The Nine Year Continuous Basic Education

Rationale of the Nine Year Basic Education Reform

- Need to transform Education for the 21st Century
- The learner emerging from the education system 15-20 y from now Core Competencies
 - Critical thinking skills ability to solve complex problems
 - Creativity, innovation
 - Adaptability, self-discipline, initiative
 - Oral and written communication skills , public speaking skills
 - Leadership, teamwork, collaboration
 - Fluency in ICT, entrepreneurship skills
 - Global awareness, multicultural literacy
 - Scientific literacy and reasoning
 - Environmental and conservation literacy
- Comprehensive basic education cycle that provides the foundational skills for success in all further learning

Objectives of the Nine Year Basic Education

- Equip all students with knowledge, foundational skills and attitudes leading to an empowered 2030 citizenry
- Inculcate in all students a sense of moral responsibility, a set of values and a strong identity for the country
- Promote the holistic development of all students
- Provide equitable Learning for All opportunities to attain high levels of achievement
- Achieve a smooth transition to and completion of secondary education
- Give greater recognition to the value of TVET in building human capital and for sustainable development

Accompanying measures

1. Revisiting Curricula

• Holistic development, cater for the diverse learning needs of all learners, emphasise 21st C skills

2. Transforming Learning environments and Pedagogies

- Create an enabling environment to support innovative pedagogies for
 - $\circ\,$ Developing curiosity,
 - o independent learning,
 - $\circ~$ ICT-mediated teaching and learning

3. Remedial Education

• Fully embedded in the system

4. Review Assessments

• Introduce new approaches to assessment – holistic and meaningful

5. Transforming Teacher Education & Professional Development of Educators and School Leaders

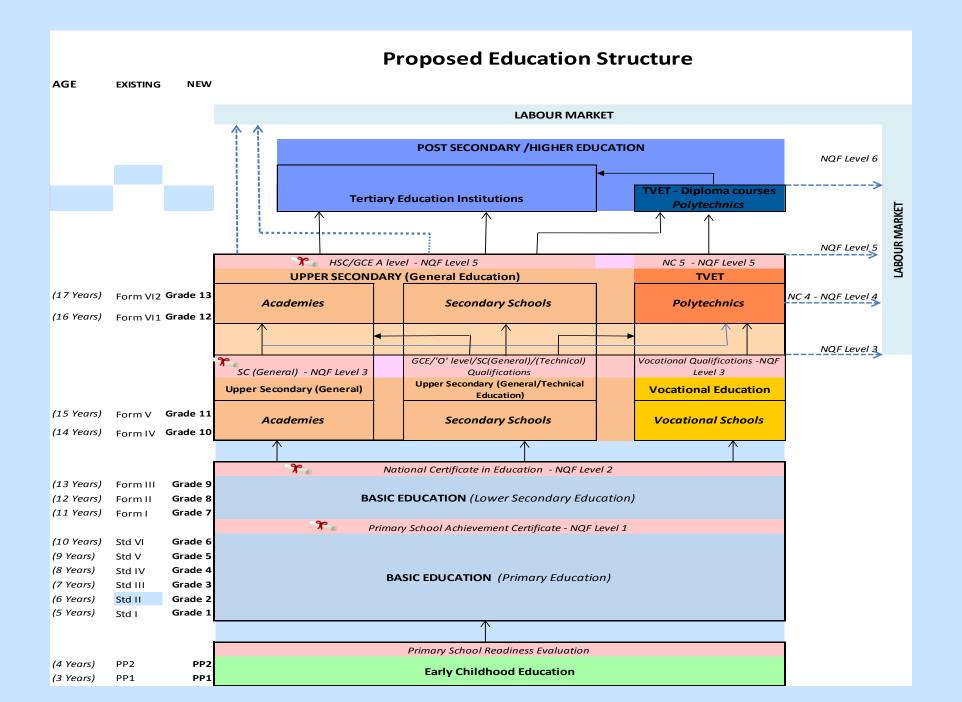
- Invest in teacher / school leader development to produce a high skilled teaching force
- Continuous Professional Development /Teacher Council

6. Accountability for learning outcomes

- Schools become responsible for learning
- Review of role of Primary School Inspectors / Quality Assurance

The Proposed Education Structure

	Grade	Level of Education	School Setting
1	Grades 1-6	Basic Education (Primary)	Primary Schools
2	Grades 7 - 9	Basic Education (Lower Secondary)	Regional Secondary Schools
3	Grades 10 -11	Upper Secondary	Regional Secondary Schools / Academies
4	Grades 12 - 13	Upper Secondary	Regional Secondary Schools / Academies / Polytechnics



Progression of Students to Secondary - Grade 7

CPE replaced by Primary School Achievement Certificate - (end of Grade 6)

The Primary School Achievement Certificate

• Pupils are assessed in core and non-core subjects

Core Subjects : Written examinations

Non-core Subjects: School-Based Assessment

<u>Core Subjects</u> English, French, Maths, Science, History & Geography and the Asian languages/ Arabic /Kreol Morisien

Non-Core subjects/learning areas

Physical Education, Civic and Values Education, IT Skills, Communication Skills and the Arts (Music, Dance, Painting, and Drama etc.)

- School-based Assessment will
- be introduced in a phased manner
- undergo a moderation process by an external examining body, the MES.
- count for the award of the <u>Certificate</u> when well-embedded in the system

The Primary School Achievement Certificate (contd) Introducing a Modular Approach

Pupils will take

- (i) A written assessment at the end of Grade 6
- (ii) Modular assessments during Grades 5 and 6

Written Assessment at the end of Grade 6

- English, French, Maths, and an Asian language/Arabic/KM

Modular Assessment during Grades 5 and 6

- Science
- History & Geography.
- written / ICT-based
- taken at the end of Grade 5 and during Grade 6 (end of Term 2/ beginning of Term 3)
- Cumulated results are carried forward

Criteria for admitting students to Grade 7

- Parental choice
- Overall grading at the Primary School Achievement Certificate
- Proximity of residence to the secondary school

- Admission to Grade 7 will be done on a regional basis
- The four Education Zones will be maintained
- Academies admit students as from Grade 10

An extended four-year cycle for pupils who do not make the grade

Learners needing special support

- A special class reserved in every secondary school
 - Reduced class size
- Extended over a four-year cycle.
 - To allow more time to develop and acquire essential competencies at end of Grade 9
- Students follow the same but <u>adapted core</u> curriculum as those in the normal three-year cycle
- Possibility for student mobility between the Extended and Regular stream
- The Prevocational stream will no longer exist

The National Certificate of Education

- A combination of written and School-Based Assessments
- Assessment domains
 - 3 compulsory subjects (English, Maths and French) + 4 electives from the following strands
 - Humanities (Arabic/ Hindi/ Marathi/ Modern Chinese/ Tamil/ Telegu/ Urdu/ etc...)
 - Science (Chemistry, Physics, Biology)
 - Technical Studies (Home Economics, CDT, Visual Arts, Computer Studies)
 - Social Sciences (Social Studies, Accounts, Economics, Entrepreneurship Education)

Promotion to Grade 10

Assessment at the end of Grade 9 - the National Certificate of Education will serve for

➢ promotion of students to Grade 10

>orientation in either General or Technical or Vocational education

➤admission to Academies

Different educational tracks as from Grade 10

- After completing Grade 9, students have three choices
 - ➢ retain the secondary school where they are already enrolled
 - ➢ pursue their studies in General Education in Academies
 - ➢ follow vocational programmes in specialized Vocational Schools
- Vocational education will be run in dedicated schools with state-of-the-art technological facilities

Enhancing the image of TVET

- Both General Education and Technical Education will be run side by side in secondary schools
- Students can opt for the General Education or the Technical Education stream
- Students can sit for either SC (General) or SC (Technical).

Institutional Innovations

Academies

- Academies will act as Centres of Excellence with a <u>specialism in 2 to 3 areas</u>
 Science, ICT, Business, Languages, the Arts, Physical Education etc.
- Academies will run classes from **Grades 10 to 13**.
- Admission to Academies will be on a national basis
- Criteria for Admission to Academies
 - > student performance and aptitude at the National Certificate of Education
 - student preference for subject combinations
- Academies will be **co-educational** institutions
- Academies will have more **autonomy** with a new management model
- Grant-Aided **Private** Secondary Schools of repute with a track record will be invited to join the reform and run as Academies

Polytechnics

- Polytechnics will be set up in every Education Zone.
- Courses will be delivered up to Diploma level
- Successful completion of the Diploma Level will open up access to higher education.

Access to Polytechnics

- Requisites
 - successful completion of Grade 11 (in secondary schools/ Academies)
 - successful completion of Grade 13 (in secondary schools/ Academies)
 - after completion of vocational programmes and after following a Foundation Programme

Additional Scholarships

Scholarships for General Education on a <u>Regional Basis</u>

16 new scholarships - 4 for each Education Zone

- Science
- Humanities
- Technical
- Business.

Scholarships for Technical Education on a National Basis

4 new scholarships

• diploma holders in Polytechnics to pursue higher education studies in tertiary institutions.

Begin Implementation of Nine Year Schooling

Implementing the new Assessments

The Primary School Achievement Certificate will be introduced as from 2017
 onwards

First Cohort

• Pupils of Std V in 2016 → Grade 7 in 2018

• Pupils of Std V in 2017 → Grade 7 in 2019

- No intake of Grade 7 in the Academies as from January 2018
- The National Certificate of Education will be introduced from 2020 onwards

Managing the Transition

Cohort of Pupils of Std V in 2017 will take

- Modular assessment 1 in October 2017
- Modular assessment 2 in July 2018
- Written assessment in October 2018
- 2 non-core subjects (Communication Skills and IT Skills)

Cohort of Pupils of Std V in 2016 will take

- Modular assessment in 2017
- Written assessment in October 2017
- 1 non-core subject (Communication Skills)

Thank you for your attention