives (Phase I) have been completed:  - All 4,700 Historical Textbooks targeted for Phase I of the digitization project have been digitized.  - The entire Historical Archives: 1925–1969 (297 archival boxes) have been digitized.  - Every page (nearly 2 million) of each digital surrogate has been quality-assured via rigorous quality control checks (by the end of 2018).  - The IBE Historical Archives are efficiently catalogued, preserved and accessible, according to international standards, and up to date, according to the most recent trends in the archival field.  - The IBE exhibition launching the digitized collections and the Documentation Center are slated to be opened to the public in 2019. Regardless, the IBE continued to assist patrons remotely, and fielded 64 research requests over the course of 2018. (EST)	EST
Once the digitization and quality control processes are completed, launch the TIND	Usability testing of the TIND digital library was conducted. As stipulated by the project donors, the library is	
public interface	Additional activity. The IBE's role as a knowledge institution was further supported by the Documentation Center in a number of capacities, including:  - Accessibility, cataloguing, and storage: New acquisitions, as well as previously uncatalogued historical textbooks were catalogued and stored; rare books were reorganized, for better security and accessibility; nearly two thousand duplicate books and documents were weeded from the general collection and arranged for donation.  - Essential documents: Guidelines for digitization project specifics, such as editing records, on-site rescanning and quality control procedures were created to establish project standards and promote continuity; guidelines for publication classification were created.  - Exhibitions: 10 individual showcases, using materials from the Historical Textbook Collection and the Historical Archives, have been curated and displayed in the IBE Documentation Center. An exhibition featuring World Council of Comparative Education Societies (WCCES) and IBE ephemera was featured at the WCCES Symposium in Johannesburg, in June 2018. (EST)	

3. Reinforce IBE's knowledge management	capacity (aligned with SDG4 Target 4.1 and MLA2 point 10	0)		
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Improve the IT platform to hold and disseminate knowledge created and/or brokered by the IBE in a more efficient and effective way (depending on the availability of funds).  Sustain the IBE Learning Series (lectures, workshops on relevant topics), organized at the IBE headquarters and including International Geneva (depending on the availability of funds).	A new IT platform, including portals for the IBE clearinghouses, is being designed and will be fully functional by Spring 2019.  The IBE Learning Series continued, featuring prominent scholars and a leading youth technology entrepreneur, on topics of interest to the IBE: emerging technologies and learning; future competences for the 21st century; and brain research and education:  - These learning events have also been opened to International Geneva, with a focus on education attachés of diverse missions.  - Two events were organized in cooperation with the International School of Geneva, attracting a record number of participants (e.g., over 300 people in attendance for the talk on AI, Robotics, and Education).	The IBE's efficiency at knowledge management improving.	The IBE's efficiency at knowledge management is improving at a fast rate:  - A brand-new IBE website is under work. With improved site structure design and navigation, the new website is going to act as an effective management and secure data sharing tool for the IBE's knowledge creation and brokering projects.  - Carefully selected IBE Learning Series events have been organized, bolstering the expertise of IBE staff and keeping them at the cutting edge of research, innovation, and practice in the IBE's areas of competence.	Publications and substantial website content are not available in at least four UNESCO languages.  Risk Mitigation  The IBE continues to explore potential translation funds from electoral groups that speak the languages.  Risk  The IBE is facing a severe shortage of human resources, which could jeopardize the quality and timely delivery of the IBE's new IT platform.  Risk Mitigation  In the absence of a full-time communications officer, the work on the website has been transferred to the Director's Office and to the Knowledge Creation and Management team.
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	
Two Learning Series events for IBE and International Geneva held during the year.	Two Learning Series events were organized ( <i>The Future of Africa: Al, Robotics, and Education</i> ; and <i>Educating for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century: Seven Global Challenges</i> ). One more event is planned for December 2018, when the three current IBE/IBRO Senior Fellows will present their research on the "learning brain". <b>(MST)</b>	MST		

## IV. Institutional and organizational development (Capacity Development for the IBE as a precondition for attaining ERs 1 and 2)

In 2018, the IBE continued to strengthen and improve its delivery capacity, which is at the heart of building capacity across the Member States and other IBE partners, and of making results sustainable over time. Constant efforts focused on cooperation with distinguished technical partners; investing in, recruiting, training and retaining the very best staff members; and further developing the IBE staff Learning Series. The IBE's external image has vigorously improved, through high-quality publications and services, unified branding and effective communication, as well as through making the IBE's presence felt on the world stage in an effective manner.

1. Enhance the IBE's external image and bran	nd			
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Sustain the annual publication of the magazine IBE In Focus, while strengthening client and partners' voice as well as strategic product placement (depending on the availability of funds)	<ul> <li>The magazine IBE In Focus continues to be produced annually, with improved design, production, and distribution of high-quality content:</li> <li>The 2018/2019 edition of the IBE magazine focuses on emerging technologies and education.</li> <li>In Focus gives stakeholders and partners a voice on relevant educational issues.</li> <li>The magazine features heads of states, ministers, high-level officials, leading scholars, and other eminent personalities.</li> <li>In Focus is strategically placed at: the Protocol Service, Geneva Airport, Business Class lounges of Swiss Airlines in Geneva and Zurich, South African Airways Business Class lounges (with soft copies aboard all travel classes), VIP Lounge of the Monaco Yacht Club, VIP Lounge of the Montreux Jazz festival, and Hotel La Réserve in Geneva.</li> <li>The 2017/2018 edition was widely distributed during relevant meetings and events, including: CIES annual conference, Mexico City; Web Summit, Lisbon; Education World Forum, London; 39th session of the General Conference of UNESCO, etc.</li> </ul>	Global visibility of the IBE and interest in its work growing.	The IBE is building a strong brand image and developing greater awareness among various stakeholders.	
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	
IBE in Focus 2018 published, both in print and online, and strategically placed  Translate IBE In Focus into French	Work on the 2018/2019 edition is ongoing, with a scheduled online publication date at the end of 2018 and print in February 2019.  The French version of the 2017 edition was produced. The IBE continues to identify new partners and translation and distribution opportunities. (MST)  IBE In Focus 2017 was translated into French. The French translation will be formatted and uploaded on-line (funding not available for the printed version, nor for the Arabic translation).  - The IBE continued to play a leadership role on world stages. In 2018, the IBE optimally executed three of its core functions—intellectual leader, capacity builder, and norm and standard setter—which were reinforced by the IBE's global convening power;  The IBE proved its operational leadership in demonstrating how to effectively implement the curriculum transformation implied in its intellectual and normative outputs. Requests for partnerships and technical assistance have increased and diversified. (MST)		MST	
Improve visibility and the intellectual leadership role of the IBE	The IBE continued to play a leadership role on world stages. In 2018, the IBE optimally executed three of its core functions – intellectual leader, capacity builder, and norm and standard setter –, which were reinforced by the IBE's global convening power:  - The IBE proved its operational leadership in demonstrating how to effectively implement the curriculum transformation implied in its intellectual and normative outputs. Requests for partnerships and technical assistance have increased and diversified. (MST)			
Four keynote addresses in major world events	Six keynote addresses were delivered in major global events, including: the World Education Forum, the Education Fast Forward Debate, London; Berlin Economic Forum; Web Summit, Lisbon; 9 <sup>th</sup> International Conference on Human Rights Education, Sydney; Annual Meeting of the CEOs of the Junior			

	Achievement Worldwide, London; Conference on Competence-Based Curriculum, Barcelona. (EST)
Play significant role in two international conferences with significant exposure for the IBE (e.g., presidential panels, key sessions, etc.)	The IBE played a substantial role in international conferences with high exposure for the IBE. Examples include: Presidential Panel and highlighted/special sessions, CIES conference, Mexico City; WCCES symposium, Johannesburg; lead speaker during the conference of the G20 Education Working Group, Buenos Aires; speaker during the meeting of Ministers of Education of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization, Astana; intellectual sponsor of a key theme during the SADC Heads of State Summit, Windhoek. (EST)
Convene a high-level event on Preventing Violent Extremism through Universal Values in Curricula	The high-level event on <i>Preventing Violent Extremism through Universal Values in Curricula</i> has been cancelled, due to the inability of its co-organizer (Institute for Cultural Diplomacy) to contribute financially to its preparation. No meetings were convened in 2018, because of the lack of funding.
Convene two meetings of the GCO	The work on the GCO will be reinvigorated in 2019, when funding to support the GCO meetings will be available. (DMST)
Two prestigious university/academic institutions as partners having signed a MoU for collaboration	MoUs for collaboration have been signed with University of Berkeley (US) and Queensland University (Australia). Advanced discussions for collaboration are underway with East China Normal University (China), University of Cambridge (UK), Cuban Neuroscience Center (Cuba), Bristol University (UK), and Universidad de la República (Uruguay) and Université Paris Descartes (France) (EST)
Consolidate the new and consistent branding and messaging for IBE across all channels	The new IBE branding and messaging have been consistently consolidated across all channels: IBE social media, website, publications, press releases, and promotion materials:  - The new IBE website will ensure branding consistency and accuracy of information.  - Web and graphic designers are currently assisting in reinforcing the IBE's identity and credibility across all channels. (MST)
Branding extended to resource packs and brochures	Branding was extended to the <i>Educational Practices</i> booklets. Resource packs and all the IBE promotional materials will continue to be re-branded in 2019. <b>(MST)</b>
Amplify and authenticate the IBE's work through third party endorsement and reciprocate	The IBE's work has been reinforced through endorsements from prestigious institutions, leading scholars, and eminent personalities:  - The IBE's publications have been hailed, among others, by New York Times journalist Tom Friedman and philosophers Luc Ferry and AC Grayling.  - Prospects article included in 100 most influential works in social sciences, education and philosophy and psychology (Springer's Change the World initiative)  - The IBE's work on future competences has been endorsed and applied to a school context by the International School of Geneva. (EST)
Two third parties endorsements secured	Reached target: Two third parties endorsements were secured, including the International School of Geneva, and the Institute of Early Childhood Development (IECD), Seychelles. (MST)

2. Strengthen external communication of th	e IBE			
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Sustain the implementation of the communication strategy to enhance the IBE's visibility role as a CoE and share the IBE's activities, outputs, progress and outcomes	Implementation of the communication strategy was sustained and the IBE activities were shared through multi-channels including the magazine, conferences, meetings, Twitter, Facebook and IPR.	GCN membership recognized as prestigious;  Visitations and engagements with diverse IBE communication channels increased.	Evidence of disposition towards the GCN is not yet collected  Visitations and engagement increased from 2017 to 2018 (data to November) as follows:  Alerts: 794 to 1,092 subscribers  Prospects: 204,816 to 264,214 downloads In Focus: 495 to 1389 downloads In Progress Reflections: 9,944to 21.332 downloads Twitter IBE: 3,250 to 4,938 followers  Twitter DIR: 4,103to 5,059 followers	Risk The revamping of the website may slow growth in engagement with it as a key communication channels at a time when good communication by IBE is crucial.  Risk Mitigation This risk did not materialize, as witnessed from the Increased engagement.
Strengthen relevant digital channels including website, forums, social media, blogs, email and visuals	All digital channels were strengthened and further strengthening of the website is in progress.			
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	
Implementation of the communication strategy quite advanced  Strengthen relevant digital channels	The strategy is under effective implementation as evident improvements across all modes of communicating IBE activities and programmes. (EST)  All digital channels were strengthened and further strengthening of		MST	
including website, forums, social media, blogs, email and visuals	the website is in progress. (MST)			
Website revamped	Work is advancing on the strengthening of the website (PMST)			
Periodicity of communication with the GCN established as quarterly	A quarterly newsletter for the GCN is designed and content for the first four issues is determined (PMST)			

Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
	The need for Council to contribute to the mobilization of resources was tabled for the Council meeting and a working group on resource mobilization was set up to hasten impact.	A 30% point increase in the current level of voluntary contributions	No impact	Risk  Council members sustaining their non-contribution to the IBE;  Risk Mitigation  Council Members sustained their non-contribution to the IBE, despite appeals from the IBE Secretariat.
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	•
All Council Members having signed a multiyear voluntary contribution agreement	Nothing realized (FMST)		FMST	

4. Sustain efforts to secure qualified seconders from MSs						
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation		
	Meetings were held, to invite several MSs to consider sending secondees to the IBE.	At least two senior secondees for areas for which the IBE has already prepared ToRs.	No senior secondees for areas for which the IBE has already prepared ToRs.			
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance			
At least one senior seconded from each Council Member	No Council Member secured a secondee. Two junior scholars were secured from China by the IBE Secretariat. (FMST)	FMST				

Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
	Effort to increase and diversify partners was sustained	An increase in the number of programs that are financed by and/or undertaken in partnership with diverse partners.	There was an increase in academic partners (3), foundations (1), and MSs (1).	
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	
- Each IBE P3 level staffer to bring one new financing partner worth US\$ 500K per year for at least two years;	One P5 raised 343K. Director raised 1.4 million. (PMST)		PMST	

- Each IBE P4 and P5 level staffer to bring	
two new financing partners worth US\$ 500K	
or one partner worth US\$ 1 million per year	
for at least two years;	
- Each D-level IBE staffer to bring two new	
partners worth US\$ 1 million a year for two	
years	

<b>Proposed Activities &amp; Targets</b>	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
	Efforts were sustained.			Risk  Shortage of funds may undermine innovative and resource efficient staffing.  Risk Mitigation  This risk was minimized because the IBE Secretariat managed to sustain the overall resource envelop at the 2017 level. Also the junio secondees from China abated the risk
Proposed Target	Reached Target		Overall Performance	,
	Although there were no set targets, six senior experts were added to the near-permanent staff and two senior fellows were added.(EST)		EST	

7. Sustain the monitoring of the institutio		Famous to difference of	Dealler diversed	District O Midweller
Proposed Activities & Targets	Undertaken Activities and Met Targets	Expected Impact	Realized Impact	Risks & Mitigation
Proposed Target	Reached Target	Overall Performance		
	Although there was no set target, the institutional risk register has			
	been substantially improved and it is shared with the Council half		EST	
	yearly. The annual reporting on activity risk is sustained. (EST)			

## V. Budget

#### SPECIAL ACCOUNT FOR THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION (IBE)

SCHEDULE 1 OF USE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND UNOBLIGATED BALANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 1st JANUARY to 30th September

(Expressed in Dollar US)

2018 **September** 

APPROPRIATION LINE / PROGRAMME CHAPTER			APPROPI	RIATIONS				EXPENI	DITURES		UNOBLIGATED BALANCE (to be obligated)	EXEC RATE CURRENT PERIOD*	GLOBAL EXECUTIO RATE**
	Appropriation approved by council	Appropriation approved by council ajusted	Ressources unreleased or reported or transfered	Additional Funds	Adjustment from 2017 ULOs	Budget revised	Disbursement s	Unliquidate d obligations period reporting	Unliquidated obligations futur period	Total Current period			
I. PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES													
I-1 Activities under Expected results I	721 496	802 230	(5 500)	498 480	106 470	1 401 680	600 997	7 873	180 334	608 870	612 476	43,4%	56,3
Diploma course on curriculum design	23 000	23 022	-	127 033	18	150 073	39 843	1 566	102 517	41 409	6 147	27,6%	95
Innovation and Leadership in Curriculum and Learning / ECCE	60 000	62 194	(5 500)	55 000	7 617	119 311	108 083	426	5 511	108 508	5 292	90,9%	98
Technical Assistance to Members States on Curriculum Design and Development (TA to MS on CDD)	118 496	222 172	-	62 640	(584)	284 228	250 192	-	10 566	250 192	23 470	88,0%	91
Strengthening the Education Systems of MS to equitably provide high quality education and effective learning opportunities.	520 000	492 308	-	-	99 053	591 361	116 106	5 881	43 739	121 987	425 635	20,6%	28,
Strengthening STEM curricula for girls in Africa and Asia and Pacific (phase I)		2 534	-	-	365	2 900	2 628	-	-	2 628	272	90,6%	90
uture competencies for the 21st Century: Transforming teaching and learning		-	-	253 807	-	253 807	84 146	-	18 000	84 146	151 661	33,2%	4
I-2 Activities under Expected results II	557 000	610 178	-	32 311	57 921	700 410	309 375	4 626	214 370	298 652	172 040	42,6%	7
Research & Publications	15 000	20 035	-	32 311	2 322	54 668	19 333	530	4 496	19 864	30 309	36,3%	4
Knowledge Brokerage	80 000	146 217	-		2 834	149 051	17 992	88	70 420	2 731	60 551	1,8%	5
Development of IBE website & Communication	42 000	46 495	-		47 484	93 979	26 929	15	50 950	26 944	16 085	28,7%	
Text books Project	130 000	160 031	-	-	5 280	165 312	135 833	-	-	135 832	29 479	82,2%	
IBE Historical Archives Project	290 000	237 400	-	-	0	237 400	109 288	3 992	88 504	113 281	35 616	47,7%	8
PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES (I)	1 278 496	1 412 409	(5 500)	530 791	164 391	2 102 090	910 371	12 499	394 703	922 870	784 517	43,9%	62
II. Governing Board/Gen. Adm./Institutional Dev.													
II-1 IBE Council/Steering Committee	40 000	40 000	_			40 000	1 039	6 969	2 268	8 008	29 724	20,0%	2
II-2 General operating costs	400 000	400 186	-	11 504	8 089	419 779	273 011	34 793	76 262	307 804	35 713	73,3%	9
Maintenance of IBE premises		154 747	-	-	-	154 747	128 655	-	20 450	128 655	5 641	83,1%	ç
Running cost		245 439	-	11 504	8 089	265 032	144 355	34 793	55 812	179 149	30 072	67,6%	8
II-3 Director Office	147 000	217 265	-	21 500	1 883	240 648	6 105	50 104	29 593	56 209	154 845	23,4%	3
GOVERNINT BOARD, GEN.ADMIN. & INST. DEV (II)	587 000	657 451	-	33 004	9 972	700 427	280 154	91 867	108 123	372 021	220 283	53,1%	6
STAFF COSTS (III)	2 141 042	2 065 872	-	(11 504)	757	2 055 124	1 294 960	16 300	137 764	1 311 260	606 101	63,8%	7
FOTAL BUDGET ALLOCATED 2018 (I + II + III)	4 006 538	4 135 731	(5 500)	552 291	175 120	4 857 642	2 485 486	120 666	640 590	2 606 151	1 610 900	53,7%	66

<sup>\*</sup> Execution rate current period = Total current period / Revised \*\* Global execution rate = (total current period + unliquidated obligations futur period) / Revised

#### **Annex 1: SDG 4 and Targets**

SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

- Target 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
- Target 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
- Target 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
- Target 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
- Target 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations
- <u>Target 4.6</u> By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy
- Target 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development
- <u>Target 4.a</u> Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
- Target 4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programs, in developed countries and other developing countries
- <u>Target 4.c</u> By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States



UNESCO/BIE/C.68/3 Geneva, 19 November 2018 Original: English

### SIXTY-EIGHTH SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF EDUCATION

Geneva, 6 December 2018

#### PROPOSED PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES AND BUDGET 2019

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- I. Program Context
- II. IBE Expected Result 1, Contributing to MLA1 [ER: 1& 6, also to ER 7 & 8]; and supporting SDG4 targets 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 and 4.7, as well as SDG5

Support capacities of MSs to equitably provide quality and development-relevant education and learning opportunities through effective curricula, teaching, learning, assessments, and the overall system functioning (Norms and Standard-setting, Laboratory of Ideas, and Capacity Builder Functions)

III. IBE Expected Result 2, Contributing to MLA2 [ER 10]

Strengthen MS's research, foresight and anticipatory global capacity for curriculum, teaching, learning and assessment; as well as capacity for evidence-based monitoring of SDG targets. (Knowledge Clearinghouse and Intellectual Leadership Functions)

IV. Institutional and organizational development (Capacity Development for the IBE as a precondition for attaining ERs 1 and 2)

(IBE Capacity Development Function)

V. Budget

#### I. Program Context

#### Introduction

This document proposes the IBE's 2019 work program and budget (the "program") for review and clearance to the 68th session of the IBE Council. As is tradition, UNESCO's mandate, core functions, C/4 and C/5, MLAs, ERs, the Sector strategy 2014-21 and the IBE Centre of Excellence (CoE) strategy, anchor and guide the proposed 2019 program.

During 2019, the IBE will continue to heighten its contribution to the attainment of the core pillars of SDG4 and the *Global Education 2030 Agenda*. These pillars are: (i) higher and more equitable education quality and learning outcomes, (ii) equity of education and learning opportunities, processes and outcomes, and (ii) development-relevance of education and learning. The rich base of normative and operational instruments that the IBE produced during 2017 and 2018 buttress these contributions. The IBE will also sustain its key contribution to the implementation and monitoring of SDG4 targets in close collaboration with the Global Education Monitoring Report (GEMR), the UN Institute for Statistics (UIS) and other UNESCO entities.

With engagement and robust support of the Council, the IBE will maintain and increase its position within the ED sector as a key producer of global public goods that require direct financing as part of UNESCO's global norm and standard setting role. It will also maintain its position as a key and most consistent contributor to the GEMR's and the UIS's production of global public goods pertaining to the monitoring of progress towards SDG4 targets.

The proposed program below focuses on Medium Term Programmatic Areas (2014-2021). It reflects difficult resource mobilization challenges that compete heavily for thinly stretched staff time and effort. These challenges are integral to the IBE's current context. They significantly impair the IBE's contribution to the attainment of the core pillars of SDG4, in comparison to the contribution that a resource-healthy IBE would otherwise be able to make.

Innovation and Leadership in Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Norms and Standardsetting function): This program area supports the implementation of a paradigm shift that reconceptualizes curriculum. It thus supports the consequent repositioning of curriculum to assure future development-relevance, readiness for 4IR, and other coming transformations, and thereby to

meet the demands of SDG4 and the *Global Education* 2030 Agenda. It will focus on giving operational guidance for the other seven dimensions along which the IBE has reconceptualized the curriculum.

Critical and Emerging Issues in Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Laboratory of ideas function): This program area supports development of guidelines, prototypes, frameworks, studies and cutting-edge interventions for high-demand areas and areas where Member States (MSs) have limited experience, and/or areas where MSs seek greater progress.

Systemic Strengthening of Quality and Development-relevance of Education and Learning (MS Capacity Builder function): This program area enhances the capacity of MSs to strengthen the effectiveness and efficiency of their education and learning systems as indispensable enabling environments for effective curriculum implementation.

Knowledge Creation Management and Curriculum, Learning, Teaching, and Assessment (Clearinghouse function): This program improves literal and substantive access to evidencebased knowledge required to guide curriculum design and development, as well as teaching, learning and assessment within the demands of the SDG4, Global Education 2030 Agenda, 21st century and 4IR. Specifically, the IBE seeks to intensify its knowledge brokerage role with a view to bridge the gap between knowledge creation and application focusing on: (i) curriculum and the development-relevance of education, and (ii) the sciences of learning and their application to learning, teaching and assessment. The IBE will also improve the real and virtual dissemination of "brokered" cutting-edge researchbased knowledge to targeted practitioners.

Leadership for Global Dialogue on Curriculum and Learning (Intellectual Leadership function): This program area sustains the IBE's global intellectual leadership and dialogue in its areas of competence, including conceptual and operational implications of SDGs in general, and SDG4 in particular, to national curriculum design and development processes and outputs. Leading this dialogue also reinforces the IBE's position as a CoE on curriculum and related matters as well as an indispensable contributor to the attainment of SDG4.

Institutional and Organizational Development (IBE Capacity development function): This program area sustains the strengthening of the IBE's capacity as a precondition for executing its mandate.

## II. IBE Expected Result 1, Contributing to MLA1 [ER: 1& 6, also to ER 7 & 8]; and supporting SDG4 targets 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 and 4.7, as well as SDG5

Support capacities of MSs to equitably provide quality and development-relevant education and learning opportunities through effective curricula, teaching, learning, assessments, and the overall system functioning (Norms and Standard-setting, Laboratory of Ideas, and Capacity Builder Functions)

During 2019, the IBE will continue resolute focus on its global normative and intellectual leadership functions. This work is strategic both in enhancing the visibility of the IBE and in sustaining the IBE's status as a CoE. It thus strategically contributes to MLA1, SDG4, and SDG5. Under its *Norms and Standard-setting, Laboratory of Ideas*, and *Member State Capacity Builder* functions, the IBE will continue to lead global dialog on and actively promote the future of development-relevant, competence-based curriculum for next generation and mid-century learners within 4IR. It will do so drawing on normative principles promulgated by the IBE and validated in diverse contexts across all UN regions and with global thought leaders.

These activities will include continued development of normative papers, creation of curriculum pilots in emerging areas such as education neuroscience and technology futures, fully reimbursable customized technical assistance to support Member States as they transition to competence-based curriculum, and production of operational guides aligning national curricula with current and future trends. The IBE will help Member States analyze and diagnose education systems and the early childhood care and education (ECCE) services that are the foundation for future development and prosperity.

Proposed activities (Norms and Standard-setting function)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated activity-specific risk
	ng role and Intellectual leadership as a 0 mentation 4.c., and MLA1, points 1, 6, 8 8	CoE in curriculum, learning and related m &10)	atters (aligned with SDG4
<ul> <li>Prepare the normative paper on curriculum for lifelong learning</li> <li>Finalize work on domain-specific</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The paper finalized, including consultations on it and its dissemination</li> <li>Domain-specific competences for three</li> </ul>	Enhanced working knowledge of partner countries on how to develop curricula that support LLL	
competences starting with STEM	STEM subjects articulated for K-12	Doman-specific competences ready for a quality assurance process and also ready	Shortage of funds will remain a
<ul> <li>Establish and formally lunch the GCO and its technical working committee</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The GCO and its technical working committee fully operational</li> </ul>	to guide the development of assessment	significant threat.
Update the IBE Curriculum Glossary	The Glossary updated and translated Into Arabic	Credible anticipatory capacity for curriculum Improving	The strategic attention of the Director may continue to be distracted by the amount of effort
Sustain IPR	Eight papers for the <i>In-Progress</i> Reflections series posted.	Technical working language of curriculum getting more regularized In the Arab States and among partners that work on curriculum The IBE's intellectual leadership sustained	for resource mobilization
2. Training in curriculum and learning implementation 4.c. and MLA1 point		nd tailored courses (aligned with SDG 4 T	arget 4.1, means of
Finalize and launch an IBE global masters level course (tuition funds allowing)	The first cohort of the course ready for enrolment in January of 2020		MSs may expect the IBE to fund scholarships for their students,
<ul> <li>Constitute a quality assurance panel for courses that have been handed over to partner universities (funds allowing)</li> </ul>	The panel ready to commence its work during 2020		affecting the success of the course, as the IBE will not do so.  Mitigation via ensuring that the
Negotiate quality assurance process with partner universities	An agreement reached with at least two partner universities	Technical leadership capacity for curriculum continue to improve across MSs	quality and reputation of the course is a self-evident selling point
Sustain the development of tailored courses that MSs fully finance	Courses developed and ran only on demand	The relevance of IBE training programs continue to improve	Partner universities may be reluctant to subject themselves to rigorous quality assurance     Mitigation via insisting on dissociating the course from the IBE if QA arrangements are not agreed
<del>-</del>	assistance on-demand [aligned to MLA	<u>-</u>	
<ul> <li>Provide TA on demand and only if it is fully reimbursed</li> </ul>	TA delivered on set terms	Technical capacity of MSs improved through skills transfer	<ul> <li>Insisting on fully reimbursable TA may continue to shrink the IBE's geographical footprint.</li> </ul>

Proposed activities (Norms and Standard-setting function)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated activity-specific risk	
			<ul> <li>Mitigation via increasing visibility of training programs through diverse communication channels</li> </ul>	
4. Sustain technical assistance to cou	ntries that are serving to enhance the lab	oratory of ideas function in operationaliz	ing IBE normative documents	
Provide TA to countries that have volunteered to pilot and consolidate IBE normative outputs on global future competences	TA sustained in one country and initiated in a second country	IBE normative work being operationalized		
Provide TA to Institutions that have volunteered to pilot and consolidate IBE normative outputs on global future competences	TA sustained in one institution			
5. Strengthen professional networks				
Expand the GCN membership to academic institutions	Regularize a quarterly GCN newsletter     Build a database of innovative curricula reforms in collaboration with the GCN	Membership of the GCN doubled     Substantive communication with the GCN improved including members' contributions to the newsletter and submissions of their promising curricula reforms to the IBE		
Proposed Activities (Laboratory of Ideas and Capacity Builder Functions)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Activity-Specific Risks and Risk Mitigation	
	wledge base required to improve their fac ILA1, points 1, 6, & 8, and MLA2, point 10	cilitation of student learning (aligned with	SDG4 Targets 4.1, 4.7 and	
Develop a four-level curriculum for giving education practitioners adequate and credible knowledge of the neuroscience of education and learning	Four levels of the course curriculum template designed, with syllabi for each course	A pre-service teacher training course available as a global public good ready for	Hesitant adaptation because number of courses added to their curriculum     Mitigation via one course survey	
Facilitate the adaptation of the course to cultural contexts of two partner countries	First-level course adapted to cultural contexts in two countries	MSs adaptation and usage  • Sample teachers' working knowledge of	option  • Hesitant curriculum adaptation	
Identify IBE Senior Fellows in the neuroscience of education and learning who will pilot the course as well as train teacher trainers in partner countries	The IBE teaching staff for the course identified and agreed on the standards for teaching the course across partner institutions	neuroscience of education and learning improving  Capacity of select institutions of MSs to mainstream and run the courses, improving from the skills transfer.	because of controversy over     education neuroscience     Mitigation via sustained progress     in field reinforcing and confirming	
Pilot the first level of the curriculum	First level course piloted in select institutions of two partner countries	improving from the skills transfer	role of education neuroscience in current and future teacher curriculum	

Proposed Activities (Laboratory of Ideas and Capacity Builder Functions)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Activity-Specific Risks and Risk Mitigation
2. Strengthen MSs capacity to develop implementation 4.c, and MLA1, poin		emerging issues (aligned with SDG4 Tar	gets 4.1, 4.7 and means of
Develop modules for a K-12 Technology Education Curriculum that MSs can adapt and mainstream into their national STEM curricula	Prototype modules for K-12 Technology education curriculum in draft ready for adapting	Capacity for mainstream Technology education into STEM curricula of two partner countries improving	Technology education modules may become outdated before they become used.  Mitigation via designing
Quality and technically edit the national STEM to align it with the futures competence-based curriculum	Adapted modules ready for piloting     National STEM curricula for one partner country audited and improvements suggested	Two best-practice national STEM curricula available for MSs as and a demonstration effect accomplished	modules around durable projects using advanced technology rather than around the technology itself
3. Strengthen teachers' capacity to imp	lement competence-based curricula [alig	ned to MLA1 points 1, 3, 6, 7, & 8]	
Provide technical assistance for adoption of systems approach to teachers and teaching subsystems, using an updated GEQAF and grounded in the IBE normative document 3 on transforming teachers, teaching, and learning to support the implementation of competence-based curricula  Discuss, design, and produce GEQAF 2.0 Prototype, reflecting IBE normative documents developed since original GEQAF, prior GEQAF experience, related tools currently available, and system usability features now in demand and expected in future policy development environments	Teachers and teaching subsystems of one MS transformed in readiness to support effective implementation of competence-based curricula  Methodology formed for GEQAF application to critical subthemes (in contrast to whole system application)  One country completes GEQAF diagnosis/analysis in preparation for implementation plan for transition to competence-based curriculum  Three countries complete a GEQAF follow-up survey as part of GEQAF 2.0 planning  1 electronic version of GEQAF 2.0  1 coding system for system documentation	<ul> <li>Increased MS capacity to transform teachers, teaching, and learning in support of competence-based curricula improving best practices</li> <li>Skills transferred to experts in one MS</li> <li>Opportunity to apply an updated GEQAF extended to MSs, providing increased options for engaging whole systems in futures curriculum development</li> <li>Increased opportunity for IBE engagement in global education community on system diagnostics</li> </ul>	Complex system reform is difficult to undertake and results are difficult to track. Partners may balk at burden GEQAF imposes before, during, or after analysis/diagnosis or planning phases     Mitigation via careful communication about burden and high value return, and shared effort to streamline process without short-changing it.      Proposed methodologies may prove to be insufficient diagnostic tools. Software component may prove non-viable for the system probe     Mitigation via stepwise approach to testing methodologies and software
4. Strengthen MSs capacity to design a points 1, 3 & 8)	nd develop holistic Early Childhood Care	e and Education Systems (aligned with Sl	solutions. DG4 Target 4.2 and to MLA1
ECCE-HECDI. Plan, discuss, produce, and test a Holistic Early Childhood     Development Index, based on current	1 decomposable HECDI index produced, simulated, and submitted for consultation and validation	Advanced discourse on indicator development and data collection	Quality and quantity of available data and data collection methods pose significant risk to the concept

Proposed Activities (Laboratory of Ideas and Capacity Builder Functions)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Activity-Specific Risks and Risk Mitigation
HECDI indicator basket, to assess ECCE adequacy at both individual and system levels.  • ECCE System Prototype: Produce next version of ECCE System Prototype, including upgrading sector discussions to standalone technical briefs  • ECCE System Prototype: Formalize an online input system to enable rapid version updates as new resources, developments, tools, and ECCE System Prototype community contributions become available	3 countries adapt and apply ECCE System Prototype     1 formal virtual or F2F consultation      1 online input system	<ul> <li>Unified indicator conceptualization to enable common ECCE metric for individuals and groups</li> <li>ECCE literature and global discourse begins to supplement systems advocacy with systems development approach appearing in ECCE System Prototype</li> <li>ECCE policy planning in some MSs shifts to system development and to defragmentation approach appearing in ECCE System Prototype</li> </ul>	of a single index  Mitigation via simulating index values in the development phase, with stepwise approach to indicator use in the testing phase; and by focusing on venues most responsive to and capable of capturing the data points necessary for index application; and by formulation of viable data proxies  Systems development approach to ECCE creates synergies and more informed ECCE sector activities, but entails trade-offs in perceived agility and autonomy by ECCE stakeholders. Such perception may undermine success of system approach  Mitigation via collecting accounts of successful system approaches shared ECCE community forum

#### III. IBE Expected Result 2, Contributing to MLA2 [ER 10]

Strengthen MS's research, foresight and anticipatory global capacity for curriculum, teaching, learning and assessment; as well as capacity for evidence-based monitoring of SDG targets. (Knowledge Clearinghouse and Intellectual Leadership Functions)

For the past three years, the IBE's knowledge brokerage work has gained exceptional momentum and strengthened the IBE's clearinghouse function. The next step is to take stock of the progress made and consolidate the position of the IBE as the clearinghouse for two interconnected themes: learning/neuroscience of learning and the development-relevance of curriculum/future competences, which contribute directly and positively to the achievement of the SDG 4. A creative, efficient one-stop shop will be developed and constantly replenished with findings of cutting-edge research, easily accessible to a large base of policy-makers and practitioners. Ensuring the highest standards of quality and increasing the stock of knowledge will be realized through establishing new partnerships with prestigious research institutions, as well as sustaining and developing the current ones. The IBE will continue to produce high-quality publications, including the peer-reviewed journal *Prospects*, and the *IBE on Curriculum, Learning, and Assessment* book series. The IBE knowledge dissemination function will be restored and re-energized, through the launch (and subsequent outreach activities) of the digitized Historical Textbook Collection and the IBE archives.

Proposed Activities (Knowledge Clearinghouse and Intellectual Leadership Functions)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated Activity-specific Risks			
1. Strengthen and focus the IBE's knowledge brokerage (aligned with SDG 4 Target 4.1 and to MLA2 point 10, and MLA1 point 1)						
Building on the progress already achieved, further advance the IBE's clearinghouse function for the sciences of learning and for the development-relevance of curriculum (depending on the availability of funds)	The IBE clearinghouse on the neuroscience of learning, including the online library and knowledge sharing platform, is developed and functional  At least 10 outputs deposited on the IBE platform.					
In collaboration with leading research institutions, maintain the focus on the neuroscience of learning as the first theme of the knowledge brokerage initiative (depending on the availability of funds)	<ul> <li>Current partnerships take a step forward, moving from institutional arrangements to action plans and outcome delivery</li> <li>At least 5 outputs received from current partners</li> <li>New partnerships identified and initiated</li> <li>At least 2 new institutional agreements signed</li> </ul>	The IBE's intellectual leadership maintained and reinforced, as reflected in the IBE's ability to produce, manage, and communicate relevant knowledge, and in the high quality of the IBE products  Access to a wide base of knowledge in	Difficulty to select and hire			
Sustain the production of <i>Prospects</i> on topics relevant to the IBE's mandate, in English, Arabic, and Mandarin Chinese	Four issues of <i>Prospects</i> published.	the two focus areas is improved, allowing education stakeholders to remain on the cutting edge of high technological and	resources to sustain the knowledge brokerage activities			
Sustain the production of the IBE book series on topics related to curriculum, learning, and assessment (depending on the availability of funds)	One book published in the IBE on Curriculum, Learning and Assessment series	scientific advances				
Sustain production of the Educational Practices series (co-published with the International Academy of Education), on topics relevant to the IBE's mandate and mission (depending on the availability of funds)	One booklet published in both digital and print in the Educational Practices series					
2. Strengthen the IBE's knowledge dis	, <del>, ,</del>	Target 4.1 and with MLA1 point 10)				
Sustain the production of bi-weekly Alerts, while adding new themes and providing outreach to subscribers	At least 20 bi-weekly Alerts and 5 Digests produced, with a primary focus on the IBE's core areas of curriculum, learning, teaching, and assessment	Strengthen the IBE's standing as a knowledge institution and authority in the	Consultants tied to knowledge dissemination function are on short term contracts, thereby threatening the sustainability of positive results			
Continue the digitization and quality control of the Historical Textbook Collection	<ul><li>Finalize Phase I of the IBE digitization project</li><li>Launch the TIND public interface</li></ul>	areas of curriculum and related matters	Commencing a second phase of the digitization project will require new partnerships with donors			

Proposed Activities (Knowledge Clearinghouse and Intellectual Leadership Functions)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated Activity-specific Risks			
	Finalize inventory of the Historical Textbook Collection					
Improve outreach of the IBE clearinghouse and knowledge dissemination functions, especially the visibility of and public access to the IBE's special collections (depending on the availability of funds)	Develop exhibitions, articles, presentations, special events, etc., to promote and disseminate the IBE collections and to encourage high quality research on related topics.     At least one event organized     Sustain the main functions of the Documentation Center, including (but not limited to) providing research and reference services; cataloguing and storing new acquisitions; managing electronic publications and IBEDOCS; coordinating information deliveries; providing effective preservation for collection materials		Difficulty of securing funds to cover the yearly subscription with TIND     Difficulty of finding and hiring speakers of the respective languages necessary in completing the inventory of the Historical Textbook Collection     A process that might take longer to complete			
Oversee and quality assure the revision, translations and publication of the <i>IBE</i> Curriculum Glossary Terminology (depending on the availability of funds)	The currency and quality of the IBE Curriculum Glossary substantially improved		A consultative process with curriculum specialists and other education stakeholders is needed, to revise the Glossary			
3. Reinforce IBE's knowledge manage	ment capacity (aligned with SDG4 Targe	t 4.1 and MLA2 point 10)				
Sustain the development of IBE portals, to hold and disseminate knowledge created and/or brokered by the IBE (depending on the availability of funds)	Develop a new IT platform, including a portal for the IBE clearinghouse	The IDE officiency of the code do	Specialized staff (e.g., IT manager, to administer, maintain and upgrade the IBE clearinghouse and online libraries; and communications			
<ul> <li>Sustain the IBE Learning Series (lectures, workshops on relevant topics), organized at the IBE headquarters and including International Geneva (depending on the availability of funds)</li> </ul>	At least two Learning Series events organized	The IBE efficiency at knowledge management further improving.	<ul> <li>specialist, to generate and manage news content) is needed.</li> <li>The IBE faces a severe shortage of human resources, which could jeopardize the quality and timely delivery of its new IT platform.</li> </ul>			

# IV. Institutional and organizational development (Capacity Development for the IBE as a precondition for attaining ERs 1 and 2)

(IBE Capacity Development Function)

Strengthening the delivery capacity of the IBE is a prerequisite for its role as a capacity builder across MSs and other clients. The IBE will continue to enhance delivery capacity in 2019 through a multifaceted strategy whose consistent theme is maintaining and enlarging IBE's reputation for significance and excellence. These facets include engagement with world-renowned individuals and organizations, sophisticated products and services, recruiting, branding, effective communication with external audiences, strategic use of convening power, and continued and increased presence in world stages that are consequential to SDG4 attainment.

Proposed Activities (IBE Capacity Development Function)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated Activity-specific Risks
1. Enhance the IBE's external image	and brand		
Sustain the annual publication of the magazine IBE In Focus while strengthening client and partners' voice as well as strategic product placement (depending on the availability of funds)	IBE in Focus published, both in print and online, and strategically placed		
Improve visibility and the intellectual leadership role of the IBE	<ul> <li>Four keynote addresses in major global venues</li> <li>Play significant role in two international conferences with significant exposure for the IBE (e.g., presidential panels, key sessions, etc.)</li> <li>Two prestigious university/academic institutions as partners having signed a MoU for collaboration</li> </ul>		
Continue consolidation of the new IBE branding and messaging for IBE across all channels (depending on the availability of funds)	Branding extended to resource packs and brochures.		
Amplify and authenticate the IBE's work through third party endorsement and reciprocate;	Two third parties endorsements secured		
2. Strengthen external communication	on of the IBE		
Sustain the implementation of the communication strategy to enhance the IBE's visibility role as a CoE and share the IBE's activities, outputs, progress and outcomes	Implementation of the communication strategy quite advanced	<ul> <li>GCN membership increasingly recognized as prestigious</li> <li>Visitations and engagements with diverse IBE communication</li> </ul>	The revamping of the website may slow growth in engagement with it as a key communication channel at a time when good communication by IBE is crucial  Mitigation via ensuring that other channels
Strengthen relevant digital channels including website, forums, social media, blogs, email and visuals	Website revamp completed     Increased social media entries by the IBE staff	<ul> <li>channels increased</li> <li>Increased citations in global education literature to the IBE</li> </ul>	can drive users to valuable content throughout the website redevelopment period
3. Sustain efforts to increase and div	versify strategic partners for the IBE		

Proposed Activities (IBE Capacity Development Function)	Proposed Activity Targets	Expected Activity Impact	Anticipated Activity-specific Risks
Resource mobilization aligned with strategic pillars, including partnership building efforts with civic institutions, regional entities, Member State (via voluntary contributions), private sector, and foundations	<ul> <li>Each IBE P3 level staffer to bring one new financing partner worth US\$ 500K per year for at least two years</li> <li>Each IBE P4 and P5 level staffer to bring two new financing partners worth US\$ 500K or one partner worth US\$ 1 million per year for at least two years;</li> <li>Each D-level IBE staffer to bring two new partners worth US\$ 1 million a year for two years</li> </ul>	An increase in the number of programs that fit the IBE's mission and mandate and are financed by and/or undertaken in partnership with diverse partners	Resource mobilization entails profound risk of undermining the full IBE portfolio and CoE role, since it imposes relentless pressure on the Director and staff, all of whom could more effectively carry out the portfolio in a healthier resource environment     Mitigation via successful operationalization of the pillars of the IBE's Resource Mobilization Strategy

## V. Budget

ESTIMATED BUDGETARY FRAMEWORK 2019								
IBE SPECIAL ACCOUNT (USD)								
		FUNDING SOURCES FOR ESTIMATED ALLOCATIONS						
	CF 2018	UNESCO Financial Allocation	IBRO	ECOLINT	Green Leaves Educ Fundation	SEYCHELLES	IBE RESERVES 2018	Available budget
I. Programme Activities I-1 Activities under Expected results I	555 000			522 222	137 615		100 000	1 314 837
CRITICAL & EMERGING ISSUES	555 000			522 222	137 615			1 214 837
Strengthening ECCE curricula to support equity of education quality (DC)	410 000							410 000
Implementing future competences and ensuring the future-relevance of curricula (ECOLINT)	145 000			522 222				667 222
Strengthening teacher pre-service and inservice curricula and their implementation (Lao)	1.0000			022 222	137 615			137 615
INNOVATION & LEADERSHIP IN CURRICULUM					107 010		100 000	100 000
Advocacy and dialogue for reimbursable TA for innovative national curricula reforms							50 000	50 000
Advocacy and dialogue on tailor-made courses fro strengthening technical leadership for curriculum							50 000	50 000
I-2 Activities under Expected results II	40 000		60 000				120 000	220 000
KNOWLEDGE BROKERAGE & MANAGEMENT								
Research & Publications							60 000	60 000
Knowledge Brokerage			60 000					60 000
Development of IBE website & Communication							60 000	60 000
Text books Project	20 000							20 000
IBE Historical Archives Project	20 000							20 000
Total Programme Activities (I)	595 000	0	60 000	522 222	137 615	0	220 000	1 534 837
II. Governing Board/Gen. Adm./Institutional Dev.								
IBE Council/Steering Committee							20 000	20 000
General operating costs		308 352					31 648	340 000
*Maintenance of premisses		95 000 213 352					04 040	95 000
*Running cost Director Office		213 332					31 648 150 000	245 000 150 000
Total Governing Board /Gen. Adm./Institutional Dev. (II)	0	308 352	0	0	0	0	201 648	510 000
TOTAL (I) + (II)	595 000	308 352	60 000	522 222	137 615	0	421 648	2 044 837
III. Staff costs (III)	0	1 715 698	0	0	0	88 496	151 504	1 955 698
STAFFCOST		1 715 698	0	0		88 496	151 504	1 955 698
TOTAL ESTIMATED RESOURCES 2019	595 000	2 024 050	60 000	564 000	150 000	100 000	573 152	4 066 202
TOTAL BUDGET ALLOCATED 2019 (I+II+III)	595 000	2 024 050	60 000	522 222	137 615	88 496	573 152	4 000 535
IBE ESTIMATED RESERVES DECEMBER 2019	0	0	0	41 778	12 385	11 504	0	65 667