Overall Results Framework for the 2003 Convention

TABLE 1: HIGH LEVEL FRAMEWORK WITH BRIEF INDICATORS

Impacts	Intangible cultural heritage is safeguarded by communities, groups and individuals who exercise active and ongoing stewardship over it, thereby contributing to sustainable development for human well-being, dignity and creativity in peaceful and inclusive societies.							
Long-term Outcomes	Continued practice and transmission of intangible cultural heritage ensured.		Diversity of intangible cultural heritage respected.		Recognition and awareness of the importance of intangible cultural heritage and its safeguarding ensured.		Engagement and international cooperation for safeguarding enhanced among all stakeholders at all levels.	
Mid-term Outcomes	·	<u>-</u>	sity of communities, groups and individuals and other stakeholders for safeguarding intangible cultural heritage. In of safeguarding measures or plans for specific elements of intangible cultural heritage led by a diversity of communities,			nunities, groups and		
Short-term Outcomes			arding of intangible cult			eritage.		
Thematic Areas	Institutional and human capacities	Transmission and education	Inventorying and research	Policies as well as legal and administrative measures	Role of intangible cultural heritage and its safeguarding in society	Awareness raising	Engagement of communities, groups and individuals as well as other stakeholders	International engagement
Core Indicators (brief)	Competent bodies support practice and transmission Programmes support strengthening human capacities for safeguarding	4. Education, both formal and nonformal, strengthens transmission and promotes respect 5. ICH integrated into primary and secondary education 6. Post-secondary education supports safeguarding and study of ICH	 7. Inventories reflect the diversity of ICH and contribute to its safeguarding 8. Inventorying process is inclusive, respects diversity, and supports safeguarding by communities and groups 	 11. Cultural policies and legal and administrative measures reflect diversity of ICH and are implemented 12. Education policies and legal and administrative measures reflect diversity of ICH and are implemented 	 15. Importance of ICH in society widely recognized 16. Inclusive plans and programmes recognize the importance of safeguarding ICH and foster self-respect and mutual respect 	 17. Communities, groups and individuals participate widely in awareness raising 18. Media are involved in awareness raising 19. Public information measures raise awareness 	Engagement for safeguarding ICH enhanced among stakeholders Civil society contributes to monitoring safeguarding	 23. Committee involves NGOs, public and private bodies, private persons¹ 24. States Parties cooperate for safeguarding 25. States Parties engage in international networking and institutional cooperation

^{1.} This indicator is monitored and reported only at the global level.

3. Training is	9. Research and	13. Policies and legal	20. Ethical principles	26. ICH Fund
operated by or addressed to communities and those working in the fields of culture and heritage	documentation contribute to safeguarding 10. Research findings are accessible and utilized	and administrative measures in fields other than culture and education reflect diversity of ICH and are implemented	respected when raising awareness	supports safeguarding and international engagement ²
		14. Policies and legal and administrative measures respect customary rights, practices and expressions		

TABLE 2: CORE INDICATORS AND ASSESSMENT FACTORS, ARRANGED BY THEMATIC AREAS

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following		
		1.1 One or more competent bodies for ICH safeguarding have been designated or established.		
		1.2 Competent bodies exist for safeguarding specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed. ³		
Institutional and human	Extent to which competent bodies and institutions and consultative mechanisms support the continued	1.3 Broad and inclusive ⁴ involvement in ICH safeguarding and management, particularly by the communities, groups and individuals concerned, is fostered through consultative bodies or other coordination mechanisms.		
capacities	practice and transmission of ICH	1.4 Institutions, organizations and/or initiatives for ICH documentation are fostered, and their materials are utilized to support continued practice and transmission of ICH.		
		1.5 Cultural centres, centres of expertise, research institutions, museums, archives, libraries, etc., contribute to ICH safeguarding and management.		

^{2.} This indicator is monitored and reported only at the global level.

^{3.} References to 'whether or not inscribed' should be understood to mean 'inscribed on the List of Intangible Cultural Heritage in Need of Urgent Safeguarding or the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity'.

^{4.} References to 'inclusive', 'inclusively' or 'on an inclusive basis' should be understood to mean 'inclusive of all sectors and strata of society, including indigenous peoples, migrants, immigrants and refugees, people of different ages and genders, persons with disabilities and members of vulnerable groups' (cf. Operational Directives 174 and 194). When these actions and outcomes are reported, States Parties will be encouraged to provide disaggregated data or to explain how such inclusiveness is ensured.

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators		Asse	essment According to the Following
	Extent to which programmes support the strengthening of human capacities to promote	2.1	Tertiary education institutions offer curricula and degrees in ICH safeguarding and management, on an inclusive basis.	
			2.2	Governmental institutions, centres and other bodies provide training in ICH safeguarding and management, on an inclusive basis.
		management of ICH	2.3	Community-based or NGO-based initiatives provide training in ICH safeguarding and management, on an inclusive basis.
	3.	operated by or addressed to	3.1	Training programmes, including those operated by communities themselves, provide capacity building in ICH addressed on an inclusive basis to communities, groups and individuals.
	communities, groups and individuals, as well as to those working in the fields of culture and heritage	3.2	Training programmes provide capacity building in ICH addressed on an inclusive basis to those working in the fields of culture and heritage.	
	4.	4. Extent to which both formal and non-formal education strengthen the transmission of ICH and promote respect for ICH	4.1	Practitioners and bearers ⁵ are involved inclusively in the design and development of ICH education programmes and/or in actively presenting and transmitting their heritage.
			4.2	Modes and methods of transmitting ICH that are recognized by communities, groups and individuals are learned and/or strengthened, and included in educational programmes, both formal and non-formal.
Transmission			4.3	Educational programmes and/or extra-curricular activities concerning ICH and strengthening its transmission, undertaken by communities, groups, NGOs or heritage institutions, are available and supported.
and education			4.4	Teacher training programmes and programmes for training providers of non-formal education include approaches to integrating ICH and its safeguarding into education.
	5.	5. Extent to which ICH and its safeguarding are integrated into primary and secondary education, included in the content of relevant disciplines, and used to strengthen teaching and	5.1.	ICH, in its diversity, is included in the content of relevant disciplines, as a contribution in its own right and/or as a means of explaining or demonstrating other subjects.
			5.2.	School students learn to respect and reflect on the ICH of their own community or group as well as the ICH of others through educational programmes and curricula.
			5.3.	The diversity of learners' ICH is reflected through mother tongue or multilingual education and/or the inclusion of 'local content' within the educational curriculum.

^{5.} Although the Convention consistently utilizes the expression, 'communities, groups and individuals', several assessment factors, like some Operational Directives, choose to refer to 'practitioners and bearers' to better identify certain of their members who play a specific role with regards to their ICH.

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators		Assessment According to the Following			
		learning about and with ICH and respect for one's own and others' ICH	5.4.	Educational programmes teach about the protection of natural and cultural spaces and places of memory whose existence is necessary for expressing ICH.		
	6.	s. Extent to which post- secondary education supports the practice and transmission of ICH as well as study of its social, cultural and other dimensions	6.1	Post-secondary education institutions offer curricula and degrees (in fields such as music, arts, crafts, technical <i>and vocational education and training</i> , etc.) that strengthen the practice and transmission of ICH.		
			6.2	Post-secondary education institutions offer curricula and degrees for the study of ICH and its social, cultural and other dimensions.		
			7.1	One or more inventorying systems oriented towards safeguarding and reflecting the diversity of ICH have been established or revised since ratification.		
	7.	Extent to which inventories reflect the diversity of ICH and contribute to safeguarding	7.2	Specialized inventories and/or inventories of various scopes reflect diversity and contribute to safeguarding.		
			7.3	Existing inventory or inventories have been updated during the reporting period, in particular to reflect the current viability of elements included.		
			7.4	Access to ICH inventories is facilitated, while respecting customary practices governing access to specific aspects of ICH, and they are utilized to strengthen safeguarding.		
	8.	. Extent to which the inventorying process is inclusive, respects the diversity of ICH and its practitioners, and supports safeguarding by communities, groups and individuals concerned	8.1	Communities, groups and relevant NGOs participate inclusively in inventorying which informs and strengthens their safeguarding efforts.		
Inventorying and research			8.2	Inventorying process respects the diversity of ICH and its practitioners, including the practices and expressions of all sectors of society, all genders and all regions.		
	9. Extent to which research an documentation, including scientific, technical and artistic studies, contribute to safeguarding	documentation, including scientific, technical and	9.1	Financial and other forms of support foster research, scientific, technical and artistic studies, documentation and archiving, oriented towards safeguarding and carried out in conformity with relevant ethical principles.		
			9.2	Research is fostered concerning approaches towards, and impacts of, safeguarding ICH in general and specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed.		
		9.3	Practitioners and bearers of ICH participate in the management, implementation and dissemination of research findings and scientific, technical and artistic studies, all done with their free, prior, sustained and informed consent.			

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following
	Extent to which research findings and documentation	10.1 Documentation and research findings are accessible to communities, groups and individuals, while respecting customary practices governing access to specific aspects of ICH.
	are accessible and are utilized to strengthen policy-	10.2 The results of research, documentation, and scientific, technical and artistic studies on ICH are utilized to strengthen policy-making across sectors.
	making and improve safeguarding	10.3 The results of research, documentation, and scientific, technical and artistic studies on ICH are utilized to improve safeguarding.
		11.1 Cultural policies and/or legal and administrative measures integrating ICH and its safeguarding, and reflecting its diversity, have been established or revised and are being implemented.
	11. Extent to which policies as well as legal and administrative measures in the field of culture reflect the	11.2 National or sub-national strategies and/or action plans for ICH safeguarding are established or revised and are being implemented, including safeguarding plans for specific elements, whether or not inscribed.
	diversity of ICH and the importance of its safeguarding and are implemented	11.3 Public financial and/or technical support for the safeguarding of ICH elements, whether or not inscribed, is provided on an equitable basis, in relation to the overall support for culture and heritage at large, while bearing in mind the priority for those identified as in need of urgent safeguarding.
Policies as well as legal		11.4 Cultural policies and/or legal and administrative measures integrating ICH and its safeguarding are informed by the active participation of communities, groups and individuals.
and administrative measures	Extent to which policies as well as legal and administrative measures in	12.1 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures for education are established or revised and implemented to ensure recognition of, respect for and enhancement of intangible cultural heritage.
	the field of education reflect the diversity of ICH and the importance of its	12.2 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures for education are established or revised and implemented to strengthen transmission and practice of ICH.
	safeguarding and are implemented	12.3 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures promote mother tongue instruction and multilingual education.
	13. Extent to which policies as well as legal and administrative measures in	13.1 The Ethical Principles for Safeguarding Intangible Cultural Heritage are respected in development plans, policies and programmes.
	fields other than culture and education reflect the diversity	13.2 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures for inclusive social development ⁶ and environmental sustainability are established or revised to consider ICH and its safeguarding.

^{6.} In conformity with Chapter VI of the Operational Directives, 'inclusive social development' comprises food security, health care, gender equality, access to clean and safe water and sustainable water use; quality education is included within indicator 12.

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following
	of ICH and the importance of its safeguarding and are implemented	13.3 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures to respond to situations of natural disaster or armed conflict are established or revised to include the ICH affected and to recognize its importance for the resilience of the affected populations.
		13.4 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures for inclusive economic development are established or revised to consider ICH and its safeguarding. ⁷
		13.5 Favourable financial or fiscal measures or incentives are established or revised to facilitate and/or encourage practice and transmission of ICH and increase availability of natural and other resources required for its practice.
	14. Extent to which policies as well as legal and	14.1 Forms of legal protection, such as intellectual property rights and privacy rights, are provided to ICH practitioners, bearers and their communities when their ICH is exploited by others for commercial or other purposes.
	administrative measures respect customary rights, practices and expressions, particularly as regards the	14.2 The importance of customary rights of communities and groups to land, sea and forest ecosystems necessary for the practice and transmission of ICH is recognized in policies and/or legal and administrative measures.
	practice and transmission of ICH	14.3 Policies and/or legal and administrative measures recognize expressions, practices and representations of intangible cultural heritage that contribute to dispute prevention and peaceful conflict resolution.
Role of	15. Extent to which the	15.1 Communities, groups and individuals use their ICH for their well-being, including in the context of sustainable development programmes.
intangible cultural heritage and	importance of ICH and its safeguarding in society is recognized, both by the	15.2 Communities, groups and individuals use their ICH for dialogue promoting mutual respect, conflict resolution and peace-building.
its safeguarding in society	communities, groups and	15.3 Development interventions recognize the importance of ICH in society as a source of identity and continuity, and as a source of knowledge and skills, and strengthen its role as a resource to enable sustainable development.

^{7.} In conformity with Chapter VI of the Operational Directives, 'inclusive economic development' comprises income generation and sustainable livelihoods, productive employment and decent work, and impact of tourism on the safeguarding of ICH and vice versa.

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following		
	16. Extent to which the importance of safeguarding ICH is recognized through inclusive plans and programmes that foster self-respect and mutual respect	 16.1 ICH safeguarding plans and programmes are inclusive of all sectors and strata of society, including but not limited to:indigenous peoples; groups with different ethnic identities; migrants, immigrants and refugees; people of different ages; people of different genders; persons with disabilities; members of vulnerable groups. 16.2 Self-respect and mutual respect are fostered among communities, groups and individuals through safeguarding plans and programmes for ICH in general and/or for specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed.		
Awareness raising	17. Extent to which communities, groups and individuals participate widely in raising awareness about the importance of ICH and its safeguarding	 17.1 Awareness-raising actions reflect the inclusive and widest possible participation of communities, groups and individuals concerned. 17.2 The free, prior, sustained and informed consent of communities, groups and individuals concerned is secured for conducting awareness-raising activities concerning specific elements of their intangible cultural heritage. 17.3 The rights of communities, groups and individuals and their moral and material interests are duly protected when raising awareness about their ICH. 17.4 Youth are actively engaged in awareness-raising activities, including collecting and disseminating information about the intangible cultural heritage of their communities or groups. 17.5 Communities, groups and individuals use information and communication technologies and all forms of media, in particular new media, for raising awareness of the importance of ICH and its safeguarding. 		
	18. Extent to which media are involved in raising awareness about the importance of ICH and its safeguarding and in promoting understanding and mutual respect	 18.1 Media coverage raises awareness of the importance of ICH and its safeguarding and promotes mutual respect among communities, groups and individuals. 18.2 Specific cooperation activities or programmes concerning ICH are established and implemented between various ICH stakeholders and media organizations, including capacity-building activities. 18.3 Media programming on ICH is inclusive, utilizes the languages of the communities and groups concerned, and/or addresses different target groups. 18.4 Media coverage of intangible cultural heritage and its safeguarding is in line with the concepts and terminology of the Convention. 		

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following
		19.1 Practitioners and bearers of ICH are acknowledged publicly, on an inclusive basis, through policies and programmes.
	Extent to which public information measures raise awareness about the importance of ICH and its	19.2 Public events concerning ICH, its importance and safeguarding, and the Convention, are organized for communities, groups and individuals, the general public, researchers, the media and other stakeholders.
	safeguarding and promote understanding and mutual respect	19.3 Programmes for promotion and dissemination of good safeguarding practices are fostered and supported.
	respect	19.4 Public information on ICH promotes mutual respect and appreciation within and between communities and groups.
	20. Extent to which programmes raising awareness of ICH	20.1 The Ethical Principles for Safeguarding Intangible Cultural Heritage are respected in awareness-raising activities.
	respect the relevant ethical principles	20.2 Ethical principles, particularly as embodied in relevant professional codes or standards, are respected in awareness-raising activities.
	21. Extent to which engagement	21.1 Communities, groups and individuals participate, on an inclusive basis and to the widest possible extent, in the safeguarding of ICH in general and of specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed.
	for safeguarding ICH is enhanced among stakeholders	21.2 NGOs and other civil society actors participate in the safeguarding of ICH in general, and of specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed.
Engagement of communities, groups and	Starten Business	21.3 Private sector entities participate in the safeguarding of ICH, and of specific elements of ICH, whether or not inscribed, respecting the Ethical Principles for Safeguarding ICH.
individuals as well as other stakeholders		22.1 An enabling environment exists for communities, groups and individuals concerned to monitor and undertake scientific, technical and artistic studies on ICH safeguarding programmes and measures.
	22. Extent to which civil society contributes to monitoring of ICH safeguarding	22.2 An enabling environment exists for NGOs, and other civil society bodies to monitor and undertake scientific, technical and artistic studies on ICH safeguarding programmes and measures.
		22.3 An enabling environment exists for scholars, experts, research institutions and centres of expertise to monitor and undertake scientific, technical and artistic studies on ICH safeguarding programmes and measures.
International engagement	23. Number and geographic distribution of NGOs, public	23.1 Number of NGOs accredited to provide advisory services, their geographic distribution and their representation of different domains.

Thematic Areas	Core Indicators	Assessment According to the Following
	private persons involved by the Committee in an advisory	23.2 Percentage of accredited NGOs that participate in the sessions and working groups of the Convention's governing bodies, and their geographic distribution.
		23.3 Number of occasions and activities in which accredited NGOs are involved by the Committee for consultative purposes, beyond the evaluation mechanisms.
		24.1 Bilateral, multilateral, regional or international cooperation is undertaken to implement safeguarding measures for ICH in general.
	24. Percentage of States Parties actively engaged with other	24.2 Bilateral, multilateral, regional or international cooperation is undertaken to implement safeguarding measures for specific elements of ICH, in particular those in danger, those present in the territories of more than one State, and cross-border elements.
	States Parties in cooperation for safeguarding	24.3 Information and experience about ICH and its safeguarding, including good safeguarding practices, is exchanged with other States Parties.
		24.4 Documentation concerning an element of ICH present on the territory of another State Party is shared with it.
		25.1 State Party engages, as host or beneficiary, in the activities of category 2 centres for ICH.
	25. Percentage of States Parties actively engaged in international networking and	25.2 International networking is fostered among communities, groups and individuals, NGOs, experts, centres of expertise and research institutes, active in the field of ICH.
	institutional cooperation	25.3 State Party participates in the ICH-related activities of international and regional bodies other than UNESCO.
		26.1 States Parties seek financial or technical assistance from the ICH Fund and implement safeguarding programmes resulting from such assistance.
	26. ICH Fund effectively supports safeguarding and international engagement ⁹	26.2 States Parties or other entities provide voluntary supplementary contributions to the ICH Fund, for general or specific purposes, in particular the global capacity-building programme.
	3,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4	26.3 The ICH Fund is utilized to support costs of participation in the meetings of the governing bodies of the Convention by a wide range of stakeholders, including ICH experts and accredited NGOs from developing countries, public and private bodies, as well as members of communities and groups, invited to those meetings to act in an advisory capacity.

^{8.} This indicator is monitored and reported only at the global level.

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